"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy today; showers, cooler tomorrow; light south to east winds.
For full weather report see Page 18.

VOL. LXIV...NO. 20,975. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JUNE 29, 1915.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. { Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

HUERTA PROTESTS HIS LOVE OF PEACE; DENIES ANY PLOT

Says He Won't Return to Mexico Except to Defend Its Flag.

PLOT UNCOVERED IN JUAREZ?

Huerista ex-Captain Reported Executed for an Attempt to Seize the Town.

ANGELES UNDER SUSPICION

Goes to Assure Washington That He Is No Party to a Huerta Conspiracy.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Texas, June 28.—"Never will I draw my sword against the people of my beloved Mexico. You may say that for me in THE NEW YORK TIMES because it is in the depth of sincerity that I say it. Should my country need me to defend its tricolor, then will I return and fight side by side with the men who have forced me to expatriate myself and live away from the land of my birth. But I will never return to Mexico until peace—permanent, everlasting, and blessed peace—is restored, and, most certainly will I never return at the head of a force whose object is to spill more blood of my brothers on the ground that is already saturated with the best blood of my native republic."

This was General Victoriano Huerta's impassioned answer to a direct question as to his purpose in coming to the border. Before it he had been in all jocularity and good humor. He chatted of the weather and of the necessity for the electric fan behind his head in his daughter's little apartment in the Georgette. He told what a fine time he had had at Fort Bliss on Sunday and how well he was treated. He even said he had enjoyed being arrested as long as the United States officers were the arresting officers. But the laugh wrinkles disappeared from his face and it grew solemn as he made his declaration of intentions.

"I am here to see my own daughter, and for no other purpose. I realize that it was foolish to attempt to leave the train before we arrived in the city, but I wished to avoid the crowds which I knew would be there. I see that it was a mistake, for it only aroused suspicion, and I have suffered from that suspicion. But my intentions were of the best, and if there was any plot, I knew nothing of it."

"What of Eduardo Iturbide's statement that you offered your services to the movement to restore peace in Mexico?"

"Brand that as a lie, for I have not met Iturbide since before I left Mexico, and I had no conversation, I had no interview with Iturbide or any one else, and I had no intention of offering my services to any movement at this or any future time unless my country needs my services to defend its flag.

"It is indeed fine to be here, so near to my people and to meet and talk with the men who fought beside me for organized Government in Mexico during the time I was honored by being elevated to the position of Provisional President. But these calls are all friendly ones, and there has never been one hint of revolution or military movement in them. I am tired of wars and revolutions, and I want to rest, for I am an old man, and I am tired.

"I have nothing to say of the policy of the United States. At present I am the temporary guest of the Government, and it is not polite to discuss one's host."

Tonight General Huerta was the guest of Colonel George H. Morgan at a dinner which was given in his honor by the commander of Fort Bliss, where he was confined as a prisoner only yesterday. Wednesday he will review the troops at Fort Bliss, and Thursday night he will be the guest of the newspaper men, with General Orozco, at a dinner.

A special session of the United States Grand Jury for the Western District of Texas is expected to be called immediately on the arrival of Judge J. L. Camp, United States District Attorney, who is expected here from San Antonio. The Grand Jury will make a complete investigation of the alleged Huerta plot, and it is believed that it will indict the former Provisional President and Orozco if the evidence which has been obtained by United States Special Agents Beckham and Pinkney can be presented.

Further evidences of an elaborate plot to take Juarez as Huerta's provisional capital developed today when a Huerta Captain was arrested as a spy in Juarez and executed. He is said by the Villa officials to have been the man selected to lead the revolt when the filibustering expedition crossed the line. The confession of one of his lieutenants, they say, caused his arrest.

United States officials are not at all satisfied with the assurance of Huerta that he will make no effort to jump the $13,000 bond. Secret Service men shadow him and Orozco wherever they go, and even follow them on motor cycles when they drive out in automobiles. The espoinage is becoming irksome to Huerta, who complains that it is worse than it was in Mexico.

He continues to see hundreds of former Federals and Federal sympathizers in his apartment in the Georgette. Among his callers today were General Joaquin Tellez, who led his west coast campaign; General Francisco Castro, who commanded Juarez at the time Villa took the town; General Manuel Flores, Orozco's former Chief of Staff, and General Salvador Mercado. All are being closely watched to see that they do not make an effort to cross the line. Whenever Huerta appears on the gallery of his apartment the waiting crowds outside shout "Viva Huerta!" and "Viva le Paz en Mexico!" and

Continued on Page 6.

KAISER WEEPS OVER HIS FALLEN SOLDIERS

"I Have Not Willed This," He Exclaims, Kneeling on the Battlefield.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, June 28, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—The German papers state that the Emperor, on visiting the western battlefield, knelt before a large group of fallen Germans and wept, exclaiming, "I have not willed this!"

TORPEDOED A SHIP OF AGAMEMNON TYPE

But the Germans Don't Know Whether She Sank or Escaped With Serious Damage.

From a Staff Correspondent.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 28, (via Sayville.)—An unidentified battleship of the Agamemnon class was torpedoed recently in the Dardanelles, but the German Admiralty doesn't know whether the ship was sunk or heavily damaged.

The Agamemnon was reported to have been torpedoed in the Dardanelles toward the end of May. The news reached New York through private advices on June 14, and it was added that the British Admiralty had suppressed the information because the crew had been saved. On June 15 the Admiralty denied that the predreadnought had been torpedoed.

Similar rumors of the loss of battleships of the Agamemnon class have been published from time to time in the German press, cabled to this country, queried about in London, and denied by the Admiralty.

BROUGHT NEWS OF WAR TO ST. BERNARD MONKS

Englishmen Broke Their Way Through Snow and Reported Lemberg's Fall.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HOSPICE OF THE GRAND ST. BERNARD, June 27.—A small party of English residents of Switzerland who began a hazardous journey on Friday through the pass of St. Bernard, which is not yet open to traffic, in order to take the latest war news to the isolated monks at the Hospice, arrived safely yesterday. The last part of the journey was not nearly so dangerous as anticipated, as the hot sunshine is rapidly melting the snow. There were snowdrifts, however, at the top of the pass, but the walled up morgues, packed up with the bodies of those who perished in the snow in past years, and crosses marking the scenes of avalanche disasters, made effective, if gruesome, guides through the pass. The barking of the dogs which detected the approach of strangers greeted the party.

The news of the fall of Lemberg and the great French effort in the West specially interested the monks and their servants. During the past Winter, as on previous occasions when great wars, such as those of the Napoleonic era, raged in Europe, prayers for peace have frequently been said at the Hospice.

Owing to the war comparatively few travelers traversed the pass last Winter; but the monks and their dogs sometimes rendered assistance to Swiss and Italian soldiers who, undeterred by blizzards and avalanches, loyally guarded their respective mountain frontiers.

DUTCH WILL ESTABLISH A MUNITIONS BUREAU

Manufacturers Promise Full Cooperation With the Government.

LONDON, June 28.—A Reuter dispatch from The Hague says that a large number of Dutch manufacturers from all parts of the country met the Minister of War today at his invitation and conferred with him regarding the production of ammunition. The manufacturers expressed complete willingness to co-operate with the Government.

A Munitions Department, the dispatch adds, independent of the Ministry of War will be established.

PRAYER OF THE POPE FOR ITALY'S VICTORY

Implores Divine Blessing on Nation's Arms and Fighters by Land and Sea.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

TURIN, June 28.—Pope Benedict, through the Master of the Sacred Palace of the Vatican, has just formally approved for both private and public use a remarkable prayer imploring victory for the Italian arms. I translate it as follows:

> O Jesus Christ, Our Lord, who didst so love Thy native land as to weep for it in sorrow, look pitifully on our beloved Italy. She Thou seest is fighting to make safe our natural boundaries and to stretch forth her hand to her own unredeemed brethren. Not lust of usurpation, therefore, nor hatred, move her, but justice and love.
>
> Bless, O Jesus, our arms on land and sea; render them gloriously victorious. Bless our soldiers; sustain even to the end their proverbial courage. Free from sin those brave sons of ours for whom Thou hast shed Thy precious blood, so that as many of them as fall victims to their sacred duty may be safe with Thee in Paradise.
>
> Give O Jesus to the King, his Generals, and statesmen, those lights and those graces they need in this decisive hour for our Italy. Surround with special comfort, we beseech Thee the families who have dear ones in our army and navy. Grant us to be worthy instruments of religious and civil charity in this our grievous national crisis and enable Italy, issuing stronger and greater in victory, to hail speedily the desired day of peace.

This prayer was recited publicly for the first time yesterday at a solemn national service at Gesu Church, Rome, headquarters of the Jesuits, in presence of several Cardinals, among whom was Cardinal Vicat Pompili, who rules over the papal diocese of Rome.

Signor Salandra, the Premier, sent a special telegram of congratulations to the Archbishop of Ancon, who lately published a glowing pastoral letter in defense of the Italian cause.

MY JOB TO HOLD JOFFRE'S HOSTS, SAYS RUPPRECHT

Bavarian Prince, Germany's 'Anvil in the West,' Faces Blows at Arras Unflinchingly.

TELLS WHY FRENCH FAILED

Could Only Break German Lines by Attacking on Wide Front—French Gains Costly.

AMERICAN SHELLS A FACTOR

French Offensive Impossible Without Them—He Wonders Why British Don't Do More.

From a Staff Correspondent.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE CROWN PRINCE OF BAVARIA'S ARMY, June 22, (via The Hague, June 28.)—"I should say that the French had used between three and four million shells in their offensive against my army in about six weeks. The latter figure is probably nearer right, though it is rather difficult to estimate with accuracy. I should say, though, that the French artillery fired an average of nearly 100,000 shells a day. Our observations as checked up indicated that the French official report was correct in stating that their gunners fired 300,000 shells in a single day, which was the high-water mark of artillery work out here."

This was one of many interesting things which Crown Prince Rupprecht, the "anvil in the West," told me during dinner and a subsequent walk of an hour in the Italian garden of his headquarters.

This sworn foe and so-called "Nemesis of the English," who fights as relentlessly, however, against the French when the British are not engaged in active operations, is the Commander in Chief of the largest and most important German army in the West, not because he is a Prince, but because he is one of Germany's ablest Generals.

Simple, unpretentious, and democratic, he is not a voluble talker, particularly about himself, and is modest to a fault about what he has done and is doing, but one quickly discovers that he has personality with a punch and an iron will. As a man and a fighter with something of the shrewd canniness of the Scotchman and all of the bulldog tenacity which is traditional of the British, relieved by native Bavarian good humor, I quickly discovered that he had a one-track brain. His one present idea in life is to stop all comers, French, English, or Indians whenever they become "offensive."

His Job Is to "Hold Out."

The news of the fall of Lemberg arrived while we were at table, but it produced no emotional excitement or enthusiasm, for the Germans had thought the stronghold would soon fall as a matter of course. The news did move the Crown Prince, however, to express a whimsical wish that he, too, was in the East, helping to smash the retreating Russians with Bavarian sledgehammer blows. He commented:

"They are the hammer in the East. Here I am only the anvil. My job has been to hold out."

He left no doubt in my mind, however, that he was eagerly biding time when he could exchange the rôle of anvil for that of hammer and give the Allies hard offensive blows instead of stopping them.

The Crown Prince referred to the splendid fight which his men made at Neuve Chapelle, where at the start of the English offensive, he said, three German battalions had faced and fought forty-eight English battalions until reinforcements came up. He suggested that the British losses there were probably much heavier than they had admitted. He estimated that the British losses were probably 35,000 or thereabouts.

French Gain Bought Dearly.

Then he cheerfully answered questions about General Joffre's latest and greatest offensive.

"They began," he said, "about 4:30 o'clock in the morning of May 9, dropping bombs on where they thought my headquarters was, following this with a terrific artillery fire, which has been kept up almost ever since with a sequence of the most desperate and bloody charges in an attempt to break through my line. Their only hope of success would have been to break through on a broad front of not less than 20 kilometers. But not even on a small front have they succeeded. My line has not been broken through at a single point. The net result of their big offensive was to rush back a small projection of our line."

I understood him to say that the French had altogether annexed a sector of about four kilometers' width

Continued on Page 2.

A REFRESHING TONIC—Horsford's Acid Phosphate quickly relieves exhaustion due to Summer heat or overwork.—Advt.

The Duty to Preserve America from Europeanism.

Dr. Samuel P. Orth of Cornell University writes an important article on this theme. In

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

Order The Sunday Times today. The Times is always sold out early.

DYING OF 20 STABS, SHE PHONES FOR AID

Mrs. William Fox Found in Her Locked Apartment with Cuts on Her Neck and Back.

TELLS OF ATTACK BY A MAN

Dies at Knickerbocker Hospital After Conflicting Stories — Her Case a Riddle to Police.

"Come right upstairs. I'm sick. I'm hurt. Hurry," was the message which Samuel Woodson, the negro telephone operator in Beacon Hall, 618 to 624 West 142d Street, received at 5:20 o'clock yesterday afternoon from Mrs. Grace Fox, wife of William Fox, manager of the Fourteenth Street branch of the National Cash Register Company, who has a three-room apartment on the second floor, rear. At 6:47 o'clock Mrs. Fox lay dead in Knickerbocker Hospital under circumstances which Inspector Faurot admitted left him in doubt as to whether the woman had been murdered or had killed herself. He, with Acting Captain Cooper of the Fourth Branch Detective Bureau and Detectives Mulligan, Boyle, and Brown, worked on both theories late into last night without learning a single fact of value beyond what they had got from Woodson and other employes of the house and from Mrs. Fox herself.

Mrs. Fox first said she slipped and fell, hurting herself badly. When physicians found twenty stab wounds in her neck, breast, and shoulder blade, she said a strange man, apparently a magazine agent, had stabbed her. Then she lost consciousness and died.

Woodson said that, on receiving her summons over the telephone, he had gone direct to her rooms. He had found the door locked, had knocked and rung the bell without response, and then had noticed blood trickling from beneath the door. Thoroughly frightened, he had run down stairs and told Supt. William Beagel.

Beagel sent a boy running for Policeman Thomas Coogan of the West 125th Street station before going to the apartment himself. They, too, tried in vain to get the door open and finally entered the flat by climbing the fire escape and opening a kitchen window. They found Mrs. Fox in bed. She was conscious. There was blood on the bed clothes and on the neck of her nightdress, and Beagel asked:

"How did this happen?"

Tells Conflicting Stories.

"I was in the bathroom and slipped and fell and cut myself," responded Mrs. Fox. "Please look in the bureau drawer and see if my money is safe."

Beagel obeyed, though thinking the request strange, and found $40 in the drawer. Meantime Coogan had called Dr. Frascola from Knickerbocker Hospital, and the surgeon removed the woman to the hospital at once. Her husband was sent for, and on his arrival Mrs. Fox told him of the fall. Apparently realizing, however, that this explanation of the several cuts, one of which had almost severed her jugular vein, had not satisfied her husband, she told suddenly of the strange man who had attacked her. She did not say how he entered the apartment or how he had left, and she lost consciousness, from which she never recovered, before she could be questioned.

Dr. Frascola would not say whether he thought it possible for Mrs. Fox to have inflicted the wounds herself. He said he thought a stiletto had been the weapon used.

At the house Woodson and the other negro boys who operate the elevator and tend door, declared that no one had called on Mrs. Fox. They were certain of this. It would have been possible, however, for an intruder to have entered by means of the fire escape, which could be reached in the rear courtyard by an alley accessible from the street.

Unless some one did so enter and inflict the wounds from which Mrs. Fox died, Inspector Faurot confessed himself unable to account for the disappearance of the weapon. He and his men searched the house carefully, yet found no trace of a knife or other instrument which could have inflicted the wounds.

Nightdress Not Cut.

The investigation showed that there was blood in the bathroom in large quantity, more in the dining room, where the telephone is, and in the bed. A mystifying discovery when Mrs. Fox was received at the hospital was that her high-necked nightdress was not cut, though her wounds all lay beneath its protection as she was found in bed. Apparently this garment had been donned after the stabs had been inflicted.

Were it not for the absence of the weapon Inspector Faurot admitted he should decide the case one of suicide, the theory toward which he said he inclined anyway.

Mr. Fox told the police that he left his wife in the morning feeling ill and attired in a wrapper. She told him then she thought she would return to bed later, and apparently she did so. Mr. Fox said her health had been poor of late, though not so bad that he would have feared suicide.

The police took photographs of the rooms, which were not in disorder, and searched the fire escape for finger prints without discovering any other than those of Coogan and Beagel. They also found the money in the bureau drawer, and there were several valuable diamond rings on Mrs. Fox's fingers. Evidently, if she were killed, robbery was not the motive. This, coupled with the fact that no one had been seen to enter her rooms, almost persuaded the Inspector the case was one of suicide, but he said he would view the body more closely at the Morgue to determine positively that all the wounds might have been self-inflicted.

Mrs. Fox was about 42 years old, and had been married to Mr. Fox for a dozen years. Formerly she had been the wife of Dr. Ira Allen.

AN AWARD THAT SPEAKS VOLUMES. GOLDEN STATE, Extra Dry CHAMPAGNE was awarded the "GRAND PRIX" at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition. This makes the fourth "GRAND PRIX" for this famous champagne, produced by the Italian-Swiss Colony, Asti, California.—Advt.

BERLIN MAY EXEMPT CERTIFIED SHIPS; LIFE SAFE ON ALL IF ENGLAND YIELDS; FRYE NOTE UPHOLDS OUR RIGHTS

PASSENGER SHIPS IMMUNE

If We Certify That They Are Carrying No Contraband.

WON'T EXEMPT MUNITIONS

Nor Revoke War Zone Decree, but Will Suggest We Treat with England.

FAVORABLE, GERARD THINKS

Ambassador Notifies State Department That the Outlook Is Hopeful.

From a Staff Correspondent.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 28, (via The Hague.)—Outside of the American colony at the Hotel Adlon few persons here are evincing interest or speculating on the contents of the second and probably the final installment of Germany's answer to the American demands concerning the submarine warfare. The first draft of the reply, which is now in the hands of the Admiralty for approval, probably will be subject to repeated revisions and last minute changes, as was the case in the preparation of the last note.

The idea is now not to send the note to America until the Fourth of July is safely passed, and it should reach Washington about July 6.

While elaborate forecasts are still premature until the Admiralty gives its final approval, THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent is in a position to indicate certain features which will be found in the final draft of the note, barring a last-minute change of heart. The answer is likely to be very friendly both in letter and spirit, reaffirming ancient ties of friendship and hopes for a continuance of the same, in view of which Germany, while unable to give up her submarine warfare or rescind the war zone decree, is prepared to make certain compromises and modifications which, within the range of human possibility, would assure safety to American voyagers, thus settling the present differences and obviating future ones.

Germany will put the question of the safety of Americans at sea in the war zone squarely up to England. If England is willing to do certain things Germany will do her part, too. If America is able to induce England to guarantee that her merchantmen will not practice ramming tactics, attempt to escape, or commit other hostile acts, and also will abandon "the flag swindle," Germany is willing to stop torpedoing without warning and give ample time to save crews and passengers.

Probably also Germany will make a suggestion that America might help to establish a mutually satisfactory modus vivendi by agreeing to a novelty, namely, immunity of ships for American passengers. Ships guaranteed by America to have no contraband aboard would not even be molested in the war zone. Thus Germany would be left free to torpedo ammunition ships particularly.

In this connection Germany probably will oppose President Wilson's principle and block ammounition intended for her enemies with every means in her power, announcing her unshakable determination to do so.

Rests With the Admiralty.

It is believed in well-informed circles that the German Admiralty will give in to the powerful influences which have worked hard for these modifications in submarine warfare. The Germans are optimistic that this will appeal to the hardheaded common-sense American people, although there is an undercurrent of feeling that England may prove a stumbling block in the path of the novel modus vivendi.

In connection with the forthcoming note there is tremendous significance in the astounding change for the better in the German feeling toward America within the last two weeks. Professional observers have been able to detect evidences of a powerful propaganda conducted by Germans in Germany which is bearing fruit that every American living here is quick to sense. While the feeling is just as intense on the ammunition question, the spirit of hate among the judicious is the exception and not the rule. This change of heart toward America is so striking that even the Germans have noticed it and speak about it in talking with Americans.

FAVORABLE, SAYS GERARD.

Envoy Thinks Germany Will Meet Our Chief Demands.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Confidential advices received at the State Department today from James W. Gerard, the American Ambassador at Berlin, indicated that Germany's response to the second note of the United States Government concerning the sinking of the Lusitania and the German submarine warfare would be favorable to the American contentions.

The American note to which the German communication will be an answer was sent on June 9. It was this note which William J. Bryan cited as the

Continued on Page 2.

Time Near for Peace Move, Milan Hears; Pope Benedict Anxious to Act as Mediator

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, June 28.—Reports from the most authoritative sources received here from different belligerent countries state positively that the continuance of warlike attitude and hopeful predictions are mere bluff on the part of the military powers, the truth being that the moment of exhaustion is approaching rapidly, so that serious intervention in favor of peace may soon have a fortunate result. The people wonder whether the olive branch will come from America or from the Vatican, it being known that the greatest ambition of the present Pope is to surpass the laurels gained by his great master, Pope Leo, when, at the suggestion of Bismarck, he was intrusted to mediate between Spain and Germany in the dispute concerning the Caroline Islands. It is even asserted that the apparent Germanophile attitude of the Pontiff in some of his recent utterances is aimed to gain the confidence of Germany.

Activities of the Belligerent Chancelleries; Salandra at the Front—Bethmann-Hollweg at Vienna

ROME, June 28, (via Paris.)—A visit by the Italian Premier, Antonio Salandra, at Army Headquarters to confer with the King of Italy, and the visit of Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German Imperial Chancellor, and Gottlieb von Jagow, German Minister of Foreign Affairs, to Vienna, may have an important bearing on the diplomatic negotiations relative to future events in the war.

Germany, it is said, is trying to induce Austria to placate Serbia on the one side, and to satisfy Rumania's national aspirations on the other, thus obviating Rumanian intervention. Premier Salandra, it is believed, visited the King for the purpose of discussing the eventaul intervention of Italy in the Near East.

RIVA IS MENACED BY ITALIAN ARMY

Invaders Descend 8,000 Feet to Ledro Valley, West of Lake Garda.

CUT RIVA'S ELECTRIC POWER

Occupy Part of Historic Road Excavated in Rock Which Runs to Storo.

BRESCIA, Italy, June 28, (via Paris.)—Despite the Austrian reinforcements along the whole frontier, the Italians have entered the Austrian territory south of Riva, on the western side of Lake Garda, through the Nota Vil passes, about 5,000 feet high; descended the precipitous cliffs of Carone Mountain, over 8,000 feet high; entered the Ledro Valley, and reached the Ponale River.

The Ponale River runs for five miles from Lake Ledro, which has an altitude of 2,000 feet, to the shore of Lake Garda, whose altitude is 700 feet. This river has waterfalls, at which is produced the electricity used at Riva, the only important town on Lake Garda in the hands of the Austrians. The same electricity is used by the Austrians for charging their wire entanglements.

The Italians, it is reported, reached a spot near Bezzeca, where, in 1866, the Garibaldians defeated the Austrians. Thus the Italians occupied part of the road excavated in rock, uniting Riva with Storo and Brescia. This road was finished in 1851, and is one of the best examples of its kind existing. On the mountains dominating this road, a short distance from Riva, Austria has constructed a whole system of fortifications, the strongest being those on the Rochetta and Oro Peaks, which are some 5,000 feet high.

ROME, June 28, (via Paris.)—The following official war statement was given out here tonight:

> There has been no important development along the entire front.
>
> In Carnia mountain artillery was transported with difficulty to a summit and used effectively on the enemy's camp on the other side of Valle Piccolo.
>
> In the theatre of operations bad weather continues.
>
> The enemy's aeroplanes are becoming active, positions recently conquered being bombarded, but generally with slight result.

ITALY'S RELATIONS WITH TURKEY BROKEN

Italian Press Also Says Troops Will Be Sent to the Dardanelles.

PARIS, June 28.—Announcement was made at the French Ministry of War today that, according to the Italian press, Italy has broken diplomatic relations with Turkey. Italy, it is added, will send troops to the Dardanelles.

BERLIN, June 28, (by Wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—The Italian newspapers are jubilant, says the Overseas News Agency, over the announcement that Italy is to participate in the operations against the Dardanelles by sending a fleet under the Duke of the Abruzzi to release the larger British warships for important work elsewhere.

A declaration of war by Turkey is said to be considered imminent, and the Rome newspapers are quoted as expressing the belief that Italy's action will signify a new era in the politics of the Orient.

ARTILLERY FEAT OF ITALIANS.

Malborgeth Shelled by Parabolic Fire from Concealed Guns.

UDINE, Italy, June 28.—The bombardment of Malborgeth continues. This

Continued on Page 3.

GERMANS WIN DNIESTER BATTLE

Cross the River Along Entire Front and Capture the Town of Halicz.

RUSSIANS IN NEW POSITION

Their Armies Fighting Now to Prevent the Investment of Warsaw Itself.

LONDON, Tuesday, June 29.—Berlin reports the fall of the Galician town of Halicz, and says that the Austro-Germans have crossed the Dniester River, which means that the five days' desperate rear guard action by the Russians has ended in their retirement. However, the stubborn resistance of this flank of the forces of Grand Duke Nicholas, Commander in Chief of the Russian Armies, has undoubtedly enabled him to reform his lines along the River Bug, virtually without interference.

The River San now takes the place of the Dniester as the scene of a sanguinary battle in the Russian effort to prevent the investment of Warsaw. Petrograd admits the retirement of the Russians to the River Gnila Lipa, which is some eighty miles from the frontier and falls into the Dniester at Halicz, but military experts do not expect heavy fighting along that river. They express the opinion that the next serious battle probably will occur along the Zlota Lipa River, which runs parallel to the Gnila Lipa further eastward, where the Russians would benefit by the railroad with which the Tarnopol line connects.

These operations and plans, according to military men, confirm the theory that the Dniester forces were merely covering for the northern army.

The reorganized Russian Cabinet has returned to Petrograd after a field conference with the Emperor and Grand Duke Nicholas. The Russian press devoted considerable attention to the reconstruction of the Cabinet, the convocation of the Duma, and the mobilization of industry for war purposes, one writer declaring that the pronouns "we" and "they," as applied to distinguish the Government from the people, will now cease to exist.

General Polivanoff, who has been designated as Minister of War, was Assistant Minister of War during the reorganization of the army following the Russo-Japanese war. He has the reputation of being an excellent soldier and organizer, and enjoys considerable popularity on account of his liberal views.

Russian Forces Regrouped.

PETROGRAD, June 28.—Officers of the Russian General Staff now state that they have satisfactorily achieved the regrouping of their forces necessitated by the German Galician campaign, and that they stand ready effectively to oppose a further advance of the Austro-German forces in Galicia or in Southern Russia.

The Gnila Lipa River, to which the Russian forces have retired, flows south from above Rohatyn, branching from the Dniester River near Halicz, and, with steel banks and bluffs, provides admirable facilities for defense.

Further eastward the Zlota Lipa, another tributary of the Dniester and paralleling the Gnila Lipa at a distance of fifteen miles, would, in the opinion of Russian critics, offer even a stronger obstacle to a German advance, since, besides having natural advantages, it is supported by a good railroad line.

The most important point of the present front is that portion of the Vistula just north of the River San. Here the Germans in considerable numbers are attempting to force the river, and by doing so flank the Russian positions along the Tanew, which as yet have

Continued on Page 2.

Every good liver should take CARABANA Water for his liver's good. 35c., all druggists.—Advt.

FRYE SINKING UNJUSTIFIED

Lansing Tells Germany She Has No Right to Destroy Neutral Ships.

CITES TERMS OF TREATIES

Vessel Immune if Captain Surrenders Contraband, Which Frye Skipper Did.

REJECTS PRIZE COURT PLAN

Matter of Indemnity in Such Cases to be Settled Only by Diplomacy, We Contend.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—A vigorous stand in defense of American rights is taken by the United States Government in the note it has just delivered, through Ambassador Gerard, at Berlin, to the German Government in response to the latter's note of June 7 dealing with the demand of this country for prompt payment of damages for the destruction of the American sailing ship William P. Frye by the German auxiliary cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich.

The American note, which was made public tonight by agreement with the German Foreign Office, challenges Germany's stand in favor of proceeding with the case in the Hamburg Prize Court instead of settling in the regular diplomatic way. The United States insists upon its objections against resorting to the prize court, and renews its former suggestion that an effort be made to settle the claim by direct diplomatic negotiations. It is made plain by the State Department that the claim is for an indemnity for a violation of a treaty, and that this is a wholly different matter from the payment of an indemnity in accordance with a treaty.

In the German note Herr von Jagow contended that the destruction of the Frye was justified by Article XIII. of the treaty of 1799 between the United States and Prussia. If this argument were admitted then Germany might justify the sinking of American vessels found carrying contraband on the high seas, or which were suspected of being engaged in such traffic. But the United States Government does not admit any such thing, and in the note just delivered Secretary Lansing informs Herr von Jagow that Germany's contention is not well founded. On the contrary, the United States Government holds that the treaty provisions do not authorize the destruction of a neutral vessel in any circumstances, and that by the express terms the treaty prohibits even the detention of a neutral vessel carrying contraband if the master of the vessel is willing to surrender the contraband.

The Note in Full.

Here follows the text of the note, which is addressed by Secretary Lansing to Ambassador Gerard in Berlin:

Department of State,
Washington, June 24, 1915.

You are instructed to present the following note to the German Minister of Foreign Affairs:

I have the honor to inform your Excellency that I duly communicated to my Government your note of the 7th inst. on the subject of the claim presented in my note of April 3 last on behalf of the owners and Captain of the American sailing vessel William P. Frye in consequence of her destruction by the German auxiliary cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich.

In reply I am instructed by my Government to say that it has carefully considered the reasons given by the Imperial German Government for urging that this claim should be passed upon by the German prize court instead of being settled by direct diplomatic discussion between the two Governments, as proposed by the Government of the United States, and that it regrets to find that it cannot concur in the conclusions reached by the Imperial German Government.

As pointed out in my last note to you on this subject, dated April 30, the Government of the United States has considered that the only question under discussion was the method which should be adopted for ascertaining the amount of the indemnity to be paid under an admitted liability, and it notes with surprise that in addition to this question the Imperial German Government now desires to raise some questions as to the meaning and effect of the treaty stipulations under which it has admitted its liability.

If the Government of the United States correctly understands the position of the Imperial German Government as now presented, it is that the provisions of Article 13 of the Treaty of 1799 between the United States and Prussia, which is continued in force by the Treaty of 1828, justified the commander of the Prinz Eitel Friedrich in sinking the William P. Frye although making the Imperial German Government liable for the damages suffered in consequence, and that inasmuch as the treaty provides no specific method for ascertaining the amount of indemnity to be paid, that question must be submitted to the German Prize Court for determination.

The Government of the United States, on the other hand, does not find in the treaty stipulation mentioned any justification for the sinking of the Frye, and does not consider that the German Prize Court has any jurisdiction over the question of the amount of indemnity to be paid by the Imperial German Government on account of its admitted liability for the destruction of an American vessel on the high seas.

You state in your note of the 7th instant, that Article 13 of the above mentioned Treaty of 1799 "expressly reserves to the party at war the right to stop the carrying of [illegible] band and to detain the contraband; it follows then that if it can not be accomplished in any other way the stopping of the supply may be in the extreme case effected by the destruction of the contraband and of the ship carrying it."

Neutral Ships Immune.

The Government of the United States cannot concur in this conclusion. On the contrary, it holds that these treaty provisions do not authorize the destruction of a neutral vessel in the circumstances. By its express terms the treaty prohibits even the detention of a neutral vessel carrying contraband if the master of the vessel is willing to surrender the contraband. Article 13 provides: "In the case supposed of a vessel stopped for articles of contraband, if the master of the vessel stopped will deliver out the goods supposed to be of contraband nature, he shall be permitted to do it, and the vessel shall not in that case be carried into any port, nor further detained, but shall be allowed to proceed on her voyage."

In this case the admitted facts show that, pursuant to orders from the commander of the German cruiser, the master of the Frye undertook to throw overboard the cargo of that vessel, but that before the work of delivering out the cargo was finished the vessel with the cargo was sunk by order of the German commander.

For these reasons, even if it be assumed, as your Excellency has done, that the cargo was contraband, your contention that the destruction of the vessel was justified by the provisions of Article 13, does not seem to be well founded. The Government of the United States has not thought it necessary in the discussion of this case to go into the question of the contraband or non-contraband character of the cargo. The Imperial German Government has admitted that this question makes no difference so far as its liability for damages is concerned, and the result is the same so far as the justification for the sinking of the vessel is concerned. As shown above, if we assume that the cargo was contraband, the master of the Frye should have been allowed to deliver it out, and the vessels should have been allowed to proceed on her voyage.

On the other hand, if we assume that the cargo was non-contraband, the destruction either of the cargo or the vessel could not be justified in the circumstances of this case under any accepted rule of international law.

Attention is also called to the provisions of Article 12 of the Treaty of 1785 between the United States and Prussia, which, like Article 13 of the Treaty of 1799, was continued in force by Article 12 of the Treaty of 1828. So far as the provisions of Article 12 of the Treaty of 1785 apply to the question under consideration, they are as follows:

Treaty Terms Clear.

"If one of the contracting parties should be engaged in war with any other power, the free intercourse and commerce of the subjects or citizens of the party remaining neutral with the belligerent powers shall not be interrupted. On the contrary, in that case, as in full peace, the vessels of the neutral party may navigate freely to and from the ports and on the coasts of the belligerent parties, free vessels making free goods, in so much that all things shall be adjudged free which shall be on board any vessel belonging to the neutral party, although such things belong to an enemy of the other."

It seems clear to the Government of the United States, therefore, that whether the cargo of the Frye is regarded as contraband or as non-contraband, the destruction of the vessel was, as stated in my previous communication on this subject, "a violation of the obligations imposed upon the Imperial German Government under existing treaty stipulations between the United States and Prussia."

For these reasons the Government of the United States must disagree with the contention which it understands is now made by the Imperial German Government, that an American vessel carrying contraband may be destroyed without liability or accountability beyond the payment of such compensation for damages as may be fixed by a German prize court. The issue thus presented arises on a disputed interpretation of treaty provisions, the settlement of which requires direct diplomatic discussion between the two Governments and cannot properly be based upon the decision of the German prize court, which is in no way conclusive or binding upon the Government of the United States.

Moreover, even if no disputed question of treaty interpretation was involved, the admission by the Imperial German Government of its liability for damages for sinking the vessel would seem to make it unnecessary, so far as this claim is concerned, to ask the prize court to decide "whether the destruction of the ship and cargo was legal, and whether and under what conditions the property sunk was liable to confiscation," which, you state in your note dated June 7, are questions which should be decided by the prize court. In so far as these questions relate to the cargo, they are outside of the present discussion, because, as pointed out in my previous note to you on the subject dated April 30, "the claim under discusion does not include damages for the destruction of the cargo."

The real question between the two Governments is what reparation must be made for a breach of treaty obligations, and that is not a question which falls within the jurisdiction of a prize court.

Not a Prize Court Case.

In my note on the subject, the Government of the United States requested that "full reparation be made by the Imperial German Government for the destruction of the William P. Frye." Reparation necessarily includes an indemnity for the actual pecuniary loss sustained, and the Government of the United States takes this opportunity to assure the Imperial German Government that such an indemnity, if promptly paid, will be accepted as satisfactory reparation, but it does not rest with a prize court to determine what reparation should be made, or what reparation would be satisfactory to the Government of the United States.

Your Excellency states in your note of June 7 that in the event the prize court should not grant indemnity in accordance with treaty requirements, the German Government would not hesitate to arrange for equitable indemnity, but it is also necessary that the Government of the United States should be satisfied with the amount of the indemnity, and it would seem to be more appropriate and convenient that an arrangement for equitable indemnity should be agreed upon now, rather than later. The decision of the prize court, even on the question of the amount of indemnity to be paid, would not be binding or conclusive on the Government of the United States.

The Government of the United States also dissents from the view expressed in your note that "there would be no foundation for a claim of the American Government unless the prize courts should not grant indemnity in accordance with the treaty." The claim presented by the American Government is for an indemnity for a violation of a treaty, in distinction from an indemnity in accordance with the treaty, and therefore is a matter for adjustment by direct diplomatic discussion between the two Governments, and is in no way dependent upon the action of a German prize court.

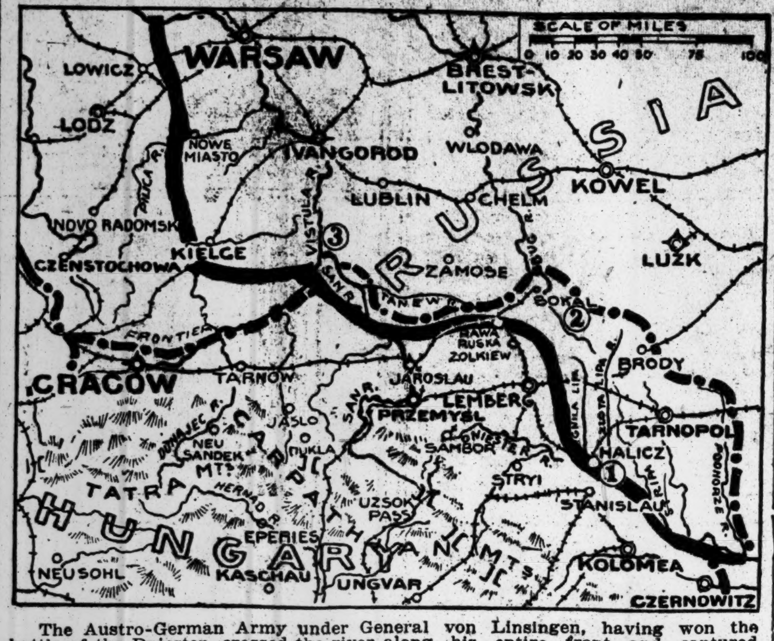
For the reasons above stated the Government of the United States cannot recognize the propriety of submitting the claim presented by it on behalf of the owners and Captain of the Frye to the German prize court for settlement.

The Government of the United States is not concerned with any proceedings which the Imperial German Government may wish to take on "other claims of neutral and enemy interested parties" which have not been presented by the Government of the United States, but which you state in your note of June 7 make prize court proceedings in this case indispensable, and it does not perceive the necessity for postponing the settlement of the present claim pending the consideration of those other claims by the prize court.

The Government of the United States, therefore, suggests that the Imperial German Government reconsider the subject in the light of these considerations, and, because of the objections against resorting to the prize court, the Government of the United States renews its former suggestion that an effort be made to settle this claim by direct diplomatic negotiations.

LANSING.

Operations on the Russian Front in Galicia



The Austro-German Army under General von Linsingen, having won the battle of the Dniester, crossed the river along his entire front and captured Halicz (1), the Russians have retired to strong positions on the Gnila Lipa and Zlota Lipa Rivers, which run north and parallel to each other from the Dniester. It is believed that the definite stand of the Czar's armies will be along the Zlota Lipa and the River Bug (2).

A terrific battle is in progress on the Vistula River just above its junction with the San (3), where the Germans are making strenuous efforts to flank the force on the River Tanew, which has resisted all frontal attacks. The heavy black line represents the approximate position of the German battlefront. The line of dots and dashes marks the frontier.

GERMANS WIN DNIESTER BATTLE

Continued from Page 1.

shown no signs of yielding to the frontal attack.

The wooded approach to the river at this point allows the Germans successfully to mask their operations and to conceal their batteries, but the record of the fighting up to Saturday shows that no real advantage has yet been gained by the Germans.

The importance of this move is well recognized by the Russians, since if successful it would unite the German forces on the left side of the Vistula with those operating on the other side, in Lublin Province, against against the Tanew front.

German activity appears to be limited at present to the Dneister and Vistula Rivers. In the region of Lemberg no serious fighting has been reported.

Germans Repulsed in Poland.

PETROGRAD, June 28.—The following official communication was issued by the War Office tonight:

On the left bank of the Vistula a stubborn battle on the Ozarow (Poland) district continued throughout the night of June 26-27, when the enemy was everywhere repulsed, suffering great losses. The enemy attacks against the town of Gliniary were particularly desperate. In the course of our counter-attacks here we took prisoners belonging to all the regiments of the Austrian Fourth Division.

Thrown back to his point of departure, the enemy remained entirely passive the next day.

The enemy's advance on Pomacheff, (Tomaszow,) Belz, and Kamionka, (in Galicia, north of Lemberg,) continues.

Before our retreat on the Gnila Lipa on June 26, on the Bukaszowice-Halicz front, we successfully repulsed desperate attacks by great German forces.

There have been no important changes on the other fronts.

Teutonic Versions of Victories.

BERLIN, June 28, (via London.)—The capture of the town of Halicz, in Galicia, on the Dneister River, is announced in the following bulletin given out today by German Military Headquarters:

In the eastern theatre Russian attacks north and northeast of Przasnysz, which were mainly directed against the new positions captured by us June 25 to the southeast of Oglenda, broke down with heavy losses to our opponents.

In the southeastern theatre the town of Halicz was occupied by our troops and the Dniester River has been crossed today. The army of General von Linsingen thereby succeeded in capturing or dominating all the crossings over this river on the entire front.

After five days of heavy fighting further to the north our troops are pursuing the defeated enemy toward the Gnila Lipa branch of the Dniester. Since June 23 the army of General von Linsingen has taken 6,470 Russians as prisoners.

Northeast of Lemberg we are approaching the Bug section. Further to the east, as far as the region of Gieszanow, the allied Teuton troops are progressing. They have made several thousands of Russians prisoners and have captured a number of cannon and machine guns.

VIENNA, June 28, (via London.)—The following official statement regarding the progress of hostilities was given out here tonight:

The Teutonic allied troops in Eastern Galicia in pursuit of the Russians reached on Sunday, during heavy rearguard battles northeast of Lemberg, the region of Klodzienko and Zadworce. Afterward the Austro-German forces joined with the vanguard which had already crossed the River Zwirz further down.

Halicz is now in our possession. The southern bank of the Dniester River above Halicz is free from the enemy. After five days of stubborn fighting the allied troops in General von Linsingen's army succeeded in forcing the river crossing. The remainder of the Dniester front is calm.

Archduke Joseph Ferdinand's troops on Sunday stormed Blazow, southwest of Narol, and pierced during the night hostile positions on the heights northeast of Blazow. The Russians are retreating to Narol. Otherwise the situations in the northeast are unchanged.

ASSERTS IN COMMONS THAT ASQUITH LIES

Sir Arthur Markham Angrily Charges Untruth in Regard to Munitions Supply.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 28.—Virulent attacks were made upon Premier Asquith in the House tonight, inspired by criticism of his statement, made at Newcastle in April, that England and her allies were amply provided with ammunition.

Though Lord Hugh Cecil had withdrawn his question as to the high authority on which Mr. Asquith had declared that there had been no shortage of shells, Sir Arthur B. Markham persisted in his inquiry, despite the Prime Minister's appeal.

"Was it not a grave slur upon Sir John French, who was the only 'highest possible authority'?" he asked.

"It is most undesirable," answered the Prime Minister severely, "to raise that question." He added a warning as to the interests of the army and the campaign.

"Then is it in the interest of the nation," persisted Sir Arthur, "that the Prime Minister should make statements which are absolutely without foundation?" There were loud cries of "Shame!" amid which Sir Arthur's voice could be heard as he shouted fiercely, "It is true, is it not?"

A. A. Lynch, Nationalist member for West Clare, plunged still depeer.

"Should the lives of our young soldiers be sacrificed," he cried, "to incompetence in high places?"

Another outburst arose over Sir Leo Chiozza Money's demand that Attorney General Carson should devote his attention to anti-war writings in The Labor Leader. F. G. Kellaway recalled the fact that Sir Leo wrote for Lord Northcliffe's newspapers, which he stigmatized as "anti-recruiting," at which Sir Leo indignantly declared that he was in the pay of no man, and had only protested against men of more than 38 being called to the colors.

R. L. Outhwaite then attacked Sir Leo as a foreigner in the pay of the British Government. Sir Leo's account of his ancestry was brief but dignified. He told how five of his relatives were serving with the colors, two of whom had been wounded. There is a strain of Italian blood in his veins, but he is of British parentage on both sides.

BRITISH E-11 SANK 12 HOSTILE VESSELS

One of the Submarine's Crew Gives Details of Her Fruitful Raid Into Turkish Waters.

TORPEDOED 7 TRANSPORTS

Turkish Gunner, While Sinking, Hit Her Periscope—American Correspondent's Protest.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 28.—The Chronicle publishes the following account, by one of the crew, of the exploit of the British submarine E-11, for which Lieutenant Commander Nasmith received the Victoria Cross and each of his men the Distinguished Service Medal:

"We left Imbros one morning about 3 o'clock and steamed toward the Dardanelles and dived as day was breaking and—well, got through the Narrows O. K., arrived on the other side and saw two battleships. We were getting ready to torpedo one of 'em when they spotted us, opened fire on us, and nipped, bunked, ran away.

"We then journeyed on for a mile or two and then went to the bottom and rested until about 8 P. M., when we came up. It was dusk; so we looked around. Nothing in sight. We broke the surface and entered the Sea of Marmora and bumped around for a few days without sighting a thing until Sunday morning, when we were diving outside of Constantinople and saw a big gunboat, and at 6:25 A. M. we gave her a 'tin fish.' By 6:30 A. M. she was no more; but before she sank, while she was listing over, they opened fire on us. The second shot hit our periscope and 'done it in.' That gunner must have been a cool card, eh?

"On Monday we sighted a steamer, came to the surface alongside her and told her to stop. She stopped, and the men were so anxious to get clear that one boat capsized. No lives were lost. There was a Yankee correspondent aboard who tried to bluff; no good, though, 'cos an officer and two men boarded her and discovered she had a six-inch gun, several gun mountings, and fifteen-inch ammunition aboard. So we blew her up.

"A few minutes after we sighted another steamer and told her to stop. She wouldn't. We chased her into the harbor, and when she was securing alongside a pier we torpedoed her.

"Soon after we sighted another steamer and chased her till she ran ashore. We were about to board her when some cavalry came up and opened fire. We replied and dropped a few, and then dived and torpedoed the ship.

"Next day (Tuesday) our skipper decided on entering Constantinople. To make a long story short, we got into the harbor without mishap and fired two torpedoes, one of which sank a transport loaded with troops, and the other exploded on shore somewhere. We learned afterward that it caused some panic. The troops refused to go on another transport, the shops closed, and people ran up the hills—in fact, it caused uproar for a time.

"The following Friday morning we saw five transports escorted by destroyers. We banged the first and biggest one, which sank in about three minutes.

"A few days later we went back to our old corner, where we sank those other three and caught a supply ship napping.

"A few days after we torpedoed a German transport, and then we got no more blood for a time until last Monday morning, on our way back, just before entering the Narrows, we sank another transport. That was our farewell smack.

"When we broke surface that evening we found a mine hanging over our bows. We chucked it off as quick as possible, when our escort came up, gave us three cheers, and off we went.

"When we entered the harbor it was dark. Had it been daylight the Admiral would have made us steam round the fleet. All the ships we passed as we were making for the Adamant cheered us. The Adamant, although the smallest ship of 'em all, gave us the best cheers. It was good to hear it and to know that we had at last done something worthy of praise."

URGE CHECK ON BRITAIN.

Georgia Legislature Asks President to Prevent Interference with Our Commerce.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 28.—Resolutions urging President Wilson to use every means in his power—"diplomatic if possible, retaliatory if necessary"—to prevent interference by Great Britain with American commerce to neutral nations, were adopted by both houses of the Georgia Legislature today.

Among other things, the resolutions set forth that since March 1 "Great Britain has illegally seized" many vessels containing cargoes destined for neutral ports of Europe, thus depriving cotton producers of Georgia and other Southern States of a certain market for more than 3,000,000 bales of cotton.

BIG GUNS IN DUEL ON THE WESTERN FRONT

Arras Bombarded by German Artillery—Berlin Reports Gain in the Vosges.

LONDON, June 28.—Artillery duels, some of them heavy and long, are conspicuous features of the operations on the western front, especially between the Aisne and Flanders. Arras has again been the target of big German guns, according to the Paris bulletin, but the German Headquarters Staff makes a point in its official announcement of correcting its statement of yesterday that the artillerymen were aiming at French batteries near the Arras "cathedral," the "citadel" being the object.

Berlin reports the repulse of night attacks north of Arras, in the Argonne, and on the heights of the Meuse, while a surprise assault by the Kaiser's troops in the Vosges is said to have won a hill east of Metzeral. Paris denies the latter success, and tells of a repulse of a German attack on the Meuse.

A French aviator yesterday raided the Zeppelin hangars at Friedrichshafen, dropping eight shells "with success," it is said. The aviator was forced to land in Swiss territory.

The night bulletin of the French War Office says:

The day has been relatively calm on the whole front. There has been an artillery action to the north of Souchez, at Neuville, and at Roclincourt. Arras has been bombarded by heavy guns.

Between the Oise and the Aisne the artillery duel has continued to our advantage.

In the Argonne and on the Heights of the Meuse, at the Calonne trench, the Germans, after their check of last night, have made no further attacks.

On the morning of June 27 one of our aeroplanes succeeded in dropping, with success, eight shells on the Zeppelin hangars at Friedrichshafen. Motor trouble obliged him to make a landing during his return. He succeeded in reaching Swiss territory, at Rheinfelden.

The afternoon bulletin reads:

The Germans last night delivered two attacks against our positions, each of which was repulsed. One was at the trench of Calonne, and the other was at a point to the east of Metzeral.

With these exceptions there is nothing of importance to report.

The German Headquarters statement says:

North of Arras night attacks by the enemy on both sides of the road between Souchez and Aix-Noulette and in the Labyrinth, north of Ecurie, were repulsed.

In the western part of the Argonnes the French attempted last night to recapture the positions they had lost. Notwithstanding the application of masses of artillery there the attacks failed completely.

In the Meuse hills an infantry attack, extending over a width of two kilometers on both sides of Detranchee, had the same result. After unusually large losses the enemy fled back into his positions.

In the Vosges our troops delivered a surprise attack on the defenders of a small hill east of Metzeral. Fifty prisoners and one machine gun remained in our hands.

We were especially successful in the southernmost parts of our battle front against enemy aviators. In an aerial battle two enemy flying machines were shot down north of Schlucht Pass and at Gerardmer. Two further aeroplanes were forced to descend by our artillery at Largitson and at Rheinfelden, on the Schwarle(?), in Swiss territory.

Yesterday's official communication should have read: "Enemy artillery stationed near the Citadel (not cathedral) of Arras was bombarded by us." The cathedral has not been bombarded.

Sees Effort to Approach Verdun.

PARIS, June 28.—The Germans, in fighting furiously at Bagatelle and in the trenches of Calonne, are seeking to approach the strongly fortified town of Verdun, according to Lieut. Col. Rousset, military critic of the Petit Parisien.

He believes they are seeking to gain control of the railroad from Chalons to Sainte Menehould.

While they are aiming at Verdun from two directions, the critic thinks their efforts will prove futile.

BRITISH TORPEDOING AGAIN.

More Submarine Damage to Turkish Shipping Reported.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATHENS, June 28, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—British submarines have caused further damage to Turkish shipping in the Sea of Marmora. The Turkish fleet has sought refuge in the Golden Horn and in the Bosporus.

PRINCE RUPPRECHT TELLS OF HIS NEW JOB

Continued from Page 1.

in front and three kilometers' in the greatest depth. He continued:

"I believe that their losses have been very heavy. It is hard to estimate the total, but I should say it was not less than 60,000. We always prefer to underestimate. It is a mistake to underrate the foe. It is wiser not to be overoptimistic except about one thing, and that is about what you set out to accomplish—your iron will to win."

Praises French Soldiers.

After this slight philosophical digression the Crown Prince paid this tribute to the French soldiers:

"They have fought with the greatest gallantry even when the fight was obviously hopeless. In the last four days the French attacks have decreased strikingly in number and strength."

With cautiously worded conviction he added:

"Though one might probably consider Joffre's offensive about finished for the present, you cannot tell. The French may come back at us with greater masses of troops and more heavy artillery and try again, or they may try some other part of the line."

In any event, he thought that his army would probably have a well-earned rest for a while at least. But they would be ready whenever anything happened.

He spoke with quiet pride of the great bravery and devotion of his troops and told something of what it meant to stop overpowering masses, launched against them and backed up by the fire of artillery with an apparently inexhaustible supply of ammunition.

"One of my regiments was exposed to a murderous and concentrated fire for a week, 35,777 shells falling on them on the last day. But the skeleton regiment held and beat back the attack."

That American Ammunition.

The Crown Prince tactfully refrained from discussing the question of American ammunition until I asked him whether he agreed with the opinion, expressed by his brilliant young chief of staff, Count Lambsdorff, formerly Military Attaché at Petrograd, and voiced also by several Generals and staff officers at the front, that the war would have been ended long ago if it had not been for American ammunition.

He hesitated an instant. It was a rather delicate question, owing to the sting in its tail, and, besides, this hardheaded Bavarian Crown Prince is not the sort of a man who makes positive statements about what might have been.

But actual facts were different. He said that they had identified a good deal of American ammunition, and that it explained to his mind why the French artillery was able to shoot off such staggering quantities.

I asked what percentage of the ammunition shot by the French he thought was of American manufacture. The Crown Prince answered that it was rather difficult to estimate this accurately, but he thought that probably at least 50 per cent. were American shells. He added:

"This last French offensive would not have been possible without American ammunition."

No offensive, he suggested, was possible without immense amounts of ammunition. Then, quite dispassionately he went on to what was the logical conclusion for him:

"American ammunition is undoubtedly prolonging the war many months."

Prematurely iron-gray, this "Bavarian lion," guarding the gateway to Belgium, is soft of voice and slow of speech, not only when talking about American ammunition, but also when the English are mentioned. His features do not become distorted in hatred. He doesn't denounce them violently. In other words, he confines himself to "knocking" his enemies on the battlefield. I did not hear him make a single disparaging remark about British press accounts, and the portrait of him painted by the popular fancy, which had given me a totally wrong impression of the man. He does not love his enemies, and he is there to fight them to a finish—that is all.

Wonders About Kitchener's Army.

"Where is Kitchener's new army?" He repeated my own question. I gathered that that was one thing which he and his staff all wanted to know. They all agreed that they had not clashed yet with Kitchener's new army, and that, so far as their knowledge went, it had not attempted any offensive, though the Crown Prince said that they had seen some of Kitchener's new troops, who had apparently been drawn on to make good the losses in the line. The Crown Prince added:

"It is too bad that you did not arrive this morning in time to see a big prisoner transport start for the rear. They were mostly French, but there were a few English among them. We are not taking many English prisoners just now because the English have not been doing much lately."

Both he and his Chief of Staff suggested that the English were letting their French allies do the bloody offensive work, while apparently sparing their own forces.

"Let's see, when was it the English last made an attack?" he asked his Chief of Staff, who replied:

"Four days ago."

The Crown Prince suggested another reason why they were not taking as many English prisoners as might naturally be expected. He said that many cases had been discovered where English wounded, falling close to the German trenches in the charge, played dead all day long, and then attempted to crawl back to the English lines at night. Some who were caught and brought in explained that they feared to fall into the hands of the Bavarians because, as they said, the latter killed all their prisoners.

The Crown Prince said that he had read something to the same effect in the English papers, and particularly about an order alleged to have been issued by him, ordering his troops to take no prisoners. He went on:

"That is all nonsense. I never issued any such order." He declared the report a clumsy falsehood, adding: "On the contrary, we want all the English prisoners we can get our hands on. Live Englishmen are much more valuable than dead ones, because the dead cannot talk."

Turns from War to Hunting.

When darkness ended the garden promenade the Crown Prince and his modest retinue of four went to the drawing room, where over a very small glass of his native Munich beer he forgot the war for a few minutes and talked of hunting. He was in American twelve years ago and did some big-game hunting in Canada. He told of hunting the elusive chamois among his own beloved mountains in Bavaria and expressed the hope that he could visit America after the war. He said he was particularly anxious to do some hunting in the West.

Heavy cannonading suddenly cut short the hunting talk. It was the cue for THE TIMES correspondent to go, for the Prince smilingly admitted that he had to work far into the night.

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BERLIN REPLY TO PROMISE SAFETY

Continued from Page 1.

main reason for his resignation from the Cabinet.

The satisfaction created here by Mr. Gerard's report was tempered somewhat by a statement in the Ambassador's dispatch that the German Government would submit a counter proposal to the suggestions made by the American Government. The character of this counter proposal was not disclosed, but from information at hand, it is understood to be based on the German contention that passengers should not be permitted to travel on ships carrying arms and ammunition to Germany's enemies.

It is understood that Ambassador Gerard said in his message that the German authorities were anxious to show a favorable disposition toward the contentions of this Government, but they felt it was impossible for them to make concessions of such a character as to destroy the effectiveness of the submarine warfare against the merchant shipping of Great Britain and France, and against vessels of neutral countries engaged in transporting munitions of war to British and French ports.

Won't Exempt Munition Ships.

It is intimated that Germany desires that a method shall be arranged by which Americans and other neutrals traveling on passenger vessels shall be assured of immunity from German submarine attack. But Germany, apparently, is not willing to go to the extent of promising that vessels ordinarily employed in passenger traffic shall obtain such immunity if they carry munitions of war. There is a feeling here, however, that the consideration now being given in Berlin to the American note will result in a recognition of the principle laid down by this Government that noncombatants are entitled to immunity from attacks without warning by submarines or other war vessels.

The advices received from Ambassador Gerard indicate that the German imperial authorities have at last been persuaded that they were wrong in assuming that President Wilson's representations concerning the submarine warfare were not to be taken seriously, and were in fact intended merely for their effect on the American public. This assumption on the part of the German authorities, as explained yesterday, was based on a dispatch sent to the Government of Austria-Hungary by Dr. Dumba, its Ambassador in Washington, which was interpreted to mean that the American contentions were merely for home consumption, and need not be regarded by Germany as of a threatening character. In his statement given out last night Mr. Bryan said that what he had told Dr. Dumba had been misinterpreted in Berlin. Mr. Bryan, however, failed to tell in his statement exactly what he did say to the Ambassador of Austria-Hungary.

Interest in Bryan Statement.

Mr. Bryan's statement attracted considerable attention here today. It was felt, however, by those interested that a further explanation on the subject should be forthcoming. What it is desired to know is exactly what Ambassador Dumba telegraphed to the Government at Vienna, a copy of which was furnished to the Government at Berlin. While asserting that the version of the matter printed in "a number of jingo papers" was calculated to mislead the uninformed, and that the attempt to mislead was furthered by "that portion of the press which is endeavoring to force this country into war," Mr. Bryan does not say either what it was that he said to Ambassador Dumba or what the Ambassador telegraphed to his Government. It appears to be clear, however, that Mr. Bryan and Ambassador Dumba did discuss the American note to Germany, and that Ambassador Dumba sent a report to his Government of Mr. Bryan's observations. Upon that report the German Government obtained the impression that Mr. Bryan had frankly advised the Ambassador of Austria-Hungary that President Wilson's indignant demands over the sinking of the Lusitania and Germany's submarine warfare were not to be taken seriously by the German Government.

Thus the German Government obtained the impression that President Wilson was playing politics and that his call on Germany to abandon her submarine warfare against unarmed merchant vessels or be held to a "strict accountability" by the United States was not to be regarded in any serious light. As a result the German Government made an unsatisfactory response to the American note. The conviction in the German official mind that President Wilson did not mean what he appeared to mean in his note was so strong that it has taken weeks to produce another impression, and this was accomplished only through sending to Berlin a confidential emissary of Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador.

This emissary, Dr. Anton Meyer-Gerhard, was fully acquainted with the state of feeling that prevailed among members of the Wilson Administration and the American people in regard to the submarine warfare. When the State Department received Ambassador Gerard's message indicating that Germany's reply to the second American note would be favorable, it was felt for the first time that the impression given in Berlin by Ambassador Dumba's report of his conversation with Mr. Bryan had begun to give way to the conviction that President Wilson was deeply in earnest in all that he said in his first note.

DESTROY A GERMAN CENTRAL AFRICAN FORT

British Troops Take Bukoba, a Port on Lake Victoria Nyanza.

LONDON, June 28.—From Lake Victoria Nyanza, in Africa, the British War Office reports a successful British attack on the German fortified port of Bukoba, the movement having been made both by land and water, with the result that on June 25 the fort was destroyed, the wireless station put out of action, many boats sunk and guns captured and destroyed.

WRIGHT WON'T TALK WAR.

Declines to Discuss Suggestion That He Direct British Air Fleet.

Special to The New York Times.

DAYTON, Ohio, June 28.—Orville Wright today refused to talk about the London dispatch stating that The Daily Mail editorially had suggested that England offer Wright direction of a great air fleet the British are mobilizing.

The Mail referred to Wright as "the world's best authority on aeroplanes, and a singularly disinterested and uncommercial inventor."

Wright, who is of a religious disposition, is extremely sensitive on the war question, and from those close to him it is known that he would not even discuss such an offer from England or any other power.

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I will give no particulars by mail, but will make an appointment and give details.

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Also expert services on general chimney work, heating and ventilating.
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LASTING SATISFACTION
comes through the daily use, for Toilet and Bath, of this superior POSLAM SOAP, which combines so many qualities of goodness and purity.
At All Druggists. 25 cents and 15 cents.

"What can I do to make her stronger?"

Your physician has told you that it is simply one of the thousands of cases of "debility." You have tried certain "tonics" without avail, but you have not yet tried Sanatogen, the true food-tonic.

And Sanatogen may well prove her salvation, for remember that thousands of women who were weak and weary have derived new strength, a new joy of living, from its use.

Olive Schreiner, the famous writer, gratefully exclaims:

"Nothing that I have taken in years has given me such a sense of vigor as Sanatogen."

And Amelia E. Barr, the beloved novelist, refers to the "marvellous help" derived from using Sanatogen.

This help of Sanatogen is not the false help of a mere stimulant but the *constructive* aid of a true food-tonic which gives the exhausted system the *natural* elements for building up the blood, strengthening the nerves, improving digestion.

How well it performs this function, physicians in every land—21,000 of them have endorsed Sanatogen in writing—know from actual observation. Their attitude is well summed up by the famous Berlin specialist, Professor Eulenberg, who writes:

"I am using Sanatogen more and more in cases of nervous troubles which have their origin in poverty of the blood and poor nutrition, and never had occasion to regret its use."

And we feel sure *you* will never regret using Sanatogen.

Sanatogen is sold by good druggists everywhere in 3 sizes, from $1.00 up.

Grand Prize, International Congress of Medicine, London, 1913.

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OVER
July Fourth
The Road of Anthracite

CHECK EVERY SHELL AT BRITISH BASE

A Busy Day of Fighting at the Front Keeps the Munitions Officers on the Jump.

STOCK VERY LOW AT TIMES

But Another Base Lies to the Rear, and Still Another and Bigger One Further Back.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, Thursday, June 17, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Shells and shells, and then more shells—shells by the cord, by the motor truck load, by trainload, and by shipload. Shells of all sizes, from one you can carry under your arm to giants which are rolled off the car on to the motor truck. At a certain railroad head near the front one hears the direct call of the hungry guns.

A soldier-clerk, sitting at a desk in a freight car of a munitions dépôt, keeps a tabulation sheet of every class sent to a certain sector of the front. These tables are the barometer of the amount of fighting day by day in that sector.

"This was a very, peaceful day," said an ordnance officer in charge, indicating a certain date. "We were doing hardly any business at all."

A very peaceful day meant a matter of only a few hundred shells which this distributing centre supplied. At such times the pile of conical steel cases, with their hearts of shrapnel bullets or high-powered explosives, accumulate.

"Then," as the officer said, "we take it easy."

For the last thirty-six hours, however, all hands had been on the jump. The British had been attacking in the Festubert section, and the great motor trucks had swarmed around the ammunition train like a thirsty herd around a watering trough.

"That's your lot, my man, and off you go!" Its order filled, a truck backs away from the car door, to give place to another, and speeds on toward its battery, hidden from aerial observation.

"Those gunners were very greedy last night," said the officer. "They pretty nearly cleaned us out of all of their favorite brand which we had on hand here."

But not many miles away more trains were on the way from another base, while a still bigger base was behind that.

"Yes, all that number in thirty-six hours," said the officer. "Think of the pile they would make if all were put together in one lot! It puzzles us how they are all fired, what becomes of them all, and how the factories can make so many. Of course, we don't get up to the front to see them fired, or back to the rear where they come from. Our business is simply to transfer and to make sure that those at the rear have enough on the way to supply the appetite at the front."

This matter of transferring ammunition went on as methodically as any freight business. The quiet railway yard seemed to have nothing to do with war.

"Sometimes though," the officer added, "the gunners' eyes are bigger than their appetites."

He indicated another set of figures in the tabulator. They were the numbers of shells of different sorts returned from the front after an action. After the motor trucks arrived and waited at a given point near the guns, the battery commander found that he had more than he wanted for the present; so he sent back the consignment, which was entered on the books.

Every shell is accounted for. If there is waste without results, it can be traced. The transfer station feels the demands of the trade, as it were, from the front, and passes back its report. There can be no mistake between types, for each type is painted a distinctive color or with distinctive bands.

Not only shells, but everything else wanted at the front in the way of explosives is represented in the stores here. If they need more trench mortars or more hand grenades in the trenches, these also must be supplied, and according to the taste of the customer. War is business in these days, and the business of the Ordnance Department is to furnish the weapons that do the killing—the very important and grimly refined part of the business.

"Bullets, also," remarked the officer, "are passed out for the machine guns and rifles at the front. Millions! Enough in a single action along one section of the line to kill all the soldiers from Switzerland to the North Sea if every one found its mark. One in a thousand does, perhaps, whether fired by Briton or German. The factories can keep on feeding the armies with bullets, and if 1,000 bullets take the life of one enemy and save one of your own men, which factories cannot replace, that is good business in war, as fought along the siege line in France."

PAPAL SECRETARY ASSAILS INTERVIEW

Says Liberte Correspondent Invented Many Assertions Attributed to the Pope.

ALSO GOT HIS FACTS MIXED

Vatican Correspondence Not Touched, He Says—Declares Church Has Been Entirely Neutral.

ROME, June 28.—An interview published in the Corrière d'Italia this morning with Cardinal Pietro Gasparri, the Papal Secretary of State, arouses great interest in Rome as it is entirely taken up with the interview obtained last week by Louis Latapie, a member of the staff of the Paris La Liberté, with Pope Benedict. The Secretary of State says:

"M. Latapie invented entirely many grave assertions. You must remember that a phrase isolated from the context cannot reproduce faithfully a thought, or, what is worse, it gives a meaning entirely false.

"For instance, take the quotation regarding hostages in Berlin. What confusion! The Pontiff is made to mix the Jews of Galicia, the Austrian priests of Cremona, and the Belgian prelates, all of which, according to M. Latapie, was covered in the allocution of Jan. 22.

"With regard to the Jews it was in March that Austria-Hungary sent a protest to the Holy See. The protest was not mentioned, as the Vatican could not condemn Russia on the sole affirmation of Austria-Hungary.

"The Pope was informed that Italy had taken some parish priests of the towns occupied as hostages, but the Bishop of Cremona informed him that they were being treated with every regard. Indeed, the Pontiff furnishes them with funds for masses. The Pope knows all this perfectly. How, then, could he put them in a category with the Belgian and French hostages or with the Jews of Russia?

"With regard to General von Bissing, the German Governor of Belgium, neither the Holy Father nor the Secretary of State ever received a letter or a communication from him directly or indirectly. Thus the Pope could not refer to such a letter, and he did not. The letter was born of the fervid imagination of M. Latapie."

Cardinal Gasparri denies that Pope Benedict said "It was under the Pontificate of Pius X.," when asked by M. Latapie if it was necessary to inquire whether the neutrality of Belgium had been violated, but the Secretary of State does not say what words the Pontiff used.

"But much graver is the confusion of M. Latapie when he speaks of the relations between the Holy See and Italy," continues Cardinal Gasparri. "The following is the real opinion of the Pontiff:

"It is true that he wished Italy to remain outside the conflict upon receiving concessions from Austria, because he desired that Italy should not suffer the horrors of war, and he was preoccupied with the delicate position of the Church if Italy entered the conflict. War once declared, the Church became entirely neutral. It has not in any way tried to prevent Catholics from doing their duty according to their consciences and it has done everything for the spiritual welfare of the soldiers.

"The Pontiff recognizes that the Italian Government has done everything possible to attenuate any difficulties that might arise between it and the Holy See. The Vatican's correspondence is not being touched. But that does not mean that the situation of the Holy See is normal. It does not intend to create embarrassment for the Government.

"The Holy Father much deplored the sinking of the Lusitania, but he could not pronounce directly on it because there was before him a question of fact regarding which each side makes different assertions."

Cardinal Gasparri ended the interview by saying:

"With regard to what concerned me personally I saw M. Latapie only a few minutes. In that time the diplomatic relations between the Holy See and France were not mentioned. M. Latapie would have done better had he maintained the promise he formally gave me not to publish anything without previous authorization. But as that formal promise was not sufficient to preserve the Holy See from such deplorable indiscretions M. Latapie will have the honor of being the last journalist to be received by the Holy Father during the war."

The Messagero in an article apropos of the interview with Cardinal Gasparri as published by the Corriere d'Italia, says that the impression produced in Italy and abroad by the interview credited to the Pope by La Liberte's representative, had unexpected results in the Vatican.

The Messagero states that innumerable messages have come to the Pope from Cardinals, Bishops and the Primates of England and Belgium.

"Cardinal Mercier, Primate of Belgium; Cardinal Amette, Archbishop of Paris, and the others who have sent dispatches," continues the paper, "all ask word from the Pope to minimize the disastrous impression and reassure Catholics. Thus Pope Benedict felt it necessary to intervene and make clear his thoughts."

ITALY SAYS AUSTRIA BARS VATICAN MAIL

Every Facility Without Censorship Extended by Rome Government to Papal Letters.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—In a verbal note presented at the State Department today the Italian Embassy asserted that the Austro-Hungarian postal authorities had refused to receive and forward mails from the Holy See. Similar information, it was explained, was being given by Italy to all nations wherein it had diplomatic representatives.

This statement was issued tonight by the embassy:

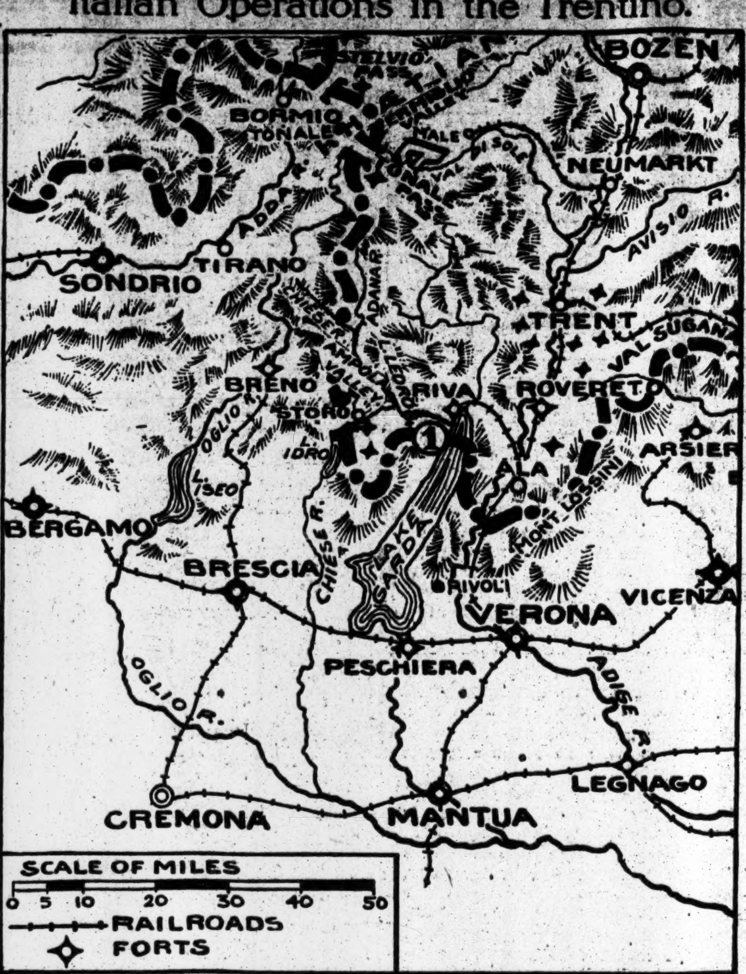
"The Italian Embassy has notified the Department of State by a verbal note that, upon postal communication between Italy and Austria-Hungary being suspended as a consequence of the declaration of war between the two countries, the Italian Government took steps to insure free and immediate passage of all correspondence both to and from the Holy See without such correspondence being subjected to any sort of censorship by the Italian authorities.

"It has since come to the knowledge of the Italian Government that the Austro-Hungarian postal authorities refused to receive and forward the mails coming from the Holy See, even when such mails bear the official seal of the Cardinal Secretary of State.

"Under the circumstances the Italian Government, while declining all responsibility for such impediments, wishes to be known the source responsible for the obstacles placed in the way of the execution of the Holy See's right to free and uncensored correspondence."

Secretary Lansing had the substance of this communication filed in the archives of the State Department, where all such information or protests have gone during the last year. The notice was given merely for information, and there is nothing to be done by the United States Government.

Italian Operations in the Trentino.



Invading Austria west of Lake Garda and descending a steep mountain 8,000 feet into the Ledro Valley (1) an Italian force has cut the electric power from Riva, which was generated at falls on the Ponale River in the valley. It has also occupied part of an historic road cut in solid rock which conects Brescia, Storo, and Riva.

RIVA IS MENACED BY ITALIAN ARMY

Continued from Page 1.

laconic phrase has been repeated daily since the bombardment of the Austrian positions just west of Tarvis began on June 12. To understand its meaning one must realize that the struggle is occurring in the very heart of precipitous mountains which rise between the Italians and Austrians like a titanic wall.

The work accomplished by the Italians in this region is described by the head of the French military mission as cyclopic. A special road has been built for the transportation of artillery to the peaks for the bombardment of Malborgeth. Donkeys and mules were used for carrying the guns, ammunition and provisions, and a thousand mountaineers, and even women, climbed the heights with packs on their shoulders.

When everything was ready the Austrians bombarded the road and made the Italian positions untenable. The Italian gunners then decided to bombard Malborgeth by parabolic fire and placed their batteries behind the mountains where the Austrians could not see them. With the assistance of signalers on top of the mountain and in the presence of King Victor Emmanuel and the members of the British military mission they began a bombardment of the position.

The first shot fell 500 yards wide, but the second went very near and struck what the Italians call Austria's Thermopylae. Enthusiasm on the Italian side was indescribable. The King shook hands with the officer directing the gunnery and he was also warmly congratulated by the British offcers.

ALLEGE AUSTRIAN CRUELTY.

Italian Wounded Tell Stories of Torture and Oppression.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, June 28.—According to stories told by wounded soldiers returning from the front, the stories of Austrian atrocities dating from the time when other provinces of Italy were under Austrian rule are equally true of the present war.

Soldiers who have arrived at Udine declare that the old torture of suspending a victim by his hands, with only the tip of the big toe touching the ground, is still resorted to, and that sick men are compelled to work. On the flimsiest pretext men are dragged away from their families, and are shot if they rebel.

CALLS ALLIES' FIRE FUTILE.

Turkish General Staff Says Night Attacks Have Also Failed.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Tuesday, June 29, (via Berlin and London.)—The General Staff makes this announcement:

"Near Avi Burnu there has been artillery and infantry firing. Near Seddel-Bahr the enemy has continued his ineffective heavy artillery fire against our right wing since June 25. Night attacks against our left wing broke down."

REPORTS GORITZ CAPTURED.

Italians Said to Have Taken the Town on Sunday.

Carlo Campagna, the London correspondent of Il Progreso Italo-Americano, has cabled to his paper this morning as follows:

"Goritz is ours. Notwithstanding the large force which Austria had transported from Galicia to obstruct our advance, we are victorious. Goritz, the most southern of the three most formidable fortresses which command the way to Trieste, fell yesterday (June 27) morning, after a siege of three weeks, during which an incessant storm of high explosive shells demolished all obstacles and turned to powder every defense.

"The particulars of the victory and of the fate of the enemy are lacking; but there is no doubt that Goritz is ours!"

The attack on Goritz began with great violence on June 6. The Austrians defended the town from the height of Podgora, 750 feet high, which is situated to the west of the town. From this point they had built several lines of intrenchments, extending as far as Monte Fortine, an eminence 350 feet high in the Isonzo Valley.

The whole distance, which is about four miles, was entirely covered by invisible trenches, connected by several ranges of underground tunnels. The trenches were protected by steel plates and from these the troops could fire under complete cover, while they were also supported by heavy artillery, (Skodas 12, 16, and 30.5 cm.) from behind, hidden in grottoes and excavated in the solid rocks of the hills.

GERMAN PRELATES PROTEST.

Deny Charges by French Church Heads and Threaten Reprisals.

ROME, June 28.—Cardinal von Hartmann, Archbishop of Cologne, and Cardinal von Bettinger, Archbishop of Munich, have addressed the Pope, protesting strongly against a publication which has appeared in Paris under the title of "War and Catholicism." This publication was compiled by Monsignor Baudrillart, rector of the Catholic Institute at Paris, with an introduction by Cardinal Amette, Archbishop of Paris, and relates to alleged German atrocities, chiefly against the Church.

Cardinals von Hartmann and von Bettinger deny that such atrocities ever occurred, and declare that Cardinal Mercier was never imprisoned, as asserted in the article in question, and they add:

"If the French and Belgian clergy continue such a campaign they will force the German Catholic clergy to have recourse to reprisals, giving the world an unedifying spectacle of Christian brotherhood."

PERMANENT PEACE TALK IN BRITAIN

Ramsay MacDonald, Socialist, Though Backing War, Wants It Made the Last.

SAYS PEOPLE MUST END IT

C. P. Trevelyan, M. P., Deprecates Talk of Dismembering Germany —Nations Must Co-operate.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 28.—Leading provincial papers give much more space than do the London press to the recent speech of Ramsay MacDonald, (a leading Labor and Socialist and member of Parliament from Leicester,) in which he explained his attitude toward the war.

In this address MacDonald said that whatever views were taken with regard to the origin of the war the great mass of people of the country accepted the war with the full determination that it was to be the last of such wars, and that it was to be the prelude to an abiding peace. If war was in order to make that idea and that intention secure, he asserted, that the union of democratic control was founded.

The union was not a stop-the-war committee, he added, but if ever war was going to be ended it would be by the pacific determination of the people of Europe and not by the work of even the most benevolent military despotism or power that could be conceived.

The Birmingham Daily Post gives a column report of MacDonald's speech pointing out that his audience of about 2,000 persons were mainly women. The Yorkshire Post publishes a report of an address delivered by C. P. Trevelyan, a Liberal Member of Parliament, at Halifax at a Sunday meeting which is not mentioned in the London press. Trevelyan's subject was, "The principles of a settlement to secure permanent peace." In his address he said that armaments were the production of years, and that militarism could only thrive where armaments abounded. The only way to curb and crush militarism, he held, was to promote good feeling between peoples and substitute international co-operation for the quarreling of Governments. Referring to the suggestion that the territorial settlement at the end of the war should be on the basis of nationality, he said that some persons in England and many newspapers, seemed to think that the peace of Europe could only be kept by the dismemberment of Germany that he added was pure Prussianism and militarism in its worst form.

"What," he asked, "is our civilization going to be, if a war like the present one is to be repeated when science has had another thirty or forty years to perfect explosives and aircraft? What town is there in England, Germany, or France which cannot be destroyed when the next war comes?"

What was needed, he went on, was democratic control of the nation's foreign policy. The people and Parliament of Great Britain had control over some affairs, but over foreign affairs they had none. There seemed to be a movement toward a reasonable peace, he thought. If the Germans were prepared to treat for peace on the evacuation of Belgium, though peace could not be made on that basis alone, it might open the way for it. It would make large numbers of Englishmen anxious to consider what else they wanted and what else they could obtain. If the Germans were driven back through Belgium, it would be step by step, and there would be destruction of towns and villages.

So long as the impression prevailed, he added, that Englishmen intended to tear them in pieces, the Germans would not stop fighting. He said he did not believe the people of Germany, England, and France were going to fight until civilization was all gone.

ALL ATTACKED SOCIALISTS.

Prussian Diet Session Was Stormy from the Beginning.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 28.—Berlin papers which reach here give further details of Thursday's stormy debate on peace in the Prussian Diet, regarding which the Vorwärts, in the last number issued before its suppression, said: "The debate leaves no more doubt of the direction which the masses of German people desire the war to take."

The Social Democratic view, as uttered during the tumultous sitting, was that the nation wanted early peace and the abandonment of all annexation plans. Although there are only ten Social Democrats in the Prussian Diet, they contrived to raise pandemonium.

The trouble started during the speech of the Progressive leader, Dr. Wiener, who attacked the movement within the Socialist Party for an early peace.

Herr Karl Liebknecht, whom the German Government recently silenced by impressing him into military service, shouted during Weiner's speech:

"Only the capitalist interests demand the continuance of the war. The masses want peace."

Other Socialist Deputies joined in the chorus of peace and no conquests. Then Herr Braun, the Socialist leader in the Diet, took the floor. He confined himself chiefly to attacking the Government's organization of the food supply during the war. He agreed with the Government that the German people could never be starved out, but that did not deter him from criticising the Government's mistakes in respect to the food situation. He assailed the Prussian agrarians and speculators, who had been extorting illicit profits from the people during the war, and charged them with cornering potatoes. He stated that the result was that thousands of tons of potatoes were now rotting all over the country.

He ended his speech by asserting that the plain people were tired of the war, and that they especially disapproved of continuing it for sake of the wild annexation schemes of the military party. This was his peroration:

"How long is this all to last? The great mass of the German people cherish the urgent wish that the Government will neglect no opportunity to attain the early conclusion of peace. It is serving the true interests of the country when it prevents further aggravation of the international situation.

"Above all its duty is to oppose decisively the annexation efforts of all sorts, which have been set forth—by a German Federal ruler, (the King of Bavaria,) by political parties, by capitalistic groups for selfish purposes, [shouts from the Socialist benches,] and by the Imperial Chancellor. The realization of these efforts would be a calamity for the future of the empire, and would do grave injury to the further cultural development of our fatherland.

"This anexation policy, however, violates, above all, a nation's sacred right of self-determination so cherished by us. Moreover, annexation, as history teaches, contains the seeds of new wars.

"Therefore the social democracy disavows all these despicable efforts. They also oppose them because they serve to prolong the war, with all its terrible sacrifice of national blood and treasure, and postpone still further the peace, so urgently desired by all nations. The German nation wants no conquests and no annexations. It wants peace, and a peace which neither humiliates nor violates other nations."

The handful of Socialists broke into cheers and applause when Braun finished, and the opposing shouts of the other parties combined to turn the House into a bedlam.

Afterward spokesmen of the Conservative, Clerical, Liberal, and Progressive Parties addressed the House, all of them taking issue with the Socialist view of the war. Their remarks were constantly interrupted by ironical Socialist jeers, which compelled the Speaker to call two of the disturbers to order.

What the Bavarian King Said.

The declaration of King Ludwig of Bavaria in favor of territorial expansion of Germany, which has been sharply criticised by Socialists in that country, was made on June 7 at a meeting of the Canal Association which is undertaking canal connections between the Rhine, Main, and Danube Rivers. The speech was delivered at Fürth, in Bavaria, and was published in the Frankfurter Zeitung of June 8, just received here. In part the Monarch said:

"When the war began we said it would be a war of short duration. But matters shaped themselves otherwise. The declaration of war of Russia was followed by that of France, and afterward the English also fell upon us. Then I said: 'I rejoice at this, and I rejoice for this reason: because we can now conclude a reckoning with our enemies, and because now at last (and this concerns especially the Canal Association) we may hope to obtain more favorable connections with the ocean for South and West Germany.'

"Ten months have elapsed since then. Much costly blood has been shed. But it shall not have been shed in vain. A strengthening of the German Empire and an expansion beyond its borders as far as this is necessary in order that we may be protected against future attacks—that shall be the fruit of this war.

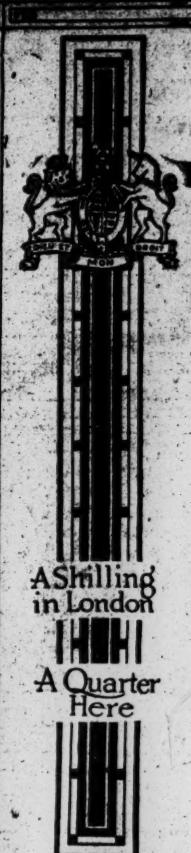
"Whoever goes with us and stands faithfully beside us (I mean Austria and Turkey) shall rejoice with us, but never false friends who simulated friendship behind our backs and then went over to the enemy."

REPRISALS BY TURKEY ON EMBASSY OFFICIALS

Former Dragomans and Attaches of Allies to Lose American Protection.

AMSTERDAM, June 28.—A telegram received here from Constantinople by way of Berlin says that as a reprisal for the expulsion by the British Government of Turkish officials who remained in London as guardians of the archives of the Turkish Embassy the Porte has decided to expel all dragomans, Secretaries, and attachés of hostile countries who are attached to the embassies of the United States and Italy. Several have already left Turkey.

As regards the United States, it is understood that the order refers to officials who were formerly attached to embassies of hostile countries, but who were taken in by the American Embassy when the United States assumed charge of the interests of the Allies in Turkey.



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PALL MALL
FAMOUS CIGARETTES
Of particular interest are the new Plain Ends in the distinctive Single-Row Package

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AGE
and
QUALITY
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Buy from any Elevated, Subway, or other News Stand, or Hugh H. Masterson, 170 Chambers St., New York,
Remarkable Analysis
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LUSITANIA CASE
TEN CENTS

GREEN STRIPE
SCOTCH
Pure, Light, Delicate, Old.
ANDREW USHER & CO., Edinburgh.

Very few persons know what real fine old Scotch whiskey is. Those who drink
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MOUNTAIN DEW
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Certainly do!
"The Spirit of the Mountains"

Does Your Wife Buy Your Hosiery?

MAYBE, it's mother or sister. Many a man leaves it to his women-folk, because he knows that "she" knows hosiery values better than he.

Phoenix Silk Hosiery appeals to a woman instantly. You can't fool her about pure silk, nor about elasticity, durability, washability.

Tell your wife, mother or sister she can get the finest Silk Hosiery here, both for you and herself.

Men's 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50
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JOHN DAVID
Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes
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And you save at least one-third on the cost of your correspondence. Anything else? Call Worth 3272 and ask.

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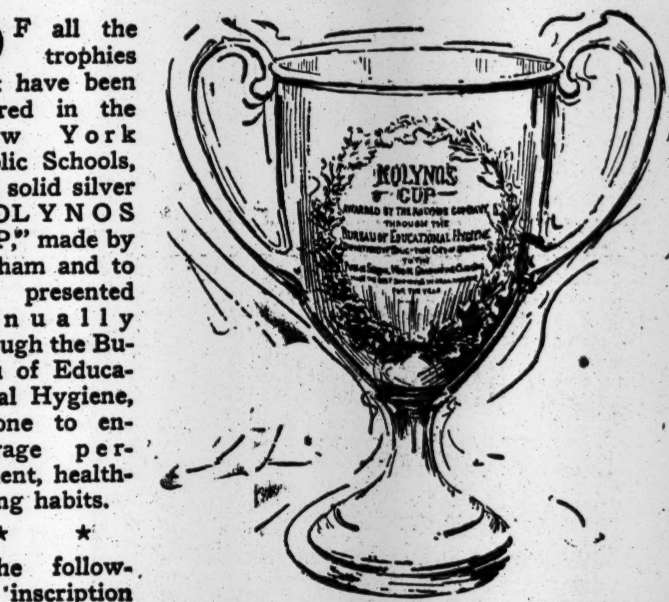
(This advertisement was dictated to the Dictaphone)



It Cleans the Teeth and the Tooth-brush too

The KOLYNOS Cup Presented to the New York Schools

OF all the trophies that have been offered in the New York Public Schools, this solid silver "KOLYNOS CUP," made by Gorham and to be presented annually through the Bureau of Educational Hygiene, is one to encourage permanent, health-giving habits.

* *

The following inscription explains the purpose of the cup:

KOLYNOS CUP
AWARDED BY THE KOLYNOS COMPANY THROUGH THE BUREAU OF EDUCATIONAL HYGIENE
Department of Education
City of New York
To the
PUBLIC SCHOOL WHOSE GRADUATING CLASS HAS MADE THE BEST SHOWING IN ORAL HYGIENE FOR THE YEAR.

* *

The "Kolynos Cup" is truly a cup of cleanliness—a mark of distinction and an emblem of honor to the school holding it for the year.

The graduating class winning it every June must have STUDIED and PRACTICED oral hygiene.

It will have learned the supreme importance of keeping the teeth clean, the mouth clean and the throat clean.

It will have learned the NECESSITY OF DISINFECTING THE MOUTH, as well as cleansing the teeth—of destroying the disease spreading germ colonies in the oral cavity.

* *

Above all, it will have learned how futile it is to BRUSH THE TEETH WITH AN UNCLEAN TOOTH-BRUSH—that the only truly hygienic mouth-cleansing means THE DISINFECTION OF THE TOOTH-BRUSH AT THE SAME TIME.

* *

The members of the class will have learned the unapproached position of KOLYNOS in this regard—not merely because this handsome cup is presented as the "Kolynos Cup," but because KOLYNOS IS WHAT IT IS—a teacher of a principle.

* *

Throughout the coming school year the KOLYNOS CUP will be on exhibition, in turn, in the various schools of New York City, in order that the significance of the contest for its possession may be understood, and that EVERY GRADUATING CLASS in the Public Schools may have an opportunity to win it.

The Kolynos Company
New Haven Conn.
U.S.A

REVIVE MOVEMENT FOR NEUTRAL CONGO

King of Spain Urged to Renew His Protest Against Carrying War Into Central Africa.

ENGLISHMEN BEHIND IT

Britain's Original Ground for Objection Was German Wireless Station, Which Is Now Closed.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 28.—Another effort is being made to obtain the neutralization of Central Africa which was suggested by the King of Spain when the war began last August. It was reported at that time that the movement had the backing of the United States. King Alfonso has been called upon to renew his proposal, which rests upon the treaty of 1885, to save the native races from the horrors that might attend carrying war between European nations into mid-Africa.

The treaty was signed by all the European powers and the signatories bound themselves to respect the neutrality of the basin of the Congo unless any of the others violated it. King Alfonso invoked this treaty last August, but Great Britain refused to comply with it so long as the German wireless stations in Togoland, West Africa, and East Africa were a menace to the British fleet and the German-African ports were possible refuges for German cruisers. It is now argued that the chief reasons for the British refusal to entertain the Spanish suggestion are non-existent since the capture of the German wireless station of Windhoek and the clearance of the seas of German raiders.

The chief advocate of fresh action by King Alfonso is R. C. Hawkin of Manchester, who thinks it would not be difficult for his Majesty to formulate reasonable terms for an armistice whereby the fighting would cease in Central Africa. He believes that the plan of pitting one lot of African natives against another is fraught with grave danger to all the whites in Africa, and the undertaking given to Belgium that Great Britain would take every step in her power to prevent a native uprising in the Congo was a serious responsibility. Mr. Hawkin said no one could foretell where that undertaking would lead, especially as Portugal had to face a native uprising close to the Congo frontier. The proposed armistice, he said, did not affect South Africa except indirectly, but Mr. Hawkin felt sure the South Africans would generally agree that to drag the native Africans into our quarrels was a mistaken policy and that no opportunity should be lost to avoid such course. It was for this very reason, he said, that the 1885 act relating to the civilization of Africa had been signed by all the countries in Europe. For England to stand alone in refusing to avail herself of the treaty, said Mr. Hawkin, was to take a very serious responsibility.

The Manchester Guardian, which comments editorially on the proposal, does not see much hope of its being realized, for "the conventional basin of the Congo includes several territories, notably parts the Cameroons and East Africa, where the operations are still in process. It will not be easy to stay them. Most of the mischief has been done, and in this world war it will hardly be found possible to mark out an area which shall be immune."

RETURN MAIMED PRISONERS.

Incapacitated British Soldiers Sent to England by Germany.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROSENDAAL, June 28, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—This afternoon 550 incapacitated British soldiers and men of the Royal Army Medical Corps crossed the frontier into Holland on their way to England. The greater part of the party, namely 34 doctors and 301 men, were of the Medical service, the remaining two hundred odd being men maimed in war and incapable of further military service. The party had been waiting at Brussels while final arrangements were made for the transfer of an equal number of Germans from England. They left this morning by special trains for Flushing, whence they travel tomorrow on the Orange-Nassau for England.

Treated with every consideration by the German medical staff and nursing sisters, they passed from Belgium through Esschen and at once were handed into the care of the Dutch, whose Red Cross authorities showered on them every conceivable kindness. The Germans and Belgians had themselves decorated the Esschen station as much in tribute to the British as in preparation for a welcome to the Germans expected from England. At Rosendale the British were overwhelmed by attentions from the Dutch, who provided them with cooling drinks, food, fruit, and tobacco.

A cheerier set of wounded and ambulance men never entered Holland. Their delight at meeting their fellow-countrymen was intense. Their desire to express disgust at their treatment in Germany was unbounded. From officers and men I received nothing but tales of disgust at the food in the camps.' One officer said:

"Things are getting better, but in many cases the food is rotten and in others perfectly damnable. There is a great lack of food. Most men are actually living on parcels from home. Those who do not get parcels are dying either from starvation or diseases brought on by it."

A private of the Royal Irish Rifles said he and others had been in the Muensterberg Hospital eight months. They received what they nicknamed "landsturm soup," with chestnuts in it that were so hard they could hardly bite them. Another man said: "At Rennbahn the men are living on stuff sent from home. Their spirit, though, is fine. German bulletins are often torn down and the men sing 'God Save the King.'"

The largest proportion of the medical corps men were taken prisoners after the retreat from Mons. They remained behind to tend the wounded. Several told me with indignation how they were dragged away in the midst of dressing wounds of soldier comrades. In some cases the doctors were arrested in the very middle of operations.

SUBMARINES SINK 2 SHIPS.

British Steamer Indrani and a Bark Destroyed.

LONDON, June 28.—The British steamship Indrani, of 3,640 tons gross, was sunk on Sunday by a German submarine at a point southwest of Tuskar, Ireland. The crew of the Indrani was saved.

The British bark Dumfriesshire of 2,565 tons gross, which sailed from San Francisco on Jan. 22 for Dublin with a cargo of barley, was sunk today by a German submarine. The crew was landed at Milford Haven, Wales.

The Dumfriesshire was torpedoed at 10 o'clock yesterday morning thirty miles off the coast of Wales. One side of the ship was blown out, and the bark sank within five minutes. The crew got away in the boats. One of the sailors is an American.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 28.—The British bark Dumfriesshire, sunk today by a German submarine, carried barley valued at $132,000, loaded by George W. McNear & Co. of San Francisco and destined for Queenstown. The cargo was insured, and was sold to a British firm in transit. The vessel was owned by T. Law & Co. of Glasgow, Scotland.

The steamship Indrani on her last eastern voyage across the Atlantic sailed from New York on May 28 by way of Bordeaux for Glasgow, where she arrived on June 19. She was owned by Donaldson Brothers of Glasgow.

Tuskar Rock is an islet off the southeast coast of Wexford County in St. George's Channel.

STUDENTS QUIT RUSSIA.

Two Reach New York After a Journey Across Siberia.

Two of a group of twenty or more students at the University of Russia, in the Province and capital of Ekaterinoslav, who fled to escape service in the Russian armies, to which they had been drafted, and started for America and freedom via Siberia, reached the end of a 10,000-mile journey when they arrived at the Pennsylvania Station at 8 o'clock yesterday morning. These two immigrants are Bernard Tamen, 21, brother of Benjamin and Isidor Tamen, who are in business at 3,886 Broadway and living at 514 West 160th Street, and Joseph Levithan, 19, nephew of Morris Levithan of 1,796 St. John's Place, Brooklyn.

They reached San Francisco on the steamship Mongolian from Japan a week ago, from which their relatives received the first intimation of their flight. The San Francisco branch of the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America aided them to start eastward and notified the headquarters here of the society, which had representatives at the station to meet them. Tamen, who was at the home of his brothers last night, said the students began their long trip nearly two months ago.

"We had been notified to join the colors, together with some of the younger professors in the university, and to gain time we pleaded for opportunity to remain at our studies until June, when the graduation would take place," said he. "To our surprise this request was granted to all the students who had been drafted. Had conditions been better in the Russian Army we might have been willing to join it, but the scenes of horror and the evidence of the terrible sufferings of the wounded sent back from the fighting lines, for whom no adequate provision had been prepared or efforts made to care for them, determined us to try to get away if possible.

"With plenty of money and as many personal necessities as we could conveniently carry we quietly started out toward the Siberian districts, more than 300 miles away. Our parents, whom we were forced to leave behind, as my father had a prosperous business up to the time of the war, and other relatives concealed our flight as best they could. If there was any suspicion aroused by our absence from the university it was met by the assertion of the friends there who remained behind that we had probably gone to join the troops.

"At Smolensk we found thousands of wounded Russian soldiers lying in the streets and yards of houses because there were no places in which to give them proper care and treatment, not even temporary hospitals. We were told there were 45,000 men suffering for proper medical care and nursing there when we passed through that city. Children were finally excluded from the schools so that the buildings might be turned into temporary hospitals.

"There were a great many more wounded soldiers at Charkov. The people were so wrought up over the effects of the war, as shown by the 100,000 soldiers on the disabled lists there, that a close censorship was placed over all war news and citizens were prohibited from gathering on the streets. Women and children were ordered to keep in their homes. In most of the towns and cities we passed through the regular police, all the younger men, at least, had been drafted in the armies and their places taken by old men.

"These conditions kept officials so busy that little attention was paid to passports, or to occasional travelers, like ourselves, and in the general confusion we managed to proceed without much interference from the military authorities. We had separated, traveling two or three together, and when pressed for information about our reasons for being at any particular place we answered the inquiries by declaring we were on our way to join a certain army corps, displaying the notice of the orders to join the ranks."

Walking most of the way through Russia, sometimes resting by short rides in carts and on railways, the students reached Vladivostok, from which they got passage to Japan. Bernard Tamen would have graduated in the engineering school had he remained in Russia. According to Tamen they met a Russian Captain during their flight, who told them he was trying to escape from Russia. He aided the students at several points in satisfying the scruples of the military authorities in permitting them to continue their journey. What became of the other students Tamen has not learned. Both young men admit that by liberal use of their means they "bribed" their way when necessary.

HIS SHIP BOARDED AT SEA.

Norwegian Skipper Protests Holdup to British Admiralty.

Captain S. C. Hiortdahl of the Norwegian-America liner Kristianiafjord, which arrived yesterday from Bergen, said he had been held up and detained thirty-six hours by a British cruiser when he was 300 miles east of Stornoway. The Captain said the cruiser stopped his ship and sent a Lieutenant on board with twelve seamen, who started to examine the passengers and cargo. Captain Hiortdahl was requested not to use his wireless apparatus.

He protested that it might be necessary for him to do so to get news of mines floating about in the vicinity. He wrote a letter to the British Admiralty complaining of the hold-up of his ship, and protesting against the order to close up his means of communication while he was in the mine zone.

General A. W. Sapojnikoff, who is a member of the Engineers' Institute of Ways and Means, founded in 1700; Captain Vladimir Oranowsky of the Russian Imperial Artillery, and Maxin Trester of the Imperial Engineers went down the bay on the cutter to meet their wives and families, who came on the Kristianiafjord. They are members of the Russian Government commission in this country to purchase supplies.

QUEEN IS NO NEUTRAL.

Victoria of Sweden Quoted as a German Sympathizer.

BERLIN, June 28, (By Wireless Telegraphy to Sayville, L. I.)—The Overseas News Agency today gave out the following news item for publication:

"Queen Victoria of Sweden, while returning from a visit to her mother, the Grand Duchess of Baden, at Karlsruhe, stayed over for a day in Berlin and was shown conspicuous attention by the German Empress and other members of the royal family.

"On her arrival at the capital the Queen was given a great ovation by a thousand Berlin students who wished to manifest their sympathy at the miraculous escape of her Majesty when the Royal Palace was attacked by French aviators.

"The Queen joined in the singing of "Deutschland Ueber Alles," and on receiving the leaders of a torchlight procession said:

"My sympathy is with Germany. You may announce this to the whole world."

GERMAN SHIP SUIT ON TRIAL.

Teutons Deny Britons Have Standing in Court Here.

A suit was brought to trial before Judge Haight in the Federal Court in Newark yesterday by the shipbuilding firm of Harland & Wolf of Ireland to recover $75,000 from the owners of the Kaiser Wilhelm II. The steamship is now under libel at Hoboken.

The defendants contended that the money could not be paid because the owners of the vessel were Germans, and the Kaiser at the outbreak of the war issued an edict to his subjects forbidding the payment of money to British subjects. The Judge was told that none of the treaties between the United States and Germany was involved, and that the courts of this country had no jurisdiction.

GERMANS EXEMPT BELGIAN GRAIN CROP

Military Governor Directs That Wheat and Rye Yield Go to Civilians.

CONCESSION TO HOOVER

Relief Chairman Reports Prospects of Fair Harvest—Large Acreage of Potatoes.

LONDON, June 28.—Herbert C. Hoover, Chairman of the American Commission for Relief in Belgium, has concluded an agreement with General von Bissing, Military Governor of Belgium, providing that the wheat and rye crops in the zone occupied by the Germans shall be reserved for the civilian population.

Mr. Hoover, who returned today from Brussels said:

"The commission is certain that every well-wisher of the Belgians will be pleased to know that General von Bissing has confirmed an agreement that the wheat and rye crop in the occupation zone in Belgium will be left for civilians. The occupation zone covers all of Belgium except West Flanders and a portion of East Flanders, which areas are under control of the active army and not within General von Bissing's jurisdiction. The undertaking, therefore, does not extend to the latter named territory.

"Thanks to abundant seed provided by the commission and the industry of the Belgian peasants, the harvest promises to be very good. Normally Belgian production of grain furnishes sufficient breadstuffs for between two and three months, but with the much more economical consumption now rigorously enforced by the commission, the harvest yield should cover a considerably longer period this year.

"While the details of the arrangement are not all settled, it is a part of the undertaking that one-twelfth of the harvest yield shall be issued to the people each month, the commission undertaking to import the necessary balance to maintain the present ration. The precise method of acquiring the harvest is still under consideration.

"No arrangements have been made in connection with other products. The Belgians normally produce enough potatoes to carry them through the year. The commission, by imports in the last two months, has managed to keep prices under 2 cents a pound. New potatoes are now available. Belgium ordinarily produces a large amount of sugar beets and roots for fodder. These were this year largely displaced by increased potato planting, so that there is every hope of a sufficient production of potatoes. Much the same potato situation exists in Germany, where full supplies appear likely. Therefore, there will be little necessity for the German Army to draw from the Belgian potato crop.

"No arrangemts have been made with regard to fodder crops, as the present military and economic situation in Belgium seems certain to continue for many months.

"The commission is now occupied with the solution of the problem of financing imports and the still greater problem of supporting the destitute. We hope to find some daylight within the next sixty days."

WOULD BAR ALL COTTON.

Sir W. Ramsay Says Germany Uses 1,000 Tons a Day for Explosives.

Sir William Ramsay, the world-famous British authority on chemistry, who, with other British scientists, sent a protest to the Government three months ago urging the inclusion of cotton in the contraband list because it was used in the manufacture of gun cotton, is the author of a paper, appearing in The British Review, in which the protest takes the form of an emphatic demand.

Among the startling assertions made by Sir William is one to the effect that for rifle ammunition alone Germany is using up fifty-one tons of cotton a day during the war, the cotton being used as a constituent part of the powerful explosive called gun cotton. A much greater quantity, he says, is used daily by the machine guns, and still more for cannon and other weapons. He points out that the consumption of raw cotton by the Germans 'for ammunition alone may be running as high as 1,000 tons a day, or 365,000 tons a year, and says that at the most conservative estimate the amount cannot be less than from 100,000 tons a year to 300,000 tons.

Sir William records the fact that cotton "is grown in the Southern States of America, in Egypt, and in India," and adds that "the last two sources of supply are, of course, cut off from Germany."

"It would have been well at the commencement of the war," the writer declares, "to have taken every possible means to exclude materials which could serve the enemy for ammunition. But the policy appears to have been that so dear to our Government—'Wait and see.'" He suggests that it would have been reasonable and would have raised no ill feeling among neutrals if England had begun a policy of capturing all ships conveying cargoes likely to be used for any purpose for munitions of war, at the outset, and had paid for them—this regardless of whether the ships were headed for Germany itself or for nearby neutral ports.

The principal routes by which Sir William says cotton can reach Germany at the present time are through Holland and the Baltic.

He explains the chemical reactions which cause the various sorts of ammunition to explode and tells from what sources each necessary constituent is procured; and in this manner shows that sulphur and cotton are probably the only constituents which Germany and Austria cannot supply from their own territory, or of which they have not ample stores already. Very high prices are being offered for both of these, he says, and he asserts that supplies of sulphur are being sent to Germany from Norway and from Spain, both neutral countries.

"No one knows how long the war will last," says Sir William. "It may be for months; we hope it will not be for years. But of one thing we are absolutely certain—that the more materials for ammunition we (the Allies) allow to enter Germany, the longer the duration of the war."

NEW YORKER DISABLED.

Surgeon with Dardanelles Expedition Attacked by Paralysis.

LONDON, June 28.—Dr. W. J. Maloney, formerly a professor in Fordham University, who has been serving as a surgeon with the Dardanelles expeditionary force, is in a hospital in Alexandria, Egypt, suffering from paralysis of the right leg and a gunshot wound in the right wrist. He expects to return home to America.

Dr. Maloney is a son-in-law of Alexander R. McKim, architect, of New York.

Liner Here for Russian Munitions.

The new Russian-American liner Czaritza arrived yesterday from Archangel with passengers and mails after making the trip in twelve and a half days. She will load supplies for the Russian Government, including aeroplanes and armored motor trucks, at the foot of Forty-third Street, South Brooklyn, and sail for Archangel on July 5.

WASHINGTON'S WARNING TO CHINA AND JAPAN

Served Notice in May That 'Open Door' Policy Must Be Maintained.

PEKING, June 28.—Warning that the United States would not recognize any agreement between China and Japan which impaired American rights in China or endangered the so-called "open door" policy was conveyed to the Governments of both China and Japan in an identical note from Washington which was delivered about May 15. The notes were handed to the Foreign Offices of both countries a week after China had acceded to the demands contained in the Japanese ultimatum, insisting upon concessions from the former nation.

The United States note was, in substance, as follows:

"In view of the negotiations which now are pending between the Government of China and the Government of Japan, and of the agreements which have been reached as a result thereof, the Government of the United States has the honor to notify the Government of the Chinese Republic that it cannot recognize any agreement or undertaking which has been entered into, or which may be entered into, between the Governments of China and Japan impairing the treaty rights of the United States and its citizens in China, the political or territorial integrity of the Republic of China or the international policy relative to China commonly known as the open door policy. An identical note has been transmitted to the Japanese Government."

WASHINGTON, June 28.—The American note to China and Japan, sent early in May, was described by officials here as a caveat intended merely to conserve the rights of Americans in any future litigation. It was referred to as a legal precaution, and officials here wished it to be taken into consideration in the phrasing of any treaties or agreements which China and Japan might make as a result of the recent negotiations.

CONFERRING ON BALKANS.

German Explanation of German Chancellor's Visit to Vienna.

BERLIN, June 28, (by Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—The visit of Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg and Foreign Minister von Jagow to Vienna was not caused by a change in the political situation, according to the Frankfurter Zeitung, but was made merely for the purpose of continuing the discussion of questions bearing on the efforts of the Entente Powers to win over the Balkan States.

A dispatch from Vienna yesterday stated that Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg and Herr von Jagow had arrived there for a conference with Emperor Francis Joseph and the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister.

SIX AMERICANS HELD.

St. Paul's Passengers at Liverpool Without Proper Passports.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 28.—The American liner St. Paul reached Liverpool today with a crowded passenger list, and six of the American passengers were detained aboard by the authorities for failing to have proper passports. In some instances the American passengers did not have the requisite number of photographs.

Those who were held up sent word to the American Embassy here, which got in touch with the British Home Office and tried to have them released immediately. But up to tonight no releases had been granted.

The passengers reaching London today said that all on board the St. Paul looked out for submarines as the ship drew near the Irish Coast, but saw none.

STAATS WELCOMES MANN.

Rejoices at Republican's Attack on President's Policy.

Under the title "Jim Mann Indorses Bill Bryan," the evening edition of the New Yorker Staats-Zeitung yesterday rejoiced that a Republican leader had been found to criticise the President's policy in the Lusitania affair. It said:

"'The President has allowed himself to be swept away in the Lusitania affair.'

"Who says that? A hyphen, who was not born in England? Mann, Jim Mann, the leader of the Republican Party, who is mentioned as a future Presidential candidate, says that. He, too, who, to be sure hails from the Middle West in which Wall Street and the organs of the Square and Row are not regarded as 'the whole country,' has the courage to say what hundreds of thousands in the Garden felt. Swept away by a company of war agitators who do not represent the nation. First a leader of the Democratic Party, a leader of its masses, said it—now Jim Mann, who has often before spoken for the masses of the Republican Party."

The evening edition of the New Yorker Herold likewise devoted an editorial to the accession of Mr. Mann to the cause which it is supporting:

"The Republican leader," it says, "has expressed himself with notable candor about the political situation."

HORN REFUSES TO PLEAD.

Dynamiter's Trial on Federal Indictments Put Off Until September.

BOSTON, June 28.—Werner Horn, who, asserting that he was an officer of the German army, tried to blow up the International Bridge at Vanceboro, Me., last February, today refused to plead to three Federal indictments charging illegal transportation of dynamite from New York to Maine. Pleas of not guilty were entered by direction of the court.

District Attorney Anderson asked for an immediate trial, but ex-Congressman Joseph F. O'Connell, counsel for the prisoner, objected on the ground that he wished to enter an appeal from a decision of the court rendered several weeks ago, dismissing Horn's habeas corpus petition, after Horn had been brought from jail and had told the court that he preferred to remain in confinement all Summer, rather than go to trial without an opportunity to have the Circuit Court of Appeals pass on the habeas corpus ruling. The case was continued until September.

FAVORS A DERNBURG FUND.

Herman Ridder Indorses Suggestion to Aid Suffering Germans.

Herman Ridder, in an editorial in the Staats-Zeitung today, indorses a suggestion, the source of which he does not disclose, to raise a fund to be known as The Dernburg Fund, in honor of Dr. and Mrs. Bernhard Dernburg. The fund is to be applied to the alleviation of the sufferings of Germans, "which Dr. and Mrs. Dernburg had undertaken from their own pockets and generous contributions of personal friends."

Dr. Dernburg, Mr. Ridder says, silenced a suggestion that a gift be made to himself and wife with the reply, "Not a penny for me while there is a German starving anywhere." The fund, as suggested, according to the editor, will "enable every American, of whatever sympathy, to express his gratitude for the moderation and justice with which Dr. Dernburg fulfilled his difficult mission, and to show his disapproval of the attempt to throttle free speech in this country, evident in the treatment which Dr. Dernburg received from those whose activities forced him from this country."

RUSSIA BUYS TOOLS FOR SHELLS HERE

Is Forcing All Manufacturers to Equip Their Factories to Turn Out Ammunition.

GATHERING RESERVE SUPPLY

Expects to Have Large Enough Stock in Six Weeks to Resume Offensive Against Teutons.

Ernst Eklund, a manufacturer of shells in Petrograd, who arrived yesterday from Bergen on the Norwegian-America steamship Kristianiafjord, said that the traffic congestion at Archangel soon would be relieved by the opening of the Volga River and the canals.

"All manufacturers in Russia have been compelled to make shell cases for the Government," he continued, "and they are under the control of a Munitions Bureau at Petrograd. Russia has enough shells now to renew her campaign in Galicia, but will wait another six weeks or more, in order to get a reserve supply to fall back upon. What was lacking in the Russian factories was the machinery to make the shells, and I am here to purchase machinery for my plants in Petrograd."

Mr. Eklund said that at the beginning of the war Sweden was very unfriendly to Russia, owing to the work of German spies, and placed restrictions on the export of supplies to Russia. Since the Germans torpedoed several Swedish vessels the restrictions on goods going into Russia from Sweden have been removed.

John Roche, a New York business man, who returned yesterday from Archangel on the steamship Czaritza, said that wharves and streets of the Russian port on the White Sea were packed with war stores of all descriptions, owing to the impossibility of sending the goods out over the single line of railroad.

"There are sixty miles of streets and water front in Archangel," Mr. Roche continued, "stacked with lumber, and twenty miles of bales of cotton. The railroad from Wologda to Archangel has very light rails and cannot stand the strain of heavy traffic. Another line is being constructed by the Government, which will reach Archangel soon and relieve the congestion.

"George T. Marye, the United States Ambassador at Petrograd, does not give any assistance to American manufacturers who go to Russia to try to get business. If he would take an interest in promoting American trade now, we should have a great boom in manufacturing industries."

Mr. Roche said that the use of English was forbidden on the telephone in Russia, on account of its being mistaken for German. The hatred against Germany was very intense, and he saw an automobile set on fire at Warsaw because it was German made.

TORPEDO SURVIVOR HERE.

H. G. Williams, American Seaman, Saved from Gantock Rock.

H. G. Williams, an American able seaman, who was on the Norwegian schooner Gantock Rock when she was torpedoed in the English Channel on May 29, arrived in New York yesterday and went to the Institute of the American Seamen's Friend Society at 507 West Street, where he will stay until he gets another ship.

He said he was a native of Baltimore, served in the navy from 1883 to 1893, and sailed from Port Arthur, Texas, for London on the schooner which had a load of spruce pine.

On the morning of May 29 the Gantock Rock was off the Isle of Wight when a tug came alongside and offered to tow her through the mine region. The Captain refused the terms and two hours afterward a German submarine fired a torpedo which struck the schooner amidships on the starboard side. On account of her cargo the vessel did not sink at once, and the submarine came to the surface and fired several shots into her, Williams said. The Captain and the seven men of the crew got away in the long boat from the Gantock Rock as she was sinking and were picked up by a trawler, which landed them in Southampton. Williams was sent home by the United States Consul at that port.

FIVE SHIPS LOAD POWDER.

Take Raw Explosive for Allies on Board in Gravesend Bay.

In addition to the ammunition and guns that are being loaded on freight ships at various piers in New York, Brooklyn, and Jersey City, there are five steamships loading powder in Gravesend Bay for the Allies. They have red flags flying to warn all other vessels to keep clear while they are taking in the raw explosive materials from the big lighters alongside. The five ships are the Lord Downshire, Strathavon, Strathdene, Visigoth, and Westergate, and they are carrying the powder to Havre, Bordeaux, and Ste. Nazaire, France.

The shells are being shipped daily in thousands by the Bethlehem Steel Company and are mostly empty. Loaded shells are put on board at the piers with the fuses not inserted in them. The Cunard freighter Politania is loading war munitions at Erie Basin for London.

The Italian freighter Paler has loaded about 11,000 tons of provisions and war supplies, not ammunition, at the foot of 135th Street, North River, and has been waiting for 900 horses which have been delayed in arriving. It is expected that the animals will be here tomorrow and the Palermo will sail on Thursday for Naples. The greatest expedition has been made to get the ships away with the Government stores on board, and longshoremen have been working day and night on the cargoes.

AIRCRAFT FIGHT DUEL 4,000 FEET IN AIR

Britisher Wings German Machine, Then All Ablaze Glides Safely to Earth.

LONDON, June 28.—A dramatic air duel in which a British aeroplane, reconnoitring over the Belgian town of Poelcappelle at a height of 4,000 feet, met and engaged a large German biplane which had double engines and propellers, is described by the eyewitness at the British Army headquarters in a narrative made public today by the official press bureau. He writes:

"The German machine first circled round ours, at the same time shooting a machine gun, but so far as known not inflicting any damage. Then our observer fired fifty rounds in return at a range of less than 200 yards. It had some effect, for the hostile biplane was seen to waver, and after more shots its engines stopped. The enemy aeroplane then dived to a level of 2,000 feet, where it again flattened its course, flying slowly and erratically.

"Under heavy anti-aircraft fire from below our pilot turned toward our line to complete his reconnoissance. When his machine was hit he decided to make for home but the petrol tank had been pierced, and as the aeroplane glided downward on a slant, the petrol was set alight by the exhaust and ran blazing down the front of the body of the aeroplane, which traveled on to the accompaniment of a rattle of musketry as the unused rounds of machine gun ammunition exploded in the heat, and the pilot's loaded revolver was discharged.

"The pilot, however, did not lose control, and the aeroplane proceeded steadily on a downward course. Before it had reached the ground a large part of the framework had been destroyed. Even the hardwood blades of the propeller were so burned that the propeller ceased to revolve.

"When the machine finally landed back of our lines, both officers had been severely burned, and the pilot, climbing out of the blazing wreck, tripped over a wire stay and sprained his ankle. The few serviceable portions of the aeroplane were then collected and removed under the shrapnel of the German guns."

USING HUGE BIPLANES NOW.

London Paper Says Allies Have Them, as Well as Germany.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, June 29.—The Daily News, referring to a story by an eyewitness of a duel in the air between a British aeroplane and a German super-biplane, says:

"It has been known for some time past that the Germans were experimenting with newly constructed aeroplanes of a more powerful type than those generally in use by the various powers at the outbreak of the war. Such machines, whose distinctive feature is that they possess a multiple power plant, are by no means a novelty; indeed, several such have been in existence for some years past, the most noteworthy example of the type being the gigantic Sikorsky biplane, driven by four separate 100 horse power engines and capable of accommodating a crew of a dozen men and lifting a useful load.

"This Russian machine, however, has not yet emerged from the experimental stage. Its great defect, inseparable from all load-carrying aeroplanes, is its low speed and slow climbing rate, which deprive it of the capacity for rapid manoeuvring. Latterly aeroplanes of the type described by the eyewitness have been under construction both in this country and France, and have given eminently satisfactory results. The details, of course, cannot be given; but this much may be said, that in the evolution of new machines we are in no way behind the Germans—rather, the contrary."

AUSTRIAN AIRMAN'S FEAT.

Bombards Italian Balloon, a Park of Artillery, and a Steamer.

VIENNA, June 28, (via London.)—The following official bulletin concerning the operations on the Italian front was issued by the War Office today:

In the Italian war theatre the situation is unchanged. The enemy is completely inactive and only artillery battles continue.

A naval aviator on the 27th bombarded near Villa Vicentina a hostile captive balloon and compelled it to descend. He also, on the 28th, successfully dropped bombs on a hostile park of artillery at San Canciano, and badly damaged a steamer at Sdobba, so that the stern sank to the bottom.

BORDEN GOING TO ENGLAND.

Canadian Premier to Discuss Finances and War Munitions.

OTTAWA, Ontario, June 28.—Sir Robert L. Borden, Prime Minister of Canada, left here for New York today to take passage for England. He will sail from New York on Thursday. The Premier will discuss with the British Government a number of questions, including the war, the supply of arms and munitions, the participation of Canadian manufacturers in the manufacture of shells in Canada for the allied forces. He will be accompanied by R. B. Bennett, member of Parliament for Calgary, who assisted in the organization of the Princess Patricia's Infantry Regiment.

Sir Robert will sail from New York on Wednesday, and General Hughes, Minister of Militia, will go to England at the end of the week. The Premier will also discuss the financial situation as it affects Canadian Railway enterprises. He also plans to visit the Canadian troops in France.

Sir George Foster, Minister of Trade and Commerce, will be Acting Premier during Sir Robert's absence.

Americans Among the Wounded.

OTTAWA, Ontario, June 28.—In an official statement issued by the Militia Department tonight 100 names are added to the casualty list of the Canadian contingent. Privates M. W. Hinkle of Leon, Ohio, and James Dickson of Pittsburgh are among the wounded.

PRESIDENT WATCHES FOREIGN SITUATION

He Devotes Several Hours at Cornish to Mexican, European and Haitian Problems.

HEARS OF HUERTA ARREST

Affair to be Left to the Department of Justice—Takes a Long Auto Ride.

CORNISH, N. H., June 28.—President Wilson devoted several hours today to the consideration of the Mexican, European, and Haitian situations. He was in communication with Secretary Lansing and other Washington officials. There was no indication tonight that any of the business brought before him was of such a pressing nature as to take him hurriedly back to Washington, but he is holding himself in readiness to leave here at any time.

The President let it be known that he had outlined to Secretary Lansing the policy to be pursued toward Haiti, as a result of the political and financial troubles which have shaken that country for a long time. What this policy is was not disclosed by the President, but it was understood that further efforts would be made to straighten out the finances of Haiti through some arrangement similar to the American Collectorship now in effect in the Dominican Republic.

Mr. Wilson was notified of the arrest on the Mexican border of General Victoriano Huerta, but the investigation of the charges against the former Dictator of Mexico and his prosecution will be left to Department of Justice officials. Reports of the Mexican situation have been transmitted to the President here, but it was said tonight that he had nothing to give out for publication.

The President refused to make any comment on the State Department advices from Berlin indicating that Germany's reply to the last American note on submarine warfare would be favorable, but it is known that he has been in communication with Washington regarding the situation.

The President played golf on the links of the Hanover Country Club early in the morning. Then on returning to Harlakenden House he worked for several hours in the study. Afterward, with Mrs. Francis B. Sayre, his daughter, and Miss Helen Woodrow Bones, his cousin, he went for an automobile ride which took him 110 miles over the green mountains to Rutland, Vt. He was away from his home here six hours, and dinner was delayed until long after dark awaiting his return.

After a visit to a tea house during the ride the machine carrying the Secret Service men guarding the President did not get started promptly because of engine trouble, and the President was several miles on his way home before the other car overtook him.

Mr. Wilson was thoroughly tired out by the long ride over the mountains and spent most of the evening at Harlakenden House with members of his party playing pool and reading and talking. While he was away during the afternoon Miss Margaret Wilson and Dr. Cary T. Grayson, the President's naval aid and physician, took a long horseback ride over the Cornish hills, passing the estates of Winston Churchill, Maxfield Parrish, Homer St. Gaudens, Percy Mackaye, and other literary men and artists. Tomorrow Mr. Wilson expects to follow his usual custom of playing golf in the morning and taking a long automobile ride in the afternoon. He has refused all invitations to take part in Independence Day exercises in other places, but he has not made up his mind what he will do here on that day.

BUYING BACK SECURITIES.

London Times Extracts Comfort from Our Indirect Help to War Loan

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, June 29.—The Times says this morning:

"The welcome feature in the movement of foreign exchanges during the past few days has been the rise in New York exchange on London. The chief cause for the increased demand for remittances is the increased sales of American securities held here to New York, a movement which has been in progress for some time, but has been stimulated by the issue of the new war loan. This has induced the holders of bonds and shares in American undertakings to sell them, because the yield obtainable does not compare favorably with that to be obtained on such a security as the new war loan. In addition the profit to be made on exchange provides an additional incentive to realize at the present moment.

"It is distinctly unfortunate that the Wall Street market should continue to show a strong tendency at this moment, when it is difficult to realize on most securities except at a heavy loss, but one result of the favorable trade balance in the United States is that the supply of capital seeking investment is greater there than it is here. Consequently, [illegible] American securities continue to advance. [illegible]"

This statement of the London Times concerning the "rise in New York exchange on London," is difficult to understand. Yesterday in Wall Street exchange on London touched $4.75[illegible], a new low record, and more than 10 cents below the normal parity.

TYPHUS IN SERBIA EFFECTIVELY CHECKED

The Country Now in Better Sanitary Condition Than Ever Before.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SALONIKI, June 28.—Sir Thomas Lipton is now back on his British hospital ship Erin at Saloniki. He entertained today a luncheon party of sixty people in honor of the arrival at Saloniki of the second contingent of the American Red Cross Sanitary Commission, some twenty-six of the foremost sanitary authorities of the United States, who are about to take up their work in Southeastern Europe.

There is still plenty of work of a sanitary kind for the doctors to do; but the British and American nurses stationed in Serbia are beginning to complain of enforced idleness; and if it continues, and there is no big influx of wounded, undoubtedly many of the units which have one such noble work will be either disbanded or transferred to other battle areas.

On her return journey the Erin will take a full complement of nurses and doctors, many of whom worked heroically, night and day, when the typhus epidemic was at its height, and who themselves contracted the disease.

The Serbians themselves are the first to admit that the sanitary experts who come over to help them from England and America are primarily responsible for the change which has set in. These experts have had a free hand in the cleansing of Serbia, with the result that stringent bathing and sanitary laws are drastically enforced. "If Serbia is to be saved, the country must be cleaned up from end to end," General Gorgas wired to the American Red Cross headquarters in Paris a few weeks ago.

To measure the true extent of this international sanitary work one must contrast Serbia's condition today with her condition as it was revealed to the public by Sir Thomas Lipton when he first visited the country three months ago. Serbia was then in a bad way, indeed, and Europe was apprehensive lest an unprecedented plague would spread to other war zones. Happily, thanks to the unceasing labors of the British and American doctors and sanitarians, the danger has been averted and one of the worst epidemics the world has known has now been effectively checked.

At this moment in Serbia the dread word is "cholera," but sanitary precautions are being rigorously taken, and, provided they are successful, there is now every probability that Serbia, so far as her civilian population is concerned, will soon have a cleaner bill of health than she has ever had.

GERMANY'S ECONOMIC PLANS

Will Have a Central Court of Arbitration on Prices.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 28.—The last sittings of the Prussian Diet, which closed on Thursday, were devoted to economic problems. Half a dozen reports were presented by a special committee which had been considering the outlook from all points of view, and the Diet indorsed the committee's various recommendations.

Their main purpose is to improve the economic war machinery during the next harvest year, especially as regards the fixing of maximum prices and the control of the food supply. It appears that the War Corn Company, which has hitherto organized the purchase of food supplies, is to disappear, and that the whole matter is to be intrusted to a central body acting under the direction of the Imperial Government and to be composed equally of producers and consumers.

Great stress was laid upon the value of the labor of prisoners of war for getting the incoming harvest.

Herr Hirsch of Essen, who reported on the industrial situation, said they had since the beginning of the war increased the raw iron production in Germany by about one million tons a month, and the manufacture of iron and steel had been doubled, but there was no excess of iron and steel. The quantities required for the manufacture of shells were larger than anybody had imagined before the war. Herr Hirsch said it had been proved that Germany could get over all the difficulties caused by the interruption of importation of raw materials, and that they could be confident that Germany would emerge from the war both economically and politically more independent and stronger than ever before.

The German Government is now proceeding to establish systematic control of prices of all goods necessary for the conduct of war. It is pointed out in a semi-official notice that practically all raw materials and half finished goods are now liable to confiscation, but that the machinery for regulating prices is inadequate and that it is necessary to check systematic efforts to force prices up. The Federal Council has decided to set up a central court of arbitration for the whole empire to settle all questions concerning the value of goods. While it is admitted that prices generally must be higher than peace prices, it will be the business of the court to settle what amount of profit is permissible.

WOMEN IN BRITISH REGISTER

Proposed Mobilization of Workers Will Include Both Sexes.

LONDON, Tuesday, June 29.—The bill for a national register, which will be introduced in the House of Commons today, will propose, according to The Times, that women be included in the register.

This bill, which is sponsored by Walter Hume Long, President of the Local Government Board, provides for "the registration of national resources."

MONTENEGRINS REACH SEA.

Occupy Albanian Harbor of Giovanni Medua and March on Alessio.

BERLIN, June 28, (by Wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—A telegram received here from Scutari says that the Montenegrins have occupied the Albanian harbor of Giovanni Medua and are now marching on Alessio.

Stern Brothers
42nd and 43rd Streets, West of Fifth Avenue

A very unusual purchase from our best manufacturer enables us to offer beginning

To-day and while they last

Men's High Class Sack Suits at $17.50

Originally made to sell for $30.00

The materials include Worsteds, Cassimeres and Cheviots, with some tropical weights, among them. Coats are quarter, half and skeleton lined.

Sizes from 33 to 44, including stout proportions

B. Altman & Co.

AN IMPORTANT REDUCTION SALE OF

Women's Low Shoes Pumps and Colonials

is now being held, offering exceptional values at $2.75, 3.75 & 4.75 per pair

in none of the styles included in this Sale is there a full range of sizes, but it will be possible to find practically any size in one style or another.

Fifth Avenue - Madison Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

SLATON QUIETLY LEAVES ATLANTA

Ex-Governor Unmolested as He Boards Train at Georgia Capital Guarded by Detectives.

IS ON HIS WAY HERE

New Governor Issues a Statement Calling Upon People to End Frank Demonstrations.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, June 28.—Ex-Governor John M. Slaton, accompanied by Mrs. Slaton, left this afternoon at 2:25 o'clock on board Southern train No. 3 for New York, where they will spend some time before going on a trip to the West. No untoward incident marred the departure of the former Governor. Accompanied by several friends, he went quietly to the station, where his presence was hardly noticed. Several plain clothes men accompanied the party.

Late tonight all troops were withdrawn from the Slaton country estate, their place being taken by private guards employed by the former Governor.

Shots were exchanged about 3 o'clock this morning between the troops and marauders near the Slaton home. Several people, the officers say, were lurking in the dark near the posts of the sentries thrown about the residence. The sentries approached these people and ordered them to stop. Instead, these men ran, and when they did not halt at the command, the sentries commenced firing. Three shots were fired by the sentries and six were returned by the fugitives who escaped. Four men who were prowling about the place were arrested later, but were released during the day.

The twenty-six men who were arrested near the Slaton home early Saturday morning will be prosecuted. It is predicted that the men will be arraigned before the civil court instead of court-martial.

Ex-Governor Slaton slipped from his guarded home Sunday morning and went to the First Methodist Church, of which he is a member and where he teaches the largest Bible class in Atlanta. The former Governor addressed the members of the class and bade them farewell, telling them he was going away for some time. With the departure of the ex-Governor it is believed normal conditions will be restored in Atlanta and Georgia.

Governor Harris, soon after the departure of his predecessor, issued a statement telling the people of Georgia that the Frank case was ended and calling on them to end all demonstrations.

Governor Harris, after explaining that he left the troops in front of the Slaton home at the request of Sheriff Mangum, who said that the civil authorities could not cope with the crowds, says:

"I am sorry that the state of affairs arose which necessitates such action on the part of the State while I was in office. I think that protest, denunciation, and other similar measures, which express the people's feelings, if followed out in a decent and orderly way, cannot be controlled, but at the same time I am fixed in my belief that no one, however aggrieved he may feel himself to be, has the right to take the law into his own hands or force the State to stand guard against violent assaults upon the person or property of any of its citizens.

"I trust, therefore, that there will be an immediate cessation of all efforts over this matter. This is the first request I make of my people as their Governor, and I do sincerely hope that I will have their unanimous co-operation to the end that the honor and good name of the State may be preserved."

SHERIFF WILL HUNT JEWELS.

Odell to Assign Deputies to the Sherwood Aldrich Robbery.

Charles J. Odell, Sheriff of Suffolk County, announced yesterday that he intended assigning his deputies to investigate the robbery of the home of Sherwood Aldrich at Southampton, L. I., where a thief got a seventy-one pearl necklace and a marquise diamond ring. The case has been in the hands of a private detective agency and other police officials for nearly a week.

The case first attracted attention when a reward of $10,000 was offered by Dreicer & Co., jewelers of Fifth Avenue, on Saturday, for the return of the gems.

Mr. Aldrich is President of the Ray Consolidated Copper Company. At his offices, 25 Broad Street, his secretary announced yesterday that he had nothing further to say about the robbery.

THURSTON A REAL FIREMAN.

Adamson Makes Him Honorary Chief of a Battalion

Lieut. Col. Nathaniel B. Thurston, one of the oldest fire fans in the city and President of their order, was yesterday honored by Fire Commissioner Adamson by being made an honorary officer of the Fire Department with the rank of Chief of Battalion, to serve without compensation. He reported for assignment to Chief Kenlon, and was made an honorary member of his staff. In a special order sent out yesterday Commissioner Adamson said:

"This appointment is conferred upon Lieut. Col. Thurston in recognition of his valuable services to this department, covering many years in drilling the members of the department for appearance on public parade, and especially in recognition of his services in connection with the recent fiftieth anniversary celebration."

The only other honorary officer, with the rank of Battalion Chief, is Dr. Archer of the department, although Jerome Siegel and Robert H. Maizner are honorary officers without rank.

Wyoming to Join Manoeuvres.

The dreadnought Wyoming is under orders to leave the Brooklyn Navy Yard on Thursday for Narragansett Bay to join other vessels of the Atlantic Fleet in mannoeuvres. On the same day the destroyers Warrington, McCall Alwyn, Benham, Drayton, Balch, and Walke will will also leave the yard for Narragansett and the destroyer Henley will follow them there on July 7.

DEATH MESSAGE FOR VICTOR

Bird Told of Brother's Passing After Cornell Race.

When the members of the victorious Cornell 'Varsity crew left their shell yesterday Coach Charles Courtney called aside Royal G. Bird, who had pulled Oar 2, and said:

"Royal, you had better get home now. You did great work and we'd like to have you stay, but you are wanted at home."

"What has happened at home?" asked the young oarsman, turning pale. "Is it my brother?"

He was then told that his eighteen-year-old brother, Eugene W. Bird, had died. His death occurred at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Walter E. Bird, at 152 West 121st Street.

Royal Bird asked why he had not been told before. Coach Courtney showed him a letter which he had received from Bird's father asking that the news of the death be kept from his son until after the race.

"If he knew he might not row, and even if he did row he could not do himself justice, and certainly it would not be justice to the other members of the crew. Do not tell him until after the race," the letter read.

Mr. Bird is a graduate of Cornell and is manager of Cowperthwait's furniture store at 782 Sixth Avenue. Eugene was a pupil at the De Witt Clinton High School until two years ago, when he suffered an attack of pneumonia, which was followed by tuberculosis.

SUFFRAGISTS' FLAG STOLEN.

Jamaica "Antis" to be Rounded Up in Search for Culprit.

When Mrs. Alfred J. Eno, Chairman of the Woman Suffrage Party in Queens County, got to her office at suffrage headquarters, 319 Fulton Street, Jamaica, L. I., yesterday afternoon her secretary asked her why she had taken in a big suffrage banner that hung for several weeks across Fulton Street in front of headquarters. Mrs. Eno said she had not.

"Then it's been stolen," said the secretary.

Investigation revealed that the banner was last seen hanging over the street at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon. It could have been reached only through the front window of the headquarters on the second floor, and Mrs. Eno and her husband, Alfred J. Eno, who has a real estate office on the same floor, have the only keys to the offices. The doors apparently had not been tampered with, and yet the banner was gone.

Mrs. Eno sent for Detective Sergeant Victor L. White, who started out to round up all the anti-suffragists in Jamaica and give them the third degree.

WIFE SUES W. P. S. EARLE.

Asks Divorce from Brother of Man of Affinity Notoriety.

Ferdinand Pinney Earle's brother, William P. S. Earle, who has a photographic studio in Fifth Avenue, was sued in the Supreme Court yesterday for a divorce by Valerie Demon de Blois Earle. The papers were sealed, and so the name of the woman in the case could not be learned. The summons and complaint were served on Mr. Earle at the studios of a moving picture concern in Flatbush.

Mr. and Mrs. Earle were married in 1905. She is a daughter of Mrs. Julia de Blois of Brooklyn. When Ferdinand Pinney Earle was facing notoriety because of his affinities the defendant in the present suit spoke a good word for him to this effect:

"Many men have married more times than my brother and nobody has said anything about it. It was the word 'affinity' that made the fuss and caught the newspapers. If it hadn't been for that my brother's personal affairs would not have been discussed the way they have."

Aged Man Commits Suicide.

While alone in his home yesterday Bernard Hellfeld, 65 years old, of 2,386 Cornelia Street, Ridgewood, Queens Borough, ended his life by shooting himself in the right temple. He had been out of work for some time. Hellfeld sat upon a chair in the dining room of his home and shot himself. He rolled from the chair, and was found lying alongside of it by his two daughters, the Misses Martha and Charlotte Hellfeld, when they returned from work shortly after 6 o'clock last night.

BOMB CAST AT GIRL BY REJECTED SUITOR

Awakened in Bed, Miss Barnos of Passaic Discovers Baskot Outside of Window.

EXPLOSION SHATTERS ROOF

Youth, Little Hurt, Mingles with a Scantily Clad Crowd, and Clothes Betray Him.

Special to The New York Times.

PASSAIC, N. J., June 28.—It was 2 o'clock this morning when something aroused Miss Annie Barnos, in the apartment of Mrs. Mary Oldring, with whom she boards, at 183 Third Street. Her bedroom looks out over a one-story frame extension of a feed store next door.

The girl sat up in bed, and saw in a corner of her room a small, round black object about the size of a grapefruit. She rose to examine it, when her glance strayed out the open window. There, revealed in the moonlight, standing on the feed store roof only a few feet below her, she saw Paul Baskot, a youth whose lovemaking had caused her only last night to send him about his business, telling him she would not marry him. It is alleged he told her then that he would kill her for her refusal, and now she saw poised in his hand, ready to throw, another round black object.

A lighted fuse sputtered only a few inches from Baskot's hand. It was a bomb, and suddenly she realized that the object in the corner of her room was a bomb.

A scream choked in the girl's throat as Baskot drew back his arm and launched the bomb. It slipped and fell half a dozen feet from the youth. She saw him leap back just before the bomb exploded, and the corner of the roof fell away. Baskot was shut from sight by the smoke, and, screaming, the girl rushed into the hall and down toward the street.

In the halls she was joined by terrified men and women. In their night clothes, or such other garments as they had clutched hurriedly, they ran into the street. Policeman Stephen Koren, half a block away, ran up, but Mrs. Oldring had hurried the girl into the house, and when he arrived none knew what had caused the explosion.

But Baskot, shaken from the roof, sidled through the crowd, and his manner and the fact that he was practically the only fully clothed person in the group attracted Koren's attention. The youth denied knowing anything about the explosion, but Koren arrested him because he saw a blackjack in Baskot's back pocket.

Later another patrolman arrived at the police station with Miss Barnos, who had dressed and was eager to make a complaint against the prisoner. She told of his appearance on the roof, and, according to the police, he afterward admitted, in confessing the whole affair, that he had climbed up a water leader.

The girl said Baskot had met her near her home last evening and had urged her to marry him. As she had refused before so she refused again, and this time she told him not to return. He threatened to kill her with his blackjack, she said, and finally went off threatening to take her life for her refusal.

Baskot, who lives at 233 Fourth Street, and who is an Austrian, was held in $5,000 bail to await the action of the Grand Jury on a charge of attempted murder. The bomb, he admitted, according to the police, was one of his own manufacture, and was fashioned of iron filled with dynamite and powder. Patrolmen said they found the materials for other bombs in his room. His bomb was a crude one, and only this fact saved his life. Baskot escaped with bruises and cuts from splinters from the roof. The police said he would have been killed had his bomb been as powerful as the quantity of explosive used would have made it in the hands of an expert bomb maker.

Examination showed that the fuse of the bomb that fell in Miss Barnos's room had been jarred out by the fall.

Chokes to Death on False Teeth.

A set of false teeth caused the death of William Passe of 56 Westervelt Avenue, New Brighton, S. I., on Sunday night. He swallowed the teeth while coughing. Mr. Passe was an Inspector of Licenses and was married.

NAVY AND ARMY DISAGREE.

Authorities Differ as to the Resignations of Officers.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Interest in the problem created by efforts of private manufacturers to employ expert ordnance officers of the army for their war munitions plants was intensified today when it was disclosed that the highest legal authorities of the army and navy hold directly opposite views of the question which Secretary Garrison has referred to Attorney General Gregory for decision—whether an officer can resign his commission at will in time of peace.

Brig. Gen. Crowder, Judge Advocate General of the Army, takes the view that the powers of the Secretary of War are purely ministerial and that he must accept a resignation when proffered. On the other hand, Captain Ridley McLean, Judge Advocate General of the Navy, rules that the Secretary of the Navy has discretionary power and may accept or reject resignations as he sees fit.

Acting upon Captain McLean's advice, Secretary Daniels in a number of instances has declined to permit officers to quit the service. Secretary Garrison also has been proceeding upon the assumption that he was not obliged to accept resignations, and those of at least two ordnance officers have been held up. Mr. Garrison said today that he had not determined what he would do in regard to pending resignations in the event the Attorney General found that he had the power to reject them.

AIRSHIP SCARE IN WINDSOR.

Machine Said to Have Flown Over Jail—Troops Called Out.

WINDSOR, Ont., June 28.—Following statements of scores of citizens who declared that they first heard and then saw an aerolane over the Essex County Jail, where William Lafler, who is under arrest in connection with the dynamiting of the an armory here last week, is confined, the Sandwich Company of the Twenty-first Essex Fusilliers was called out here today. Captain F. E. Lovegrove, commander of the Sandwich Company, received the order of mobilization from the commanding officer of the regiment.

Those who declared that they saw the aeroplane said that it soared above the jail for fifteen minutes and then disappeared in the general direction of Detroit, Mich. They saw in the appearance of the flying machine an attempt by Detroit friends of Lafler to rescue him. Later Governor Harmon of the jail asked that a military guard be assigned to duty at the institution.

AUTO PLUNGES INTO CANAL.

Woman Driver Causes Death of Two in Massachusetts Accident.

TURNER'S FALLS, Mass., June 28.—An automobile, in which Mr. and Mrs. Robert D. Miller were returning home to Athol after a trip through the Berkshires, plunged into a canal here today. Mr. Miller was drowned and Mrs. Miller, who was rescued from the water by her son, E. W. Miller, Principal of the high school at Maynard, Mass., died of shock a few hours after the accident. The younger Miller and Miss Edna Locke of Winchester, Mass., who were also in the car, were not injured.

The machine, operated by Miss Locke, had crossed the high suspension bridge over the Connecticut River and had entered a bridge over a canal supplying water power to the factories on the river bank. At this point considerable construction work was in process, and the guard rail of the bridge was missing. In the darkness of the early morning the automobile shot over the side of the bridge into the water.

The elder Miller was pinned beneath the car and could not extricate himself.

Chas. R. Knight's Mural Decoration.

Charles R. Knight, the artist, has just finished the preliminary study for the mural decoration commissioned for the American Museum of Natural History by J. P. Morgan. The decoration is fifty feet long and is one of a series of four contemplated for a frieze around the Fossil Hall. In it Mr. Knight is combining the educational with the aesthetic, and is showing the climatic conditions and fauna of the Pleistocene period in Europe. His reconstructions of animals known only in fossil form which are on view in Fossil Hall at the Museum have been a delight to the public for a long time on account of the freshness and charm of the color and the expressiveness of the characterization.

MITCHEL APPOINTS 3 CITY MAGISTRATES

Morris Koenig, E. V. Frothingham, and O. G. Esterbrook Named for Police Courts.

A SOP TO REPUBLICANS

County Chairman's Brother Selected, Though the Organization Favored Blau.

Mayor Mitchel yesterday appointed Morris Koenig and Edgar V. Frothingham of Manhattan and O. Grant Esterbrook of Brooklyn as City Magistrates. The Mayor also announced that on July 1, when the new law concerning the minor criminal courts goes into effect, William McAdoo will be continued as Chief Magistrate for the entire city, the office of Chief Magistrate of Brooklyn expiring as the new law goes into effect.

Morris Koenig is a Deputy Assistant District Attorney and brother of Samuel S. Koenig, Chairman of the New York Republican County Committee. The county organization selected William Blau as its candidate for the place, but Chairman Koenig succeeded in getting his brother appointed. Regarding the appointment the Mayor said:

"Morris Koenig was early recommended strongly for this position. Verbal and written recommendations came from lawyers whose standing and judgment is of the highest order, including the Governor, the District Attorney, and the President of the Bar Association. I became thoroughly satisfied with Mr. Koenig's capacity, qualifications and fitness for the post. The only fact which could be urged against him is that he is the brother of the Chairman of the County Committee of the Republican Party, and, therefore, that his appointment might be construed as purely political."

Mr. Koenig's indorsers included the seven Judges of the Court of General Sessions, Judge Samuel A. Seabury of the Court of Appeals, and Supreme Court Justices Vernon M. Davis and Leonard A. Giegerich; ex-Attorney General George W. Wickersham, ex-Secretary of War Henry L. Stimson, Bronson Winthrop, John Henry Hammond, Beverley R. Robinson, James R. Sheffield, and Ogden L. Mills.

Edgar V. Frothingham until a few months ago was Commissioner of Public Works of Manhattan. He will succeed Magistrate J. A. L. Campbell, whose term expired. He is an independent.

O. Grant Esterbrook is Vice Chairman of the Board of Aldermen. He is a Republican, and succeeds the late Magistrate Otto Kempner. His appointment is for the five-year unexpired term. Mr. Koenig and Mr. Frothingham are appointed for the full term of ten years. The salary is $7,000 a year.

The new Magistrates were sworn in yesterday afternoon by the Mayor and told to report to Chief Magistrate McAdoo for assignment.

With the appointment of Mr. Esterbrook, there are now two vacancies in the Board of Aldermen. John H. Boschen of the Twenty-third Manhattan District resigned last week, to become Assistant Commissioner of Public Works. It is probable that Frederick Smith will be named to succeed Esterbrook and Sidney Clinton Crane of 825 West 180th Street to succeed Boschen.

WOULD LIMIT FAMILIES.

Dr. Hamilton-Muncie Says We Are Becoming a Nation of Weaklings.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 28.—Indiscriminate raising of children is filling the world with the unfit and undermining the stamina of the nation, Dr. Elizabeth Hamilton-Muncie of Brooklyn told members of the American Institute of Homeopathy in annual session today. She declared that families of degenerates were almost twice as large as those of normal persons, and unless remedial legislation were soon forthcoming Americans would wake up some day to the realization that they were weaklings. Dr. Muncie asserted that physicians should have authority to instruct young people when parentage is proper.

"The law which makes it an offense for a physician to tell parents how to limit the family, though they may be unfit, is as illogical as to say we should not interfere with a falling object because it is acting according to the law of gravity," Dr. Muncie declared. "This law is a lie. The results of it are seen on every hand in imbecility, insanity, truancy, criminality, arrested mental development, inefficiency, parisitism, and chronic invalidism.

"Persons in these classes are increasing out of all proportion to the normal classes. In normal families the average number of children is four; in degenerate families the average is seven. In New York 25,000 under one year die annually of causes which could be helped by family limitation. But the law says it is better to produce idiots than not to produce at all, and where conditions are the vilest you find breeding the most prolific."

LAURA BIGGAR IS SUED.

Dr. Hendricks Opposes $2,500 Fee for Actress's Lawyer.

Dr. Charles Hendricks, former physician and friend of Laura Biggar, the actress who fifteen years ago sued for the estate of George M. Bennett, claiming she was his widow, filed in Jersey City yesterday before Vice Chancellor John Griffin an objection to Miss Biggar's paying $2,500 counsel fees to A. J. Leonard. Leonard was Miss Biggar's lawyer in litigation over the Bennett estate. He said his fee was fixed under an agreement made with Miss Biggar. Dr. Hendricks, however, objected to the amount, urging that $1,500 would be sufficient.

One of the last court proceedings in which Hendricks and Miss Biggar figured was when Mrs. Hendricks sued Miss Biggar for $50,000 for alleged alienation of her husband's affection. Hendricks was recently arrested in front of his wife's home in Brooklyn and was for a time in Ludlow Street Jail in default of alimony.

In the suit over Leonard's fee decision was reserved.

Bankrupt Gets Year in Prison.

M. J. Gratsch of 540 West 124th Street, New York City, was sentenced to one year in the State Prison by Judge Haight in the United States District Court in Newark yesterday for concealing the assets of a bankrupt. Gratsch and Awsey Birnbaum, the latter of Bayonne, were partners in a jewelry business on Nassau Street, New York City. A trustee in bankruptcy discovered that about $10,000 worth of assets disappeared. Indictments were returned, and Birnbaum turned State's evidence, pleading non vult, and testifying against Gratsch. Birnbaum has not been sentenced.

Woman Found Poisoned.

Suffering from bichloride of mercury poisoning, Miss Minnie Smith, who lives in Jersey City but who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Annie Biegel at 272 Irving Avenue, Williamsburg, was taken to the German Hospital yesterday with the chances against her recovery. The police were told she attended a picnic on Sunday with a young man and on her return was very much depressed. Soon after midnight her groans awakened Mrs. Biegel.

CLAPHAM AND GIRL FREED.

Judge Releases Them on Theft Charge After Doctor Testifies.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., June 28.—County Judge James P. Niemann suspended sentence on Ruth Taylor Conlin and Donald Clapham, who had been indicted for a series of burglaries from Summer homes at Sea Cliff, when they were before him for sentence today, having changed their plea to guilty. The Judge said he was influenced to leniency by the fact that Dr A. E. Smylie of 895 Park Place, Brooklyn, family physician of the Taylors for years, had told him young Mrs. Conlin, although 20 years old, had the mentality of a girl of 15, and might have acquired a handicap mentally from a father who had been afflicted with nervous disorders. He also said his study of the family history of the two prisoners had shown him the boy had an uncle who died in an insane asylum.

"It may be this boy had a mental weakness which, coupled with over-indulgence by fond parents, made it easy for him to fall into temptation," said the Court.

Judge Niemann advised the boy to take his father's advice and enlist in the navy as an electrician.

Neither of the prisoners seemed deeply affected by the scene in court, except that Clapham hung his head when the Judge addressed them. Afterward, however, Mrs. Conlin became almost hysterical in her counsel's office and blamed Clapham for her trouble.

At the Brooklyn Navy Yard last night an officer who was asked what the attitude of the authorities was likely to be if a man who had pleaded guilty to a felony applied for enlistment said:

"The navy does not want criminals and it is not a reformatory. If we were willing to accept that class of applicants we could easily get a thousand a day. The fact that an applicant comes from a wealthy family or has social backing does not bring with it the privilege of entering the service. The record of every applicant is investigated and he is not allowed to enter the service until the navy officials are satisfied that he is trustworthy and upright."

"HOLY JUMPERS" ROUTED.

Revivalists Driven from Plainfield After Attacks on Religions.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., June 28.—Incensed over attacks on other religious denominations made at a tent meeting which they have been conducting here for several days, more than 500 persons gathered in Watchung Avenue tonight and drove a band of "Holy Jumpers" out of the city and destroyed their tent. One of the men speakers had to take refuge in a drug store until Patrolman Harry Browner helped him escape on a trolley car. The officer was struck in the head by a stone, but not seriously hurt.

The remarks to which offense had been taken were directed against other religions, especially the Catholic. The women were permitted to get away unharmed, but the crowd seemed determined to get at the men. It was with difficulty that they escaped.

One of the "Jumpers" was struck in the face following Saturday night's meeting, and he was unable to attend tonight's service. Aged eggs and stones were hurled at the fleeing "Jumpers."

Staten Island Baby Week Opens.

Baby week in Staten Island opened yesterday afternoon at the milk station at Bay and Dock Streets, Stapleton. More than 100 mothers brought their little ones to compete for the two prizes. Physicians, working for the Bureau of Child Hygiene, examined the babies and made records for the judges. The names of the "most perfect" and "prettiest" babies will be announced on Thursday. Tomorrow the Health Department will take 1,000 mothers and their children on an excursion up the Hudson River.

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LELONG
MARGAINE-LACROIX
MARTIAL, ARMAND
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We have NEVER before—since the opening of this Store—met with conditions that enabled us to give such *extraordinary* value-for-money.

The mills have been HARD HIT by six weeks' unseasonable weather. We ourselves have not made our quota of "to-measure" clothing. The mills made concessions. *We* are making concessions. So that

You are face to face with the GREATEST OPPORTUNITY within our experience of custom tailoring—a splendid $30 to $42 CUSTOM Suit at the cost of ready-to-wear.

Amongst the seventy-five different patterns and fabrics, we lay especial stress on

The Plain Blue Serges

—which are of such excellence that they stand out among the premier values.

We have enough materials of all kinds for 960 suits.

Have your suit made ANY WAY YOU WANT. Incorporate your own ideas, if you wish. Have it full, half, quarter or skeleton lined. And should you wish a *two-piece* Suit, we charge $1 less. There is no extra charge of any kind save 10% more for size 44 or over. *Store opens 8:30.*

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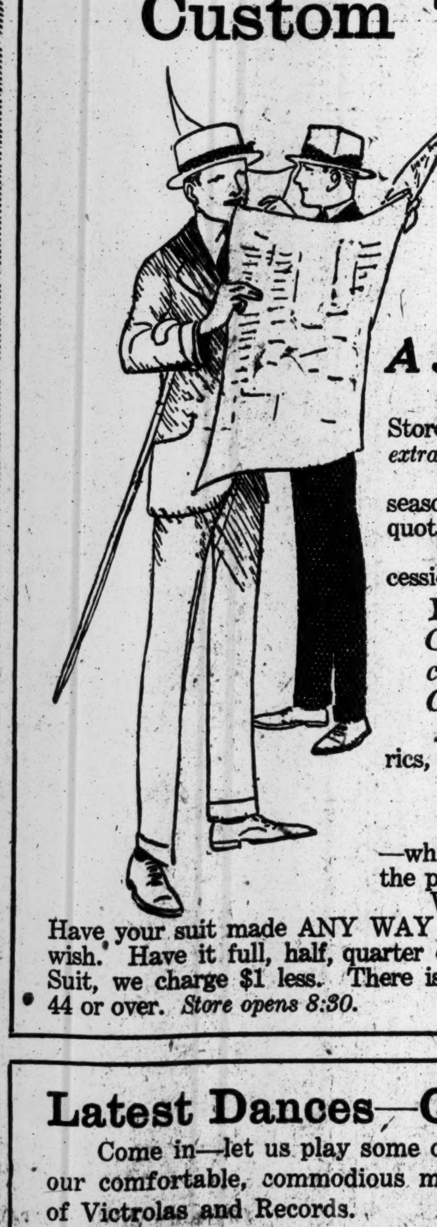
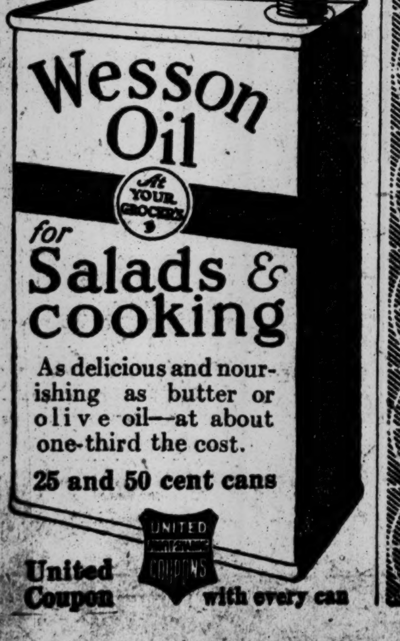
Latest Dances—On the July Victor Records

Come in—let us play some of them over for you. You'll be delighted with our comfortable, commodious music rooms and with the magnitude of our stocks of Victrolas and Records.

Eighth Floor





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Have prepared for to-day (Tuesday) and Wednesday

ANOTHER IMPORTANT SALE OF

MEN'S SUMMER FURNISHINGS

comprising Negligee Shirts, Pajamas, Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Umbrellas and Walking Sticks, all of which will be offered at prices decidedly advantageous to the purchaser.

MEN'S NEGLIGEE SHIRTS

Plain or Plaited Shirts of madras, with stiff cuffs; or Plain Shirts of mercerized materials, with soft cuffs, at 95c. & $1.20

Plain Shirts, of fine silk-and-cotton mixtures in a large variety of attractive patterns, at $1.65

Silk Shirts, plain or plaited, made of medium-weight Habutai (imported by B. Altman & Co.) in a diversity of patterns having plain or satin stripes, at $3.50

Silk Shirts, made of heavy-weight Habutai (imported by B. Altman & Co.) in a variety of smart designs having plain or satin stripes, at $4.65

MEN'S ATHLETIC UNDERWEAR

Sleeveless Coat Shirts and Knee-length Drawers, of white madras or crepe, per garment . . . . . . 38c.

Union Suits of white madras, sleeveless and knee-length . . . . per suit 75c.

MEN'S PAJAMAS

of madras or mercerized materials, per suit $1.35

MEN'S HALF-HOSE

Of black or colored lisle thread, per half-dozen pairs $1.25

Of black silk . . . . per pair 38c.

MEN'S GRAY SILK GLOVES

One-clasp . . . . per pair 78c.

MEN'S LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS

Initialed . . . per dozen $1.90 & 2.50

Plain, hemstitched . . . 2.50 & 3.75

Plain, hand-hemstitched . . . 5.50

MEN'S SILK UMBRELLAS

With natural wood handles . . . at $2.00

With folding handles of natural wood, at 3.00

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Prince of Wales style, silver-banded, at an unprecedentedly low price.

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To the mountains, to the woods, to the seaside, to the stream, to the big outdoors.

To that glorious freedom which starts the blood tingling again.

The Fourth is just over the brow of the hill, and this store is the road to a holiday of complete enjoyment—this greatest sporting goods store in the world.

You have this week to prepare from a storehouse that supplies every holiday want.

Whether it is sports clothes or cannon, a golf bag or a cocktail shaker, a wobbler bass bait or a badminton bat—it's all ready to be delivered at your door.

Abercrombie & Fitch Summer Sporting Clothes for Men

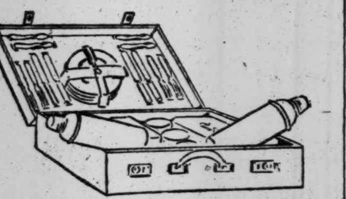
A department unequalled elsewhere in the world—a whole floor which the golfer, the tennis player, the fisherman, the canoeist, the camper and the tourist may explore with satisfaction.

Everything from a pair of correct English tennis flannel trousers to an explorer's outfit.

Tweed Golf Suits	$25.00 to $35.00
Tennis Flannel Trousers	$6.50 to $9.00
White Linen Crash Golf Suits	$20.00
Afco Oxford Sport Shirts	$2.25

Country, camp, riding and fishing outfits of Coldstream duck or government khaki. Shoes for every sport.

For a Sportsman's Country Holiday



Auto Lunch Kits, from	$5.00
Yellowstone Bass Rods	$5.00
Fishing Reels	90c to $50.00
Floating Minnows from	75c
Waterproof Tents	$5.00 to $65.00
Duffle Bags	75c to $4.25
Air Mattresses	$19.00 to $35.00
Cocktail Shakers	$2.00 to $4.25
Thermos Bottles	$1.50 to $2.50
Wayside Inn Suit Cases	$10.75
English Briar Pipes, from	$2.00
Winchester Yacht Cannon	$8.50
Target Rifles, from	$3.50
Du Pont Hand Traps	$4.00
Roulette Wheels, from	$14.00
Poker Sets	$1.75 to $250.00

Standard Indoor Games.

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The exactly appropriate comfortable thing wherever you spend the vacation.

Suits, skirts, shirts, hats, boots—the famous A. & F. models—recognized by the smartest people everywhere.

Linen Crash Suits, $18.50 to $25.

Khaki Suits, $10 and $12.

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White Tennis and Golf Skirts, $5 to $12.

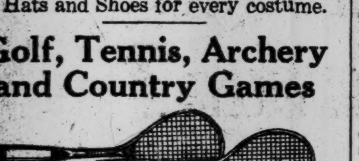
Tweed and Forestry Skirts, $12.50 to $20.

Sport Coats, $10 up.

Tiffin Suits of pongee, country house tweeds, Innsbrouck knit material, corduroy, Viyella flannel—and the most extensive line of women's Sport Shirts in America.

Hats and Shoes for every costume.

Golf, Tennis, Archery and Country Games



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KEEP STATE FORESTS SAFE FROM RAIDS

Albany Convention Committee Will Urge Plan to Increase Present Protection.

LOOKS TO CITY'S NEEDS

Provides for Time When New York May Draw on the Adirondacks for Water.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 28.—The possibility that eventually New York City may be compelled to go as far as the Adirondacks for an additional water supply is recognized in the tentative draft of the conservation sections of the proposed new Constitution which was completed today and will be submitted to the Committee on Conservation of the convention at its meeting on Wednesday. Under new sections the Legislature may authorize the lease and use of State lands to provide a water supply for municipalities. Charles M. Dow of Jamestown is Chairman of the Conservation Committee.

A member of the committee today gave some details of the forthcoming report. The committee will favor making the Conservation Commission a constitutional department, to the end that its head may be unaffected by political changes in the control of the State Administration. The report recommends a single-headed commission, with the Commissioner appointed and removable by the Governor for cause.

Section 7 of the present Constitution, which provides that all lands now owned or hereafter required by the State within the forest preserve as now constituted shall forever be kept as wild forest lands, will be written into the new Constitution virtually in its present form, if the committee has its way. A new clause, however, will be recommended providing that nothing in the section shall be construed as preventing the cutting of dead timber or the removal of fallen timber, the leasing of camp sites or the construction of roads and fire trails or the use of State lands for public hospital sites.

This is in accordance with a policy that has been urged ever since Charles E. Hughes was Governor. James S. Whipple of Salamanca, who was Forest, Fish and Game Commissioner then and is a member of the Conservation Committee of the convention, made a study of forestry, and reached the conclusion that to forbid the removal of dead and fallen timber was a ruinous policy. It was prompted by the system of spoliation that was carried on for many years and threatened to denude the Adirondacks and the Catskills.

Three sub-committees of the Conservation Committee have studied the whole conservation problem. In a report to be submitted to the whole committee on Wednesday one of these subcommittees will recommend that power be vested in the Conservation Commissioner to sell State lands, outside of the Adirondacks and Catskill parks, except lands adjacent to Lake George, and that the proceeds from these sales be applied to the purchase of property privately held within the forest preserve. The report also will contain a recommendation for the raising of money by the sale of bonds for the purchase of such property and for the inauguration of reforestation on a large scale. At present there is no fixed reforestation policy.

The taking of private lands for reservoirs to provide municipal water supplies, for the regulation of the flow of streams or for water power purposes when a public necessity will be recommended.

One important amendment to be recommended by the committee would permit any citizen to bring an action to compel the authorities to enforce the laws affecting the State's conservation policy.

The preliminary work of the Constitutional Convention, consisting largely of hearings before the various working committees probably will be pretty well completed this week. The Finance Committee and the Judiciary Committee will give no public hearings except by special resolution after Thursday. At the final hearing of the Finance Committee tomorrow, ex-Governor Glynn will discuss the State's finances and budget making. He will oppose budget making by the Executive.

BRIDE ARRESTED FOR THEFT

Parents Accuse Her of Stealing $500 to Make Wedding Trip.

Special to The New York Times.

ELIZABETH, N. J., June 28.—Mrs. Gustav Berwald, 17 years old, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Helberg of 618 Eleventh Avenue, New York City, was arrested here this morning, charged with having stolen $500 from her mother previous to her elopement with Gustav Berwald of this city on Saturday. Mrs. Berwald and her husband, to whom she was married yesterday, were held in bail of $1,000 to await extradition proceedings.

The girl's father told Judge Mahon he had come to this country from Germany a few months ago to escape war service. The $500, which the girl's mother had concealed under the carpet, he said, had disappeared when the daughter ran away to marry Berwald. In court today the bride insisted she knew nothing about the hidden money she is charged with having stolen.

Berwald told the court that he had only $25 at the time of the ceremony. This, he said, he had spent on clothes for his bride. He had less than two dollars when searched by the police.

MOTHER BURNED BY BOLT.

Baby Uninjured When Knocked from Mrs. Kesler's Arms.

Special to The New York Times.

WOODBRIDGE, N. J., June 28.—Lightning last night struck Mrs. Mary Kesler, badly burning her and flinging her baby from her arms, as she stood in her dining room. The baby was not harmed, but the clothing of the mother took fire and her shoes were burned from her feet.

Mr. Kesler, attracted by her screams, ran from an adjoining room and wrapped a tablecloth about his wife, smothering the flames.

Nothing Club Wears a Smile.

Special to The New York Times.

CEDAR GROVE, N. J., June 28.—A club has been organized here to give concerts and other entertainments at the county institutions. The badge of the society is "A smile, to be worn on all occasions." The organization is to be called the Nothing Club, because its members are pledged to give what they can to make people happy without any material reward.

DENOUNCES UNION IN GARMENT TRADE

Employers' Chairman Warns the Workers Their Demands Are Excessive.

HITS AT "SOCIALISTIC" RULE

Members Suggest Mayor Mitchel or Brandeis to Head Unbiased Mediation Board.

The officials of the garment workers' unions wrote yesterday to the officers of the Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association, suggesting the appointment of Mayor Mitchel, Louis D. Brandeis, or some other impartial person as arbiter of the differences that have arisen since the abrogation of the protocol formed five years ago by Mr. Brandeis. At the same time Charles Heineman, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the protective association, issued a statement protesting against the demand for a minimum wage and denouncing the radical leadership of the unions.

"The demand for equal distribution of work and the review of every discharge," he said, "carries with it, we know from painful experience, the cheap communistic demand for the equality of the efficient and inefficient and the taking away from the employer of the power of management of the factory. Under the terms 'unfair and unreasonable' the union is contending for the application to our industry of the principles of the co-operative commonwealth.

"We are dealing not with an Americann trades union, but with a radical socialistic group that treats a peace agreement merely as a means of continuing the so-called class struggle. And, worse still, it seeks to carry on its propaganda by coercive methods. Note the threat made at the meeting where the officers were given power to declare a strike: 'We are on the eve of a war that will be just as terrible in its effects on all concerned as wars upon battlefields.' Does this mean physical violence as displayed on the battlefield?

"So far as we are concerned, we are not interested in smashing the union. We wish it were a stronger union, able to enforce the standards we agreed on in 1910 throughout the whole industry instead of only upon us. Nor do we care to see the standards lowered. But we know that the industry cannot live unless the owner can run his factory upon modern lines of efficiency and economy. A protocol with a union under leadership that would recognize that the day of the co-operative commonwealth has not arrived, and that the industry must be run on a business basis, would undoubtedly aid in making progress for the workers as well as for ourselves. But, unfortunately, experience has convinced us that in the Ladies' Garment Workers Union it is the most radical who get on top.

"The union needs the co-operation of a strong employers' association to live in our industry, and it has had this co-operation for five years. If it wants it again—and it will want it—it can have it only upon terms that are fair to the employers and that will be carried out by all the employers in the industry, and not merely by members of the protective association."

Meanwhile the letter sent by Benjamin Schlesinger, President of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, and Elmer Rosenberg, President of the Joint Board of the Cloak and Skirt Makers' Union, proposed the appointment of a prominent and unbiased person to head a neutral and unbiased board to settle the differences and asked for an answer from the manufacturers within a week. The workers say they do not desire a revival of the protocol, with its intricate machinery and its perpetual duration, but prefer a working agreement limited to one or two years.

Features asked for in such an agreement are "a reasonable minimum wage scale for week workers, a uniform basis of pay for piece workers, equal distribution of work, a method for the adjustment of disputes through the medium of our respective organizations as representatives of the employers and workers in the industry, and such other provisions as shall be found necessary to maintain proper standards and preserve peace."

The officers of the unions declare that they and those whom they represent are doing everything in their power to preserve peace.

PAIR RECONCILED IN COURT.

Van Houtens End Quarrel Over Custody of Child.

Special to The New York Times.

HARRISON, N. J., June 28.—In the Recorder's Court tonight William H. Van Houten of Kearny was reconciled to his wife, the former Miss Florence Searaffs of Franklin Furnace. Their marital affairs have occupied the attention of the authorities since Saturday, when Van Houten forcibly took possession of their son, William, 2 years old.

The Van Houtens were married four years ago, and up to January lived in Kearny. They quarreled over alleged interference of the wife's relatives in domestic affairs. On his return from work one evening Van Houten found that his wife had gone to her father's home, taking the baby. His mother-in-law, Mrs. George Searaffs, visited Harrison on Saturday with the little boy, and Van Houten met them.

It was the first time that he had seen his son since his wife left home, and after a struggle, in which several other women took part, he succeeded in obtaining possession of the boy. They were taken to the police station, where Magistrate Branigan decided that the father should keep the child.

Mrs. Van Houten laid the case before Recorder Willmer. At the hearing tonight the case was about to be postponed when Mr. and Mrs. Van Houten decided to make up and return home together.

GIFT OF LAND TO RUTGERS.

Presented by Widow of Justice W. P. Voorhees as a Memorial.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, June 28.—The widow of Supreme Court Justice Willard P. Voorhees has given a large tract of land on George Street, near the new buildings erected by the Rutgers College Preparatory School, to Rutgers College in memory of her husband, who was a Trustee of Rutgers. Rutgers will proceed at once to build, as an unknown friend of the college has donated money enough for the new buildings.

The college now has an unbroken frontage overlooking the Raritan for a distance of 858 feet. A short time ago James Neilson presented two valuable tracts to Rutgers for additions to the college farm.

JUSTICE WOULD SET MRS. ONFFROY FREE

Intimates Her Commitment to House of Good Shepherd for Inebriety Was Unfair.

PROMISES AN INVESTIGATION

Secret Hearing on Husband's Complaint, a Bad Precedent, Shearn Asserts.

Mrs. Kathleen Onffroy was taken before Justice Shearn of the Supreme Court yesterday from the House of the Good Shepherd on a writ of habeas corpus obtained last week in order to have her commitment to that institution reviewed. She is the wife of Roland D. Onffroy, 725 Riverside Drive, manager of a 5 and 10-cent stores company and well to do. Mr. and Mrs. Onffroy have two children.

Mrs. Onffory was sent to the institution on May 1 for a three-year term by Magistrate McQuade. In her application for the writ she said when she was brought before the Magistrate by her husband she was not represented by counsel, that she was examined in a private room, and that, not knowing her rights, she admitted that the statements of her husband were true. These statements were to the effect that she was a habitual drunkard and that efforts to reform her by placing her under restraint in sanitariums had been of no avail.

Mrs. Onffroy also alleged that she first began to drink in company with her husband, who used to take her around to dances, she said. Hugo Wintner, counsel for Mrs. Onffroy, told Justice Shearn that his client had been "railroaded" to the House of the Good Shepherd, which was intended for the reformation of dissolute women. He said that Mr. Onffroy had begun an action against his wife for a separation.

Justice Shearn listened to Mr. Wintner. Then he asked Assistant District Attorney Richter by what legal process Mrs. Onffroy had been committed. Mr. Richter replied that the commitment was legal, and that the secret hearing before the Magistrate was for the purpose of avoiding publicity. Justice Shearn said:

"As far as I am concerned if I can find any way to liberate Mrs. Onffroy I shall do so. I don't consider that she has had a fair trial, and I further think that the way she was committed establishes a very dangerous precedent. That a man can take his wife before a Magistrate without her counsel being present and have her sent away for three years does not appear to me to be right. At least the matter seems to need some investigation."

Justice Shearn also wanted to know why Mr. Onffroy did not take proper care of his wife, as his means were sufficient to enable him to do so. Then he said:

"I shall not go into the merits of the case today, but later I shall thoroughly investigate it."

The court directed that Mrs. Onffroy be returned to the institution, and that she should be permitted to see her children as often as she pleased.

DEFY EMBARGO ON HORSES.

Daring Dutch Smugglers Reap Profits in Germany.

FLERINGEN, Netherlands, June 15. (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Strict prohibition by the Dutch Government of the export of horses from Holland has not by any means stopped the horse trade between Holland and Germany. Dozens of horses have been caught by the Dutch frontier guards as they were being led or driven over the German border. These, however, represent only a small proportion in comparison with the large number which have succeeded in evading the soldiers on duty.

The military authorities of Germany are so desirous of obtaining good animals that they are willing to pay high prices, and the breeders and dealers on the Dutch side of the line do not hesitate to take the risk of being hit by a stray bullet while trying to obtain the alluring profits.

One of the tricks often practiced by the horse smugglers is to bring a troop of animals across country and through the smallest byways during the day. They then tether them in a wood near the border line after nightfall. Meanwhile one or two of the smugglers hide themselves in trees or thickets to act as scouts, and at a favorable moment, when perhaps two of the frontier sentries stand together talking, the scouts give a signal, the horses are untethered, and the animals are rushed across the line. The men after receiving their money return to Holland at another point. Sometimes, however, they are caught, and their punishment is severe, while the horses are confiscated by the Government.

Holland's horse breeders have in general suffered considerably from the prohibition of export. Horse breeding has become an important branch of industry in recent years. The Dutch Government looks with a kindly eye on the industry and subsidizes the breeding societies to the extent of $30,000 a year, while the various provinces subscribe money for prizes at the horse shows.

KILLED IN A QUARREL.

Gozluk Tried to Collect a Small Debt and Was Stabbed.

Special to The New York Times.

FRANKLIN, N. J., June 28.—A quarrel over borrowed money resulted fatally for Michael Gozluk, 36 years old, today. Sheriff Wilson said this evening that Paul Koswick owed Gozluk a small sum of money and Gozluk went to Koswick's home to try and collect it this afternoon. The quarrel followed.

Koswick went into his home and came running out with a large butcher knife, with which he stabbed Gozluk in the stomach. Gozluk was removed to the hospital, where he died in two hours. A general alarm has been sent out for Koswick.

Writes Home After 26 Years.

ELIZABETH, N. J., June 28.—After an absence of twenty-six years from this city, John W. McNamara of Stilacoom, Wash., has written to Surrogate Parrot in response to a newspaper advertisement for him in order to settle the estate of his sister, Miss Jennie E. McNamara, who died last October, at her home in Oak Street, this city. Full particulars were mailed him, advising him to consent to his brother's settling the estate.

SEMINOLE INDIANS STARVE.

Mrs. Wilson, Author, Blames Injustice of the White Man.

Mrs. Minnie Moore Wilson, an author, who with her husband has been championing the cause of the Seminole Indians of Florida for the last twenty years, arrived at the Hotel Imperial yesterday from her home at Kissimee. Mrsr. Moore says that, failing to get the aid expected from the State at the last session of the Legislature, the Seminoles are almost on the verge of starvation.

"Two of the Indians actually walked 200 miles to see my husband and get food," said Mrs. Wilson. "There are only 600 of them left now, and they have been pushed back to the shore of Lake Okeechobee. There they can remain only for a few months of the year. They are shunted from pillar to post, for no sooner have they put up a shack on a tiny bit of land than a white man comes along and says, 'This is my land; move along.'

"The bill to provide land for the Seminoles passed the Florida Legislature two years ago by 99 votes out of 100. It was vetoed by Governor Park Trammell, although it had the support of a great majority of the citizens of the State. When it came up in April it was not allowed to get before the House. It was killed in committee.

"However, friends of the Indians have had a bit of satisfaction out of a sensation that startled Florida just before I left. This was a revelation made by The Tampa Times. The Governor delivered at his home at Lakeland a Washington's Birthday oration. I read it in the papers, and I was amazed at the eloquence it displayed. I felt I must revise my opinion of the Governor's ability, and when it was announced that he was going to run for the United States Senate in opposition to Senator Bryan, I felt sure that if he succeeded, Florida would be able to boast of a successor to the mantle of Clay or Calhoun.

"But the day I left Tampa The Times of that city came out with a reprint of the speech of the Governor, paralleled by an address delivered by Henry W. Grady in 1889. One was a verbatim copy of the other. It was that speech of Grady's which, according to The Tampa Times, became famous as containing the line, 'My eyes grew dim as I stood facing the Capitol.'"

BEAR CAUSES PANIC.

"Betty" Leaps from Stage Into Crowd of Women and Children.

"Betty," a roller skating bear performing at the Vailsburgh Amusement Park in South Orange Avenue in Newark, frightened an audience of several hundred men, women, and children yesterday afternoon when it suddenly jumped from the stage at the conclusion of the act.

Before the animal was captured by Henry A. Miller, who performs with the bear, several women and children were knocked down. No one was injured. The animal was cornered by Miller and led back to its cage. Miller told the police, who were called to the park to quell the excitement, that the bear got away from him as he was about to adjust the chain after the performance was over.

Big Peach Crop in Jersey.

Special to The New York Times.

WASH. N. J., June 28.—Judging from present conditions Warren County farmers will have a large crop of peaches this year. The trees are well filled, and the June drop has not been heavy. Recent rains have also helped the growing fruit, and corn is now more than knee-high in most fields. Many farmers have gathered their first hay crop. Grapes, raspberries, and blackberries will also be plentiful.

HUERTA PROTESTS HIS LOVE OF PEACE

Continued from Page 1.

a mounted traffic policeman is forced to remain on duty all the time to keep the street cleared.

ANGELES TO DEFEND HIMSELF.

Goes to Washington to Deny Any Relations with Huerta.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—General Felipe Angeles, who has been the right bower of General Francisco Villa in the latter's military operations during the past five years, is en route to Washington to deny that he is implicated in the alleged Huertista plot to start a new revolution in Mexico. General Angeles left Boston this afternoon, spent several hours in New York City, and is expected here at noon tomorrow.

The announcement that General Angeles was coming to Washington followed the discovery by the Villista confidential agency here that the Department of Justice had obtained information closely connecting his visit to this country with Huerta's activities. This afternoon Enrique C. Llorente of the Villa agency made this announcement:

"In view of the inferences apparently emanating from the Assistant Attorney General, implicating General Felipe Angeles with Victoriano Huerta in the conspiracy to launch a new revolt in Mexico, the confidential agency of the Provisional Government of Mexico wishes to announce that General Angeles will come to Washington at once from Boston, arriving here tomorrow morning, to personally answer and emphatically deny the allegation of his connection with the reactionaries.

"All statements insinuating that General Angeles has or will have any relations or dealings, direct or indirect, with the reactionary faction in Mexico, or with any one representing that faction, are maliciously false and unworthy of serious consideration. General Angeles is in the United States on a mission confided to him by General Villa, and upon its accomplishment will return to his post."

Other Arrests Expected.

The arrest of Generals Huerta and Orozco, it is understood, will soon be followed by those of other prominent Mexicans believed to be implicated in the conspiracy charged against these two. The evidence in the possession of agents of the Department of Justice is understood to show that a large number of other reactionaries, men who have recently been identified with the activities of General Huerta in this country, are implicated in the plot, and there are intimations that probably some Americans will be involved. Under the section of the Penal Code invoked against Generals Huerta and Orozco any person having any part in a plan to start a Mexican armed movement in this country, or even make plans for a new revolution in Mexico, would be subject to prosecution.

At the Department of Justice today care was taken to dissipate the idea that the arrest of General Huerta was due to any animosity toward the former dictator on the part of the Wilson Administration. It was insisted that it was a mere matter of the enforcement of American laws, and that arrests had been made in recent months of men identified with almost every faction except that of the Zapatistas for alleged violation of the laws prohibiting the use of the United States as a base of military operations or for revolutionary operations in Mexico. The statement was made that at the present time five separate investigations, involving the activities of Mexicans on this side of the border, were now being conducted by agents of the Department of Justice in the border States, and that none of these investigations related to the Huertista plot.

The Villistas and Carranzistas have both been exceedingly active in exercising espionage over Huerta, his followers, and other Mexican "Cientificos" in all parts of the United States, and they have submitted information to agents of the American Government.

Not the least interesting development of the day was the arrest at Juarez this morning of a former Huerta Captain with documents said to be of a highly incriminating character. These documents, it is understood, will be turned over by the Villista agents at Juarez to the Federal District Attorney at El Paso for use against Generals Huerta and Orozco. It is said that the Captain when captured was found to possess a letter which disclosed what Huerta and Orozco intended to do, including the plan for surprising and capturing the Villa garrison at Juarez. It is alleged that he also had a list of the military signs to be used in connection with the plot, and that he had the passwords of the garrison at Juarez for Saturday and yesterday.

Villistas Suspect Mayor Lea.

The Villista representatives issued a statement tonight which showed some perturbation on their part over the attitude of Mayor Lea of El Paso. He is represented by them as having been active in aiding Huerta and Orozco after their arrest. "In connection with the arrest of Huerta and Orozco," said the statement issued by Señor Llorente, "the eagerness of Thomas Lea, Mayor of El Paso, to render assistance to the prisoners and secure their release on bail deserves special attention, inasmuch as Mayor Lea was attorney for the Orozco faction in the revolution against Madero in 1912. The attitude of Mayor Lea has caused no little apprehension on the part of the Provisional Government of Mexico, because of his official position."

The name of General Eduardo Iturbide was mentioned here today in an interesting story in connection with the arrest of Huerta. According to this story, some weeks ago, while still in apparent seclusion in his Long Island home, Huerta offered his services to General Iturbide, and sent an emissary to Washington asking if he (Huerta) would be persona grata to the U. S. Government if he took part in Mexican affairs. According to this story, Iturbide declined Huerta's offer, Washington notified Huerta that he would be persona non grata, and then Huerta renewed his overtures to Iturbide with a modified proposal that Iturbide accept Huerta's aid without Huerta's leadership, but with the co-operation of Huerta's associates. Iturbide, according to the story, accepted the latter offer. Department of Justice officials said they knew nothing about this story but what they had read in the newspapers this afternoon. At the Hotel Shoreham, where General Iturbide was recently a guest, it was stated that he went to New York about a week ago with Oscar Braniff of Mexico City and had not returned.

Considerable regret was expressed today that the United States Commissioner at El Paso should have released General Huerta and his old lieutenant, General Orozco, on bail. If they really were bent on launching a new revolution in Mexico, it is feared that the amount of their joint bail would not prevent them from carrying out their plans. The Rio Grande can be waded at almost any point, and the $21,000 bail, it is thought, could not be an important sum in comparison with the funds General Huerta must have at his disposal for the purpose of reapturing Mexico.

Huerta Financed by Europeans?

The Department of Justice feels that the arrest of General Huerta should not receive significance as expressing either the antipathy of this Government toward the retired Provisional President, or indirect support for any faction in Mexico. Indictments, and, in some instances, convictions, have been procured, it was said today by Assistant Attorney General Warren, against members of practically every faction in Mexico, and a number of men of all groups are now under surveillance. It has been suggested that citizens of one of the belligerent countries of Europe are involved in the plots.

Many other arrests are expected to follow soon. A number of Mexicans in New York are under investigation, and the same thing is true in Washington. The same statement applies to border towns where conspiracies in violation of American neutrality generally come to a head. Half a dozen Mexicans in such towns are being watched, and their arrest and indictment are expected.

The Department of Justice does not credit reports that General Huerta was to take command of a large body of men organized on American soil and cross the river at their head. There was a specific report that 3,000 men were gathering for a dash across the Rio Grande at Ojinaga. No such gathering, it is believed, would be possible without the knowledge of the American officials, who would at once take steps to check it.

Mr. Warren was interested today in a report that General Ynez Salazar, who is under indictment for perjury and breach of bond, had come to El Paso to meet General Huerta. General Salazar will be arrested as soon as found, and no more bail will be granted him. Another report, however, was that he was waiting on the Mexican side of the river to join General Huerta when he came over.

YAQUI SITUATION IMPROVED.

Admiral Howard Denies Reports That He Has Landed Marines.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Admiral T. B. Howard, commanding the United States squadron in the Gulf of California, sent a radio message to the Navy Department late this afternoon denying the reports that marines had been landed on the Sonora coast.

The Admiral reported that conditions were now quiet in the Yaqui Valley, that Mexican troops were protecting the American colony, that no attack by the rebellious Indians appeared imminent, and that the relations between himself and his officers on the one hand and the Mexican officers and authorities on the other were most cordial.

Food Supplies Shipped to Mexico City.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, June 28.—Two thousand bags of beans have been shipped in bond for the poor of Monterey. Twenty carloads of corn and beans left here for Mexico City this afternoon. General Lorez de Lara has been named Governor of Valle de Mexico, the old Federal district.

THINK FOREIGNERS IN PERIL.

Washington Officials Anxious Over Mexico City Conditions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Very grave fears are entertained in official and diplomatic circles here regarding the safety of foreigners and the situation in Mexico City. For ten days the State Department has been unable to communicate with the Mexican capital. It has not heard from Señor Cardoza, the Brazilian Minister, who has been looking after American interests in the city since June 18. Though repeated efforts have since been made to communicate with the city, this and other Governments have met flat failure, and have had to depend upon information of conflicting character trickling out through Vera Cruz. This information was taken to Vera Cruz by couriers, several of whom made his escape from the Mexican capital on June 23.

Business in the city was then paralyzed, the food supplies were running short, and a reign of terror was feared. The situation has been greatly complicated and its gravity increased by the decision of the Zapatistas to defend the capital against the attempt of the Carranzistas to occupy it. The Zapatistas have dug intrenchments around the northern and eastern suburbs and have already administered a severe defeat to the Carranzistas commanded by General Pablo Gonzales, according to information reaching the State Department this morning from official sources in Vera Cruz. The news of the Carranza defeat was sent from the suburbs of Mexico City to Vera Cruz by a special messenger, who carried an appeal from General Gonzales for reinforcements.

On the basis of what this courier told the Carranza officials in Mexico City, this message was sent from Vera Cruz to the State Department this morning:

"Zapatista forces defeated Carranzista forces in Mexico City. Capital entirely cut off from the world. Carranza rushing all available men to Mexico City. No food in Mexico City."

On top of these the State Department received information from a thoroughly reliable source to the effect that if the Zapata forces, which had defeated the Gonzales army, were driven back into Mexico City, on the arrival of Carranzista reinforcements, it was feared that "horrors will follow."

Another message to the State Department from Vera Cruz brought word that a courier who had left Mexico City on June 28 had arrived in Vera Cruz this morning with information confirming the report that the Zapatistas had seized the telegraph line and thus cut off the Mexican capital from communication with Vera Cruz. This courier stated that press reports in Mexico City at the time he left agreed that Zapata has an estimated force of 25,000 troops with which to contest the attempt of the Carranzistas to capture Mexico City.

The capital is now rapidly approaching the status of danger and isolation of Peking during the Boxer rebellion. There are now in Mexico City about 24,000 foreigners of various nationalities.

The new difficulties at the Yucatan port of Progreso may also become threatening. Admiral Caperton, on his way to Haiti on the armored cruiser Washington, wired that he did not stop at Progreso, and on the receipt of this message Secretary Daniels, after conferring with State Department officials, ordered the gunboat Marietta, now en route from Key West to Vera Cruz, to proceed to Progreso. In the absence of Admiral Caperton from Mexican East Coast waters the Navy Department has placed Captain McNamee, commanding the gunboat Sacramento at Vera Cruz, in charge of the small naval squadron in Mexican waters.

The Carranza agency issued this statement tonight:

"'Deny as many times as may be necessary that any people are dying of hunger; this is nothing but a falsehood spread by the reactionaries,' says First Chief Carranza in a dispatch to the agency today. The agency is annoyed by the reiteration of tales of aggravated distress coming out of various sections of Mexico, believing that such statements are the grossest exaggerations. In no part of the twenty-one states under Carranzista control is there serious distress. At some places, however, there is food in abundance. At such points in Mexico as the food supply will shortly require replenishment the Constitutionalist Government is prepared to concentrate cereals and other foodstuffs in ample quantities to forfend against suffering even among the poorest of the people."

SEES NO CASE AGAINST HUERTA

A. Z. Ratner Says He Has Violated No American Statute.

Abraham Z. Ratner, the financial adviser and intimate friend of General Victoriano Huerta, said yesterday that in his opinion the United States Government had absolutely nothing against the ex-dictator that would justify his detention at Fort Bliss or any other place. Late Sunday night Mr. Ratner received the following telegram from his brother José in El Paso:

"At this moment, 6:30 P. M., Generals Huerta and Orozco out on bond. Bond largely oversubscribed by local admirers. Great ovations and enthusiasm. "JOSE."

"As General Huerta's friend I can tell you," said Mr. Ratner, "that General Huerta will not break any of the American neutrality laws, and, furthermore, he never had any intention or desire to do so. The Government of the United States has absolutely nothing against General Huerta to justify his being detained."

Señor Urquidi, the Villa Consul General, expressed his delight that the Huerta uprising had been nipped in the bud by the detention of Huerta and Orozco. He said he felt certain that the El Paso proceedings had ended any prospect Huerta might have had of reentering the Mexican situation.

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2,000 COLLEGE MEN IN MILITARY CAMPS

Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y., to Open on July 5 with 500 Under Instruction.

PRESIDENT PRAISED PLAN

Army Men Say Problem of Junior Officers for Force of 500,000 Will Be Solved This Way.

"The camps will tend to disseminate sound information concerning our military history, and the present policy of the Government in military matters, in addition to giving the young men themselves a very considerable amount of military instruction, which would be useful to them in case their services should ever be required."

The words quoted are those of President Wilson and his reference is to the military camps of instruction for college men which are to be established in various parts of this country. The largest of them will be at Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y., where more than 500 young men from the universities and colleges of New England, New York, and New Jersey will assemble for military instruction under regular army officers from July 5 to Aug. 8.

The camps were first suggested and organized when Major Gen. Leonard Wood was the Chief of the General Staff in Washington. General Wood has taken the liveliest interest in the movement, and it is his opinion that the majority of the college men trained at these camps would be available for commissioned rank in the junior grades in the event of a national crisis. Last year between 700 and 800 students attended the four camps. This year it is the belief of army officers that at least 2,000 will be in attendance.

General Wood Praises Camps.

"The work done last year was admirable," General Wood said recently. "Only two men in all the camps in the United States were sent home because of failure in discipline. They made an excellent shooting record, shooting the entire militia course. At the end of the period a board of army officers went over their work and qualifications, and recommended 129 of them as fit for volunteer officers in the lower grades, Captains and Lieutenants. I hope that this system eventually will grow into a general movement, embodying, say, a six months' enlistment, broken into three periods of two months each, to be taken during the economic or educational vacation so as to interfere as little as possible with the work of young men in business and the boys in college.

"If we can do this there will be developed a very large number of trained youngsters as officers of volunteers, and a still larger number, of course, as trained men to form a nucleus of volunteer companies in case we are so unfortunate as to become involved in war. Some such method as this must be adopted, because when war comes it will come suddenly, and unless we are the aggressor, which is highly improbable, it will come from one who is wholly prepared and who knows when he is coming and where he is coming."

In the event the country was called upon to organize a large land force for defense it is the opinion of General Wood that we would need about 12,000 additional officers, the estimate being based on an army of 500,000 men. He believes that the college camps will play a most important part in the solution of this problem of officers.

The college camp movement in addition to its unqualified indorsement by President Wilson, Secretary Garrison, General Wood, and General Scott, the present Chief of the General Staff, also has the indorsement of a majority of the heads of the principal universities and colleges. Among them are Presidents Hadley of Yale, Lowell of Harvard, Hibben of Princeton, Wheeler of California, Drinker of Lehigh, Schurman of Cornell, Hutchins of Michigan, Kirkland of Vanderbilt, Denny of Alabama, and Dr. John H. Finley, Commissioner of Education for the State of New York.

College Heads Indorse Them.

"Some people have feared," said Dr. Hadley, "that the growth of a body of reserve officers will mean a growth of militarism in the United States. I see no ground for this fear. On the contrary, I regard the camps as a safeguard against militarism. The people who are likely to involve the United States in war are not those who understand war. They are those who are so occupied with immediate political issues that they overestimate the importance of speeches and votes and underestimate the need of disciplined force to support them.

"What the German system has done on a large scale the American scheme of army camps does on a small one. It gives men of intelligence an opportunity to qualify themselves for duty as officers, a public duty which under certain contingencies may be the most vitally important one that they ever have to perform. The war in Europe today demonstrates the urgency of the possible need and the wisdom of the measures which the War Department is taking to meet it."

"The Summer military camps," said President Lowell of Harvard, "have assumed an importance far greater than ever before; first, because the war in Europe has shown that the chance of an unexpected conflict is a more real danger than we had supposed; and in the second place, because the war has also shown the necessity for a much larger number of officers, or men with at least the rudiments of an officer's training, than our regular army and the militia can possibly supply."

In his letter indorsing the college camps, President Hadley made a reference to the organization known as the National Reserve Corps. This corps, of which President Drinker of Lehigh is the head, and of the Advisory Board of which Dr. Hibben is the Chairman, has been organized by the college men of the country, who in the past two years have attended the Summer military camps. The membership, however, is not limited to the camp students.

The objects of the corps are to encourage a thorough knowledge of military policy, history, and organization, and to have these studies included in the curricula of educational institutions, and to "individually train ourselves to the best of our ability to be fitted to serve with best effect in case of need in such capacity as our condition at that time may properly permit."

The camp at Plattsburg Barracks will be under command of Captain Robert O. Van Horn of the Thirtieth United States Infantry. The other camps will be at Ludington, Mich.; Chickamauga, Ga., and the Presidio of San Francisco. The Plattsburg camp is the first to be held in New York State.

Arrest Speeders, Wreck a Cycle.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., June 28.—Inspectors Shedd and Fulper of the New Jersey Department of Highways, after arresting six automobile speeders on the new road recently opened to the public, and returning in their automobile, ran the car against a motor cyclist, Isaac Weiss of Trenton, who was thrown from his machine and hurt. The motor cycle was wrecked. The Automobile Association of New Brunswick announced it would report the accident to the State Automobile Inspector, W. L. Dill, at Trenton.

Falls Into Boiling Sulphur.

John Farley of Wythe Avenue and Hewes Street, Williamsburg, fell from a platform into a vat of boiling sulphur in a sulphur works at Ross Street and Wallabout Canal yesterday. Other employes were burned in their efforts to get him out. Farley was taken to the Williamsburg Hospital mortally burned.

CALL FITZGERALD RUDE.

Suffrage Organization Says Congressman Rebuffed Delegation.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—The Congressional Union for Woman Suffrage gave a prepared statement to the press today, in which it was said that members of the union "consider Representative John J. Fitzgerald of New York, Chairman of the House Committee on Appropriations, to have been autocratic and impolite for refusing to see a delegation of women voters in San Francisco and treating those who called with rudeness."

When Mr. Fitzgerald was in San Francisco with a committee of representatives holding the hearings on the San Joaquin Valley irrigation project, a delegation of California women called at his hotel to bring to the attention of the committee the proposed amendment to the Federal Constitution providing for the enfranchisement of women. In the statement of the Congressional Union, it is said that Mr. Fitzgerald refused the request to receive a party of suffragists, who asked only for one minute of the committee's time.

"Mr. Fitzgerald would not even submit the request of the women to the other members of the committee for their consideration," said Miss Lucy Burns, Vice Chairman of the Congressional Union today. "What meat do our statesmen feed upon that they should be so inconsiderate of women voters?

"The California delegation, accustomed to courteous treatment from lawmakers of their own State, were astonished at such rudeness. That sort of behavior does not reflect credit on any section of Congress."

SUGGESTED FOR COUNSELOR

Solicitor General Davis or A. M. Palmer for Lansing's Former Post.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—According to the belief in official circles, the choice of a counselor of the State Department to succeed Robert Lansing lies between John W. Davis of West Virginia, now Solicitor General of the United States, and A. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania, who was appointed a Judge of the Court of Claims, but has not taken the oath of office. It is the impression here that if Mr. Davis is made counselor Mr. Palmer will have a chance to become Solicitor General.

Mr. Davis and Mr. Palmer are comparatively young. Both are lawyers, and have had considerable experience in the House of Representatives.

It was said today by friends of Mr. Palmer that he was in thorough sympathy with the foreign policy of the administration, developed as a result of the war.

ALBANY CARMEN MAY STRIKE

Action of Employes Today Also Affects Troy and Renssaelaer.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 28.—A strike of 1,500 motormen and conductors employed by the United Traction Company on its lines in this city, Troy, Rensselaer, and possibly Cohoes is impending. The company through its manager will answer the demands of the men at 11:30 o'clock tomorrow morning, and if it is not satisfactory the men will quit work.

The men demand the dismissal of ten employes on the Watervliet division, who are members of the brotherhood of engineers and conductors, but who are not affiliated with the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway employes. These men have been in the employ of the company for some time, and it is not known why their dismissal is asked for at this time.

In anticipation of a strike a large number of jitney buses have been brought into this city and Troy.

JAIL INSTEAD OF WEDDING.

Wooer Who Insisted on Eloping Convicted of Disorderly Conduct.

Thomas Mangiere of 3,221 Nineteenth Avenue, Brooklyn, who said he was a real estate operator, was convicted of disorderly conduct before Magistrate Herbert in the Tombs Court yesterday on the complaint of Josephine Sanna, 19 years old, of 231 Lafayette Avenue, who said that Mangiere's wooing had been such that she was afraid to go out alone.

The young woman told Magistrate Herbert that Mangiere insisted she elope with him and threatened to kill her if she didn't. About eighteen months ago, the young woman asserted, Mangiere slashed her with a razor because she wouldn't marry him and served thirteen months in the penitentiary for doing it.

"After he got out," she said, "he called me three times on the telephone every day and stood across the way from my house, so that I didn't dare go out. I don't love him any more. He wouldn't go to work when I asked him."

Magistrate Herbert remanded Mangiere to the Tombs until today for sentence.

BEAT RAILROADS ON FARES.

Pennsylvanians Buy Tickets at Camden for Jersey Shore Resorts.

CAMDEN, N. J., June 28.—Thousands of Atlantic City excursionists from Pennsylvania have learned that they can save from 10 to 50 cents by buying their tickets here, and the result has been an unprecedented rush on the railroad ticket offices.

This situation is due to a conflict in the rate laws. Some months ago the Interstate Commerce Commission confirmed an increase in rates, and the railroad immediately put it into effect. Shortly thereafter increased Intra-State tariffs were filed in New Jersey and Pennsylvania, but these increased were denied in New Jersey. Thus arose the disparity in fare prices.

Hundreds of seashore-bent travelers are paying a three-cent ferry fare across the Delaware River from Philadelphia and profiting by the cheaper tickets to be bought here. All the principal seashore resorts are included in a twenty-five-cent increase from Philadelphia. To inland points the difference in price ranges from ten cents upward.

CHARLTON TRIAL PUT OFF.

Alienists Will Submit Him to a Further Examination.

COMO, Italy, June 28, (via Paris.)—The trial of Porter Charlton, who was extradited from the United States on the charge of having murdered his wife at their villa here in 1910, has been postponed from July 4 until next Autumn.

The postponement was decided upon when the mental experts who examined Charlton asked that they be allowed to submit him to a further examination, to which he is entitled.

CHILDREN TO DRESS DOLLS FOR EUROPE

Daily Vacation School Association Will Begin Summer Work on July 6.

TUITION IN FORTY PLACES

Singing, Manual Work, Outings and Games to Keep Youngsters Off City's Streets.

Little girls attending the schools of the Daily Vacation Bible School Association, which open on July 6, are to have interesting work for their sewing lessons, dressing dolls for the children of Europe. The Daily Vacation Bible School Association, of which Russell Colgate is President, takes children off the streets in the city each Summer, placing them for five days in the week for six weeks in the church houses, which would otherwise be empty, or settlements. The children are taught by students who between their collage terms would be out of employment. There have been generous contributions for the work, but it still requires much more to meet the demands this year.

With the Board of Education, through lack of funds, able to do less for the children than usual, the work of the association fills a greater need. Forty schools are to be opened in the metropolitan district this Summer. There is a three-hour session in the morning with Bible lessons, singing, manual work, and play in sections. In the afternoon there are outings and games. The girls this year will sew on the clothes for dolls to be sent off on a Christmas ship next December or given to hospital children. They will also bring mending from home to learn patching and darning. The boys put cane seats in the broken home chairs and do other lines of manual work.

The practical nature of the schools appeals to many individuals and organizations. Barnard College has come forward this year and supplied four instructors—Vassar, Wellesley, and Mount Holyoke Colleges each support a staff of teachers for a school in this city. Various churches support schools. Ten dollars will support ten children for the entire six weeks' session and $250 will support a school.

The plans this year provide for a Russian, a Syrian, and a negro school. This work of taking care of the little children of the street is not confined to New York. Seventy-five cities this Summer will have 350 schools, seven new ones being Mobile, Ala.; Macon and Atlanta, Ga.; Columbus and Cincinnati, Ohio; Detroit, Mich., and San Francisco.

Gifts of dolls and materials for dolls' clothes for the work can be sent to the association headquarters, 90 Bible House, checks sent to the same address being made to J. Adams Brown, Treasurer. All the money contributed in New York is used for metropolitan schools. Churches of all denominations take in the schools, and the children are of all nationalities and religious sects.

Teachers of the Daily Vacation Bible School will hold their annual convention just before the opening of the schools, July 1, 2, and 3, the morning sessions in the University Place Presbyterian Church; the afternoon, which will be given over to manual work, in the rooms of the association in the Bible House.

MRS. BOWNE SEEKS CHILD.

J. P. Manning's Commitment for Inebriety to be Investigated.

Supreme Court Justice Goff signed an order yesterday directing the Board of Inebriety of New York City to produce in the Supreme Court at White Plains tomorrow all of the records, papers and other documents relating to the commitment of John Pearce Manning for inebriety in March last. The application was made by Mrs. Adele Taylor Bowne, former wife of Mr. Manning, and mother of John P. Manning, Jr., 4 years old, who is now in the custody of his grandfather, Henry S. Manning. Mrs. Bowne has begun habeas corpus proceedings in Westchester County to get the custody of the child.

Mr. Manning divorced his wife in 1913. In June of that year he found her in the dining room of the Martinique Hotel with Walter Bowne. He assaulted Bowne. It was believed Mr. Bowne was named as the co-respondent in the divorce proceedings, but the testimony was taken by a referee and kept secret.

Walter Bowne's first wife was Francis Hewitt, an actress who ran away to Japan with Jordan L. Mott, 3d. He divorced her. It was thought that she would marry Mr. Mott, but the plan was frustrated by the refusal of Mrs. Mott to divorce her husband. Mr. Bowne married Mrs. Manning in Philadelphia in February, 1914

At his home, 3 West Fiftieth Street, last night Henry S. Manning said:

"I caused my son to be committed to the Home for Inebriates. His troubles with his wife so affected his mind that he began drinking heavily. First I sent him to various sanitariums, but they did him no good, and as a last resort I had him committed for one year."

CENTRAL PARK BISON STAYS

No Bid for Black Diamond, Head of the Buffalo Herd.

Black Diamond, the patriarch of the Central Park buffalo herd, was offered for sale at the annual animal auction yesterday at Central Park. He is 19 years old and is getting feeble, and Bill Snyder, the head keeper, was loath to see him leave the Park. There were no bidders for the aged monarch, whose majestic head has been perpetuated on the new "buffalo nickels," and Snyder joyfully led him back to his pen.

Owing to the Aqueduct Commission having bought up the greater number of the surplus sheep for grazing on the line of the aqueduct, there were only a few left to be sold. Two ewe lambs brought $6 each and three sheep $1.75 each. Ten pounds of camel hair brought 25 cents a pound, and 680 pounds of wool, the result of the Spring shearing, brought 28½ cents a pound.

GROUT PROSECUTION IN.

Defense of Banker-Lawyer Expected to Last All July.

After yesterday's hearing of the trial of Edward M. Grout before Judge Lewis and a jury in the County Court, Brooklyn, on a charge of swearing falsely to a report of the financial condition of the Union Bank on March 25, 1910, to the State Banking Department, District Attorney James C. Cropsey said that the State's case against the defendant would close today.

The trial is now in its sixth week and is likely to continue during the month of July. Stephen C. Baldwin, attorney for Mr. Grout, has a large mass of papers packed in files and arranged on a long table in the courtroom which he expects to use in discrediting the long chain of evidence furnished by the District Attorney and the witnesses for the prosecution during the trial.

District Attorney Cropsey yesterday produced receipted bills of the law firm of Grout & Grout for services to the Union Bank, showing that the bank paid the firm $35,000. The largest item of this amount was $25,000. A bill for this sum was rendered shortly after the reopening of the bank under Edward M. Grout as President. It was for services for negotiating a loan of nearly $1,000,000 and for litigation in behalf of the bank before the reopening. The District Attorney showed that the law firm had an annual retainer from the bank of $3,500 a year.

At the afternoon session District Attorney Cropsey introduced evidence relating to loans made by the Empire Trust Company to the Union Bank amounting to $915,000 from Aug. 16, 1909, to Jan. 18, 1910. From a letter sent by the trust company to Edward M. Grout as President of the bank, Mr. Cropsey showed that of the entire amount loaned by the company to the bank $300,000 was to remain with the trust company as a closed account. While the bank paid to the trust company 6 per cent. interest on its indebtedness, including the same interest on the $300,000 remaining unused as a deposit in the trust company to the credit of the bank, it received 2½ per cent. interest on the latter sum.

WIDOW ACCUSES LAWYERS.

Mrs. Horstmann Says Attorneys Embezzled $17,000.

Through the filing in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn of an application for an argument on a petition before Supreme Court Justice Frederick E. Crane on Thursday of this week, it became known that Meta Horstmann, a wealthy widow, of 18 Fulton Avenue, Garden City, L. I., and John Frederick Horstmann, as administrators of the estate of Frederick Charles Horstmann, who died intestate on Aug. 14, 1910, in Woodhaven, L. I., are seeking to recover $17,247.50 from William F. Wyckoff, Theodore G. Clarke, and Edward L. Frost, attorneys.

The three lawyers formerly constituted the firm of Wyckoff, Clarke & Frost, with offices on Montague street, Brooklyn, and Fulton Street, Jamaica. Wyckoff, after the Woodhaven Bank, of which he was President, was closed by the State Banking Department, went into bankruptcy, and later was arrested and convicted of misappropriating money belonging to a client. He was sentenced to a year in jail, but is now out on bail through a certificate of reasonable doubt.

Wyckoff, Clarke & Frost were attorneys for Horstmann, it is said. Mrs. Horstmann says in an affidavit that to the best of her knowledge and belief her husband gave the lawyers at least $12,000 during his lifetime to be invested for him; that, after his death, the administrators gave the lawyers $5,247.50 more for investment for the estate, and that, although the plaintiffs repeatedly demanded from each defendant the sum mentioned in the complaint, they got none of the money back. The affidavit of Mrs. Horstmann charges that each of the defendants—Wyckoff, Clarke & Frost—"wrongfully and maliciously misappropriated, embezzled, and converted to their own use and disposed of said sum of $17,247.50."

KILLED CELEBRATING LEGACY

A. B. Dunn Struck by Street Car After Entertaining Friends.

Alfred B. Dunn of 179 Linwood Street, East New York, who had dined several of his friends at the Highland Casino at Jamaico last night to celebrate his good fortune in receiving an inheritance recently, and had accompanied them later in a taxicab to a ball in Somers Hall at Rockaway Avenue and Somers Street, remained to finish a dance when his friends hurried out ahead of him to their taxicab. Leaving his partner, Dunn hurried after them, and running behind the cab he reached the trolley tracks, when a Hamburg Avenue car struck him and he was hurled ten yards by the impact.

At the Bushwick Hospital, where Dunn died at 11 o'clock, it was found his skull and hip had been fractured and he was hurt internally. Dunn, who was 40 years old, recently inherited a large amount of property from a relative, and he had since retired from business. He was not married.

Connecting Line Contracts Let.

Contracts for the construction of the last sections of the New York Connecting Railroad between Bowery Bay Road and the Long Island Railroad at Fresh Pond Junction have been awarded to the Wilson & English Construction Company of New York, and to P. McManus, Inc., of Philadelphia. This portion of the New York Connecting Line will be used for the movement of through freight traffic between the Pennsylvania and New Haven systems.

GIRL WITNESS TURNS LAUGH ON ABE LEVY

Was Trying to Cheer Up Aged Widow Smith, She Testifies in $100,000 Will Contest.

WOULD DO SAME TO LAWYER

"I'd Say to You, 'Cheer Up, Old Nut,'" Miss Barre Explains, and Leaves Stand Amid Merriment.

Surrogate Cohalan and a jury yesterday heard the contest to set aside the will of Mrs. Harriet W. Smith, widow of S. Newton Smith, banker and broker, which disposed of an estate of about $100,000. Two-fifths was left to Miss Mary Clarke, the nurse who cared for Mrs. Smith in her last illness, and three-fifths to Dr. F. Le Roy Satterlee, who attended her. No provision was made for Mrs. Antoinette W. Davis Brown, a niece, who is contesting the will.

Madeleine Barre, a librarian in the Public Library, and friend of Miss Clarke, took the stand and testified that Mrs. Smith had referred to Miss Clarke as "dear Mary" and had said she was very fond of the nurse; and that the aged woman had said that Dr. Satterlee was "a fine man." The witness told of visiting Mrs. Smith, and recited how the latter entered into the spirit of fun on these occasions.

"Did she ever sing?" asked George Malraison, a lawyer for the proponents.

"Yes, she sang once or twice," said the witness, who continued: "Mrs. Smith said that her niece, Mrs. Brown, treated her badly, pulled her hair, scratched her face and stole her jewels."

On cross-examination, Lawyer Abraham Levy, representing the contesting niece, inquired of the witness:

"What kind of songs did she sing, sacred?"

"I think they were sentimental."

"Doesn't it strike you as being a pathetic spectacle to hear a woman of 80 singing a sentimental ditty?" the lawyer asked. "Don't you think it a shame to make game—"

Before the question was finished the witness sharply answered:

"We were not making game of her. We were trying to cheer her up. Now, Mr. Levy, if I should see you under similar circumstances I wouldn't cry. I would say to you, 'Cheer up, old nut.'"

A burst of laughter stirred the courtroom, Surrogate Cohalan joining. Mr. Levy laughed heartily, bowed his acknowledgment of the situation, and Miss Barre left the witness stand.

Testimony of Miss Margaret Wright, a Boston nurse, referring to Mrs. Brown's putting a powder or liquid in the food of the aged testator, was stricken from the record because the nurse said she had failed to speak of the incidents to Mrs. Smith at the time. William J. McAvoy, a real estate operator of the Bronx, had testified that Mrs. Smith had told him that a niece had tried to poison her.

Leonard B. Smith, a lawyer and nephew of the decedent's husband, said he believed Mrs. Smith was never capable of managing her business affairs, but he thought her a woman of strong will. He thought Mrs. Brown had exercised some influence over Mrs. Smith. The case may go to the jury today.

"DETECTIVE" IN A TRAP.

Arrested with "Prisoner," and Ten Dozen Spoons Are Confiscated.

Working on a tip received at Police Headquarters that stolen silver was being stored in a saloon in Lexington Avenue, between Thirtieth and Fortieth Streets, Detective Hand went there last night to investigate.

Soon the door opened and a large man, who afterward said he was Frank Smith of 335 East Twenty-ninth Street, entered, holding the arm of a man who said he was Joseph Sweeney of 203 East Thirty-fourth Street, a bartender.

"I am a detective from the East Thirty-fifth Street Station. This is my prisoner. I'm here to get that silver," exclaimed Smith, according to Hand.

The bartender simply said, "Yes, Sir," and handed over a package. The two left the saloon and Hand arrested them outside the door. In the package were found ten dozen silverplated teaspoons. The two men were locked up at Police Headquarters as suspected persons.

Ptomaines Make Nine Ill.

Eight in the family of Abraham and Mary Cohen of 104 Suffolk Street and a boarder were taken ill with ptomaine poisoning yesterday afternoon after eating chopped meat. Abraham, who is 34 years old, became ill early in the afternoon, and Dr. Pomeranz was summoned from the hospital. At intervals throughout the afternoon and evening one after the other of the nine were troubled with severe pains. Finally Drs. Pomeranz and Fitzgerald went to the home and treated them all. They refused to go to the hospital.

MORE MIDDIES ACCUSED.

Twenty-three Defendants Now Before Court—Hazing Inquiry Started

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, June 28.—Seven midshipmen were added today to the list of defendants before the court of inquiry which is investigating the irregularities at the recent examination at the Academy, increasing the number now before the court to twenty-three. The new defendants are Midshipmen C. M. Reagle J. E. Waddell, Karl Keller, H. R. Whittaker, D. Glick, E. H. Jones, and W. H. Hopkins, Jr. They were brought before the court this morning and informed of their status by Captain Russell, the President.

Reagle is the midshipman who last week admitted that he entered doors and windows in the different departments to find out his marks. Midshipman Waddell admitted a number of visits to the department and one instance of taking unauthorized information. According to Reagle, Glick and Whittaker accompanied him on several of his trips to the different departments. Midshipman Hopkins is Reagle's roommate, and is said to have solved some of the examination questions which Reagle obtained improperly.

The cases against Jones and Glick are the same as those against the original defendants, namely, that they made use of the original papers, received through the mail by Midshipman Moss, which proved to be actual examination papers of the present year. Jones admitted that he saw these papers and used them to some degree in preparing for the examination. Kellar also stated in his testimony that he saw these papers in Harrison's room, copied them, and used them in preparing for the examination.

Admiral Fullam, Superintendent of the academy, ordered an investigation today to determine if the practice of hazing continues at the academy. This action was in pursuance of the policy of Admiral Fullam, assumed immediately upon his arrival at the academy and was not the result of any testimony before the court of inquiry.

The investigation began in a preliminary way. A number of members of the new fourth class were summoned before Commander Shackford, senior assistant to the commandant of midshipmen, and were asked to state if they had been hazed, and all they knew about the matter. Tomorrow Supt. Fullam will announce the composition of a board of investigation, and it is understood that it will begin its work at once.

It was learned here today that there was considerable hazing last Saturday and the previous Saturday, when the midshipmen from the practice ships were allowed ashore. Admiral Fullam is fully aroused over this matter.

RILEY SIFTS SING SING.

Superintendent Transfers Convicts, Leaving Osborne No Choice.

ALBANY, June 28.—The strained relations between Supt. of Prisons Riley and Warden Thomas Mott Osborne of Sing Sing approached a crisis today with the announcement at the Prison Department that seventy-six convicts, selected by Supt. Riley, would be transferred tomorrow from Sing Sing to Great Meadow Prison and thta seventy-six more, also selected by the Superintendent, would go to Auburn later in the week.

The special messenger who was sent to Sing Sing yesterday by Supt. Riley with the list of the convicts to be transferred returned to Albany today. The ostensible reason for sending a special messenger wtih the list was that no mail was delivered at Sing Sing on Sunday, and the Superintendent wished to give Warden Osborne twenty-four hours' notice.

Another story went the rounds of the Capitol today. It was said that when a transfer list was sent in the ordinary way by mail the trusties, who have been placed by Warden Osborne in charge of the mail, learned the names, and the information went quickly through the prison by the prison telegraph. The result was that every man whose name was on the list immediately resorted to tricks and appeals to prevent removal to a prison where discipline is more strict.

Formerly the prison Warden selected the convicts to be transferred. Supt. Riley had now taken charge of this matter, it was said at the department, because no response was made to several requests made to the Warden for names of men to be transfererd.

HAS NEW CROSSING PLAN.

Paterson to Fight Amendment of Commission's Order to Erie.

The City of Paterson is expected to make a vigorous protest against the granting of the application of the Erie Railroad made yesterday before the Board of Public Utility Commissioners in Newark. The company asks for a reopening of the Paterson grade crossing elimination order of the commission on the ground that a new plan has been devised.

Under the new plan the railroad would eliminate the Market Street grade crossing on the main line of the Erie by elevating the tracks and eliminate passenger traffic over the road between that point and westerly to Hawthorne by diverting traffic over the Paterson Branch of the New York, Susquehanna & Western and the main line of that road. The plan involves the elimination of the Strait Street Station of the Susquehanna.

Mr. Lincoln, General Manager of the road, said in reply to questions from City Counsel Edward F. Merrey that in effect the change would eliminate the crossings on the main line of the Erie west of the Market Street Station, but would not decrease the danger on the thirteen Susquehanna grade crossings. He declared that there would be no decrease in train service between New York and Paterson.

OFFER $5 A DAY TO WOMEN.

Queer Medical Cards Land Lacroix in Bellevue After Arrest.

Some one called Policeman Walsh of the Mercer Street Station into the tenement at 10 Carmine Street late yesterday afternoon and he found a man who said he was Andrew J. Lacroix of 34 Barrow Street presenting to an Italian woman a slip of paper on which was written his name and address, followed by the words "Williamsburg Medical Service Company, seamstresses, stenographers, houseworkers, widows, and all females out of work, $5 a day." Lacroix said he was soliciting patronage for his medical company.

In his pocket was a thick notebook filled with the names and addresses of women and girls in Eastern New York from Albany to this city. In the Barrow Street room, which he rented on Sunday night, the police found hundreds of slips of paper similar to the one Lacroix had been handing out in the tenement. Addresses in Amsterdam, Gloversville, Albany, and Brooklyn were on them. There were several letters from young women, one of whom wrote: "I would like to see you. If you meet me some night I will have my blonde friend along."

In a bag were bottles of medicine and vials labeled "cocoanut oil" and a large window sign marked "Williamsburg Medical Service Co." Lacroix, who said he was 67 years old, was sent to Bellevue Hospital for observation in the psychopathic ward.

LABOR CLEARING HOUSE.

Sears to Establish Bureau for Eastern United States and Canada.

Superintendent Walter L. Sears of the City of New York Public Employment Bureau has formulated a plan for the establishment of a labor clearing house for Eastern United States and Canada, with New York City as headquarters.

The members of the clearing house will maintain an attitude of strict neutrality with regard to labor troubles, and in no case will help be sent from one city to another where a strike or lockout or other labor trouble is known to exist. Superintendent Sears says that eventually a country-wide organization will be provided for. The applicant for employment will be saved the expense of traveling from city to city in search of employment, unless a suitable opportunity is open for him. An applicant for employment may learn through his local bureau of opportunities for employment in any of the cities where these bureaus are located. Employers will also benefit to the extent of having their wants known in one or any number of these bureaus. Officials representing public employment bureaus in more than thirty cities will be members of the clearing house.

Saving a Year's Rent

is sometimes due simply to an idea. That is why it pays an owner of Manhattan real estate to consult a live renting and managing organization. We can tell you of one idea that filled an entire building. Will you put your problem up to us?

WM. A. WHITE & SONS
Established 1868
46 Cedar Street

Parties with broad acquaintance and in good standing, experienced in handling engineering specialties, desire to get into communication with concern wishing representation in the Chicago District.

Address: C. R.,
1531 First National
Bank Building,
Chicago.

Bludwine HEALTH DRINK
NO ALCOHOL: NO DRUGS:
FROM FRUITS & GRAINS
BLUDWINE DISTRIBUTORS
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50 Church St., N. Y.

CHARGE PURCHASES MADE NOW, BILLED AUGUST 1st.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue, 46th and 47th Sts.

Wonderful Value-giving Events

In Fashionable Apparel—at fractions of former prices—

$45 to $85 Suits—$15, $25, $35
An unusually large selection, of very desirable styles.
($95 to $235 Model Suits—$45, $65, $95)

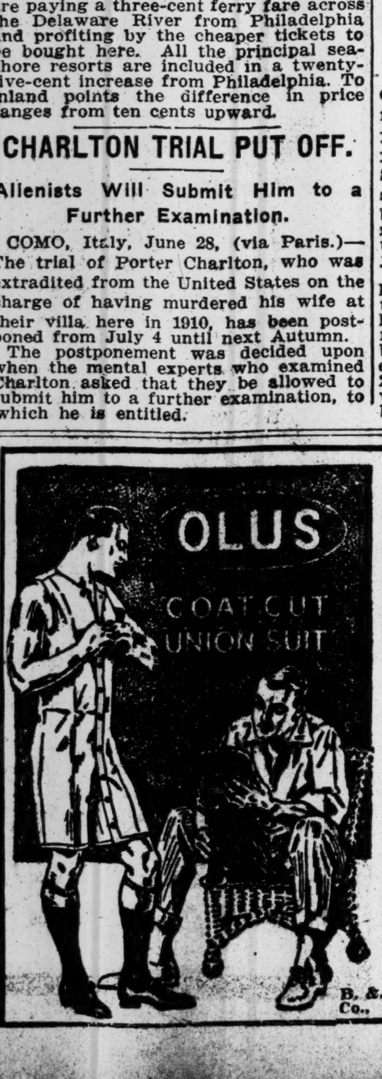
$125 to $175 Gowns—$45
Of exquisite materials—a special group, slightly soiled from showing.
($175 to $375 Model Gowns—$65, $95)

$35 to $125 Dresses—$18, $28, $38
Street and afternoon styles, of silk and cloth.

$45 to $75 Coats—$18, $25, $35
Remaining styles from diverse lines suitable for motor and general wear.
$65 to $125 Limousine Coats—$45, $55, $65

$10 to $25 Blouses—$6, $8, $12
Delightful mid-season styles, in net lace and lingerie.

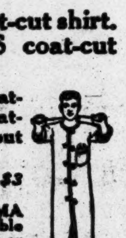
A Special Sale of
$15 to $25 Hats—at $5
Tailored and semi-dress effects, especially suitable for traveling, motor-wear, street service, etc.
($25 and $35 Garden Hats at $10 and $15)



OLUS IS COAT-CUT
- Opens all the way down the leg.
- Coat-cut means easy to put on and take off.
- OLUS is the simplest union suit—but one thickness of material anywhere.
- You wear a coat-cut shirt. Try the OLUS coat-cut union suit.
- OLUS coat-cut is patented. If it isn't coat-cut, it isn't OLUS, but a substitute.

$1, $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3

OLUS ONE-PIECE PAJAMA for lounging and comfortable sleep. No strings to tighten or come loose. $1.50 and up.
For Men and Women
B. & J. Burgheimer, Philips-Jones Co., Inc., Wholesale Distributors.



R. H. Macy & Co.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices

Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

SENNIT BRAIDS
All Sizes
All Shapes
All New

Every Hat measures up to the Macy standard of quality. Hats you paid $2.00 or more for elsewhere a month ago.

Men's Store, 35th St. Entrance

Just Received!

Men's Store, 35th St. Entrance

A Lot of Men's Brand New Imported Straw Hats

1,200 Hats in the lot. Every one a brand-new one, bright, clean, and stylish. The chance of the Summer to buy a hat to replace that browned and soiled one.

These hats are real "London Straws." The original label is in the crown of each hat. None are freakish, but all are up-to-the-minute and highly desirable.

These hats are so good and the price so low you should get one even if you are not yet ready to discard your early season purchase.

Macy's Price
94c

Every Hat is an European model—intended for regular selling. But they arrived late and you reap the benefit.

R. H. Macy & Co.

what is the LILY cup?

a round rigid & speckless paper glass, stiffened by little pleats, sterilized and waterproofed by an outer coat of pure white wax. it is the nicest "individual."

public service cup co.
the bush terminal, brooklyn

"The war has made much talk and thought of export business." William Maxwell, Vice President of Thomas A. Edison, Incorporated, gives some good practical advice, based on experience, in DEVELOPING FOREIGN BUSINESS in this week's

Collier's 5¢ a copy
THE NATIONAL WEEKLY

Influence

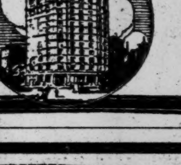
Women have more influence on purchases by men than vice versa. Perhaps one reason is that most of a man's time is taken up *earning* money.

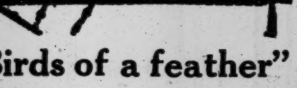
Consider how much influence your wife has in the matter of your wearing apparel and how little you have as to hers.

Mr. W. Hooper of Rogers, Peet Company recently said: "Nowadays it is recognized that women do more buying than men. Even in a man's store women do much of the buying. They buy almost all the underwear for the men and a good many of his neckties. They do not buy a man's suits, but they are very apt to be with him when he buys a suit. When a man has a woman with him, the clerk should sell to the woman."

Increasingly, manufacturers are profiting by the influence of women, obtained through Butterick publications.

BUTTERICK





"Birds of a feather"

After all it is not remarkable that you generally find the *best* cars covered with tops of

Genuine
Pantasote

The manufacturer who puts *his own best* into his cars provides the *best* he can *find* in top material.

Genuine Pantasote is the top material that is *known* for the perfect shelter it provides, for its ability to withstand the hardships of all weather, folding and misuse and for lasting neatness which is in harmony with a handsome car.

It stays *new*—it keeps the car looking *new*.

The Pantasote Company
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TENDER SENSITIVE SKINS

Quickly Soothed by Cuticura. Nothing Better. Trial Free.

Especially when preceded by a hot bath with Cuticura Soap. Many comforting things these fragrant supercreamy emollients may do for the skin. Sample of each free by mail. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. 5, Boston. Sold throughout the world.

POMPEIAN OLIVE OIL
ALWAYS FRESH
PURE-SWEET-WHOLESOME

GLEN ISLAND
WILL BE OPENED THIS WEEK.

BRYAN'S SPEECH WAS NOT WANTED

Meeting of the Sons of Teutons Canceled, He Learns on Reaching Chicago.

DIDN'T WANT PEACE TALK

But an Address on Stopping Exportation of Ammunition—Bryan Tells of His Plans.

CHICAGO, June 28.—A meeting of the Sons of Teutons which was to have been held here tonight with William Jennings Bryan as one of the speakers was postponed. Mr. Bryan, who was on his way to Lincoln, Neb., was to stop over here for the meeting, but after a conference with G. F. Hummel, Chairman of the Committee on Arrangements, resumed his journey.

"The subject on which Mr. Bryan was to talk was really a minor matter," said Mr. Hummel. "We wanted him to talk on the exportation of ammunition and he offered to repeat his New York address on 'Peace.' That talk would do us no good. Stop the exportation of munitions of war and there would be peace in a month. The meeting has been postponed, not because of Mr. Bryan so much as because it appeared doubtful if the Coliseum could be prepared to hold the crowd."

Chairman Hummel and members of the Committee on Arrangements met Mr. Bryan at the railway station upon his arrival and explained that the proposed meeting had been called off.

Mr. Bryan declined to discuss the action of the committee further than to say that it was due to a misunderstanding. He referred all questioners to members of the committee.

Mr. Bryan left for Lincoln, Neb., at 6 o'clock, where he will remain a few days before going to San Francisco and Seattle, where he has a number of speaking engagements beginning July 5. He expects to return to Chicago on Labor Day to speak at the unveiling of the monument to former Governor John P. Altgeld.

In speaking of his plans Mr. Bryan said: "Nebraska will be our home. I shall do my voting there. We shall spend our Winters in Miami, Fla., and our Summers at Asheville, N. C. I shall spend as much time lecturing as may be necessary. It will not be more than three months a year. I expect to devote some time each year speaking to students at colleges on subjects connected with citizenship. I shall continue my newspaper editorials. The rest of my time will be reserved for such work as may seem to be necessary."

SAN FRANCISCO, June 28.—William Jennings Bryan, former Secretary of State, has accepted an invitation to deliver an address at a mass meeting to be arranged by the American Independence Union here for July 8, it was announced today. Mr. Bryan will also be the orator at a Fourth of July celebration next Monday.

The American Independence Union seeks to present fairly the German view of proper American neutrality.

REPRINTS BRYAN SYMPOSIUM.

The Times Collection of Editorial Comment Published in London.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 28.—The remarkable collection of editorial comments from all parts of the United States on Bryan's resignation as Secretary of State is quoted to the extent of a column in today's London Times, which cites 17 Democratic, 17 Republican, 3 Progressive, and 13 independent newspapers from THE NEW YORK TIMES of June 14, as reflecting "the opinion of a wide area politically and territorially."

The comments of the German-American papers collected by THE NEW YORK TIMES are not quoted in The London Times summary.

ALARMS OUT FOR TWO BOYS.

Emanuel Miles and Irving Friedman Missed at Homes.

General alarms have been sent out for Irving Friedman, 9 years old, of 542 East Fifty-second Street, who has been missing since Friday, and Emanuel Miles, 17, of 110 West 113th Street, who disappeared Saturday.

Friedman, who is the adopted son of Max Friedman, a leather manufacturer, ran away two weeks ago to the home of an aunt at Bath Beach, but returned a day later. He went to Public School 96 at Eighty-first and Avenue A and attended there last Friday. He had a dark complexion, brown hair and unusually large eyes. He wore a white sailor blouse, blue knickerbockers, black shoes and stockings and a blue cap. He was a member of the Mitchel troop of Boy Scouts.

Miles, is five feet, two inches tall, weighs 135 pounds and has brown eyes and dark hair. He wore a blue suit, white shirt and straw hat.

City's Death Rate Lower.

The Department of Health reports there were 1,277 deaths and a death rate of 11.47 per one thousand of the population last week as against 1,258 deaths and a rate of 11.75 in the corresponding week of 1914, an increase in the absolute number of deaths of 19 and a decrease in the rate of .28 of a point, which is equivalent to a relative decrease of 31 deaths. The only noteworthy feature of the week's mortality was the increase in the deaths from measles and bronchopneumonia, both causes being intimately associated with each other.

Hart's Island Boys Recover.

All but one of the reformatory inmates who were stricken with poisoning on Sunday while watching a baseball game on Hart's Island, left the hospital yesterday morning. Correction Commissioner Katharine B. Davis has started an investigation as to how the boys were able to break into the hospital and steal the poison which made more than forty of them unconscious.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Allen's Foot=Ease for the Troops

Over 100,000 packages of Allen's Foot=Ease, the antiseptic powder to Shake into your Shoes or dissolve in the foot-bath, are being used by the German and Allied troops at the front. It rests the feet, prevents friction of the shoe and gives instant relief to swollen, tired, hot feet. Don't go to the California Expositions without a supply of Allen's Foot=Ease. It makes walking a delight. Sold everywhere, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

BASEBALL
Is Our Specialty.
BATS, BALLS, GLOVES
All the Taylor kind, only the best.
ALEX. TAYLOR & CO. INC.
26 E. 42d St. Ph. 7077 Mur. Hill

TEARS DOWN HAVANA "ADS."

Mayor Destroys American Property and Minister Gonzales Protests.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, June 28.—United States Minister Gonzales has made an energetic protest to the State Department at Washington because the Mayor of Havana is having the police tear down the signs of the Havana Advertising Company, an American concern, while rival Cuban companies are allowed to proceed in putting up posters.

Mr. Gonzales calls attention to the fact that the American company, operating under the general law of the country, has made contracts in the United States and Cuba, and that if it cannot fulfill these contracts it will lose large sums of money. Then he says: "Under these circumstances it appears to me that in destroying their property and preventing them from carrying on business, the Mayor is doing them an injury which, even if later decided to be illegal, cannot be compensated for, although the treasury of the City of Havana held more money than it actually has for its use. Justice demands in a case of this sort if the city means to abolish the advertisement boards, it should first establish its right to do so. Then having the right it should notify those engaged in this business in accordance with the law, allowing them sufficient time to fulfill their contracts and protect their commercial reputation."

The Mayor's action has become notorious, the rival Cuban company being allowed to use spaces which the American company leased

SING SING FOR GONDORF.

Leader of Wire-Tapping Gang Sentenced for Swindles.

Fred Gondorf, one of the leaders of the Gondorf wire-tapping gang, was sentenced to Sing Sing for not less than one year and four months nor more than ten years by Judge Malone in General Sessions yesterday. His brother, Charles, is serving a term in Sing Sing.

There were several charges against Gondorf. The most recent was brought by William J. O'Reilly of Montreal, who said that Gondorf got $17,400 from him by posing as a betting commissioner and getting him to put up the money on a horse race. Gondorf was about to go to trial on that charge when he pleaded guilty to swindling William F. Davis, of Absecon, N. J., out of $8,000.

Judge Malone, in pronouncing sentence, said that a wise application of the indeterminate sentence law would be a guarantee against any further criminal activity on Gondorf's part for ten years. He made it clear that he has little sympathy for complainants who lose their money on betting transactions.

"There is little, the court thinks," he said, "to choose between the complainant and the defendant in point of morals or social decency. To all intents, both might be denominated not unfairly 'plain common swindlers,' for the defendant and the complainant were assuredly conspiring together, embarked, as it seems, in a general swindling project.

"In the contest of wits, the rogues who lose in such case invariably become the complainants and the prosecution's witnesses, while the rogue who wins becomes the prisoner at the bar. Fortunately, no honest man is affected injuriously by the conduct or acts of either. Under the circumstances ordinarily it might be thought that both the complainant and the defendant should be allowed to stew in their own grease, but our criminal machinery is not to be set in motion or employed for the individual alone, but for the great body of the people of the State."

James Fitzgerald, another member of the Gondorf gang, who pleaded guilty to a similar charge, was not sentenced yesterday because he is ill in Bellevue.

GIRL KILLED BY TRAIN.

Companion's Skirt Is Run Over, but She Escapes Injury.

Miss Adelane Cummings, 19 years old, living with her parents at 8 Webster Avenue, Jersey City Heights, was killed at 9 o'clock last night by a West Shore Railroad freight train at the First Street crossing in Hoboken, N. J., about 300 feet from the railway station. Miss Christine Springer, 18 years old, of 130 Hopkins Avenue, Jersey City Heights, saved herself by jumping from the track, and fainted beside the rails. Part of the bottom of her skirt was cut off by the engine as it swept by, but she was uninjured.

When the young women reached the street crossing the gates had been lowered. They passed beneath the gate and had reached one of the six tracks at that point when Miss Springer saw the headlight of the approaching engine. She tried to drag Miss Cummings from danger, but the latter, frightened and confused, hesitated, and Miss Springer was almost drawn beneath the wheels with her friend, who was mutilated by the entire train passing over her.

Police Captain Garrick and A. J. Volk, Morgue keeper of Hoboken, had taken the body for removal, when the Jersey City police notified them that the accident had occurred inside the Jersey City line, and forbade them to act. After crowds had gathered and the body had been held for two hours, permission was given by the Jersey City police for an undertaker to remove it.

MULCTS CITY FOR $4,263.

J. I. Moore, Hurt by One of Its Autos, Gets Verdict for Damages.

Joseph I. Moore, Jr., of 225 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, a bookkeeper in the city Department of Finance, got a verdict for $4,263 against the city yesterday from a jury in the Bronx County Court in a suit before Justice Giegerich for injuries he suffered on Aug. 12, 1913, when he was struck by an automobile in which were riding Thomas Higgins, then Bronx Park Commissioner, and Cyrus Miller, then Borough President of the Bronx.

Four of Moore's ribs were fractured, and he remained in a hospital more than a month. He brought suit for $100,000. Moore was seated in a grandstand back of the Bronx Borough Hall when struck by the automobile, which backed down a steep incline.

ZIONISTS IN A ROW AT BIG CONVENTION

Attempt to Limit Representation at Proposed New Congress Causes Turmoil at Boston.

FAVORED BY NEW YORKERS

But Majority of Delegates Oppose Resolutions Passed by Jewish Committee of This City.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 28.—The Zionists Federation had a strenuous session this forenoon. The Provisional Committee had decided to call an American Jewish Congress to consider steps to be taken to obtain full status for the Jews in all lands and other matters of deep interest to the Jews of the world. Confusion started as soon as the meeting was called to order by President Lipsky today, and the following resolution for the Provisional Committee was introduced:

"The Provisional Committee having on May 9, 1915, declared itself in favor of convening into an American Jewish Congress on the democratic basis, this conference of the constituent organizations of the Provisional Committee approves that declaration of policy. In furtherance thereof, it urges the Provisional Committee to invite the coöperation of other national Jewish organizations in the United States to issue a joint call for an American Jewish Congress, which shall consider the proper steps to be taken to obtain full civil status for the Jews in all lands and the further development of a home land for the Jewish people in Palestine."

Dr. Lipsky read the resolution of the American Jewish Committee in New York calling for a conference at Washington, D. C., in November to consider the conditions of "our brethren in belligerent lands." The resolutions limit the official attendance to 150 delegates, and suggest that a special committee of seven members be appointed to select such organizations as shall be officially represented at the conference.

There were many calls for recognition by the Chair after the reading of this communication. It appeared that many of the Zionist delegates did not approve of so small a representation at this conference. The Chair lost control of the situation and was accused of recognizing only certain factions among the would-be speakers. While a dozen men were calling for recognition, Dr. Solis Cohen of Philadelphia was recognized, and he succeeded in bringing about order.

Dr. Cohen pointed out the facility with which, he said, Jews disagree on unimportant questions and moved that a resolution be adopted providing that the Provisional Committee and the officers of the Federation be requested to confer with the American Jewish Committee to arrange a meeting on a basis satisfactory to all.

The Chairman read the following resolution, which he said the Provisional Committee adopted at its session yesterday:

"This conference of the organizations of the Provisional Committees urges the Provisional Committee to invite the coöperation of other national Jewish organizations in the United States to issue a joint call for an American Jewish Congress, to secure civil status for the Jews in all lands and the further development of a home land for the Jewish people in Palestine."

This resolution looked to several delegates like a slap at the Jewish Committee in New York, and disorder was renewed for a time, but the Chairman finally declared the debate closed and the whole subject referred to the Provisional Committee.

Various societies held meetings during the day. At the Seventh Annual Convention of the Order of Sons of Zion in behalf of the State, Frank H. Hardison, Massachusetts Insurance Commissioner, was a speaker.

The Boston Hadassah lunch was held this afternoon, followed by a business meeting.

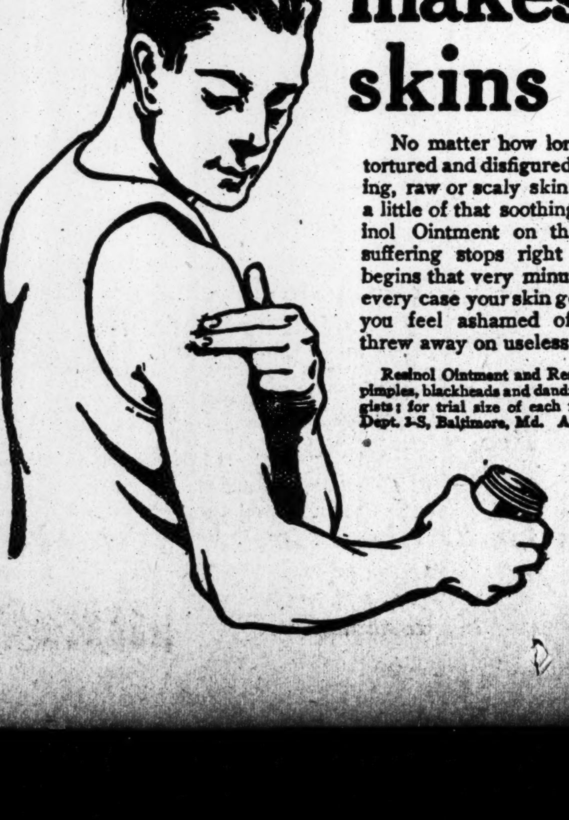
At the dinner in Mechanics' Hall tonight, at which 1,400 persons were present, the speakers were Louis D. Brandies, Nathan Straus, Dr. Stephen Wise, Dr. Epstein, Judge Mack, Mr. Captin, Jacob De Hass, Dr. S. Levine, Charles Stracher, Nasi Barondess, R. S. Magioles, and Mr. Lipsky.

Several of the speakers laid emphasis on the leadership of Louis D. Brandeis of this city, saying that it was to him that the Jews of the world looked for direction in the fulfillment of their hope once more to inhabit Palestine. Mr. Brandeis told the gathering that the new Zion would be a land in which people would be free, and in which the principles of democracy, righteousness, and social justice would prevail. Women and men will have equal rights and equal duties in the new Jewish commonwealth, the speaker asserted.

Rabbi Stephen S. Wise of New York, direted a collection of funds for the support of the movement. As a result of his plea for pledges of at least $50,000 within the next year, $91,000 was subscribed. It was announced that Mr. and Mrs. Julius Rosenwald of Chicago would give $1,100 a month during the continuation of the war, and the same amount for one year after. An anonymous donor in New York gave $6,000. Samuel Untermyer and Eugene Meyer, Jr., of that city, pledged $3,000 each.

Miss Crosman Out of Bankruptcy.

Henrietta Crosman, the actress, was yesterday granted a discharge from bankruptcy by Judge Augustus N. Hand in the United States District Court. Miss Crosman, who in private life is Mrs. Maurice Campbell, wife of the theatrical producer, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy on Jan. 18. Her liabilities were stated in the petition as $17,670, and her assets at $86,000, consisting solely of a claim against her husband, who himself went into bankruptcy at the same time. This is the actress' second discharge from bankruptcy, the first time being on a petition filed Dec. 30, 1907.



Resinol
makes sick skins well

No matter how long you have been tortured and disfigured by itching, burning, raw or scaly skin humors, just put a little of that soothing, antiseptic Resinol Ointment on the sores and the suffering stops right there! Healing begins that very minute, and in almost every case your skin gets well so quickly you feel ashamed of the money you threw away on useless treatments.

Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap clear away pimples, blackheads and dandruff. Sold by all druggists; for trial size of each free, write to Resinol, Dept. 3-S, Baltimore, Md. Avoid imitations.

CONFESSES MURDER PLOT

But Walter Says Forney, Not He, Struck Schneider.

PITTSBURGH, June 28.—George McHenry, a waiter of Washington, D. C., who was arrested and brought here in connection with a murderous attack made upon Franklin T. Schneider, a wealthy candy manufacturer, was questioned for six hours late today by the police. He at first maintained his innocence, but finally broke down and made a complete confession, according to Captain Homer E. Crooks of the Detective Department.

McHenry, according to the police, admitted that he was with Thomas G. Forney, the Washington attorney and son-in-law of Mr. Schneider, at the time the attack was made. He denied, however, that he had struck the candy manufacturer with a hammer, as alleged by Forney in his statement, but asserted that the hammer was in Forney's hands at the time.

About three months ago, McHenry said, Forney met him on the street and told him of a plot to kill Mr. Schneider. McHenry, according to the police, said he accompanied Forney to his office, where a promissory note for $4,000 was drawn up, and this was given to McHenry.

"He said I would receive the full amount if I disposed of the old man and put him out of the road," McHenry is alleged to have said in his statement to the police.

A telegram was sent tonight to the Washington authorities requesting that McHenry's room be searched in an effort to find the promissory note. Two hours later a reply was received, saying that the note had been found and that it was being sent to the Pittsburg authorities.

Forney and McHenry have a hearing on Wednesday on charges of felonious assault, with intent to kill. Steps were taken tonight to obtain the return of Harry C. Carlisle, who was arrested in Atlantic City today in connection with the case. It is understood that extradition papers will be necessary before Carlisle can be brought here.

SHIFT BOOK CO.'S CONTROL.

Banks Loan $500,000 and Will Manage Scranton Enterprise.

Special to The New York Times.

SCRANTON, June 28.—About 150 of the 8,000 or more stockholders of the Itnernational Textbook Company learned today at the annual meeting of stockholders held in the company's offices here that there was no prospect of dividends for several years. They also learned that a number of Scranton bankers had agreed to loan the company $500,000, taking in exchange notes of the company repayable at the rate of $20,000 a month after next February, and also the entire bond issue of $1,000,000. Until this debt is repaid no dividend can be paid. Other things which the stockholders were were present learned were these:

That of the total amount of assets of the International Text Book Company, given as more than $16,000,000 in the annual reports submitted by Thomas J. Foster, President of the company and founder of the International Correspondent Schols, which the text book company owns, only $49,000 was in actual cash.

That it had been decided that the financial management of the company should be turned over to persons other than Mr. Foster and his associates. In accordance with this plan six Scranton bankers and business men who arranged for the $500,000 loan, were elected Directors of the International Text Book Company today, giving them a majority control of the corporation's Board of Directors.

The connection of T. J. Foster and several other members of the Board of Directors with other concerns not allied in any way with education came in for severe criticism at today's meeting from several stockholders, and they were hardly pacified on learning that one of the conditions of the loan by the banks was that not a penny of the money could be used to help out any of the Foster subsidiaries or side issues.

EARTHQUAKE BLOCKS CANAL

Severe Shocks Augment Slide and Tie Up Shipping.

Special to The New York Times.

PANAMA, June 28.—Two severe earthquakes shocks at 3:25 this morning badly frightened tourists on the steamship Kroonland, which is tied up in the canal on the way from San Francisco to New York. The earthquake also augmented a small slide which occurred last Friday and the canal is now blocked except for vessels of lighter draft.

The Kroonland, scheduled to sail this morning, was unable to go through the Culebra Cut, and the condition may hold a large number of tourists here for a week longer.

CANAL PERSONNEL CHANGES

Officers of Zone's Operating Department Go Back to Sea Duty.

PANAMA, June 28.—Changes among the high officers of the Panama Canal, indicating a complete reorganization of the personnel of the operating department of the Canal Zone, were announced today.

Commander H. V. Butler, Captain of the Port of Balboa, left the Isthmus today on a leave of absence. On the expiration of his leave the commander will be reassigned to naval duty. Commander Douglas E. Dismukes, Port Captain at Cristobal, will return to a navy detail at an early date. Captain Hugh Rodman, Marine Superintendent, also will return to sea duty soon.

Bermuda Cable Reopened.

The Western Union Telegraph Company announced last night that the regular Halifax and Bermuda cable, which had been interrupted for the past three weeks, is now operating, and that rates to Bermuda and Turk's Island are again normal.

TELLS HOW BATHTUB VICTIM MET DEATH

London Lodging House Keeper Describes Tragic End of Smith's Third Wife.

SCENE ENACTED IN COURT

Bathtub Exhibited Again by the Crown—Victim Was Insured for $3,500.

LONDON, June 28.—The tragic conditions surrounding the death of Margaret Lofty, the third of the women who married George Joseph Smith and who met their death in a bathtub, was described today at the Old Bailey Police Court when the hearing of the case was resumed. Miss Blatch, the landlady of a Highgate lodging house, told the story. Smith and Margaret Lofty engaged rooms from Miss Blatch in the name of Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd.

After describing the preparations made for the fatal bath for Mrs. Lloyd, Miss Blatch went on to say she was in the kitchen immediately below the bathroom when she heard some one go upstairs. A few minutes later she heard sounds of splashing from the bathroom and a noise as if some one was moving a body about in the tub. Then she heard the sound of a sigh.

"This sigh was the last thing I heard from the bathroom," Miss Blatch said.

The witness then went on to say how she heard the organ being played in the front sitting room. Then the front door was banged. Shortly afterward the front door bell rung. She opened the door, and Smith, the prisoner, entered, and went upstairs. After going a few steps he called out something, and then turned to Miss Blatch and said:

"My God, there is no answer!" He entered the bathroom and shouted out to Miss Blatch: "She is in her bath; come and help me."

When Miss Blatch got to the bathroom Smith had Mrs. Lloyd in his arms. The landlady at once summoned a doctor and a policeman.

The now familiar scene with a bathtub as its central figure was re-enacted in court, this time with the bathtub in which the third alleged victim died. Dr. Bates, who saw Mrs. Lloyd professionally, both before and after her death, repeated the evidence he gave at the inquest, adding that when he found the woman dead on the bathroom floor, the prisoner remarked to him: "I hope the verdict won't be suicide. I should not like to have it said that my wife was insane."

Evidence was given that Margaret Lofty was buried in Potter's Field, and an attorney who was called as a witness told how the prisoner had brought in her will and an insurance policy for $3,500 on her life. A Coroner's officer had previously stated Smith had declared his wife was not insured.

Dr. Spilsbury was giving expert evidence when the court adjourned.

M. B. Faris Crushed by Car.

Martin B. Faris, a lawyer, of 30 Garden Place, Brooklyn, with an office at 141 Broadway, Manhattan, was caught between a north and a south bound surface car on Broadway at Vesey Street yesterday morning and painfully injured. He was rushed to the Volunteer Hospital, at Beekman and Water Streets, where he was found to be suffering from severe contusions of the right hip and chest. He was taken to his home in the afternoon.

IN NEW JERSEY.

NEWARK.—Herman Smith, 54 years old, of Philadelphia, was struck by an automobile yesterday and taken to St. Barnabas's Hospital fatally injured. Norman Burch of 60 Burnet Street, owner of the automobile, was paroled.

JERSEY CITY.—Pasquale Coccarne, 42 years old, was put on trial before Judge Mark A. Sullivan in the Common Pleas Court for the murder of Michael Starmo on March 21.

JERSEY CITY.—Clarence Meeks of 69 Broadway, Woodcliff, was appointed Park Commissioner yesterday by County Judge Mark A. Sullivan and George C. Tennant. He is a Republican and succeeds Edward Fry.

JERSEY CITY.—A cat overturned a lamp on Sunday morning and the home of Mrs. Constantina Pomaska at 30 Golden Street was destroyed by fire.

JERSEY CITY.—Samuel Schumer, after quarreling with his wife, drank carbolic acid at his home, 217 Fourteenth Street, yesterday, and died in the Jersey City Hospital.

PATERSON.—Henry Davies, a painter of 312 Madison Avenue, was drowned while swimming in the Passaic River yesterday.

PATERSON.—Morris Razell started suit for $10,000 damages against John S. Ford, Verne M. Heinlin, and George Rome yesterday for injuries suffered when Rome's automobile collided with the bus in which he was riding, owned by the other two men.

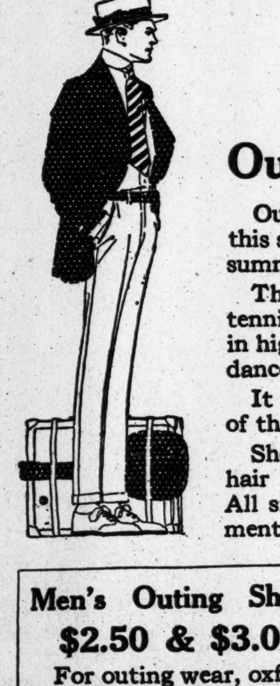
PASSAIC.—Policeman Charles Reilly of Wallington arrested three New Yorkers for playing poker by candle light on the Wallington A. A. baseball field at 2 o'clock yesterday morning. Recorder Nicholas Beery released them after a lecture.

MONTCLAIR.—Miss Elsie M. Dwyer received an opal pendant from the Montclair High School Alumni Association yesterday to commemorate her twenty-five years service in the school.

MONTCLAIR.—The Montclair Civic Association plans to co-operate with the Housewives League to establish a municipal market here. This is a move to lower the cost of living and will allow the women to buy direct from the farmers.

HACKENSACK.—Mrs. Anna Fakes, 43 years old, wife of William Fakes, a butcher, committed suicide last night. She was despondent from ill health.

CAMDEN.—Mrs. Filimeno Russo, 22 years old, was struck by a train of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad yesterday and died later in the Cooper Hospital.



ALL CARS TRANSFER TO THE HOME OF TRUTH

Bloomingdale's
59th to 60th St. Lex. to 3d Av.

Outing Trousers, $3.66

Outing trousers are having their inning this season more than for several previous summers.

They are to be seen, not only at the tennis courts and promenades, but are in high favor for evening wear at informal dances.

It is unusual to find outing trousers of this quality at this low price.

Shown in plain white or white with hair line stripes in flannel or worsted. All sizes up to 42 inches waist measurement.

Second Floor.

Men's Outing Shoes, $2.50 & $3.00

For outing wear, oxfords of tan Russia calf or white canvas are correct. Lace style, with rubber soles and heels. Those of tan calf are frequently worn to business by well dressed men.

Second Floor.

Suit Cases, $4.95 to $9.95

Made of black duck—now in great demand. Deep, roomy, and holds almost as much as a small trunk. Fitted with inner tray and pocket. Cretonne lined. Suitable for week-ends, vacation or auto use.

Main Floor.

ASKS AID OF THE CLERGY.

Security League Urges Them to Advocate National Preparedness.

The National Security League yesterday sent letters to the clergymen of this city requesting their aid in the nation-wide campaign to secure adequate preparation for national defense. "The duty of preparedness" or "peace through preparedness" were suggested as topics which might properly form the basis of a patriotic sermon next Sunday. The letter was also made public in the form of an appeal to all clergymen in the United States.

"The single purpose of the league," the letter stated, "is to create a public sentiment to which Congress will respond by adopting the defense plans prepared by the military and naval experts and which are ample for national security." Copies of the letter were also addressed to the Captains at West Point and Annapolis, and at the army posts and upon the battleships. Accompanying it was an abstract from the report issued by the General Board of the navy and the General Staff of the army.

JULY DIVIDENDS

For an assured income and absolute guarantee of both principal and interest buy our

5% GUARANTEED MORTGAGES
"The best of all known investments"

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital, Surplus & Pr. $9,000,000
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
184 Montague Street, Brooklyn

GREENHUT'S
J. B. GREENHUT COMPANY.
"THE BIG STORE"
BOTH SIDES SIXTH AVE., 18TH TO 19TH STREET
"Meet me at the Fountain"

Trustees' Sales
(By Order of the United States District Court)

Today's Bargains

Representative of Thousands of Others Here

All Charge Purchases Made Today and Tomorrow Will be Entered on Bills Rendered August 1

If you are not a charge customer you can enjoy the convenience of an account by applying to our Department of Accounts.

(Because of the crowds in attendance we cannot guarantee to fill mail or telephone orders on these items.)

50 S&H Green Trading Stamps FREE today with purchases of $1 or more. Present Coupon.

THIS COUPON GOOD TODAY

Cut out this coupon. It is good for 50 (FIFTY) S&H Green Trading Stamps FREE with purchase of $1 or more today, Tuesday, June 29.

These 50 FREE Stamps are of the same kind as those which you would ordinarily obtain with your purchases.

N. Y. T., 6-29-15. J. B. Greenhut Co.

57

$60 Diamond Cluster Rings—women's and misses'; exquisite clusters of 9 cut diamonds; ring is 14-kt. gold, and the diamonds are set in platinum; sale	$32
Men's & Women's $7.50 Gold Filled Case Watches—10 year; open face; plain or engine turned; guaranteed 7-jewel movement	$5
$1.50 Gold Filled Cuff Links—a large variety of styles	50c
75c Yd. Shadow Lace All-Overs—36 inches wide	49c
19c to 59c Mesh Veilings—in lengths of 1 and 1¼ yards; each	12½c
Women's & Misses' $3 & $3.50 Pumps—combination effects in black and white, gray and black, fawn and tan; also patent leather Colonial Pumps; all sizes and widths; sale	$1.75
Boys' & Girls' $1.25 & $1.50 Barefoot Sandals	79c
Misses' & Children's $1 & $1.25 White Canvas Pumps—two strap, ankle strap and "Mary Jane" styles; sizes up to 2	79c

Women's & Misses' $14.75 to $22.50
Taffeta Dresses
Sale $10, $12.75 & $14.75

The cleverest new models with chic coatees, fancy vestees and embroidery lace collars.

CHIFFON TAFFETA, STRIPED TAFFETA, SHEPHERD CHECKED TAFFETA and BROCADED POMPADOUR TAFFETA. All the new colors; also black and white.

All sizes for women and misses.

A Remarkable Collection of Women's and Misses' Handsome Dresses—made to retail at $5.95, $6.75 and $7.50; will be sold today at	$4.95
Girls' $1.50 Tub Dresses—sizes 6 to 14 years	$1
New Middy Blouses—sizes 6 to 22 years; at	$1
2000 Men's Summer Suits—regularly sold at $12 to $22.50; for	$8.95 & $11.85
Men's $7.75 Genuine Panama Suits—sale	$4.45
Men's & Youths' Trousers—cassimeres and worsteds; plain or cuff bottoms; a remarkable choice for business and dress wear	$2 & $2.65
Boys' $4.50 to $6 All Wool Blue Serge Suits—full lined knicker trousers; sizes 7 to 17 years	$3.45, $3.75, $4.65
The Finest 50c Neckwear for Men—open end or reversible four-in-hand cravats	29c
$10 Traveling Trunks—canvas covered; hardwood slats; large brass clamps and corners; bound with hard fibre; two straps over body; choice of 32, 34 & 36 inch size; sale	$7.45
$5.50 Black Crepe Leather Traveling Bags—Oxford style; choice of 16 and 18 inch sizes	$4.35

Tub Dresses for Girls

79c Dresses at 59c | $1 Dresses at 79c | $1.50 Dresses at $1

All of these are handsomely trimmed, and only the newest styles are represented, in the most attractive and serviceable materials, including Ginghams, Percales, Chambrays, Linenes, in correct colors, checks, stripes and plaids. Sizes 6 to 14 years.

Engraved Plate and 50 Cards—name only, in script type; regularly 85c; sale	48c
100 Wedding Invitations or Announcements—in script type; limit ten lines, with inside and outside envelopes; regularly $8.50; sale	$6.45
$10 Living Room Arm Chairs and Rockers—some upholstered in genuine leather; some with loose cushions; covered in velour and tapestry; all in mahogany finish	$6.95
$16 Two-inch Continuous Post Beds—with 1-inch filling rods; bright or satin finish; all regular sizes	$9.45
$4.35 Portable Nickel Bath Shower—complete with duck curtain	$3.59
$1.60 Extra Large Cast Hot Plate—2 hole burner; double flame	$1.10
$4 Oak Water Cooler—enamel lined; capacity 4 gal.	$2.75
$6.40 Oak Water Cooler—8 gal.	$4.95
80c Wooden Hose Reel	59c
28c Window Screens—size 24x37 inches	21c
$14.50 "Mesco" 16-inch Electric Fan—110 volts, D. C.; sale	$10.50
$2.95 Hand Painted China Chocolate Set	$1.65
$3.95 Rich Cut Glass Punch Bowl	$2.75

Women's $2.50, $3 & $3.50 Silk Blouses *Sale* **$1.98**

Artistically trimmed with fine laces, embroidery and hemstitching. Made of crepe de chine and crepe Georgette in white and dainty shades.

Double S&H Green Trading Stamps in Forenoon—Single Stamps Afternoon

OSBORNE OVERRIDES LAWYERS' PROTESTS

Neither Defense Nor Prosecution Halts Balky Witness at Slades' Trial.

BENJAMIN SLADE ASSAILED

Attorney Considers Him Head of the Alleged Conspiracy—Rae Tanzer in Tears.

With the Criminal Branch of the Federal District Court crowded by eager auditors, among whom was a generous sprinkling of prominent lawyers, the third day of the conspiracy trial of David and Maxwell Slade and their private detective, Albert J. McCullough, continued yesterday. A climax was reached in the afternoon, when James W. Osborne, on the witness stand, emphatically asserted that he believed Benjamin Slade, brother of the indicted lawyers, was the "head and brains" of the conspiracy against him.

Martin W. Littleton, counsel for the defendants, drew every bit of information he could from the witnesses regarding the single appearance of the elusive Oliver Osborne on March 19 last for the purpose of establishing the present contention of the defense. This contention is that, if an Oliver Osborne actually existed, and if it was he, not James W. Osborne, who "ran around" with Rae Tanzer, as the prosecution insists, then the letters which Miss Tanzer addressed to Oliver, and which reached James W. Osborne, were written in good faith, and not for the purposes of blackmail.

Another point which Mr. Littleton endeavored to hammer home was that James W. Osborne might have gone to the State Courts and saved time, but instead went to the Federal Court, where, the defense hopes to convince the jury, he had certain influence through the fact that he held an appointment under the Department of Justice.

Osborne Pounds Desk.

James W. Osborne, who was the defendant in Rae Tanzer's original $50,000 breach of promise suit, in which the Slades were her counsel, was recalled for further cross-examination by Mr. Littleton at the opening of the morning session, making his third day on the witness stand. He was questioned until well into the afternoon session. He may have answered one or two questions with the regulation "Yes" or "No," but not more. He pounded on the Judge's bench to emphasize his points, and time and again turned an embarrassing question into an amusing incident with a droll, unexpected answer which sent the courtroom into an uproar. Twice Judge Russell had to threaten to clear the room of all auditors.

Roger B. Wood, Assistant United States District Attorney, made several futile efforts to stop the witness when he had answered a question, and attempted to enter objections to several questions, but Mr. Osborne almost invariably overruled the Government's attorney and roared his answers at Mr. Littleton while Mr. Wood was speaking. Mr. Littleton's objections to certain testimony met with similar treatment.

Explaining why he took the case to the Federal court instead of a State court, Mr. Osborne said:

"I knew the Slades had three letters, the signature of which they could compare with mine, and I knew they could compare the signature on the New Jersey hotel register with mine, and so I thought that the Slades and that girl were in a scheme to cheat me, and that it was my duty to go to the Government authorities and protest."

"Did you discuss with District Attorney Marshall or any one connected with his office the question of the advisability of presenting the Slades to the Grand Jury?"

"No, I did not."

Ben Slade Denounced.

"Is there anybody on the civil side of the case who has not been indicted?"

"Ben Slade," responded Mr. Osborne promptly.

"You've omitted to indict him then?"

"I haven't omitted anything—I would have indicted him if I could. I think he's the head and brains of the whole thing."

Diminutive Rae Tanzer was in court all day. Mr. Littleton insisted on reading before the jury the letters which she wrote to "Dear Oliver," and "My Honey Boy," and "My Big Boy," and mailed to James W. Osborne at his office and his club. While these were being read the girl wept, burying her face in her hands and dabbing her eyes with a handkerchief. Mr. Osborne said he didn't know whether she was 'crazy, and ordinary thief and blackmailer, or what."

The testimony of James W. Osborne and his law associate, Mr. Wilcox, who was called to the stand in the afternoon, did not quite dovetail in one feature. Mr. Osborne said that he first learned Oliver had visited his home when one of the persons in the office called him up at the Sherman Square Hotel, where he had an apartment, and notified him that Oliver would call on him. Mr. Wilcox testified that Oliver himself telephoned to James W. Osborne.

When asked if he was glad to see Oliver, Mr. Osborne exclaimed:

"Why, I almost put my arms around his neck. I put my hands on both of his shoulders and told him it was a manly act to come forward. He said he'd seen that I was attacked, and knew my position. He said he had come down from Boston on a business trip, and told me he was the man who had been running around with that girl. Oliver said that he had taken her to several New York hotels and to one hotel in Plainfield, N. J., the name of which he didn't remember, and inquired about the Mann act. He asked me if he had committed any crime. I tried to get him to go down to see the District Attorney, but he said he would lose his job if he didn't go right back to Boston, and promised to return in time to see me at my office at 4 o'clock the next day. He never came back.

Full Faith in Oliver.

"I had full faith in Oliver that first day. I told him good-bye, and my wife said good-bye, and if we'd had a dog it would have told him good-bye, too. When he failed to return we commenced to search for him."

Mr. Littleton made several jabs at the witness in connection with an Albany detective he employed to search for Oliver. Mr. Osborne smilingly admitted that he took the detective off the chase when he found him riding up and down East Sixtieth Street in a conspicuous white automobile, "searching for Oliver."

Harold Spielberg, who replaced the Slades as counsel of Miss Tanzer, and before whom she retracted her story involving James W. Osborne, was called to the stand five minutes before court adjourned, and produced the three letters signed "Oliver" and addressed to Rae Tanzer, which were the principal documentary evidence of the breach-of-promise action. He will be called back to the stand when the trial is resumed at 10:30 o'clock this morning. These letters were the basis for another flare-up, in which Mr. Wood declared Mr. Wiley, associate counsel for the defense, made the comment that "Oliver Osborne never saw the letters" loudly enough for jurymen to overhear it.

A subpoena was served on Mrs. Ethel Nye by the prosecution. It was reported when "the mysterious Oliver" first came into the limelight that Mrs. Nye said she believed she had been married to him.

FIXES BECKER PLEA DATE.

Condemned Man's Counsel to See Governor Next Thursday.

Governor Whitman and Martin T. Manton, counsel for ex-Police Lieutenant Charles Becker, who is under sentence of death for the murder of Herman Rosenthal, yesterday arranged a conference for Thursday over the telephone from Amherst, Mass., where the Governor is attending the commencement exercises. Mr. Manton will make formal application to the Governor then for a hearing in Becker's case. He has already announced that he has in his possession certain facts, many of them new, which, in his opinion, will free Becker, or at least result in a commutation of the death sentence. He has intimated further that Becker has already prepared, or is ready to prepare, a statement of some sort. That statement, he asserts, is not a confession, "for Becker has nothing to confess."

Although Mrs. Becker is responsible for her husband's consent to an appeal to Governor Whitman, she will probably not be present at Thursday's conference, which is to be merely a preliminary meeting. If the application for a hearing fails, however, she may take the matter up with Governor Whitman personally.

Less than two weeks remain for the fight to save Becker's life. The Court of Appeals has fixed the week beginning July 12 as the time for carrying out the death sentence. Since Warden Osborne has been in charge at Sing Sing condemned men have been sent to the electric chair on Fridays. In case all appeals for Becker fail, July 16, the third anniversary of Rosenthal's murder, probably would be the date on which the sentence would be carried out.

If Mr. Manton is unsuccessful in his appeal to Governor Whitman he is prepared to carry the case to the United States courts on a writ of error.

OPEN WELFARE LECTURES.

Daily Talks Will Be Given to Aid Jewish Communal Work.

The School for Jewish Communal Work opened its Summer course of lectures on "Child, Adolescent, and Adult Welfare" at the Heinscheimer Memorial Building, Ninety-second Street and Lexington Avenue, yesterday afternoon with an enrollment of sixty-nine students. An address of welcome was delivered by Felix M. Warburg. The introductory lecture was by Dr. Ludwig B. Bernstein, Superintendent of the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society, on "The Problem of Child Welfare in the Modern Jewish Community."

The lectures will be from 2:30 to 5 o'clock every afternoon until July 27. Among the lecturers will be Dr. Paul Abelson, Miss Sadie American, Dr. Edgar S. Barney, Dr. S. Benderly, Miss Sophia Berger, Dr. Charles S. Bernheimer, Dr. Boris D. Bogen, David M. Bressler, Julius Drachsler, Professor Israel Friedlander, Joseph Gedalecia, I. E. Goldwasser, Miss Rose Johnson, A. H. Kaminsky, Professor M. M. Kaplan, Mrs. Alexander Kohut, Louis Lipsky, Solomon Lowenstein, Dr. J. L. Magnes, Harry W. Newburger, Dr. Frank Rosenblatt, Dr. M. G. Schlapp, Mrs. E. M. Theuman, Miss Lillian D. Wald, and Morris D. Waldman.

LANSING IN NEW YORK.

Secretary on Way to Amherst Commencement.

Secretary of State Robert Lansing arrived at the Biltmore last night on his first visit to New York since Mr. Bryan's retirement. He was accompanied by Mrs. Lansing and his two sisters. They will leave this morning for Amherst to attend the commencement exercise of the college, of which the Secretary is an alumnus.

The Secretary came over on the train arriving at 5:56 o'clock and reached the hotel shortly after 6 o'clock. He was not recognized except by personal acuaintances, and he did not put his name on the register. He declined to discuss Mr. Bryan. He expects to be back in New York on Wednesday.

TWO SENTENCED TO DIE.

Brooklyn Murderers to Go to Electric Chair in August.

Sentence of death was imposed upon two murderers in Brooklyn yesterday. In the County Court, Walter Watson, a teamster, 41 years old, convicted of the murder of his wife, Elizabeth, was sentenced by Judge Roy to die in the electric chair in the week of Aug. 15. The Watsons quarreled at their home, 779 Gates Avenue, on March 22, and Mrs. Watson was stabbed with a carving knife.

In the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court, Justice Manning sentenced Gennaro Mazella, 32 years old, to die in the week of Aug 8. Mazella was convicted of killing Andrea Castiglano in a quarrel in Liberty Avenue, East New York.

WANT WOMEN IN UNIONS.

Call Issued to 7,000,000 Workers to Organize in A. F. of L.

Margaret Dreier Robins, President of the Women's Trades Union League, yesterday issued a call to the 7,000,000 women workers in the United States, 3,000,000 being under 21 years of age, to organize for better working conditions and to become affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

The national league has now eight local organizations in different large cities, where conditions have been bettered through organization and legislation. It has educated its members to the necessity for co-operation, able leadership has been developed among them, and it now asks all the working women of the country to unite for their own and the general good.

Crushed Between Auto and Trailer.

While demonstrating the working of a five-ton trailer attached to an automobile truck, James A. Kerr of 251 Eightieth Street, Brooklyn, salesman for the Troy Wagon Works Company of 50 Church Street, suffered injuries yesterday from which he died half an hour later in Washington Heights Hospital. The trailer was being pulled along 189th Street near Audubon Avenue when it sunk into the soft ground. It could not be pulled out, and on the suggestion of Kerr, John L. Howrigan of 178 Eighth Avenue, Astoria, driver of the auto truck, backed up on the other end of the trailer. Kerr took his place between the trailer and the truck and prepared to couple the two vehicles. The auto truck backed gently to the trailer but the buffers missed and Kerr was caught between the machines.

Negro Waiter Accused of Theft.

Ellison Jones, a negro waiter in the Pennsylvania Station, was arraigned before Magistrate McQuade in Jefferson Market Court yesterday on a charge of grand larceny, and was held for examination Wednesday, bail being fixed at $2,000. It is alleged Jones was implicated with Joseph Coles, another negro, in stealing jewelry worth $6,000 from apartments in the Berkeley, 20 Fifth Avenue. Coles was held for trial in the same court on May 28 on the charge of stealing a diamond brooch and pin belonging to Mrs. William E. Emery, who lives in the Berkeley.

ASKS FOR SUPPORT IN GREENHUT CLASH

Protective Committee Sums Up Its Arguments in Circular to Creditors.

DISPUTE OVER LIQUIDATION

Independents Assert Proposed Reorganization Does Not Make Suitable Provision.

Simultaneously with the anouncement from the Independent Committee of Creditors of the J. B. Greenhut Company that the opposition to the proposed reorganization of the bankrupt store was growing there came yesterday expressions of renewed confidence from the Creditors' Protective Committee that the plan would be adopted.

The Creditors' Protective Committee, it was said, was receiving indorsements from creditors as rapidly as could be expected in view of the fact that many were taking time to analyze the plan thoroughly before announcing their decisions.

The committee's arguments, as summed up in a circular letter sent to all of the creditors, are:

"The committee considers that the proposition which offers 12½ per cent. in cash, 25 per cent. in first preferred stock of the reorganized company, 25 per cent. in second preferred stock, and 37½ per cent. in common stock is the best proposition available. The total par value of the first preferred stock will amount to a sum considerably less than the book value of the current tangible assets of the reorganized company, and the committee believes that to a going concern the real value of such assets will be equal to the par value of such preferred stock."

Question of Liquidation.

The Independent Committee contends that, although equitable provision has been made for a distribution of the profits of the reorganized company, the equitable distribution of its assets would follow if the company were liquidated. On that point, the Creditors' Protective Committee says:

"In the event that it shall be deemed advisable at any future date to liquidate the business of the reorganized company, the committee believes that in a voluntary liquidation there should be realized from the assets of the reorganized company sufficient cash so that, taken together with the 12½ per cent. in cash received immediately under the present plan, the creditors would receive upon account of their claims a sum in excess of any amount which they could hope to obtain upon enforced liquidation of the present Greenhut Company in bankruptcy. On the other hand, in the event that the new company should prove successful, the advantages of a reorganization are too apparent to require further explanation.

"The committee wishes each creditor to examine with care all the details of the plan submitted, but it would call particular attention to the following facts: That under the plan as proposed the first preferred stock to be issued to the general unsecured creditors is to be retired out of the earnings of the company before any of the first preferred stock issued to the bondholders and to certain other creditors of the company shall be so retired; that the reorganized company is to commence business without debt, as the cash with which to make payments to the general creditors is provided by subscription at par to the first preferred stock of the company by an underwriting syndicate to be formed by Captain J. B. Greenhut; and that Captain J. B. Greenhut is to give such portion of his time as the company may wish to avail itself of without any compensation until all of the first preferred stock has been retired."

Regarding the claims against the Greenhut interests advanced by the Independent Committee as part of its objection to the adoption of the plan, the Protective Committee has this to say:

"Without here entering into an extended discussion of these matters, the committee is advised that the greater part of the claims are involved in charter and not easy of proof, and that, with respect to a part of them, the probability of success is at best doubtful, and that some of the claims that have been brought to the attention of the committee have no basis.

Advises Against Litigation.

"In the opinion of the committee, even if litigation could be successfully prosecuted in those cases where counsel for the committee believes that there is any basis for action, it would not, after taking into consideration the expenses and delays necessarily attendant upon such litigation, produce as large a percentage for the creditors as they would receive upon the plan of reorganization recommended. Litigation would, on the other hand, eliminate any possibility of reorganization, and it would destroy the chances of rebuilding the business with its consequent advantages to all creditors participating in the reorganization."

The Chairman of the Creditors' Protective Committee, which claims a larger membership of merchandise creditors than does the Independent Committee, is Otto L. Dommerich of L. F. Dommerich & Co. The law firm of Rounds, Schurman & Dwight of 96 Broadway is counsel for the committee.

The total claims of the merchandise creditors, not counting the additional claims pressed by the Independent Committee, amount to $2,857,742. In addition, the bankrupt company owes $6,000,000 in bonds, $3,600,000 of which are held by the Monmouth Securities Company, the principal owners of which are members of Captain J. B. Greenhut's family. The Independent Committee has asserted that the bonds of the Monmouth Company should not be taken up until after all of the merchandise creditors have been satisfied in full. It has been argued against this contention that the Monmouth Company loaned money to the J. B. Greenhut Company legitimately, and, therefore, should be included in any arrangement affecting the creditors in general. The position of the Monmouth Company will be set forth today in a statement to be issued by its counsel, Henry W. Taft.

The examination of Captain J. B. Greenhut in the bankruptcy proceedings will be continued at 2 o'clock this afternoon before Referee Peter B. Olney in the rooms of the Merchants' Association in the Woolworth Building.

To Fly Largest American Flag.

The largest American flag ever made will fly between the Times and the Heidelberg Buildings at Forty-second Street and Broadway on July 4. There will be music and speeches from a grandstand facing Forty-second Street. The flag, which is 165 feet long by 52 wide, weighs 1,560 pounds, and was made by a New England cotton mill for the Metro Pictures Corporation, by which it will be exhibited at the Panama-Pacific Exposition during the convention of the moving picture manufacturers, which commences on July 15.

Coates'
PLYMOUTH
Imported Dry Gin
The Original
SHAW
THE HIGHEST STANDARD OF QUALITY

TRAVIS TRACES STAMPS.

Wants to Know How Agents Got Stickers Printer Discarded.

Oliver A. Quayle, printer and engraver of the State stock transfer tax stamps, said yesterday that many of the stamps seized by Deputy State Controller William Boardman, as a result of his inquiry into an illegal sale of stamps, which he estimated had resulted in a loss to the State of $1,000,000 during the last five years, were imperfect, and they should have been destroyed. Mr. Boardman is trying to find out how these imperfect stamps got into the hands of unauthorized agents, who sold them at a discount.

Mr. Quayle and Fred Foster, Chief Clerk of the State Printing Board, came to New York City yesterday, at the request of State Controller Travis. They went to Police Headquarters to examine the stamps, which were found in the possession of three men, who are awaiting a hearing on the charge of selling the stamps without authorization. The perforation on some of the stamps was found to be irregular, and on others the printing was imperfect.

Mr. Foster said that under the system which has been in force for several years the stamps were not destroyed as soon as they were thrown out as imperfect. They were placed in vaults, and, he said, some are still there. There have been as many as 10,000 sheets of stamps there at a time, he asserted.

Mr. Boardman said that in the office of one agent he found two boys who had been selling stamps which they had been stealing from their employers, a large banking house. He has also learned that postage stamps were sold to many agents. The Federal authorities have begun an inquiry into that phase of the investigation.

It was said yesterday at the Deputy Controller's office that one of the men under arrest has expressed a willingness to talk with Mr. Travis before the hearing in a Magistrate's court on Thursday.

"SPILLANE SWITCH" MOVED.

Commissioner Hayward Makes Sure Noise-Maker Is Gone.

The "Spillane switch," in Third Avenue between Eighty-seventh and Eighty-eighth Streets, which figured in the recent investigation by the Public Service Commission, had been removed, E. A. Maher, Vice President and General Manager of the Third Avenue Railway Company, notified Public Service Commissioner William Hayward yesterday. Because of noise made by cars taking the switch, Edmund A. Spillane of 1,561 Third Avenue complained to the Public Service Commission on Aug. 21, 1914. The commission immediately ordered Vice President Maher to have it removed.

The railway officials took no action, and many complaints followed. So did more orders to the railway company. Finally the Thompson Committee, which investigated the Public Service Commission, took up the matter and wanted to know why the Commissioners never forced the railway company to remove the switch. They showed a long list of excuses on the part of the railway officials. When Vice President Maher notified Commissioner Hayward yesterday that the offending switch had been removed to Eighty-ninth Street and Third Avenue, the Commissioner sent Mr. Maher a letter, in which he said:

"I thank you for advising me of the closing act in the long drama entitled 'The Spillane Switch,' which installation I shall hope to get up to look at with my own eyes very soon. Also am glad to note that the realling of the tracks on Fifty-ninth Street will be finished this week, which will undoubtedly be a source of great relief to those people there."

To make sure that the switch had been removed, Commissioner Hayward inspected it yesterday.

SEEK TO AID MRS. FEROLA.

Women to Meet at Hotel Biltmore and Discuss the Slayer's Case.

To discuss the question of the guilt or innocence of a woman convicted of murder and sentenced to the electric chair, ten well-known women of New York City have alled a meeting in the Hotel Biltmore for Wednesday, June 30, at 3 P. M. The condemned woman is Mrs. Madolina Ferola, who is alleged to have stabbed Carmello Cornestrale at 149th Street and Park Avenue on Dec. 29, 1913. The women calling the meeting, who represent several professions and form a Provisional Committee of Arrangements, are Alice Carpenter, Chairman; Mrs. Florence Woolston, Fola La Follette, Marion B. Cothren, Katherine Leckie, Ruth Robinson, Grace Phelps, Mrs. Robert Haverman, Elizabeth Watson, and Mrs. Gilbert Roe.

Mrs. Ferola is a woman of 47. She understood no English at the time of her trial and spoke a low order of Italian. The committee assert she was convicted largely on her own testimony. This, the women say, was illegal and unjust, because the testimony was obtained by questions which the woman could not understand. Plans will be made at the meeting to see that justice is done her. A circular letter is being sent to many New York women asking them to attend the meeting.

INSTRUCTION.

Many Boys Fail to Pass
FOR COLLEGE ENTRANCE
Not usually because they are stupid, but because of the "grade system" of their schools and a consequent lack of individual attention. If they expect to enter in September they will find that
THE GROFF SCHOOL
with its limited number of students and its unexcelled record of success, offers unusual opportunities for rapid progress at its Summer Session.
Boarding and Day School. Unexcelled Facilities
259 West 75th St., N. Y. Phone 744 Columbus.

The Brown School of Tutoring.
Boys' School & Office, 241 W. 75th St. Tel. Col. 8894. Girls' School, 239 W. 75th St.
Founded 1906. Open all Summer. Also at residences, Jersey Coast, Long Island, Bar Harbor, Greenwich, Conn., etc. 89% of college examinations passed. All subjects to pupils of any age and either sex. Rapid, thorough preparation for September examinations. Resident or traveling tutors if desired.

MILLER SCHOOL
LEXINGTON AV. AT 23D ST.
All business subjects. Day and night classes. Open the entire year. Catalogue free.

Eastman-Gaines
Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Secretarial, Spanish and Stenotype Departments.
Day & Night Sessions. Call or write for Catalogue.
123d Street and Lenox Avenue.

WANTED.—300 MEN TO STUDY PUBLIC SPEAKING AND ACQUIRE SELF-CONFIDENCE. FOR PARTICULARS WRITE EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57TH ST.

SWIMMING SUCCESSFULLY TAUGHT Only correct method for Men, Women & Children. Day or evening. Dr. Savage Swimming School, 308 W. 59.

Free catalogues of all schools. Amer. Sch. Ass'n. 1,012 Times Bldg. Bryant 6160.

BARNARD SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 421 W. 148th St. Kindergarten to college.

Chappaqua Mt. Institute, Valhalla, N. Y. School for Girls, 6 to 18 years. Catalog.

Spanish, French, German, Italian. The Language Phone Method, 2 West 45th St.

INSTRUCTION—Musical.

N. Y. German Conservatory of Music, 308 Madison Ave., Near 42d St.

SUMMER CAMPS.

CAMPS
FREE catalog, all schools or camps. Name kind: Boys or Girls? American Schools' Association, 10th floor, Times Bldg. Bryant 6160

Public School Principal's Boys' Camp, Lake Ronkonkoma, Long Island; $10 weekly; swimming, baseball. Camp Director, Ronkonkoma, L. I.

PLAN TO BEAUTIFY PARK AV. TUNNEL

Murray Hill Association Would Ornament the 34th Street Entrance.

ARCHITECTS MAY COMPETE

J. P. Morgan Elected President of Property Owners' Organization in Restricted Neighborhood.

J. Pierpont Morgan has just been elected President of the Murray Hill Association, which was incorporated a year ago to preserve the residential character of that neighborhood. The first annual report, which was presented to the members at the meeting held a few days ago in the Morgan library, 33 East Thirty-sixth Street, was issued yesterday, and it presents several features of interest.

The association, through its counsel, Edmund L. Baylies, made a strong fight to prevent the sale of the old South Church property, southeast corner of Madison Avenue and Thirty-eighth Street, to builders for a prospective apartment house operation, but the Court of Appeals held that the old Murray Hill restrictive clause could not properly prevent an apartment house within its limits.

Many persons, it is stated, regarded this decision as a serious setback to Murray Hill, and several residents talked of moving away. A more favorable view of the tall apartment now prevails.

"One prominent real estate man," says the report, "who has always lived on Murray Hill, believes that the apartment house may in the end be the salvation of Murray Hill and do more than anything else to preserve it against the invasion of business. He believes there are families ready to move away, but who would remain if they could live in an apartment house like those on upper Park Avenue.

"The introduction of apartment houses would have another advantage for those persons who would like to see business on the Hill or who paid excessive prices for their property. It would enable them to obtain a better price than is possible if restricted solely to single homes."

The report says that the children of Murray Hill families are worse off in respect to playgrounds than the children in many poorer districts of the city. Park Commissioner Ward has been asked if some plan cannot be worked out whereby the open spaces in the centre of Park Avenue over the tunnel may not be utilized for paths and seats, as has been done a few blocks just north of the Grand Central Station. The Commissioner favors the plan, but the improvement is likely to be delayed until the city is in a better financial condition.

The opening up of a pathway in the centre of Park Avenue below Fortieth Street, by relieving the narrow sidewalks of some of the traffic, would cause an indefinite postponement, it is believed, of any movement to widen the sidewalk by removing house stoops and areas.

The report says that the association caused the withdrawal of the Collis plan, providing for a grade crossing at Thirty-fourth Street across Park Avenue and moving the tunnel entrance one block to the north. The new plan provides for a ramp on the east side of Fourth Avenue. The Directors feel that the tunnel entrance at Thirty-fourth Street and its surroundings should be suitably ornamented so as to form a fitting approach to one of the wide avenues of the city and the Grand Central Station to the north, and a suggestion has been made that the association provide for a competition among the leading architects for a simple and dignified treatment of the lower Park Avenue section.

Besides Mr. Morgan, the officers just elected are: Vice President, Warren Delano; Secretary, A. Murray Young, and Treasurer, George R. Sheldon. The Directors include William Church Osborn, William D. Guthrie, and Dr. W. K. Draper. The total membership of the Murray Hill Association is 123, of whom thirty-seven are women.

New York Girls to Pose in Furs.

One of the largest fur dealers in Canada has found that on account of the war he has had to change his method of getting out his catalogue for the Fall, and is going to have an American fashion photographer bring his models to Canada to be photographed in next season's furs. The photographer and twelve models will leave New York the latter part of the week for Toronto and Montreal.

SMOKE CRUSADE ON RIVER.

Five Tugboat Captains Held for Trial for Burning Soft Coal.

Commissioner Goldwater of the Health Department is after the skippers of harbor and river craft who burn soft coal. Five tugboat Captains were held by Magistrate Herbert in the Tombs Court yesterday for trial in Special Sessions.

Complaints have reached the Health Department that the smoke nuisance along the rivers is worse this Summer than ever before. Mrs. Thomas French, Chairman of the Women's Municipal League for Public Health, submitted pictures of steamboats, showing masses of thick, black smoke issuing from their stacks.

Inspectors Lonergan and Smith in a police patrol boat were assigned on Friday to look for smoking tugboats. They cruised about for three days and took names of alleged offenders. The Captains who were held for Special Sessions are: Henry A. Warren of the Pequot, Eric Ericson of the J. Richard Steers, John L. Clark of the Dictator, William A. Wright of the Hercules, and William T. Woodward of the Ariosa.

DR. GOLDWATER TO GO SOON

Mayor Is Considering Six Men for Health Commissioner.

Mayor Mitchel said yesterday that he was considering the names of six persons for the position of Health Commissioner to succeed Dr. Goldwater, who wants to return to private practice. One of the six is W. S. Woodward, Health Commissioner of Washington, D. C.

"I am looking for the very best man to succeed Dr. Goldwater," said the Mayor. "Dr. Goldwater is anxious to give up his Commissionership, much to my regret, and I shall make the appointment just as soon as I find the right man."

Lawyer's Wife His Counsel.

Austin H. Montegriffo, Jr., an attorney, living in Manhattan, who was placed on trial before Judge Burt J. Humphrey in the Queens County Court yesterday on an indictment charging him with forgery, had his wife, who is also an attorney and appears on the records as Augusta Schwartz, to aid him in conducting his defense. The indictment accuses Montegriffo of drawing a check for $25 on the North Side Bank of Brooklyn and of having it cashed by C. J. H. Lubsen of Flushing.

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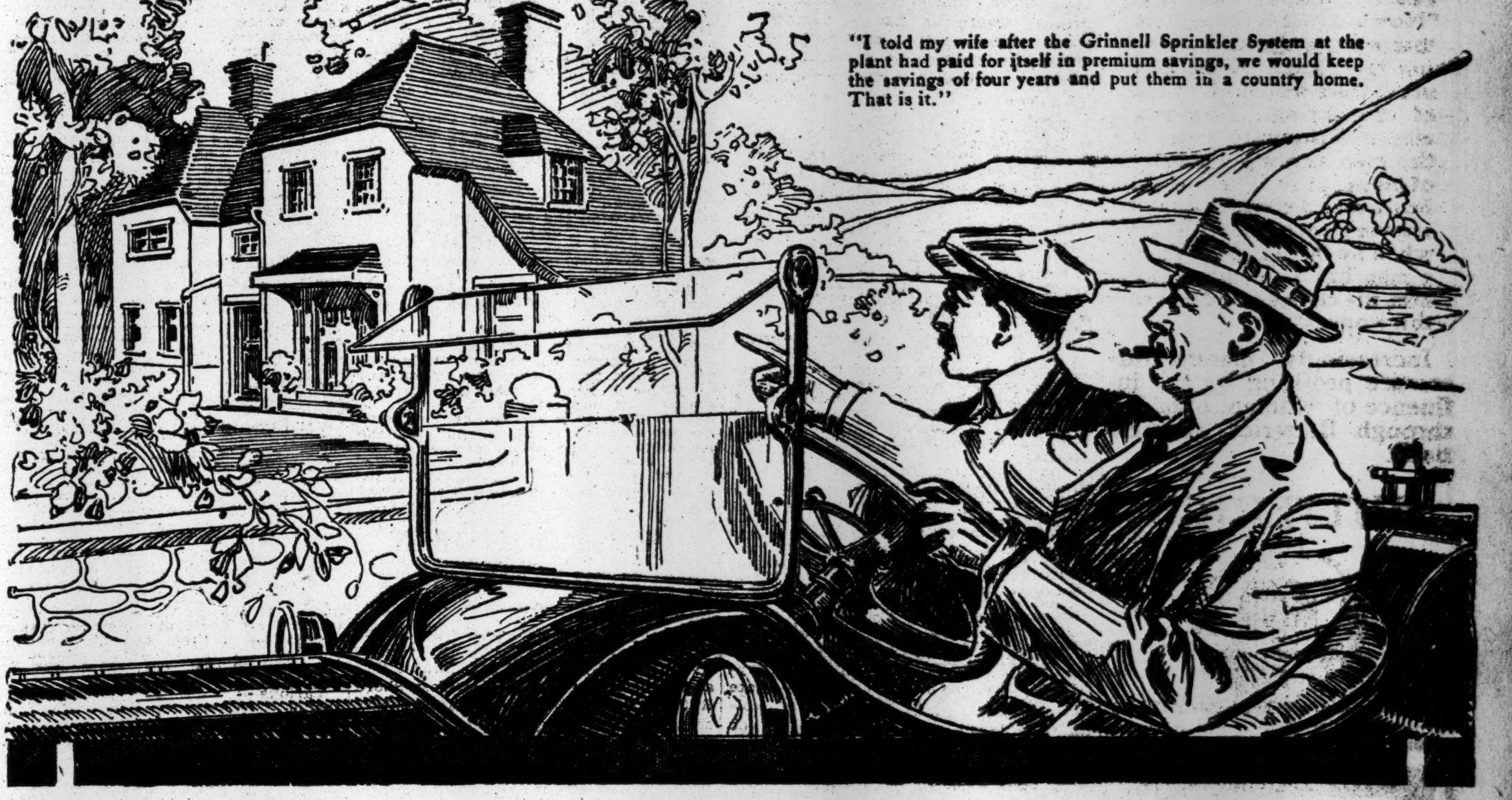
Dyspeptics Now Enjoy Rich, Hearty Meals
Every dyspeptic or sufferer from indigestion knows that craving for hearty and, to them, indigestible food. It is the natural calling of the body for the rich nourishment that milk-and-nursery diet cannot supply. The next time this craving is on you, yield to it. Try one more good dinner—eat anything and everything your instinct suggests, just as if you had the stomach of a day laborer. But while eating it sip a glass or two of that delicious, clear, non laxative mineral water, Man-a-cea. It immediately restores good digestion. Sold by all druggists and by Charles & Co., Park & Tilford, Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., and other leading grocers. Good for rheumatism, too.

GLEN ISLAND
WILL BE OPENED THIS WEEK.



"I told my wife after the Grinnell Sprinkler System at the plant had paid for itself in premium savings, we would keep the savings of four years and put them in a country home. That is it."

Are you squandering a beautiful home in insurance premiums?

A manufacturer who carries $300,000 or $400,000 in fire insurance will find, when he investigates, that he is squandering, in unnecessarily high insurance premiums, enough to buy him a handsome country place in a few years.

Grinnell Automatic Sprinkler Systems bring down fire insurance rates 50% to 80%. The saving in annual premiums, when a man owns and occupies his own building, is usually enough to repay the cost of sprinklers in from three to seven years.

Owners of a building will find such savings a sure means of attracting and holding desirable tenants.

Fire never beats Grinnell Sprinklers! No sooner does the ascending wave of heat reach 155° at the sprinkler-head than *snap* goes the fusible strut and down comes a drenching downpour of water over the exact place, ten-feet-square, where the fire is. The flame sputters and dies. The loss is always trivial.

No wonder insurance companies will insure you for next to nothing if you have Grinnells!

Owners occupying their own buildings want the sprinkler system that will most surely protect their going businesses. They want the system with the lowest maintenance cost.

The wise building owner gives his tenants the best sprinkler system just as he gives them the best heating or elevator system.

There are several sprinkler systems on the market and Grinnells are the highest priced. But remember—

First, that Grinnell Systems are the product of the ablest sprinkler engineering talent, working with the technical resources of a $6,000,000 organization—and sprinkler engineering, although it looks simple, is a highly specialized business.

Second, that Grinnell parts are technically perfect; the sprinkler-heads, for instance, have a non-corrosive, glass valve that can't leak in a hundred years, due to a special, flexible diaphragm.

Third, that Grinnell Systems are shop-assembled with the finest tools, leaving only the final connections to be fitted on the job—thereby securing superior workmanship and greatly reducing interference with business operations during installation.

Fourth, that Grinnell is the oldest sprinkler, is more widely used than all others put together and has a 33-year record of unfailing efficiency in the test of over 17,000 real fires.

Grinnell Automatic Sprinkler Head

The Sleepless Fire Watchman (In Action)

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AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER SYSTEM
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CORNELL CREW WINS BIG RACE AT POUGHKEEPSIE—COLUMBIA ROWS POORLY—TENNIS

CORNELL CREWS WIN ON HUDSON

Courtney's 'Varsity Eight First in Slashing Finish with Leland Stanford.

SYRACUSE BEATS FRESHMEN

Pacific Coast Oarsmen Were Big Surprise of a Big Rowing Day at Poughkeepsie.

COLUMBIA DISAPPOINTING

Rice's Charges Finish Fourth in Main Race, Third in Freshman, Last in Junior.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 28.—Cornell's superior watermanship again glows resplendently in the rowing world on this fair June evening for her great victory in the intercollegiate regatta on the Hudson here today. But overshadowing the splendor of the Ithacans' achievement, the brawny crew of Leland Stanford, Jr., University of Palo Alto obtrudes to take unto itself much of the regatta's glory for the magnificent fight the Californians put up for victory in the 'Varsity race.

In as courageous a battle of sweeps as has ever been waged on the historic Hudson course Stanford's young giants crowded Cornell for victory right up to the last stroke and finished less than half a length behind the winner.

Doggedly fighting off the stubborn hold of Syracuse and Cornell in the last half mile of the long, terrific four-mile pull, Stanford fanned more than 40,000 spectators into a frenzy by savagely driving their frail shell into the lead to blaze the way for more than 200 yards. Such remarkable rowing power has seldom been seen in an eight-oared shell race. Untutored in the finesse of scientific rowing, Stanford relied on brute force and with tremendous strength shot to the front and gave the Poughkepesie classic a thrill which it has not felt for many a year.

Cornell's Science Told.

Cornell's brilliant rowing and its conserved energy carried them through to a great finish, in spite of the way that Stanford slugged and slugged and hung on. The smooth, easy pull of the Ithacans carried the day, but only because the boys from the Santa Clara Valley did not know how to row. Their performance on a mediocre knowledge of the finer points of rowing will long be remembered by today's big gathering.

Cornell won this remarkable 'Varsity race in 20:36 3-5, with Stanford second, less than half a boat length behind. Then came Syracuse, a length and a half behind the Californians. Way back in the ruck came the overrated Columbia crew, whipped to a frazzle, five lengths behind the Orange crew. Stringing along in the rear was poor old Pennsy, splashing as best they could, with Vivian Nickalls's English stroke and thole pins. They finished alone and forgotten, four lengths behind the New Yorkers.

Cornell also won the race between the junior 'Varsity eights, beating Penn by a length and a half, with Columbia a distressing last. The freshman race went to the Syracuse cubs, three-quarters of a length in front of the Cornell youngsters, with Columbia third and Pennsy a miserable trailer.

It has been many years since all three races have been so bitterly fought. They were races every inch of the way; races which dragged every bit of energy out of every oarsman in the competition.

Gray, grizzled, Old Man Courtney is proud of his boys for sweeping through that 'Varsity race, thankful for the vindication of two years' defeat and for every pull of the long red-tipped oars.

The lovable old fellow is 68 years old now, and he won't have many more years to teach boys to row Cornell to victory. Alone and confident, he stayed in the ramshackle old boathouse this afternoon. He didn't see the race. As a matter of fact, he never did see one of these historic rowing struggles in which one or the other of his many famous crews has come in first.

He knew what the muscular lads of his were capable of, and before they left the float he whispered a few fatherly words to them. No one knew what the old man said, for oarsmen never tell those human intimate little things between coach and pupil, but whatever he said, they carried out trusty advice with faith and obedience which was admirable.

Stanford Happy Losers.

So much for redeemed Cornell. But what of the strangers who came 3,000 miles into a strange country to hear the taunts and ridicule which was hurled at them for their crude, unpolished rowing. But above all the chaff of highly finished strokes, aquatic generalship, and skillful boat rigging, it is the overpowering gameness of these lads which stands out. Yes, that and the lion hearts they possess. It was truly a thrilling sight to see them fight their way over the finish line at the end of that backbreaking four-mile pull, only to sit up smiling and fresh and slap each other roughly on the back as they saw Syracuse, Columbia and Pennsylvania plowed home behind them, fagged out and exhausted.

Every cent these Stanford boys could save was eaten up to make this trip. Today they are broke, and up to tonight didn't know how they were to get home. They need not worry now, for they made more friends today who will gladly stake them for the trip back and over again. If ever there was a crowd of burly youths who love rowing for rowing's sake, here you have them. They haven't the advantages which Eastern oarsmen have. They row on the Oakland slough, which part of the season is more like a mud flat than it is a body of water. But even with this handicap Captain Jacomies's crew is a rare one.

A Gala Day Up River.

Poughkeepsie, with its drove of visitors, enjoyed itself today. The merry villagers flocked over to the west side of the river early, and with their picnic and basket parties made a holiday of the occasion. The attendance was not as big as on some former years, nevertheless every crew had its following to encourage its efforts. On the river was a flotilla of yachts and excursion boats. Special trains brought hordes of Columbia and Penn followers from New York. The gloomiest place here this evening was aboard the steamer Asbury Park, which brought the Columbia Club from New York. Columbia was favorite; in fact, so many Columbia men believed Rice had such a fine crew this year, and on the strength of last year's victory they plunged. Empty pockets prevailed on the Columbia boat. One confident Columbia man here today who had seen Stanford row boasted that he had $100 to wager that Stanford would not finish one, two, three. A New York gambler who knew nothing at all about rowing jumped at the chance, and he's tipping the waiters in the Nelson House tonight as they haven't been tipped in years. Next year, he says, he will mortgage home and mother's jewels to get it all down on these Stanford boys if they come back.

It was just 6:19 when John E. Eustis fired the pistol which sent the crews on their way. The Hudson was not very smooth. A strong tide ruffled the water and a smart breeze was blowing down stream. Stanford had the inner lane close to the shore. The sun was dipping behind the highlands, and Stanford, Columbia, Pennsylvania, and Syracuse lay silently and expectant in the purple shadows. Out where the sunshine splashed on the outside lane was Cornell, with its red-tipped oars flashing.

Stanford and Syracuse got the jump. The coast crew dug its oars savagely into the water, and, shooting their muscular legs out with a powerful drive, the thin-knifelike shell shot slightly into the lead. It was a long, powerful stroke, with the beat at 29. Syracuse and Cornell hit it up at 32 and 33, but the Stanford crew refused to be shaken off. Stanford's crew was a killer. No one but a crowd of giants could row it and live. It was wearing on the arms, the shoulders, and legs, but these boys were chockful of stamina. They dug their oars deep in the water and fought their oars on the reach. Their catch was almost a jerk. The wiseacres on the observation train freely predicted that they would not stand up under such punishment. Such plugging and such form, they said, would tax the strength of oxen.

But Stanford stuck to it. It was the stroke which the former Stanford coxswain, little Frank Guerena, had taught them. It was the only way they knew and they did not know that any too well. Cornell lagged behind for the first quarter of a mile, while Syracuse shot out to the front, rowing a 32 stroke. Columbia and Penn dropped back even now. They were both rowing lazily at 24 and 28. Cornell increased her speed and went into third place after a half mile had been covered. Syracuse was now a quarter of a length in front. Stanford was a close second and the Stanford shell lapped the Orange. Cornell was creeping up on the outside, while Penn was fourth and Columbia last, a length further away.

The Real Struggle Starts.

Racing past Coe's Cut, nearing the two-mile mark, Cornell pulled up even with the Syracuse shell, and Cornell cheers took the place of the jubilation of the Syracuse contingent. The nose of the Cornell boat stuck out an eighth of a length ahead, while Stanford was persistently sticking to Syracuse. The Californians were digging the water viciously and their boat was shooting along in leaps and bounds. Cornell gradually lengthened out her stroke and the Ithaca shell proceeded through the water in beautiful fashion. Syracuse then for a time dropped back a bit, and it began to appear as if the Westerners could not stand their self-inflicted punishment. They were now a length back of Syracuse.

In the meantime Columbia was in the last place, trying to creep on Pennsylvania to shake off the booby honors.

Passing the Pennsylvania boathouse Cornell was leading by a length, her shell responding nicely to a 26 stroke. Pennsylvania was trying grimly to stand off the beefy coast crew, which was again beginning to pull up. Pennsylvania had fallen back to two lengths and Columbia began to catch up on the Quakers. The Columbia coxwain, Fogg, began to call on his men to put the stroke up. Wormser braced himself for the extra effort and the count went up a couple of notches. Columbia was determined to get out of last place in the attempt.

Going under the shadow of the railroad bridge, which stood out spider-like in the evening glow, Cornell was more than a length in front of Syracuse. It was right here that the crowd began to figure Stanford. Every spectator in that vast gathering who had no college connection began to root for the Californians. It seems as if the cheers from a strange crowd stimulated the Westerners.

"Bat her along!" yelled the coxswain, Goodman. It was then that the stroke oar, Mauer the lightest man in a boat which averaged 180 pounds, shot the stroke up from twenty-eight to thirty, and the Californians' shell began to creep up on Syracuse. The crowd cheered madly. The dark horse was coming up and coming like mad. Inch by inch the shell of Stanford lapped Syracuse, stroked by the powerful Osman. Here was a thrill which would wake up anybody. Everybody was so excited that Columbia and Pennsylvania were forgotten, but look! Columbia is coming up. For the first time during the race the Columbia men had a chance to holler their heads off. Columbia was beating somebody anyway. Who cared now if they were five lengths behind the first three crews out there fighting for the lead? Stanford is again going after Syracuse hammer and tongs. Cornell out there alone on the outside was pulling in admirable style. The boat seemed to be propelled by a hidden motor. There was no hitch in this crew, no pause between beats, no break in the harmony in board or outboard. Perfect it was, as perfect and smoothly mechanical as eight oarsmen could be. Here was the cunning and clever tutoring of the veteran master. They were carrying out his orders to the letter.

After passing the three-mile mark Osman shot the Syracuse boat up to thirty-three. It was a killing job, for the light men behind him. They stuck to the task and Cornell men held their breath as the Syracuse shell responded to the spurt. Inch by inch the orange bladed oars pushed the shell up on Cornell. But, look at Stanford! See them plug! They batted the shell along fairly in jumps.

The bronze backs of the California giants bent over and snapped back as straight as arrows. The oars snapped out of the water on the recovery, and forward swayed the muscular backs again for the catch. These backs were made of steel. The powerful legs which shot forward on the drive seemed to be of steel, too. Kicking along at great speed Stanford began to gain on Syracuse as Syracuse set out to cut down Cornell's lead.

Now Syracuse was on even terms with Cornell again at the three-and-a-half-mile mark.

"Hang on!" came the pleading yells from the observation train.

Syracuse students now acted like madmen. They yelled themselves hoarse. "You've got 'em, Syracuse, shoot it up again Kill 'em off!"

Great guns, look at Stanford! There they go creeping up on the two crews, the noses of whose shells were on a direct line. Here's where Stanford's massive strength and stamina began to count. Under the muscle-racking punishment of that killing stroke there was a punch in that California stroke which sent the shell ahead. Hardly perceptible at first, the powerful kicks behind that pull began to shove Stanford's shell steadily up with the other crews, until they were bunched so close that an advantage was not noticeable from the observation train.

Less than a quarter of a mile from the finish Stanford, rowing with stout-hearted enthusiasm, shoved their nose in front of Cornell. Syracuse now dropped back an eighth of a length. Could this be true? Stanford, the rank outsider, the dark horse that no one figured anywhere, in front of Cornell? Could it be possible, with that ragged, crude, hammering stroke, that the Western invaders were going to knock all theories of strokes and rowing technique into a cocked hat?

Where Stanford Led.

Yes, it was true. See for yourself. There they are—out there in the river. The nose of Stanford's shell is a bit in front. Not much, to be sure, but for more than 200 yards Stanford held this advantage. Cornell and Syracuse were fighting to the last ditch, and it looked as if this bitter duel would kill off both of these crews and send the Californians home a winner. This thought hit the crowd, too, and in the pandemonium which reigned the deep-seated enthusiasm of the populace for the under dog burst into a flame, and the concerted cheers of Cornell, Syracuse, Columbia, and Pennsylvania were lost in the outburst of the laymen's enthusiasm for the gritty lads who had come such a long way to seek rowing honors.

"Come on, Stanford, stick to it just a little longer!" howled the mob. "You can do it!" Was there ever such a kick in a shell as that which threatened to overshadow the best that the best had to offer? Here was a struggle which sent a tingling feeling creeping up and down your back.

"Wow!" screamed the crowd, as they implored Stanford to put on a bit more power.

Then, a few hundred yards from the finish, class began to tell. That perfect-moving Cornell boat, which through all this violent storm of enthusiasm had not wavered or hesitated, began to crawl into the lead. Stanford had used up every bit of rowing knowledge she knew. Every ounce of that great surplus of strength was packed behind the oars in that one grand, hair-raising sprint to the finish. By this time you could not tell who anybody was cheering for. It was just a splitting jumble of sound from thousands of throats made hoarse by overexertion.

A grander sight than this last 100 yards of the 'Varsity race never was seen. There was Cornell out there responding to the teaching of the past six months of Courtney instruction, slipping fishlike through the water with beautiful precision. "Steady, boys," shouted tiny Janes, the Cornell coxswain. This mere slip of a lad, weighing only 87 pounds, his face lit with joy and bubbling over with enthusiasm, barked into the face of Collyer, the stroke oar, that they were leading. "Steady," he shouted, and steady they were. The Cornell boat streaked further out in front. Now they had half a length on the stubborn Californians. Back and forward swayed the bare tanned backs. Every pull was strengthened by the feeling which was in each of the Cornell boys' minds that they were shooting that shell along in vindication of Cornell's oarsmanship. True to their trust, they were rowing for Cornell. Every pull was another blow struck at the invaders from afar. Yes, and they thought, too, of the old man who must by this time be peering out of the dirty-stained windows of the boathouse. They could hear him say in his quiet, patriarchal manner that he was proud of them.

These things and more were going through their minds in that last heart-breaking jump to the finish. And what a finish it was! The powerful drive lifted the Cornell shell over the line in front. Fighting right up to the end, Stanford's choppy, violent stroke brought the Westerners home to an honorable second, a length and half in front of Syracuse. Columbia paddled home five lengths in the rear in fourth place, and Pennsylvania finished listlessly, four lengths behind the boys from Morningside.

The condition of Cornell, Stanford, and Syracuse was something marvelous. After that long, back-breaking trip they sat up in their shells like a lot of soldiers. Not a man went down. There's a high tribute to faithful training and clean living. Now they can make up for all the little luxuries which they have been deprived of for six months.

Stanford is just as happy as Cornell tonight. Coach Guerena of the Californians said after the race that he believed that if he had one of the lanes out closer to Cornell his boys might have put over a victory in that last spurt. He said that his charges were delighted, and would go back to Palo Alto happy in the thought that no longer would Leland Stanford crews be regarded as jokes in the East.

Cornell's admirable oarsmanship was shown in the first race this afternoon, when Cornell held off Pennsylvania and Columbia for two miles and finished a length and a half in front in 10:00 1-5. The Ithacans got a bad start, Penn going to the front at the start, Columbia third. Columbia stayed in last place all during the race. Steadily Cornell came on, and at the mile they were in front by a quarter of a length. At the mile and a half there was open water between Cornell and Penn and Columbia's bow was just lapping the stern of the Quaker shell. After that there was nothing to it but Cornell, and Courtney's crew held on to their advantage and finished fresh and strong. Gotham, No. 2 in the Penn boat, went down when the finish line was crossed.

Syracuse took the honors in the freshman race and won from Cornell by four lengths, while the Columbia youngsters were third, three-quarters of a length behind Cornell. Pennsylvania finished a bad last, being four lengths in the rut.

The oarsmen in the Pennsylvania boat were in bad shape after their two-mile row, and at the finish the stroke oar, Ross, and Hunter, No. 2, and Tilden, No. 3, all toppled over. Hunter's performance was one of the gamest on the river. He rowed his race suffering from boils, but he stuck it out to the end. Syracuse started out fast with a thirty-three stroke, and held the lead all the way, never once being threatened by the Cornellians.

Twenty-second Intercollegiate Regatta on the Hudson River at Poughkeepsie

VARSITY EIGHTS.

Four Miles—Cornell won by about half a length. Leland Stanford was second, Syracuse, third; Columbia, fourth, and Pennsylvania, fifth. Time — Cornell, 20:36 3-5; Leland Stanford, 20:37 4-5; Syracuse, 20:43 3-5; Columbia, 21:00; Pennsylvania, 21:10 1-5.

Record—18:53 1-5 in 1901, by Cornell.

Boating of the Crews.

COURSE NO. 5.

CORNELL—Bow, K. H. Fernow; 2, R. G. Bird; 3, C. E. Lund; 4, C. Andrus; 5, G. A. Worn; 6, A. A Cushing; 7, J. E. O'Brien; stroke, J. O. Collyer; coxswain, B. C. Janes. Averages—Age, 22½ years; height, 5 feet 11¼ inches; weight, 165⅛ pounds.

COURSE NO. 1.

LELAND STANFORD—Bow, I. W. Hulsman; 2, F. N. Worth; 3, W. A. Green; 4, G. A. Jacomini, (Captain;) 5, W. H. Bloeser; 6, C. H. Orme; 7, A. H. McEuen; stroke, R. Maurer; coxswain, J. Goodman. Averages—Age, 22¼ years; height, 6 feet 1 inch; weight, 178¼ pounds.

COURSE NO 4.

SYRACUSE—Bow, S. P. Poole; 2, C. W. Minard; 3, M. H. Kuehn; 4, U. L. Glass; 5, J. E. Trigg; 6, G. E. Redman; 7, L. D. Sprague; stroke, A. J. Osman; coxswain, G. G. Jayne. Averages—Age, 20¼ years; height, 6 feet 1¾ inches; weight, 164⅛ pounds.

COURSE NO. 2.

COLUMBIA—Bow, H. A. Naumer; 2, R. B. Jauss; 3, H. M. Tichborne; 4, V. G. Sanborn, (Captain;) 5, W. H. Diekmann; 6, W. N. Bratton; 7, D. K. Ferris; stroke, F. E. Wormser; coxswain, W. G. Fogg. Averages—Age, 20⅝ years; height, 6 feet ½ inch weight, 184 pounds.

COURSE NO. 3.

PENNSYLVANIA—Bow, W. E. Chickering; 2, G. Butler; 3, L. P. Scott; 4, G. W. Pepper, Jr.; 5, R. B. Garvin; 6, J. V. Marrick; 7, L. Borie; stroke, H. Schoemaker; coxswain, W. A. Foster. Averages—Age, 21⅛ years; height, 6 feet 1 inch; weight, 172½ pounds.

JUNIOR EIGHTS.

Two Miles.—Cornell won by a little more than a length. Pennsylvania was second, and Columbia third. Time—Cornell, 10:00 1-5; Pennsylvania, 10:05; Columbia, 10:07 3-5.

Boating of the Crews.

COURSE NO. 3.

CORNELL—Bow, F. H. Rayfield; 2, L. D. Kingsland; 3, F. Weisbrod; 4, L. R. Lytle; 5, G. G. Terriberry; 6, G. D. Stahl; 7, D. S. Morgan; stroke, H. J. Brooks; coxswain, P. A. McCandless. Averages—Age, 23⅝ years; height, 5 feet 11⅜ inches; weight, 162½ pounds.

COURSE NO. 2.

PENNSYLVANIA—Bow, C. Geis; 2, R. E. Gotham; 3, S. A. Kayll; 4, L. C. Guenther; 5, A. Woll; 6, G. H. Schellens; 7, H. H. Hildebrand; stroke, H. K. Marcy; coxswain, A. M. Weirick. Averages—Age, 21 years; height, 5 feet 11⅝ inches; weight, 166¾ pounds.

COURSE N. 1.

COLUMBIA—Bow, C. W. Sengstaken; 2, F. J. Burghard; 3, P. P. Mansbach; 4, W. T. Hooven; 5, F. M. Simonds, Jr.; 6, R. H. Spurgen; 7, C. W. Cronenberg; stroke, B. Myers; coxswain, A. K. Paddock. Averages—Age, 19⅝ years; height, 5 feet 11$\frac{1}{16}$ inches; weight, 160$\frac{1}{16}$ pounds.

FRESHMAN EIGHTS.

Two Miles.—Syracuse won by about four lengths, Cornell was second, Columbia third, and Pennsylvania fourth. Time—Syracuse, 9:29 3-5; Cornell, 9:43; Columbia, 9:47 4-5; Pennsylvania, 10:01 2-5.

Boating of the Crews.

COURSE NO. 1.

SYRACUSE—Bow, J. Y. Port; 2, H. H. Hartwell; 3, J. T. Collins; 4, D. R. Summerville; 5, E. E. Hopkins; 6, L. J. Worden; 7, F. R. Williams, stroke, C. J. Whiteside; coxswain, H. F. Buchanan. Averages—Age, 20⅛ years; height, 5 feet 11⅛ inches; weight, 169¼ pounds.

COURSE NO. 2.

CORNELL—Bow, W. D. Comings; 2, A. L. Fuller; 3, G. C. Wykes; 4, T. J. Helms; 5, B. Kirkland; 6, J. S. Coe; 7, L. G. Brower; stroke, H. Handwerger; coxswain, A. S. Collins. Averages—Age, 19¾ years; height, 6 feet; weight, 172½ pounds.

COURSE NO. 3.

COLUMBIA—Bow, J. Fairfield; 2, J. Trowbridge; 3, R. R. O'Loughlin; 4, R. Murphy; 5, H. Ritter; 6, R. Lahey; 7, R. O. Fennell; stroke, D. W. Leye; coxswain, M. Thomas. Averages—Age, 19 years; height, 6 feet ¾ inch; weight, 163 pounds.

COURSE NO. 4.

PENNSYLVANIA—Bow, B. C. Gosewick; 2, T. G. Hunter; 3, S. G. Tilden; 4, R. D. Van Buren; 5, C. C. Glanz; 6, E. W. Wirkman; 7, V. C. Chambers; stroke, H. S. Ross; coxswain, R. L. Jack. Averages—Age, 19 years; height, 5 feet 10½ inches; weight, 163 pounds.

COURTNEY HAS BAD FALL.

Veteran Cornell Coach Goes Back to Ithaca with Physician.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 28.—Charles E. Courtney, the veteran Cornell coach, went back to Ithaca tonight in a serious condition. At the Cornell boathouse yesterday he fell and was so badly shaken up that he was unable today to leave the Cornell camp. He waited for the finish of the 'Varsity race, however, but went back to Ithaca immediately after the race, in care of a physician. The crews today were in charge of his assistant, John Hoyle.

Leland Stanford Students Celebrate.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 28.—News that the Stanford eight had taken second place in the 'Varsity race at Poughkeepsie today was telegraphed tonight to thousands of Stanford men at vacation resorts in the West, and scores of impromptu celebrations sprang up in the mountains and at the seashore. Hardly any Stanford men were in town.

All reports from the East as to the Stanford showing had been thoroughily depressing. Pity and contempt mingled in advance stories of the crew which was said to be an untrained, water-splashing affair, with a stroke which became worse as it quickened until at high speed it was no good at all. Odds against Stanford were 10 to 1 here today.

Previous Poughkeepsie Winners.

Year.	Winner.	Time.
1895	Columbia	21:25
1896	Cornell	19:57
1897	Cornell	20:34
1898	Cornell	20:47
1899	Pennsylvania	20:04
1900	Pennsylvania	19:44
1901	Cornell	18:53
1902	Cornell	19:05
1903	Cornell	18:57
1904	Syracuse	20:22
1905	Cornell	20:24
1906	Cornell	19:36
1907	Cornell	20:02
1908	Syracuse	19:24
1909	Cornell	19:02
1910	Cornell	20:42
1911	Cornell	20:10
1912	Cornell	19:31
1913	Syracuse	19:28
1914	Columbia	19:37

WESTBURY CUP POLO.

Meadow Brook Defeats Cooperstown in Final Game, 10 to 4¾.

Meadow Brook polo team defeated Cooperstown in the final match for the Second Westbury Challenge Cup yesterday on the International Field at Westbury, L. I. The score was 10 to 4¾ goals. It was the last regularly scheduled game of the season at Meadow Brook. The contest was to decide the holder of the challenge trophy for another year.

Only three clubs, Great Neck, Meadow Brook, and Cooperstown, entered teams. The North Shore quartet was defeated in the opening match by Meadow Brook, four, holders of the trophy, which they won last year.

While the score would indicate that Meadow Brook had an easy victory, such was not the case, as the Cooperstown players never let up for a moment. But the secret of Meadow Brook's success was its wonderful stickwork. J. M. Waterbury, D. Milburn, and Rene La Montagne were hitting goals from wonderful angles, and these three international players never showed to better advantage, not even in the games against the English team in 1914.

The ground was as smooth as the proverbial billiard table and the ball when hit traveled at a terrific rate, which consequently made the game lightning fast at times. There was little to choose between the ponies, as both sides were well mounted. Harry Payne Whitney, who had a whole section of the grand stand to himself, had sent over a string of his famous mounts. These were ridden by the Meadow Brook players. He rendered the victors further assistance by coaching them when the play was down at his end of the field.

Cooperstown made its best showing in the fourth period, when it made three of its goals and kept the other team from scoring.

At the end of the first period each team had scored one goal, but Meadow Brook was mulcted a safety made by Milburn, which gave Cooperstown a quarter of a goal lead. This was the only time they were ever in the lead. The losers held well in the second period, and it was nearly seven minutes before La Montagne was able to add the second goal. Time was called with the ball in the middle of the field, and Waterbury scored again in forty-five seconds overtime.

At half time the score stood 5¼ to 3¾ goals. A goal by Tilney was the only point earned by Cooperstown in the second part of the game, while Meadow Brook steadily increased its lead. Neither side was able to add to its total in the seventh period. Just as the game was closing Milburn made the last goal for Meadow Brook.

The line-up:

Meadow Brook—J. S. Phipps, R. La Montagne, J. M. Waterbury, D. Milburn.

Cooperstown—W. L. Tilney, C. C. Rumsey, C. P. Beadleston, M. Stevenson.

Goals—Meadow Brook: Waterbury, 4; La Montagne, 3; J. S. Phipps, 2; D. Milburn, 2. Cooperstown: Beadleston, 2; Rumsey, 2, and Tilney. Goals earned—Meadow Brook, 11; allowed by handicap, 0; lost by penalty, 1; net score, 10. Cooperstown, 5; allowed by handicap, 0; lost by penalty, ¼; net score, 4¾ goals. Eight seven-and-a-half-minute periods. Referee—R. J. Cooley.

Islip Teams Win at Polo.

Two games were played in the Islip polo tournament, which opened yesterday on the grounds of the club. In the first game Islip Wanderers defeated Aiken Grasshoppers by 6¼ to 6 goals. A home team was again successful in the match, when the Rovers defeated Rockaway Hunt Club team by 8 to 2¾ goals.

The trophy in competition is the Brooklyn Eagle Low Goal Cup, to be competed for annually on the club's grounds. The conditions are for teams not to exceed seven goals. No individual player to carry more than three. The trophy becomes the property of the club winning it three times, not necessarily consecutively. Individual prizes are presented by the Islip Polo Club. The line-up:

FIRST GAME.

Islip Wanderers—F. Stone, J. H. Minnick, J. Meyer, B. A. Pratt.

Aiken Grasshoppers—L. Anderson, A. Skinner, H. Anderson, G. Preece.

SECOND GAME.

Islip Rovers—J. O.Day, G. F. Hupton, J. F. Deballos, A. G. Swartz.

Rockaway Hunt Club—W. A. Hazard, Jr., T. P. Leonard, Seward Cary, T. P. Hazard.

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VETERAN CHAMPION WINS TENNIS MATCH

Frederick G. Anderson, Long Island Title Holder, Defeats W. H. Wood, 2 Sets to 1.

Playing with excellent judgment, and showing the same form that won for him the championship last year, Frederick G. Anderson yesterday defeated W. Halsey Wood of the New York Tennis Club in the third round of the Long Island tennis championship on the courts of the Kings County Tennis Club at Brooklyn. Anderson, who is a veteran and fully twenty years older than his opponent, won two sets to one at 6—3, 4—6, 6—3.

In accuracy of placing and court generalship Anderson's victory stands out as a conspicuous feature of the tournament. The title holder devoted most of his attention to the back court and kept his shots at a good length. He kept Wood racing at all parts of the court until he was able to pass him, and then he found a clear opening for his shots. Anderson played well within himself and reserved his energies until they were needed and seldom threw away a point by unnecessary exertion. By his victory Anderson reached the fourth round and will play S. Howard Voshell today, the latter qualifying over G. I. Burr at 6—2, 6—0.

Louis Graves was the only player to reach the round before the semifinal. He came through the third round through a default by F. T. Hunter of Cornell, and defeated J. W. Anderson in the fourth round in straight sets, at 6—0, 6—3. Graves is drawn against the winner of the Dionne-Hartye contest in the fifth round.

Veteran racquet wielders were successful in the majority of their matches. Charles Chambers advanced one round at the expense of D. E. Rice, at 6—1, 6—3. Frederick C. Baggs was a double winner, defeating Dr. H. K. Bell and Harold Swain in straight sets. Benjamin M. Phillips also advanced two rounds, defeating K. Thompson, 6—2, 6—1, in the first, and getting a default from W. C. Clinkenhommer in the second. The summary:

Long Island Championship, Men's Singles.—First Round—J. Treadwell defeated Ingo Hartman by default; Ralph Baggs defeated Le P. Moore, 6—2, 6—1; F. C. Anderson defeated G. A. Copland, 6—1, 8—6; Frederick C. Baggs defeated Dr. H. K. Bell, 6—2, 6—0; W. C. Clinkenhommer defeated G. Graham by default; Benjamin M. Phillips defeated K. Thompson, 6—2, 6—1.

Second Round—Ralph Baggs defeated George Sladel, 6—1, 6—1; Frederick C. Anderson defeated W. L. Colwell, 4—6, 8—6, 8—6; H. L. Burows defeated C. L. Johnston by default; W. Holt defeated Arthur M. Lovibond by default; J. H. Steinkampf won by default; G. A. L. Dunne defeated H. W. Lewis, 6—1, 6—0; W. A. Hartye defeated Dr. William Rosenbaum by default; F. B. Ogilvie defeated W. Young, 6—1, 6—3; Frederick E Baggs defeated Harold Swain, 6—1, 6—3; Benjamin M. Phillips defeated W. C. Clinkenhommer by default.

Third Round—Allen Behr defeated H. L. Burrows, 6—4, 6—2; Edmund J. Fisnan defeated T. J. McKee, 6—1, 6—2; Frederick G. Anderson defeated W. Halsey Wood, 6—3, 4—6, 6—3; S. Howard Voshell defeated G. I. Burr, 6—2, 6—0; Dr. W. H. Ross defeated A. L. Barlow, 7—5, 3—6, 6—3; Louis Graves defeated F. T. Hunter by default; J. W. Anderson defeated J. H. Steinkampf by default; G. A. L. Dionne defeated S. S. Edmands, 6—1, 6—0; W. A. Hartye defeated H. J. Henry, 6—8, 4—6, 6—4; Charles Chambers defeated D. E. Rice, 6—1, 6—3.

Fourth Round—Louis Graves defeated J. W. Anderson, 6—0, 6—3.

SCHOOLBOYS AT THE NETS.

Fifty-two Youngsters Play for Staten Island Junior Tennis Title.

The first junior singles lawn tennis tournament for the championship of Staten Island started yesterday with fifty-two contestants on the courts of the Clifton Tennis Club at Arrochar, S. I., and at the end of the first day's play twenty-one were left in the tournament. The entry list included several of the strongest schoolboy players in the East.

The defeat of Willard Bottsford, the English interscholastic champion, by Walter Hanlon of the Curtis High School was the only reversal of form in the early rounds. The contest, which was one of the most interesting decided, found the youngsters evenly matched. Each won a set, and in the third, with the score 5—all, Hanlon broke through the British youngster's service and then won his own and the match.

Herbert W. Forster, runner-up for the junior metropolitan championship last Fall, defeated Gerald Donaldson, whose playing in the last metropolitan tournament created a stir. Forster was at the top of his form and won in straight sets at 6—0, 6—1. Fred Barrett, another strong local schoolboy, made a splendid recovery in his match with Franklin Bailey. Barrett lost the first set at love, but captured the next two at 6—3, 6—3. The summary:

First Round—R. Goldman defeated Leo de Kone, 6—3, 6—1; Charles Saache won from Charles Montrose by default; L. M. Banks defeated Austin Doyle, 6—2, 6—3; Hamilton Harris won from Leon Weil by default; Fred Vilner defeated Shamus Kelly, 6—0, 6—1; Walter Hanlon defeated Willard Bottsford, 6—1, 3—6, 7—5; Randolph Walker defeated Waldo Murphy, 3—6, 6—2, 6—3; William Malcolm defeated A. Bassford, 3d, 6—0, 6—0; W. Zabriskie defeated Val Bohn, 3—6, 6—3, 6—2; Gilbert Parmelee defeated Donald Nichols, 7—5, 6—4; Augustine Healey defeated Bob Cone, 6—0, 6—2; G. Mortimer, Jr., defeated Ned Rawson, 3—6, 6—4, 6—1; Robert Ballin defeated Burt Garbe, 6—0, 6—0; Harold Tyler won from William Nash by default; Richmond Kelly won from Ralph Schwartz by default; Fred Barrett defeated Franklin Bailey, 0—6, 6—3, 6—3; Gordon Gildersleeve defeated Peter Visher, 6—4, 6—2; Dudley Meyer defeated Everett Lins, 6—0, 6—2; George Preston defeated Niles Nelson, 6—0, 6—1; E. P. Fairchild defeated Cecil Donaldson, 6—1, 2—6, 6—2.

Second Round—G. Throckmorton defeated Francis de Revere, 6—4, 6—0; Herbert W. Forster defeated Gerald Donaldson, 6—0, 6—1; Paul Treanor defeated Leonard Herzig, 6—0, 6—1. R. Goldman defeated Charles Saache, 6—0, 6—1; William Malcolm defeated Randolph Walker, 6—1, 6—4; Gilbert Parmelee defeated W. Zabriskie, 6—2, 6—4; E. P. Fairchild defeated George Preston, 6—2, 6—1; Rutledge Robinson defeated William Bisland, 6—4, 4—6, 6—4; George Zabriskie defeated Edward Randall, 6—4, 6—2.

Rahway Has Night Tennis Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

RAHWAY, N. J., June 28.—While twenty-four high-powered electric lights made it like day, the first night tennis tournament ever held in New Jersey was opened here tonight, under the auspices of the Ilderan Outing Club, with contestants from many parts of the State entered. The novelty of the tournament attracted a large number of entries, among whom were B. Throckmorton, Rowland Clark, M. Randall, and H. Bartlett, prominent players of this section. In one of the best doubles matches Glazebrook and Vandezenter defeated Brinkerhoff and Holbrook, 6—1, 6—2. The finals of the tournament are expected to be reached by Saturday.

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CLAY COURT TENNIS.

Referee Orders Many Defaults as Players Fail to Show Up.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., June 28.—The first, second, and third rounds of the men's singles in the clay court championship of the United States Tennis Association were finished today, the referee, Julian S. Myrick, President of the West Side Tennis Club, New York, taking full charge, and seeing to it that defaults were declared where a man failed to show up when his name was called. This assisted very materially in getting through the mass of entries in the first event of the tournament.

The fourth round was begun today and will be finished tomorrow as well as the fifth round, and a start made with the women's singles. Three crack Eastern players were eliminated today, D. D. Morgan of Washington, W. H. Y. Hackett of Boston, and Laurence Curtis, Jr., of Harvard University. Morgan had fought his way through to the fourth round when he met N. W. Niles of Boston and was defeated rather easily, 6—1, 6—2. Hackett was put out of the tournament by F. C. Inman of the West Side Club in the third round, 6—4, 7—5, while young Curtis played splendid tennis, fighting his way through to the fourth round, when he met W. M. Washburn, his teammate, the match going to the latter by scores of 6—3, 8—6, the last game being close all the way.

Richard Norris Williams had no trouble winning his two matches today, defeating the two local players easily. Tomorrow morning he will appear against H. C. Johnson, the Boston player, in the fourth round. The scores:

First Round—C. H. Roseman, Detroit, defeated Harry Garman, Jeannette, Penn., 5—7, 6—2, 6—1; A. F. Read, Cleveland, defeated F. B. Ransom, Pittsburgh, 6—4, 8—6; R. H. Geddes, Pittsburgh, defeated Lawrence Alderdice, Pittsburgh, 2—6, 6—2, 6—2; G. S. Garland, Pittsburgh, defeated Oliver Rodgers, Bellevue, Penn., 6—3, 6—0; W. M. Washburn, West Side, N. Y., defeated William Scott, Jr., Pittsburgh, 6—1, 6—3; T. McK. Cummins, Wheeling, W. Va., defeated W. L. Gibson, Pittsburgh, 6—3, 6—0; Thomas Beattie, Wheeling, W. Va., defeated Harold V. Huber, Cornell University, 6—3, 6—3; Harry Seymour, Pittsburgh, defaulted to E. A. Condit, Pittsburgh; Jules Lieberman, Pittsburgh, defaulted to H. M. Hooker, Pittsburgh; T. A. Arthur, Pittsburgh, defaulted to W. H. Y. Hackett, Boston; J. R. Willison, Pittsburgh, defaulted to Grant Siverd, Pittsburgh; E. D. Seitz, Trafford, defaulted to J. C. Burgwin, Pittsburgh; N. B. Hardy, Trafford, defaulted to A. H. Wright, Pittsburgh; Harold Wright, Trafford, defeated M. Gove, Trafford, 7—5, 6—4; Dean Mathey, West Side, N. Y., defeated T. Coleman Ward, Pittsburg, 6—2, 6—4; F. O. Wilson, Sewickley, Penn., defeated J. H. Bialas, Pittsburgh, 6—1, 6—1; D. D. Morgan, Washington, D. C., defeated Charles Garland, Pittsburgh, 6—4, 6—3; J. C. Mackrell, Trafford, defeated Robert Schmertz, Pittsburgh, 6—2, 0—6, 6—1; W. S. McElroy, Pittsburgh, defeated William L. Abbott, Pittsburgh, 6—1, 6—1; John P. Schmertz, Pittsburgh, defeated Samuel H. Shepley, Blairsville, Penn., 7—5, 1—6, 6—2; W. M. Murdock, Pittsburgh, defeated J. F. Meredith, Pittsburgh, 10—8, 6—0; George M. Church, Princeton, defeated C. L. Roseman, Detroit, 6—1, 6—1; H. C. Johnson, Boston, defeated Wendell S. Kuhn, Princeton, 6—3, 6—1; Paul Degener, Trafford, defeated F. A. Galer, Jeannette, 6—1, 6—3; N. W. Niles, Boston, defeated Herbert Patterson, Pittsburgh, 6—0, 6—3; J. H. Scott, Pittsburgh, defaulted to Chisholm Garland, Pittsburgh.

Second Round—F. C. Inman, West Side, New York, defeated W. H. Y. Hackett, Boston, 6—4, 7—5; Percy Siverd, Pittsburgh, defeated F. O. Wilson, Sewickley, Penn., 6—2, 3—6, 6—3; J. C. Castle, Pittsburgh, defeated H. S. Dornberger, Pittsburgh, 6—1, 6—3; Middleton de Camp, Cincinnati, defeated A. J. Read, Paterson, N. J., 6—2, 6—2; R. A. Johnson, Parkersburg, W. Va., defeated B. Vincent Imbrie, Pittsburgh, 6—1, 6—2; W. S. McKee, Trafford, defaulted to Joseph Replogle, Johnstown, Penn.; R. S. Miller, Pittsburgh, defeated W. L. Decoursey, Pittsburgh, 6—2, 6—1; Robert Thompson, Trafford, defeated A. R. Matheny, Pittsburgh, 6—2, 6—3; C. F. Gant, Pittsburgh, defeated D. S. Thompson, Pittsburgh, 6—3, 7—5; Julian S. Mirick, West Side, New York, defaulted to Norman Leeke, Trafford; Lawrence Curtis, Harvard, defeated E. H. Hooker, New York, 6—0, 6—1; C. P. Billings, Pittsburgh, defeated Dr. T. W. Stimson, Pittsburgh, 6—1, 6—1; Thomas Beattie, Wheeling, W. Va., defeated M. B. Young, Trafford, 6—1, 2—6, 6—3; Louis Mohn, Trafford, defeated P. C. Myers, Trafford, 6—4, 6—4; Elias Sunstein, Pittsburgh, defeated C. E. Winterhalter, Pittsburgh, 7—5, 6—2.

Third Round—C. F. Gant, Pittsburgh, defeated W. M. Murdock, Pittsburgh, 9—7, 6—4; D. W. Lloyd, Pittsburgh, defeated Wright Hugus, Wheeling, W. Va., 6—2, 6—1; D. D. Morgan, Washington, D. C., defeated Paul Degener, Trafford, 6—3, 6—2; E. A. Condit, Pittsburgh, defaulted to J. D. Iams, Pittsburgh; H. M. Hooker, Pittsburgh, defeated John R. Schmertz, Pittsburgh, 6—2, 6—0; H. C. Johnson, Boston, defeated Robert Thompson, Trafford, 6—0, 6—2; Dr. T. A. Stephens, Pittsburgh, defeated A. A. Bialias, Pittsburgh, 6—1, 6—1; William Tyler, Cincinnati, defeated W. C. Martin, Pittsburgh, 6—1, 6—1; W. S. McElroy, Pittsburgh, defeated H. G. Lytle, Pittsburgh, 7—5, 6—2; T. McK. Cummins, Wheeling, W. Va., defeated Chisholm Garland, Pittsburgh, 6—2 6—3; J. C. Castle, Pittsburgh, defeated A. H. Wright, Pittsburgh, 6—3, 6—3; Percy Siverd, Pittsburgh, defeated C. P. Billings, Pittsburgh, 6—4, 6—3; R. Norris Williams, Harvard, defeated G. O. Burgwin, Pittsburgh, 6—0, 6—1; N. W. Niles, Boston, defeated J. C. Mackrell, Trafford, 6—1, 6—2; Dean Mathey, West Side, New York, defeated R. H. Geddes, Pittsburgh, 6—1, 6—0; Elias Sunstein, Pittsburgh, defeated Raymond S. Miller, Pittsburgh, 6—2, 8—6.

Fourth Round—Grant Siverd, Pittsburgh, defaulted to George M. Church, Princeton; W. S. Knox, Pittsburgh, defeated S. Jarvis Adams, Pittsburgh, 3—6, 6—0, 6—3; F. B. Ransom, Pittsburgh, defeated Harold Wright, Trafford, 6—2, 7—5; W. M. Washburn, West Side, defeated Lawrence Curtis, Harvard, 6—3, 8—6; C. S. Garland, Pittsburgh, defeated Joseph Repogle, Johnstown, Penn., 6—0, 12—14, 6—4; Dr. T. W. Stephens, Pittsburgh, defeated Norman Leeke, Trafford, 6—3, 6—2; Thomas Beattie, Wheeling, W. Va., defeated Louis Mohn, Trafford, 3—6, 6—1, 6—4; W. S. McElroy, Pittsburgh, defeated J. D. Iams, Pittsburgh, 6—2, 6—0; Dean Mathey, West Side, defeated W. M. Tyler, Cincinnati, 6—0, 6—0; N. W. Niles, Boston, defeated D. D. Morgan, Washington, 6—1, 6—2.

Tennis at Garden City.

Several interesting tennis matches were played yesterday on the courts of the Garden City Hotel, at Garden City, L. I., in competition for women's singles and men's doubles. Many members of the Summer colony around Hempstead took part in the tournament. In the women's singles the survivors are Mrs. F. M. Kerr, Miss Elizabeth Sabin, Miss Florence Ruston, Miss Helen Harbeck, Miss Helen Ellbeck, and Miss Leslie Johnson. The semifinal and final rounds of this event will be played today. The winners of the men's doubles were A. M. Hall and K. T. McVough, who defeated Harry Forsythe and Amos Merrill in the final round. In the previous round Hall and McVough won from Lannin and Schiess and Forsythe and Merrill eliminated Little and Schnelwind.

New York in Billiard League.

PUT-IN-BAY, Ohio, June 28.—The opening session of the Interstate Three-Cushion Billiard League Convention was held today, with ten delegates present, Ed. Helm, Cleveland, casting fifteen proxies. Harry Cooler, Indianapolis, probably will be elected President tomorrow, and Helm Secretary and Treasurer. The one-shot safety rule will be adopted for next season.

There will be twenty-five players next season. Cleveland will have two franchises. Cincinnati two instead of one, Pittsburgh two instead of one, Milwaukee two instead of one, Chicago four instead of two, and Detroit three instead of one. Franchises have been granted Boston, Brooklyn, and New York.

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SIX FAVORITES FAIL IN AQUEDUCT RACES

Whitney and Belmont Horses Among the Defeated First Choices.

Either the layers showed poor judgment in picking the favorites for the races at Jamaica, or the players swamped them with wagers on false favorites, for every favorite was beaten in every race.

Miss Puzzle started things in the opening dash by outrunning August Belmont's filly Malachite, a 6-to-5 favorite, while 3 to 1 could always be had against the winner. Then the rank outsiders took a whack at things in the second, Nephthys at 20 to 1 winning in a romp, with the 4-to-1 chance Penalty running second, and Miss Barn Harbor, at 25 to 1, getting third place, while the first and second choices in the betting, Orotund and Noureddin, were the tailenders.

Fresh from Kentucky, Leo Skolny, the extreme outsider in the betting on the third race, trimmed Hester Prynne, the favorite, and the second choice, Royal Martyr, the latter causing the loss of big bundles of the clubhouse money by running last.

A magnificent piece of jockeyship on the part of Butwell landed the tired Bac in front by a neck from Harry Shaw, though the latter appeared to be the best horse in the fourth race. He was away last in his field and did not reach the leader, which was Bac, until the horses were straightened for the run through the long straight stretch. There was a hammer and tongs race once they were coupled, and ten yards from the finish Harry Shaw seemed to have the tired Bac beaten. But Butwell fairly lifted his mount across the line and so won the best contest of the afternoon by the length of his horse's head.

A 10-to-1 shot, Yodeles upset all calculations in the fifth event when he, Stonehenge—another 10-to-1 chance—and Tinkle Bell at 15 to 1 finished in a bunch ahead of Outlook, which never seemed able to get into the scrimmage. Bromo, another of the Harry Payne Whitney youngsters to make his first appearance on the track in this race, was made a favorite for the last contest, but Sasin at 10 to 1 took the measure of the Whitney colt, beating him home by a length, while Bromo barely got the second place by the narrowest of margins from Favour, the second choice. The summary:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-old fillies which have not won $600; purse, $500; four and a half furlongs. Time—0:54 3-5.

Miss Puzzle, James Butler's b. f., by Disguise-Ruby Nethersole; 115 pounds; 3 to 1 and 4 to 5, (Bouel)....1^{1}

Malachite, August Belmont's ch. f., 115; 6 to 5 and 1 to 3, (Turner)....2^{1}

Sprint, J. E. Madden's b. f., 115; 4 to 1 and 8 to 5, (Buxton)....3^{1}

Little Dipper also ran.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and up; mares and geldings; selling; purse, $500; one mile. Time—1:40 2-5.

Nephthys, J. J. Moran's ch.f., 3 years; by Isidor-Maiest, 96 pounds; 20 to 1 and 7 to 1, (McKeever)....1^{4}

Penalty, C. W. Gasser's br. f., 4; 105; 4 to 1 and even, (Buxton)....2½

Miss Barn Harbor, J. C. Ellis's ch. f., 4; 100; 25 to 1 and 8 to 1, (Mink....3^{1}

Nouraddin and Orotund also ran.

THIRD RACE.—Oakhill Handicap, for three-year-olds and up; purse $600; six and a half furlongs. Time—1:20.

Leo Skolny, R. J. Mackenzie's ch. c., 4 years, by Star Shoot-Lady Alberta, 108 pounds, 4 to 1 and 6 to 5, (Buxton)....1^{2}

Hester Prynne, R. T. Wilson's ch. m., 113, 8 to 5 and 1 to 2, (McCahey)....2^{3}

Double Eagle, Quincy Stable's br. c., 3, 109, 3 to 1 and 9 to 10, (Burlingame)....3^{4}

Royal Martyr also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and up; handicap; selling; purse, $500; one mile. Time—1:39 4-5.

Bac, Andrew Miller's ch. g., 4 years, by Cunard-Bandello, 115 pounds, 7 to 2 and even, (Butwell)....1^{nk}

Harry Shaw, O. W. Parry's b. c., 4, 113, 2 to 1 and 7 to 10, (Borel)....$2^{1½}$

Thornhill, D. J. Leary's ch. c., 4, 116, 7 to 10 and 3 to 5, (Turner)....3^{1}

Cliff Field and Chance also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; purse $500. One mile. Time—1:40 2-5.

Yodeles, H. Underberg's b. c., 3 years, by Roehampton-Yodeler, 95 pounds, 10 to 1 and 4 to 1, (McCahey)....1^{1}

Stonehenge, Captain C. K. Rockwell's b. g., 4, 109, 10 to 1 and 4 to 1, (Buxton)....2^{1}

Tinkle Bell, James Butler's ch. g., 3, 101, 15 to 1 and 6 to 1, (Ryan)....3^{3}

Beethoven, Outlook, San Vega, High Tide, Egeria, and Dartworth also ran. Loveland broke down and did not finish.

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-old maidens; purse $400. Five furlongs. Time—1:02.

Sasin, G. J. O'Reilly's b. c., by The Picket-Queen, 112 pounds, 10 to 1 and 4 to 1, (Troxler)....1^{1}

Bromo, L. S. Thompson's b. c., 112, 6 to 5 and 3 to 5, (Louder)....2^{h}

Favour, E. J. Albright's b. f., 109, 5 to 1 and 11 to 5, (McTaggart)....3^{3}

Trumpator, Walloon, Sea Beach, Qui Vive, Startling, Wayfarer, Past Master, Achievement, and Airman also ran.

Entries for Aqueduct Racing.

First Race.—Two-year-olds; selling. Five furlongs. Dr. Gremer, 107 pounds; Tralee, 107; Plumose, 112; High Horse, 115; Tlavan, 110; Broomvale, 112.

Second Race.—Three-year-olds and up, maidens; steeplechase. About two miles. Dixon Park, 147 pounds; Election Bet, 140; Hustler, 132; Escocia, 142; Always First, 145; Bonny Laddie, 142; Aberfeldy, 142; Dr. Duenner, 147; Roger Gordon, 142; Brush, 147; Miss Cavanagh, 140.

Third Race.—Three-year-olds and up; selling. Five furlongs. Mamie K., 103 pounds; Lou Blue, 103; Lily Orme, 110; Dolly Madison, 103; Plantagenet, 105; El Mahdi, 115 Mack B. Eubanks, 112; Gilt Edge, 103; Beverly James, 105; Duke of Dunbar, 105; Goodwood, 105; Water Lily, 110; Patrick S., 112; Eli C., 100.

Fourth Race.—Three-year-olds and up; the Queens County Handicap. One mile. Yankee Notions, 109 pounds; Figinny, 98; Stomboli, 125; Rock View, 118; Roamer, 127; Harmonicon, 121; Buckhorn, 120.

Fifth Race.—Three-year-olds and up, mares; handicap. Six furlongs. Coquette, 112 pounds; Helen Barbee, 104; Hanovia, 100; Isirose, 105; Capra, 102.

Sixth Race.—Three-year-olds and up; selling. One mile. Mack B. Eubanks, 102 pounds; Sepulveda, 105; Loveland, 107; Sam Slick, 98; Yodeles, 110; Robinetta, 105; Star Gift, 113; Joe Deibold, 109; Dryad, 110.

Ten-Rounders at Olympic A. C.

The three ten-round bouts at the Olympic Athletic Club in Harlem last night attracted a large crowd and the spectators were rewarded with some interesting exhibitions. The first contest, between Kid Ghetto and Jimmy Duffy of the west side resulted in a draw. Pinky Burns, the former champion, won a rather easy victory over Willie Astey in the second ten-round event. Johnny Clinton, announced as the lightweight champion of the National Guard, received a severe licking at the hands of Carey Phelan of Harlem in the final ten-round bout.

SPORTING EVENTS.
RACING AT AQUEDUCT TODAY
$1,500 Queens Co. Handicap
2 Mile Steeplechase
& 4 Other Attractive Races
FIRST RACE AT 2:30 P. M.
SPECIAL RACE TRAINS leave Pennsylvania Station, 33d St. and 7th Av., also from Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, at 12:30, and at intervals up to 2 P. M. Course also reached by Trolleys. Automobiles from New York take Queens Boulevard to Woodhaven Av., thence to Track.
GRAND STAND $3. LADIES $1.50. MUSIC BY LANDER.
Sheepshead Bay Velodrome, Tel. C. I. 2164. To-night: Madonna, Mitten, Lawrence, Grenda, McNamara, Spears, Hill; others. Take Ocean Av. car or Brighton L.
Baseball, Polo Grounds, Today, 2 Games. First game 1:45 P. M. Giants vs. Boston.
Baseball, Washington Park, 3:30 P. M. Today. Tip-Tops vs. Kansas City Feds.

$12,500 FOR A YEARLING.

47 Thoroughbred Youngsters Sold at Sheepshead Bay for $61,900.

There was certainly a boom in the market for thoroughbred racing material yesterday, when forty-seven yearlings were sold for a total of $61,900, an average of $1,317, at the private stable of the late J. B. Haggin at Sheepshead Bay. This is the highest average price, and included the highest price paid for an individual yearling racer, since the legislation which put a temporary stop to racing in this State.

State Racing Commissioner John Sanford, proprietor of the Hurricanna Stud at Amsterdam, N. Y., secured the two prizes of the sale, for which there was sharper competition than at any sale for years. He had to bid, through his agent and trainer, Preston Burth, $12,500 before he secured the chestnut colt by Star Shoot-Hamburg Belle, a handsome, upstanding colt, for which John E. Madden lasted longest among his competitors for the prize. Mr. Sanford also paid $6,000 for a bay daughter of Star Shoot out of the grand race mare Tradition, which has the Great Eastern Handicap and six other stakes to her credit in her racing days.

F. B. Lemaire and Joseph Johnson, the latter racing under the nom de course of the Quincy Stable, were the next largest buyers, Mr. Lemaire buying eight, the highest-priced ones being $4,600 for a chestnut colt by Watercress out of Enterprise; $1,475 for a bay filly by Waterboy out of Schoolmistress, his other purchases ranging from $875 for a daughter of Waterboy out of Degenerate, down to $325.

For the Quincy Stable Mr. Johnson, who now has a string of thirty-six horses in training, paid $2,700 for a daughter of Celt and Please, $2,000 for a chestnut son of the same sire out of the mare Sumptuous by imported Fatherless; $1,800 for a bay colt by Heno out of the Eolus mare Sanci, $1,600 for another colt by Heno out of Eliza Russell, one of the famous Russell family of racers; $1,500 each for two of the get of Waterboy, one a colt out of Phantasma, and the other a bay filly out of the imported Midlothian mare, Sister Jeannie, and $1,000 for a daughter of Ballot and Miss Crittenden.

Smith Polo Star for Soldiers.

Almost single handed, A. C. Smith of the Red team of the Squadron A poloists yesterday triumphed over the White four in a fast match at Van Cortlandt Park. Of the six goals credited to the victors, four were driven through the goal posts by Smith. The Whites tallied four times, three of whose points were accredited to Capt. Thomas, but they lost half a point in the third period when Dr. Blackwell committed a foul. The Whites started off like winners in the first period, in which scores were made by Captain Thomas and L. Spencer. There was no tallying in the second, but in the third Thomas sent the white ball through the posts again, while Smidt more than offset this gain of the Whites by counting twice, each time on difficult plays. Smidt came back with another goal in the fourth chapter, and in the fifth Thomas repeated, while Eastman scored for the Reds. Smidt and Strong were the goalmakers in the sixth period. The match lasted eight periods, but there was no scoring in either the seventh or eighth frames. The line-ups:

Whites—No. 1, L. Snider; No. 2, Dr. Blackwell; No. 3, Capt. Thomas; back, L. Spencer.

Reds—No. 1, Capt. Strong; No. 2, A. C. Smidt; No. 3, T. C. Eastman; back, J. L. Hunt.

Races at Velodrome Tonight.

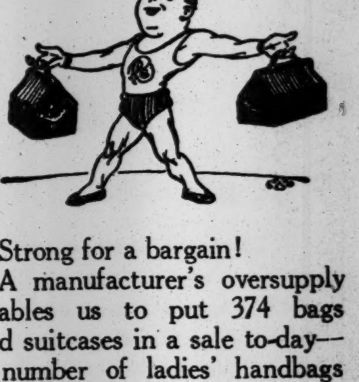
Alfred Grenda, leading professional point winner to date, will race a strong field in the alternance race at the Sheepshead Bay Velodrome tonight, Freddie Hill, Caesar Moretti, and Joe Fogler being his opponents. Fogler is more familiar with the track than the others and is picked to give the favorite the keenest contention. The biggest point winner of the four heats at one mile each will decide the winner.

Vincinzo Madonna, the young Italian sensation, will race two of the strongest pluggers, Worth Mitten and Percy Lawrence, in a thirty-mile paced race. Madonna is fast climbing into the first division of pace followers.

Wants Western Referee.

Charley White wants Ed Smith to be referee at the Brighton Beach race track next Saturday night, when White and Freddie Welsh come together for their ten-round bout.

Smith has officiated at some of the biggest matches in the history of the ring and is very popular among Western boxing fans. He refereed the Jack Johnson-Jim Flynn match in New Mexico and was also offered the job at the Johnson-Willard match.



Strong for a bargain!
A manufacturer's oversupply enables us to put 374 bags and suitcases in a sale to-day—a number of ladies' handbags included.
55 would be priced regularly $7.50 to $11.
$4.75.
269 regularly $12 to $20; among them 168 fine black walrus bags at $16.
$9.75.
47 regularly $21 to $33.
$13.50.
At $25, a few fitted bags that would regularly be $35 to $42; a few wardrobe trunks are also radically reduced.
Everything men and boys wear, including boys' mixture suits in three bargain prices—$6.50, $8.50 and $10.50.
ROGERS PEET COMPANY
Broadway at 13th St. "The Four Corners" Broadway at 34th St.
Broadway at Warren Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

Auto Bodies—Any Price Now.
Great Stock of Runabouts, Raceabouts, Touring, Coupes, Sedans, Landaulettes, Limousines, Deliveries, Trucks, etc.
Prices ☞ ⅛ to ¼ Value.
Any Make, Any Style—New or Used. Delivery Bodies (must unload)....$25 to $100
Tires by the Carload—Cheap!
BIGGEST ASSORTMENT OF ALL MAKES.
☞ At 33⅓ to 65% Discount.
Tubes (many best grades)..........$1 to $3
Used Tires, $3, $5, $6, $8, $10.
New Solid Tires............$8, $10, $12, $15
Sundries Lowest Prices in New York
"Our Prices Scare Our Competitors."
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.,
1763 Broadway and 1764 Broadway.
Autos and Bodies. Tires and Sundries.

Swimming And Diving Taught Privately to Both Sexes.
Dalton Swimming School, 19 West 44th St.

GIANTS SCORE DOUBLE VICTORY OVER BRAVES—YANKEES WIN AND LOSE

BRAVES TROUNCED IN DOUBLE-HEADER

Matty Pitches First Giant Victory and Tesreau Wins Second Game.

A lot of gloom clouds were dispelled yesterday at the Polo Grounds when Matty let about 10,000 people into the big secret that neuritis, old age, and a lot of the other ills that particularly beset ballplayers had not wrought the spell on him of turning a good right arm into a piece of hemp rope. For eleven innings Big Six faced the invading Braves, and he was still the Big Six of a half-dozen years ago. That's why the Giants took the first game of a double-header by a score of 3 to 2. The tie of two runs apiece was created in the fourth inning, and from then on Pat Ragan and Matty played in a pitchers' battle. In the eleventh Pat acknowledged the weakness that had been creeping upon him, and two singles, a sacrifice, and an error by Fitzpatrick brought Fletcher to the plate with the winning run. Just to round out the day's work, the Giants also took the second game by a score of 5 to 3, Tesreau pitching the victory.

There was just one time in the first game when Matty faltered. In the fourth inning Red Smith doubled past Grant, and Magee, a moment after Schmidt had gone out on an infield tap, lifted the ball into the right-field grandstand for a homer. The Giants were not a bit discouraged, though, and evened matters in their half of the inning. After Burns had struck out, Doyle singled to right and scored when Magee did the butterfinger act with Fletcher's single. The latter reached second and came to the plate on Merkle's single to left, which he failed to stretch into a double. After that Big Six was never in difficulties, although in the tenth Hart helped him a bit by declaring Fitzpatrick out when everybody else thought he was safe. The Giants almost pulled the game out of its doubtful state in the ninth. With two out, Merkle and Grant got singles and Meyers walked. Matty popped an easy one to Fitzpatrick. The veteran used bad judgment, for the one he hit at would have been the fourth ball and the winning run would have been forced in. Stallings had signaled Ragan to pass Meyers, and he forgot to tell him to stop slinging them wide when Matty came up.

As a result of the ninth inning Eddie Grant is wearing some of Schmidt's blood on his spikes. When he singled to right he started toward second. The throw to Maranville was fast, and the latter threw to Schmidt. In getting back Grant spiked the first baseman, and the game was held up ten minutes while Schmidt was getting his wrist repaired. Little Fitzpatrick was really responsible for the Giants' winning, for he fumbled Grant's drive so that Robertson was enabled to score from third. If the ball had been handled cleanly he could have caught the Giant at the plate and prolonged the game.

You know now that the Giants won the second game, but the winning was really inconsequential compared to the little comedy that Meyers and Tesreau furnished. Meyers singled in the sixth, and then Tesreau heaved a mighty wallop against the sphere. It skipped out to centre field and looked like a triple or a home run. Did it turn out that way? Not a bit of it. All it amounted to was a single. Meyers glued himself to the bag, waiting to see if the ball would be caught. When it wasn't, he started for second. He counted the blades of grass along the way, and Tesreau, running with head down, chased right on his heels, so that there were two men on second base. Jeff knew that wouldn't do and ran back. He never got to the bag. The home-run hit had been gathered in, relayed back to Schmidt, and the ball was waiting to greet Jeff on his return.

Hhereafter Red Smith will be as popular in Manhattan as he is across the bridge in Brooklyn. Not that he did anything to merit the boos and hisses which came his way in the fifth, for undoubtedly he was free from blame when he came nearly spiking Brainerd. The spectators could not see it, however, and thereafter the crowd showed its disapproval of everything that Boston did. Johnny Evers talked back to the crowd thinking he could do it better than Smith. Johnny wins. Every unkind thing he ever thought of, ever dreamed or ever heard he hurled at the crowd and some of them didn't make pretty listening at all, particularly to the women who were near by.

The Giants got a pair of runs in the fourth inning on a single by Robertson, followed by two errors by Maranville and a force out by Meyers. In the fifth Boston gathered three before Tesreau tightened up, and then the Giants returned in kind in the next. Fletcher singled through the box and Robertson walked, Merkle's infield out advanced both runners. Brainerd's single that went through Maranville scored Fletcher and Robertson. Meyers's single put Brainerd on third, and he scored on Tesreau's drive to centre. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
S'gr'ss, cf.	5	0	0	1	0	F'p'ck, 2b.	4	0	1	3	1
Burns, lf.	5	0	1	0	0	Gilbert, rf.	5	0	0	3	0
Doyle, 2b.	5	1	2	1	3	Con'ly, lf.	5	0	1	2	1
F'ch'r, ss.	5	2	2	3	5	Smith, 3b.	4	1	2	0	3
R'tson, rf.	5	0	1	2	0	S'midt, 1b.	4	0	0	11	0
Merkle, 1b.	4	0	2	19	0	Magee, cf.	3	1	1	0	0
Grant, 3b.	5	0	3	0	6	M'ville, ss.	4	0	1	4	6
Meyers, c.	3	0	1	7	1	Gowdy, c.	4	0	0	8	3
M't's'n, p.	2	0	0	0	4	Ragan, p.	4	0	0	0	1
Total	39	3	12	33	19	Total	37	2	6	*31	15

*One out when winning run was scored.
Errors—Schmidt, Magee, Fletcher.

New York.....0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—3
Boston ....0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2

Two-base hits—Doyle, Smith, Connolly. Home run—Magee. Stolen bases—Maranville, Grant. Earned runs—New York, 2; Boston, 2. Sacrifice hits—Magee, Mathewson, Merkle. Left on bases—New York, 9; Boston, 6. First base on error—Boston, 1. Bases on balls—Off Mathewson, 3; off Ragan, 2. Struck out—By Mathewson, 6; by Ragan, 5. Passed ball—Meyers. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Hart. Time of game—Two hours.

SECOND GAME.

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
S'dg's, cf.	4	0	0	1	0	F'p't'k, 2b.	4	0	2	2	1
Burns, lf.	4	0	1	0	0	G'bert, rf.	4	1	1	1	0
Doyle, 2b.	4	0	0	2	2	Con'ly, lf.	4	0	2	1	1
F'cher, ss.	3	1	1	2	4	Smith, 3b.	2	0	0	1	2
R'tson, rf.	3	2	2	1	0	S'midt, 1b.	4	0	0	10	0
M'kle, 1b.	3	1	1	9	2	Magee, cf.	4	0	1	1	1
B'nerd, 3b.	3	1	2	2	1	M'v'le, ss.	4	0	1	5	6
Meyers, c.	4	0	2	10	0	Whal'g, c.	3	1	1	3	3
T'reau, p.	3	0	1	0	5	Tyler, p.	3	1	1	0	0
						*Moran	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	5	10	27	14	†Egan	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	34	3	9	24	14

*Batted for Whaling in ninth inning.
†Batted for Tyler in ninth inning.
Errors — Fitzpatrick, Smith, Maranville, Burns, Brainerd, (2.)

New York.............0 0 0 2 0 3 0 0 ..—5
Boston ....0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0—3

Two-base hit—Whaling. Three-base hit—Connolly. Stolen bases—Merkle, Smith. Earned runs—New York, 3; Boston, 3. Sacrifice hit—Merkle. Double plays—Tesreau to Merkle to Meyers; Doyle to Merkle. Left on bases—New York, 6; Boston, 6. First base on errors—Boston, 2; New York, 3. Bases on balls—Off Tesreau, 2; off Tyler, 3. Struck out—By Tesreau, 5; by Tyler, 2. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Hart. Time of game—One hour and fifty-one minutes.

Cubs' Errors Let Reds Win.

CINCINNATI, June 28.—With the assistance of five errors generously donated by the leaders, Cincinnati won from Chicago today, 3 to 2. The locals made their winning run in the ninth, when Killifer reached first base on Phelan's error. Wingo was treated likewise by Fisher, and then Griffiths drove to McLarny, who, seeing Killifer going home, threw to the place. The ball arrived before Killifer, who had turned back and returned to third. Wingo, however, had started for second and the play was resumed to catch Wingo, but during the attempt to run down Wingo between first and second bases Killifer scored with the winning run. Zabel pitched good ball, but his support was poor. Score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leach, cf.	4	0	1	5	0	Good, rf.	[illegible]	0	0	2	0
M'witz, 1b.	3	0	0	4	2	Fisher, ss.	4	0	3	1	3
H'zog, ss.	4	0	0	5	1	Sch'te, lf.	3	1	1	6	0
Kil'fer, lf.	4	2	1	5	0	Z'man, 2b.	3	1	1	0	0
Groh, 3b.	3	0	1	0	1	McL'y, 2b.	1	0	1	1	1
Wingo, c.	3	0	0	6	2	Saier, 1b.	2	0	0	6	1
G'fith, rf.	3	1	2	1	1	W'ms, cf.	3	0	0	4	0
Olson, 2b.	2	0	0	1	1	P'lan, 3b.	3	0	1	1	1
Toney, p.	3	0	0	0	3	B'han, c.	4	0	1	4	0
						Zabel, p.	3	0	0	0	1
Total	29	3	5	27	11	Total	30	2	8	*25	7

*One out when winning run was scored.
Errors—Fisher, Schulte, (2,) Phelan, Zabel, Wingo.

Cincinnati ....0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1—3
Chicago ....0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—2

Two-base hits—Schulte, Griffith, McLarry. Three-base hit—Phelan. Stolen bases—Fisher, Groh, Griffith. Earned runs—Chicago, 2; Cincinnati, 1. Sacrifice hits—Mollwitz, Groh, Olson, Wingo. Left on bases—Chicago, 7; Cincinnati, 6. First base on errors—Cincinnati, 3. Bases on balls—Off Zabel, 1; off Toney, 6. Struck out—By Zabel, 2; by Toney, 4. Passed ball—Wingo. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Emslie. Time of game—One hour and thirty-nine minutes.

BASEBALL

Results of Yesterday's Games.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 3; Boston, 2.
(Eleven innings.)
New York, 5; Boston, 3.
Brooklyn, 4; Philadelphia, 0.
Cincinnati, 3; Chicago, 2.
Pittsburgh at St. Louis.
(Postponed; rain.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 3; Boston, 2.
Boston, 6; New York, 3.
Washington, 2; Philadelphia, 0.
Detroit, 6; Cleveland, 3.
Chicago, 4; St. Louis, 2.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Chicago, 10; Brooklyn, 5.
St. Louis, 7; Baltimore, 6.
Pittsburgh, 8; Buffalo, 5.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Jersey City, 6; Providence, 2.
Newark, 5; Richmond, 4.
Toronto, 9; Montreal, 2.
Buffalo, 11; Rochester, 7.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.	W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	34	24	.586
St. Louis	33	29	.532
Pittsburgh	29	26	.527
Philadelphia	30	27	.526
Boston	28	31	.475
New York	25	28	.472
Brooklyn	26	33	.441
Cincinnati	24	31	.436

AMERICAN LEAGUE.	W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	43	21	.672
Detroit	38	26	.593
Boston	33	23	.589
New York	32	29	.525
Washington	29	27	.518
Cleveland	22	38	.367
St. Louis	22	38	.367
Philadelphia	22	39	.361

FEDERAL LEAGUE.	W.	L.	P.C.
St. Louis	37	23	.617
Kansas City	39	25	.609
Pittsburgh	33	28	.541
Chicago	35	30	.538
Newark	33	31	.516
Brooklyn	29	35	.453
Baltimore	24	37	.393
Buffalo	22	43	.338

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.	W.	L.	P.C.
Providence	31	21	.596
Buffalo	26	21	.553
Montreal	30	26	.536
Richmond	28	27	.509
Toronto	27	28	.491
Rochester	25	26	.490
Newark	23	25	.479
Jersey City	19	35	.352

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Boston at New York—Two Games.
Brooklyn at Philadelphia.
Pittsburgh at St. Louis.
Chicago at Cincinnati.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Boston.
Philadelphia at Washington.
St. Louis at Chicago.
Cleveland at Detroit.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Kansas City at Brooklyn.
Chicago at Newark.
Pittsburgh at Baltimore.
St. Louis at Buffalo.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Newark at Richmond.
Providence at Jersey City.
Rochester at Buffalo.
Toronto at Montreal.

To Sanction Newark Club's Shift.

A special meeting of the International League will be held here tomorrow for the consideration of the proposed temporary transfer of the Newark Club to Harrisburg, Penn. President Barrow issued the call yesterday.

Bowdoin Retains Coach Coogan.

BRUNSWICK, Me., June 28.—The engagement of Daniel M. Coogan as coach for the Bowdoin College baseball team for another season was announced tonight.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

American Association.

At Columbus—Columbus, 4; Indianapolis, 8.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 4; Kansas City, 1.

New York State League.

At Elmira—Elmira, 7; Syracuse, 6.
At Binghamton—Binghamton, 1; Utica, 0.
At Albany—Wilkes-Barre, 4; Albany, 1.
At Troy—Scranton, 6; Troy, 1.

New England League.

At Worcester—Lawrence, 7; Worcester, 2.
At Lynn—Lynn, 4; Manchester, 2. Lynn, 1; Manchester, 0.
At Lowell—Lowell, 9; Portland, 0.

Colonial League.

At Brockton—New Bedford, 5; Brockton, 1.
At Fall River—Pawtucket, 3; Fall River, 0.
At Springfield—Springfield, 5; Hartford, 1.
At New Haven—New Haven, 4; Taunton, 2.

Southern Association.

At Mobile—Mobile, 3; Atlanta, 0. Mobile, 2; Atlanta, 1.
At New Orleans—Birmingham, 4; New Orleans, 0.
Memphis at Chattanooga—Postponed; rain.
Nashville at Little Rock—Postponed; wet grounds.

CARSTAIRS RYE
THE SPIRITS OF 1788 AND OF 1915

YANKS SPLIT EVEN AGAIN WITH RED SOX

Take First Game by One-Run Margin and Lose Second Contest.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., June 27.—The Yankees, as on Saturday, took the opening game of a double bill from the Red Sox before a big crowd this afternoon, but were unable to come through with a clean-up at the finish. While they played splendid ball to take the opener, 3 to 2, bunching all their runs early, were always trailing in the second, which Boston, with a five run start, won 6 to 3. The game won by the Yankees was a contest all the way, and the second would have been had New York, only two runs behind in the fourth, with the bases filled, been fortunate enough to have Roger Peckinpaugh produce a base hit.

The Yankees won the curtain raiser in the second inning, when they bunched four hits against Ernest Shore and squarely earning all three of their runs, which were all they counted in the game.

Fisher allowed the Red Sox eight hits, these being scattered through six innings, with two hit bunches in the fifth and eighth sessions, which were the ones in which the Sox picked up their runs. Shore was reached for two hits in the first inning before the Yankees put the game away in the second. He gave way to a pinch hitter in Boston's fifth, the Yankees later making only one hit against Ray Collins in three innings, and none against Carl Mays, the underhand man, in the ninth.

In this game the Yankees were reckless on the bases, Cady pegging four runners, High, Pipp, Cree, and Boone, out at second.

Vean Gregg and Marty McHale were drawn against each other in the second game, but neither lasted long. The Red Sox took advantage of Marty's two passes in the first inning, and also of Boone's boot to count three runs on a double by Lewis and a little hit by Janvrin. Cottrell, the left-hander formerly with the Braves, was then pressed into service, but Thomas produced a two-bagger, which started the Sox away with a 5 to 0 lead. Gregg lasted until the fourth, when he passed three men and was retired in favor of Mays, who, although he filled the bases after the Yankees had scored two runs, saved the situation by fanning Peckinpaugh after delivering three strikes and no balls. Pieh pitched for the Yankees, beginning with the Red Sox's fourth inning.

Early in the second game Umpire Nallin objected to the sonorous dead march chorus which the denizens of the Yankee bench crooned out in ventriloquistic fashion, and the result was that six members of the club, Warhop, McHale, Sweeney, Pipp, Brown, and Caldwell were banished. Pipp, however, was allowed to return when his services as a pinch hitter were in demand. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
High, cf.	4	0	2	1	0	H'oper, rf.	4	1	1	3	0
P'k'gh, ss.	4	0	1	1	3	Wag'r, 2b.	2	0	0	1	2
Maisel, 3b.	3	0	2	1	2	R'gers, 2b.	1	0	0	0	1
Pipp, 1b.	3	0	0	12	2	Sp'ker, cf.	4	0	1	5	0
Cree, rf.	3	1	1	3	0	Lewis, lf.	4	0	1	1	1
H'zell, lf.	4	1	1	2	0	H'tzel, 1b.	4	0	1	6	1
Boone, 2b.	4	0	0	2	2	J'vrin, ss.	3	0	1	5	2
N'm'k'r, c.	4	1	2	3	0	G'dner, 3b.	4	1	1	0	1
Fisher, p.	3	0	0	2	3	Cady, c.	4	0	2	5	4
						Shore, p.	1	0	0	1	2
Total	32	3	9	27	14	Collins, p.	0	0	0	0	0
						Mays, p.	0	0	0	0	0
						*H'ksen	0	0	0	0	0
						†Gainer	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	32	2	8	27	14

*Batted for Shore in fifth inning.
†Batted for Collins in eighth inning.
Errors—Janvrin, Gardner.

New York ....0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—3
Boston ....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0—2

Two-base hits—Cree, Janvrin, Peckinpaugh. Three-base hit—Hooper. Stolen bases—Peckinpaugh, Maisel, Gardner. Sacrifice hits—Maisel, Janvrin, Henriksen. Double play—Peckinpaugh, Boone, and Pipp. Left on bases—New York, 5; Boston, 6. First base on errors—New York, 2. Bases on balls—Off Shore, 1; off Collins, 1. Hits—Off Shore, 8 in five innings; off Collins, 1 in three innings; off Mays, none in one inning. Hit by pitcher—Wagner. Struck out—By Shore, 1; by Collins, 2; by Mays, 1; by Fisher, 3. Time of game—One hour and thirty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Nallin.

SECOND GAME.

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'oper, rf.	4	0	0	0	1	High, cf.	4	0	2	4	0
Wag'r, 2b.	2	2	0	4	3	P'k'gh, ss.	5	0	1	0	0
Sp'ker, cf.	3	1	1	1	0	Maisel, 3b.	5	0	0	0	1
Lewis, lf.	4	1	1	0	0	M'llen, 1b.	3	1	1	11	1
H'tzel, 1b.	3	1	1	10	2	Cree, rf.	2	1	0	3	0
J'vrin, ss.	3	1	1	3	4	H'zell, lf.	3	0	1	1	0
G'dner, 3b.	3	0	0	1	2	Boone, 2b.	4	0	0	1	5
Thomas, c.	4	0	1	7	1	N'm'k'r, c.	1	1	0	3	1
Gregg, p.	1	0	0	1	1	McHale, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Mays, p.	3	0	2	0	3	Cottrell, p.	1	0	0	0	1
						*Bauman	0	0	0	0	0
Total	30	6	7	27	17	†Pipp	1	0	1	0	0
						Pieh, p.	1	0	0	1	1
						‡Daley	1	0	1	0	0
						Total	31	3	7	24	10

*Batted for Cottrell in fourth inning.
†Batted for Bauman in fourth inning.
‡Batted for Pieh in ninth inning.
Errors—Boone, Wagner.

Boston ....5 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 ..—6
New York ....0 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 0—3

Two-base hits — Lewis, Thomas, Hartzell, Mays. Stolen base—Wagner. Sacrifice fly—Hoblitzel. Sacrifice hits—Hartzell, Janvrin, Gardner. Double play—Janvrin, Wagner, and Hoblitzel. Left on bases—New York, 9; Boston, 6. First base on errors—New York, 1; Boston, 1. Bases on balls—Off McHale, 2; off Gregg, 3; off Pieh, 1; off Mays, 2. Hits—Off McHale, 2 in one-third of an inning; off Cottrell, 1 in 2 2-3 innings; off Pieh, 4 in 5 innings; off Gregg, 4 in 3 2-3 innings; off Mays, 3 in 5 1-3 innings. Hit by pitcher—By Gregg. (Nunamaker;) by Mays, (Cree.) Struck out—By Gregg, 3; by Mays, 2. Umpires—Messrs. Nallin and Dineen. Time of game—One hour and fifty-eight minutes.

Runs Hard to Get Off Johnson.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Washington defeated Philadelphia today, 2 to 0. It was a pitchers' battle between Johnson and Crowell. Neff's double, a passed ball, Ainsmith's walk, a double steal by Neff, and Ainsmith and McBride's single in the second inning gave the locals their runs. Johnson has not allowed a run in the last twenty-eight innings he has pitched. The score:

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Con'ly, rf.	4	0	0	2	0	M'phy, rf.	4	0	2	0	0
Fost'r, 3b.	4	0	1	2	1	Str'nk, cf.	4	0	1	3	0
Shanks, lf.	3	0	0	0	0	Walsh, lf.	4	0	0	4	0
Milan, cf.	4	0	0	2	0	Sch'g, 3b.	4	0	1	3	1
Gandil, 1b.	3	0	0	9	0	Lajoie, 2b.	4	0	1	0	3
Neff, 2b.	4	1	3	1	2	M'In's, 1b.	4	0	0	12	1
A'smith, c.	2	1	2	9	1	Lapp, c.	4	0	0	0	1
M'B'de, ss.	3	0	1	2	4	Kopf, ss.	2	0	0	2	7
Johns'n, p.	3	0	0	0	2	Crowell, p.	3	0	1	0	1
Total	30	2	7	27	10	Total	33	0	6	24	14

Washington ....0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2
Philadelphia ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Neff, Ainsmith. Stolen bases—Neff, Ainsmith, Murphy, Lajoie. Earned run—Washington. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 7; Washington, 7. Bases on balls—Off Crowell, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Crowell, (Shanks;) by Johnson, (Kopf.) Struck out—By Crowell, 1; by Johnson, 7. Passed balls—Ainsmith, 2; Lapp. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Hildebrand. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes.

Felsch's Triple Clears Bases.

CHICAGO, June 28.—Hap Felsch's triple with the bases filled gave Chicago a lead which St. Louis could not overtake and the locals won, 4 to 2. Schalk opened the third with a triple, and Blackburne and Scott walked, filling the bases. Felsch then delivered his blow, and scored himself on Weaver's single. The visitors scored their runs by bunching a double, sacrifice, and single in the first inning and two doubles in the eighth. George Sisler, a former University of Michigan twirler, reported to Manager Rickey today and made his debut in the sixth inning, when he batted for Perryman. He then went to the slab and pitched a creditable game. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Felsch, cf.	4	1	1	1	0	Sh'tton, lf.	4	1	1	1	0
We'ver, ss.	4	0	1	3	2	Austin, 3b.	3	0	1	3	3
E.C'ns, 2b.	4	0	2	4	2	Pratt, 2b.	4	0	1	2	2
F'nier, 1b.	4	0	1	7	1	C.W'er, cf.	3	0	0	4	0
J.C'ns, rf.	4	0	0	1	0	E.W'er, rf.	2	0	0	0	0
Roth, lf.	3	0	1	3	0	Leary, 1b.	3	1	1	6	1
Schalk, c.	3	1	2	8	3	Lavan, ss.	3	0	1	3	2
B'b'ne, 3b.	1	1	0	0	1	Agnew, c.	3	0	0	5	2
Scott, p.	2	1	0	0	5	L'milk, p.	1	0	0	0	1
						P'yman, p.	0	0	0	0	1
Total	29	4	8	27	14	Sisler, p.	2	0	1	0	1
						Total	28	2	6	24	13

Errors—Pratt, Weaver.

Chicago ....0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 ..—4
St. Louis............1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—2

Two-base hits—Shotten, Leary, Lavan, E. Collins. Three-base hits—Fournier, Schalk, Felsch. Stolen base—E. Collins. Earned runs—Chicago, 4; St. Louis, 2. Sacrifice hit—Austin. Double play—Lavan to Pratt to Leary. Left on bases—Chicago, 4; St. Louis, 1. First base on errors—Chicago, 1; St. Louis, 1. Bases on balls—Off Scott, 1; off Lowdermilk, 2; off Sisler, 1. Hits—Off Lowdermilk, 4 in 2 innings and none out in third; off Perryman, 2 in 3 innings; off Sisler, 2 in 3 innings. Struck out—By Scott, 7; by Lowdermilk, 1; by Sisler, 2. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Chill. Time of game—One hour and fifty-three minutes.

Tigers Busy in Third Inning.

DETROIT, June 28.—Two passes, two errors, and four singles in the third inning gave Detroit six runs and a 6 to 3 victory over Cleveland today. Detroit errors helped the Indians to two of their scores, the other one resulting from Chapman's triple and an out. No Tiger reached first base in the five innings pitched by Harstad. Score:

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Vitt, 3b.	3	1	0	2	0	L'bold, cf.	4	1	0	3	0
Kav'h, 2b.	4	1	2	2	4	Ham'd, 2b.	4	0	2	0	1
Cobb, cf.	3	1	1	3	0	C'man, ss.	4	1	1	2	3
C'ford, rf.	4	1	1	1	0	J'kson, 1b.	4	1	1	10	1
Veach, lf.	3	1	1	1	0	Graney, lf.	4	0	0	4	0
Burns, 1b.	4	0	0	9	1	S'w'th, rf.	3	0	0	2	0
Bush, ss.	3	0	1	1	3	W'g's, 3b.	4	0	1	0	3
St'ge, c.	3	0	0	7	1	Egan, c.	4	0	2	2	0
Dauss, p.	2	1	0	1	1	H'man, p.	0	0	0	0	1
C'leskie, p.	0	0	0	0	0	H'stad, p.	3	0	0	1	1
Total	29	6	5	27	10	Total	35	3	6	24	10

Errors—Leibold, Jackson, Kavanagh, Bush, (2.)

Detroit ....0 0 6 0 0 0 0 0 ..—6
Cleveland.............1 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—3

Three-base hit—Chapman. Stolen bases—Wambsganss, Cobb, Crawford, Bush. Earned runs—Cleveland, 1; Detroit, 3. Double plays—Jackson, (unassisted;) Kavanagh and Burns. Left on bases—Cleveland, 6; Detroit, 3. Base on errors—Cleveland, 4; Detroit, 1. Bases on balls—Off Dauss, 1; off Hagerman, 4. Hits—Off Dauss, 6 in 7 innings; off Coveleskie, none in 2 innings; off Hagerman, 5 in 3 innings; off Harstad, none in 5 innings. Struck out—By Dauss, 3; by Coveleskie, 2; by Hagerman, 1; by Harstad, 1. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Wallace. Time of game—One hour and twenty-seven minutes.

Chinese Defeat Amherst.

Special to The New York Times.

AMHERST, Mass., June 28.—Chinese University defeated Amherst 6 to 2 in the annual commencement game played on Pratt Field here today. Four hits gave the visitors three runs in the first inning, and one hit and two errors let in two more. Goodridge retired from the box in favor of Robinson. Aka pitched a good game for the Orientals. The fielding was marred by bad errors on both sides, but the visitors played the better game. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Chinese Univ.	3	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	6	8	2
Amherst	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	9	5

Batteries—Ako and Mark; Goodridge, Robinson, and See.

Yankees Buy Pitcher Shawkey.

BOSTON, June 28.—Bob Shawkey, pitcher of the Philadelphia Athletics for several years, has been purchased by the New York Americans, Manager Donovan of the latter team announced tonight. No other players are involved in the transaction, it is said. Shawkey will report in New York Wednesday.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT BUFFALO.

										R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	2	1	7	9	2
Buffalo	1	0	2	2	1	0	1	4	..	11	16	2

Batteries—Hoff and Williams; Fullenwider and Onslow.

AT MONTREAL.

										R.	H.	E.
Toronto	0	0	2	1	0	1	3	1	1	9	10	1
Montreal	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	7	1

Batteries—Herbert and Kocher; Miller and Howley.

AT RICHMOND.

										R.	H.	E.
Newark	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	7	0
Richmond	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	4	13	5

Batteries—Chabek and Snow; Morrisette and Schaufele.

AT PROVIDENCE.

										R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	2	1	6	7	1
Providence	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	7	3

Batteries—Crutcher and Tragesser; Comstock, Oeschger and Haley.

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PHILLIES GET FIVE HITS OFF SMITH

Left-Handed Pitcher Lets One Batsman Reach Second Base in Fine Game.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 28.—The Phillies again displayed their recent attack of hitting debility, which with a complication of loose fielding at certain stages this afternoon meant their downfall in a coat of whitewash by the margin of 4 to 0 at the hands of Brooklyn.

The pitching was an engagement of southpaws throughout, Smith, the Brooklyn victor, holding the upper paw at all times. Roxey, who served for eight innings against the Flatbushers, might have won his game had his teammates swung their bats in any reasonable spirit of attack.

Only five scattered singles were contributed to the column by Moran's maulers, the larger number of these cropping out when there were no persons on the bases. Only one of the Quakers visited the keystone station during the game, and not an individual from that side wandered as far as Gus Getz's stopping place, demonstrating just what power the left hander Smith had over the pennant aspirants.

As for features, Becker of the vanquished figured more prominently than any of the players of either side. His running catch of Wheat's home-run labeled drive in the seventh frame brought a due amount of applause from the crowd of 3,000 or more patient patrons. Beals displayed a decided change of face by turning with his back toward infield and drawing the ball from the air from Wheat's bat.

Sharp fielding on the part of the O'Mara-Cutshaw combination helped the Robins to fly away with a victory. This combination accurately registered fourteen of their fifteen chances, which meant a great deal toward the almost perfection of Brooklyn's defense.

Davey Bancroft, the Phillies' shortstop, was shifted to the club house in the third inning by the apparently unreasonable Umpire Eason for doubting the decision on O'Mara, who stole second. Bancroft displayed his doubt by tossing his glove to the earth, never to recover it for playing purpose for the day.

This outburst of objection, with one or two others, no doubt threw the Quakers off in their playing, as Eddie Burns became wabbly behind the plate, permitting the opponents to steal bases almost at will.

Cutshaw opened the second inning with a single, advanced to second on Stengel's sacrifice, moved to third on Getz's out, and crossed on McCarthy's teasing single. In the third inning, after one had gone away, Rixey passed O'Mara, who stole second and scored when Bert Niehoff slowly recovered Wheat's scratch single. Meyers's double, his steal of third base, and a wild throw by Byrne gave the first of two runs for the Superbas in the fifth. The wild throw was on O'Mara's roller down third base. O'Mara stole and went to third on an out, which forced Daubert, who had walked.

With O'Mara on third and Wheat on first, a double steal was worked, the former scoring and Wheat going all the way to third when Burns's throw passed Stock to centre field. This ended the scoring for the day. Weiser batted for Rixey in the eighth and Baumgartner twirled the first half of the ninth against the Robins. The score:

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Myers, cf.	5	1	1	3	0	Byrne, 3b.	3	0	2	0	1
O'Mara, ss.	4	2	1	3	4	B'cr'ft, ss.	1	0	0	0	2
D'b'rt, 1b.	2	0	0	9	1	Stock, ss.	3	0	1	2	1
Wheat, lf.	4	0	1	3	0	Nieh'f, 2b.	4	0	0	4	5
C'ts'w, 2b.	4	1	1	3	4	C'v'th, rf.	4	0	0	3	1
Steng'l, rf.	3	0	1	1	0	Becker, lf.	2	0	0	2	0
Getz, 3b.	4	0	0	1	3	W'ted, cf.	4	0	2	1	0
M'C'ty, c.	4	0	2	4	1	L'd'r's, 1b.	3	0	0	10	0
Smith, p.	4	0	2	0	3	Burns, c.	3	0	0	4	0
						Rixey, p.	2	0	0	1	2
Total	34	4	9	27	16	B'g'ner, p.	0	0	0	0	0
						*Weiser	1	0	0	0	0
						†Paskert	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	31	0	5	27	12

*Batted for Rixey in eighth inning.
†Batted for Becker in ninth inning.
Errors—O'Mara, Byrne, Burns.

Brooklyn ....0 1 1 0 2 0 0 0 0—4
Philadelphia ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hit — Myers. Stolen bases — O'Mara, (3,) Wheat, (2.) Earned runs—Brooklyn, 2. Sacrifice hit—Stengel. Double play—Niehoff and Luderus. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 7; Philadelphia, 6. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 1; Philadelphia, 1. Bases on balls—Off Smith, 2; off Rixey, 3. Hits—Off Rixey, 8 in 8 innings; off Baumgartner, 1 in 1 inning. Struck out—By Smith, 4; by Rixey, 3. Passed ball—Burns. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Byron and Eason.

Mack Signs College Infielder.

PHILADELPHIA, June 28.—Manager Mack of the Philadelphia Americans announced tonight that he signed Thomas Healey, an infielder, from the University of Pittsburgh. Healey will report to the Athletics in Washington tomorrow.

FREE DAY FOR FANS.

10,000 Go to Washington Park, Where Brookfeds Are Defeated.

After the Brookfeds had secured a four-run lead over Chicago at Washington Park yesterday, much to the delight of more than 10,000 fans who had been admitted to the park free, the Chicago batsmen charged and after routing two Brookfed twirlers won the game, 10 to 5. It was "Fans' day" at the Fed Park yesterday, and the gates were thrown open to the public in commemoration of the opening of the new Fourth Avenue Subway. President James A. Gilmore was there and in the box with him were W. E. Robertson of the Buffalo club, H. F. Sinclair, and P. T. Powers of the Newark Feds and R. B. Ward and G. S. Ward of the Brookfeds.

For four innings Don Marion held the Chicago sluggers to one lone hit, but in the fifth he wavered and two Whales crossed the plate with scores. In the sixth Chicago banged his delivery right and left, and after four Whales had chased each other across the plate, Manager Lee Magee escorted Marion to the bench and sent in Finis Wilson to put an end to that wholesale slugging by the Chifeds. It was the gilt-edge support he received that saved Wilson from having several runs scored against him, and again Magee rushed onto the field. Smoke Herring was sent to the mound in the ninth and a base on balls, a double, and a homer netted three runs for Chicago. The Whale batsmen were running amuck yesterday, and just would not be denied. The score:

CHICAGO	AB	R	H	PO	A	BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
J. S'h, ss.	5	1	2	1	4	C'per, 1b.	4	1	1	7	0
Flack, lf.	5	1	2	3	0	Holt, 3b.	4	0	1	2	0
F'cher, c.	3	0	2	4	0	Kauff, cf.	3	1	0	4	1
J'kson, 1b.	0	2	0	5	0	Evans, rf.	3	2	0	8	1
Z'ling, cf.	2	0	0	1	0	F. S'h, ss.	3	0	0	4	1
Fritz, 3b.	3	0	0	1	1	A'son, lf.	3	1	1	1	0
*Hanford	1	0	0	0	0	Simon, c.	4	0	2	3	1
W'zil, 3b.	1	1	0	0	0	How'd, 2b.	3	0	0	3	4
Beck, 1b.	3	0	0	5	0	Marion, p.	3	0	0	0	0
A.W'son, c.	2	1	2	4	0	F.W'son, p.	0	0	0	0	1
Mann, rf.	4	2	1	1	0	†Pratt	1	0	0	0	0
F'rell, 2b.	3	1	0	3	3	Her'g, p.	0	0	0	0	0
P'gast, p.	0	0	0	0	1	Total	31	5	5	27	9
H'drix, p.	4	1	2	0	1						
Total	36	10	12	27	11						

*Batted for Fritz in seventh inning.
†Batted for F. Wilson in eighth inning.
Errors—J. Smith, Zwilling, Farrell, Holte, Anderson, Howard.

Chicago ....0 0 0 0 2 4 1 3—10
Brooklyn ....0 2 2 0 0 1 0 0 0— 5

Left on bases—Chicago, 7; Brooklyn, 9. Earned runs—Chicago, 7; Brooklyn, 3. Two-base hits—J. Smith, Westerzil, Anderson. Home run—A. Wilson. Sacrifice hits—Farrell, F. Smith. Sacrifice flies—Zwilling, Anderson. First base on errors—Chicago, 2; Brooklyn, 2. Stolen bases—Hanford, Cooper, (2.) Bases on balls—Off Prendergast, 2; off Marion, 4; off F. Wilson, 1; off Herring, 1; off Hendrix, 6. Struck out—By Prendergast, 1; by Hendrix, 6; by Herring, 1. Wild pitches—Hendrix, 1; Herring, 1. Hits—Off Prendergast, 2 in 1 1-3 innings; off Marion, 7 in 6 1-3 innings; off F. Wilson, 3 in 1 2-3 innings; off Herring, 2 in 1 inning; off Hendrix, 3 in 7 2-3 innings. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and Johnstone. Time of game—Two hours and eight minutes.

Buffeds' Errors Costly.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 28.—Pittsburgh took the closing game of the series today from Buffalo, 8 to 5. Buffalo's errors were costly, all of them being wild throws by the local battery, where the use of pinch hitters caused frequent changes. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
Pittsburgh	1	0	1	4	0	1	0	0	1	8	13	2
Buffalo	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	5	9	4

Batteries—Barger, Rogge, and O'Connor; Schulz, Bedient, Marshall, Krapp, Allen, and Watson.

Terrapins Beaten by St. Louis.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 28.—St. Louis took today's game from Baltimore, 7 to 6. Homers by Tobin of St. Louis and Walsh of Baltimore featured. The score:

										R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	2	0	0	0	1	1	3	0	0	7	11	2
Baltimore	0	2	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	6	8	4

Batteries—Davenport, Groom, and Hartley; Suggs, Bailey, and Jacklitsch.

Pitcher Smith for Brookfeds.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 28.—Frank Smith, pitcher of the Baltimore Federal League team, was sold today to the Brooklyn Feds. Smith formerly played with the Chicago White Sox. He is needed to bolster up the Brookfeds' weak pitching staff, which has been troubling Manager Lee Magee all year.

Landis Baseball Decision Soon.

CHICAGO, June 28.—Judge Kenesay M. Landis, in the United States court today, promised an early decision in the injunction case involving conflicting claims to ball players brought about by the entrance into major baseball of the Federal League. The announcement was made in connection with a petition asking dissolution of the injunction which prevents Armando Marsans from playing with the St. Louis Federals. It was set forth that at the time of the raids and counter-raids for players seventeen players were enjoined from playing, but that all are working now except Marsans, who jumped from the Cincinnati Nationals.

Judge Landis declined to dissolve the injunction, which was granted by Judge Sanborn in St. Louis a year ago, but granted leave to file an intervening petition by means of which Marsans's case will be decided with the others. This, the court promised, would be soon.

Judge Landis, in saying he would render a decision in the Federal League suit, indicated that he would decide all the points involved, including the anti-trust questions. He said he had delayed the decision in the hope that baseball generally would benefit by the delay.

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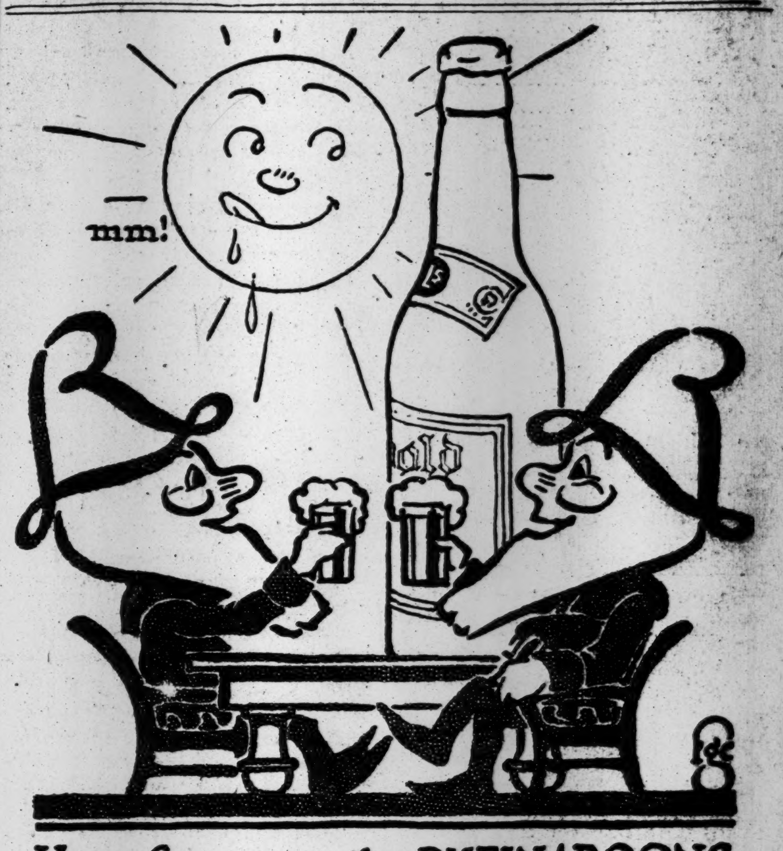

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JUNE 29, 1915.

WHAT DID MR. BRYAN SAY TO AMBASSADOR DUMBA?

Mr. BRYAN's attempt to explain the statements made by him to the Austrian Ambassador after the dispatch of our note of Feb. 10 to Germany, in which it has been widely understood that he misrepresented the President's policy, is all-sufficient proof of the fact that he was a dangerous Secretary of State, and that whatever may be the truth about the real reason and the manner of his exit from the Cabinet, the Administration and the country are well rid of him. Mr. BRYAN's purpose in making the statement which he gave out for publication in Washington Sunday night was to correct what he calls the misrepresentations of the "jingo papers" to the effect that after the sending of the first note to Germany he "gave "Ambassador DUMBA the impression "that the note was not to be taken "seriously." His own recital of the facts then follows:

> I reported to the President the conversation which I had with Ambassador DUMBA and received his approval of what I had said.
>
> When we learned that the conversation had been misinterpreted in Berlin, I brought the matter to the attention of Ambassador DUMBA, and secured from him a statement certifying to the correctness of the report of the conversation that I had made to the President. Ambassador DUMBA's statement was sent to our embassy at Berlin, and Ambassador DUMBA also telegraphed the German Government, affirming the correctness of my report of the interview, and denying the construction that had been placed upon it. These are the facts in the case.

The important matter here, and for Mr. BRYAN it is a very grave matter, is, What did Mr. BRYAN say to Ambassador DUMBA? He declares that he had the President's approval of his report of what he had said. But if the President approved, how could the conversation have been misrepresented in Berlin so as to create there the impression that the note "was not to be taken seriously"? The note referred to is that of Feb. 10, our first note, in which we warned Germany that if any of her vessels of war "should destroy on the high seas an American vessel or the lives of American citizens" we should be constrained to hold the Imperial Government to a strict accountability "ity for such acts" and "to take any "steps it might be necessary to take "to safeguard American lives and "property." That is plain language, and the President, as the country knows, meant what the note said. It is evident that either Ambassador DUMBA so misrepresented Mr. BRYAN's conversation with him as to create the impression in Vienna and Berlin that the note was not to be taken seriously, or that Mr. BRYAN was guilty of a monstrous indiscretion which he failed to report to the President in that version of the talk with the Ambassador which the President approved. When the Administration learned that the conversation had been misinterpreted in Berlin Mr. BRYAN says that he brought the matter to the attention of Ambassador DUMBA and secured from him a statement "certifying to the correct-"ness of the report of the conversa-"tion that I had made to the Presi-"dent." Did the President question the correctness of Mr. BRYAN's report of the conversation? If not, why was it necessary to get the Ambassador's certificate to its correctness? That the situation was serious, that the President took a grave view of it, is made plain by the fact that the Austrian Ambassador's statement was sent to our embassy in Berlin and that the Ambassador himself also telegraphed the German Government giving the Bryan version of the interview. Why was it necessary to secure this corroboration of Mr. BRYAN's report of what was said? Why was it necessary to take the unusual step of asking the Austrian Ambassador to confirm in a dispatch to the German Government the correctness of the version of the interview reported by Mr. BRYAN?

The motive for invoking the testimony of Ambassador DUMBA, at least, is plain. It was imperative that the promptest and surest means should be taken to correct the misunderstanding of the note current in Berlin, due to the understanding that the Secretary of State had said that it was not to be taken seriously. That was a dangerous situation because there was a practical certainty that the German reply would be based, not upon our warning that the Imperial Government will be held to "strict accountability," but upon Mr. BRYAN's supposed assurance that the warning might be disregarded, as we did not mean it seriously. Why the President required confirmation of the truth and accuracy of Mr. BRYAN's report of the interview is a matter between him and the President and one that particularly concerns the reputation of Mr. BRYAN.

If Mr. BRYAN cares anything for his reputation, if he thinks he still has a reputation worth saving, he owes it to himself to make public an accurate statement of what he did say to the Austrian Ambassador. Even those who have large distrust of his principles and his capacity, even those who rejoice that he is at length out of the Cabinet, will be loath to believe that his indiscretion was so grave and his situation so desperately bad as his statement indicates. In the President's note of Feb. 10, for though the signature was that of BRYAN, the note was the President's, we gave notice to Germany that she would be held to "strict accountability." Yet Berlin, on information, believed that the note was not to be taken seriously. The information, it supposed, came from Mr. BRYAN. On this statement of the case it would appear that Mr. BRYAN had in effect intercepted a most important diplomatic communication from our Government to the German Government and had fundamentally altered its terms and import. That was the actual effect of his conversation with Mr. DUMBA. Whether the Berlin understanding of the note was based on a true or a false report of that conversation is a question that deeply concerns both the Ambassador and the ex-Secretary of State, and it is one which neither the one nor the other can afford to leave in its present state of uncertainty. The President and the President's note were unquestionably misrepresented in Berlin. It is a matter of the gravest weight and import to know whether the personal representative at Washington of the Austrian Emperor took it upon himself to assure his Government, and through his Government the Government of Germany, that the President's assumption of seriousness was an act of hypocrisy and that no attention need be paid to his words, since they were intended for effect upon public opinion at home, or whether the Secretary of State of the United States by an act of inconceivable disloyalty to the President and to his country falsified the communication by an assurance privately given. In that case Mr. BRYAN, intending to work for "peace," might have brought on a war by the encouragement given to Germany to send an unsatisfactory reply.

That the misunderstanding due to Mr. BRYAN's act was taken seriously in Washington, that the matter was exceedingly serious, is made evident by a chain of circumstances and evidence, each of which at the time was somewhat mystifying. We know now why the German Ambassador visited the White House on June 2 for a personal interview with the President. We know now why the German Ambassador found it necessary to send Mr. MEYER-GERHARD to Berlin to make a report upon public opinion, official policy, and the general situation. We can understand now why Berlin was altogether unable to understand Mr. BRYAN's resignation and why speculation there as to its cause and significance was so confused. In justice to Mr. BRYAN we cannot say that we know now why he was able to sign the notes of Feb. 10 and May 13, which all the world regarded as of the gravest import, and then threw up his commission because he disagreed with the President about the note of June 9, which was couched in much milder terms. If it should appear that Mr. BRYAN did in fact assure the Austrian Ambassador that the note was not to be taken seriously, then we should get a revealing light upon the apparent inconsistency of his conduct. He would have been willing to sign anything, of course, if he reserved for himself the private privilege to explain away all the meaning of the documents he signed. But we hope it will not so appear. To have betrayed the President and his Government in such a manner would have been an act of incredible perfidy. The country will not believe Mr. BRYAN capable of it, but he cannot afford to leave himself even under the suspicion of such conscienceless behavior, and the evidence of circumstance, as he must himself admit, runs so strongly against him that he can quite clear himself only by making the whole truth known. Mr. BRYAN had no fitness for the office of Secretary of State. He has been trained to no other calling than that of politics. Politicians sometimes say one thing in public, quite another thing in private. That is not a privilege of the Secretary of State. Mr. BRYAN ought to know that whatever he said to Ambassador DUMBA was promptly written out and reported to his Government. Some time the report written by Ambassador DUMBA may appear in an Austrian red, blue, or white book. That should not deter Mr. BRYAN from making public now a full and truthful report of the interview.

CARRANZA AND SOCIALISM.

The interest manifested by the Socialists of the United States in the success of CARRANZA in Mexico must be taken into account in considering the possibility that President WILSON may be induced to recognize the Government of CARRANZA and endeavor to secure for it material aid from American financiers. When CARRANZA took the field in opposition to the usurper, HUERTA, it was generally believed that his object was to carry out the program of MADERO, to establish a government of the people by the people as nearly as possible like that of the United States. But it has long been known that his program is frankly socialistic, that general confiscation is threatened and the wildest kind of schemes to benefit the poor at the expense of the rich are cherished in his immediate following. A plan of nationalization of lands and all public utilities, prepared for consideration at a conference of the Carranza party in Vera Cruz last December, which has been translated and circulated by Carranza agents in this country, was briefly summarized in THE TIMES some weeks ago. It is probably the plan that CARRANZA now favors, although his recent proclamation to the Mexican people seemed to promise a more reasonable treatment of vital problems. Socialist periodicals in this city have lately given up much of their space to praise of CARRANZA and his cause. At a meeting in Cooper Union last week resolutions in approval of CARRANZA were accompanied by a threat that any disposition on the part of our Government to interfere with him would be opposed by the Socialists and "organized labor."

There is just a grain of truth in this association of organized labor with Socialism in support of CARRANZA. Some trade unionists have been duped by tales told by Socialists and Carranza agents about an attempt to steal Mexico by big corporations into lending their moral support to this singular movement. The idea that a few big corporations could gain possession of a nation of 14,000,000 inhabitants, occupying nearly 800,000 square miles of greatly diversified and richly productive country, is about as reasonable as the idea that Mexico's diverse and inharmonious millions could ever be combined in a co-operative commonwealth. Socialistic Mexico is a dream, if it is not a nightmare, and that is one of several reasons for believing that a permanent triumph of the forces controlled by CARRANZA is unlikely. Mexico needs a strong, able, and just Government to protect the rights of all classes of its inhabitants, to institute a fair system of taxation, and encourage industries. It will get nothing of the sort through experimental Socialism.

LIKE FINDING WEALTH.

Next best to finding one's self richer than one knew is to find that what one owes, on being added up, is much less than one thought. It comes either way to the same thing, so long as one intends to pay; and it has just happened to this country in a very large way. The amount of American securities held abroad, hitherto estimated at from five to six billion dollars, is found to be not more than three and a half billions. Last Autumn, when our financial relations with Europe began to be abnormal, it became very important to know what this country's "permanent" or capital indebtedness abroad amounted to, and there were no figures that could pretend to be exact. Sir GEORGE PAISH, an English authority on American investments, writing several years ago for the National Monetary Commission, put it at six billions. That was an acceptable guess. It had no great statistical merit, but it satisfied the imagination, and whoever thereafter spoke of our "securities abroad" said there were between five and six billions of them.

Then Mr. LOREE, President of the Delaware & Hudson Railroad, at the instance of the officers of the Federal Reserve Bank, undertook to make sure. It might have been done before only nobody with the authority to do it had ever taken the trouble to canvass the security lists, that is, the "transfer books" of all the American railways. The findings have just been published. The total of the foreign holdings of American bonds, shares, and notes is $2,576,401,342. There are possibly $150,000,000 more held on foreign account in Wall Street brokers' and bankers' hands, so that the gross figure might go to $2,725,000,000. Besides railway securities there are many industrial, miscellaneous, and municipal issues owned abroad; but the proportion of these to railway issues is probably less than 25 per cent. In fact, that would seem by all experience to be a high ratio of all other securities to railway issues in foreign hands. Therefore the grand total of railway and all other American securities owned by foreigners probably does not exceed three and a half billions.

And now that the approximate truth is known, it is easy to say that the guess displaced was preposterous and that any one might have known better. On every great "bull market" in Wall Street since 1898 securities have been returned by Europe, until on occasions it was said that the foreign markets were all "baled out," meaning that they had no more "Americans" to sell. For many years London's quotations for American issues were more important than Wall Street's quotations. The first thing every banker and broker and speculator asked on reaching Wall Street was "How's London?" If "Americans" were "up" or "down," accordingly as English opinion was pleased or displeased with news of American events, prices on the New York Stock Exchange would open "up" or "down." Gradually, as the speculative holdings of American issues diminished in foreigners' hands the importance of London's operations therein declined, and today a broker may forget before the opening of the New York Stock Exchange even to look at the London prices. The change has seemed to take place gradually, and yet for less than a generation has the American stock market been positively controlled by American opinion.

The rate at which trade with Europe now is making American credit would in two or three years create a European capital debt in this country greater than ours in Europe. The British Finance Minister in a recent speech estimated that Great Britain in twelve months, on her own and her allies' account, would have to "finance foreign payments" exceeding her income from foreign investments by possibly $2,000,000,000. The bulk of such excess payments would naturally take place here, because this is the only country that can lend her the credit to pay with. For instance, Europe owes Argentina a very large sum for wheat. She cannot pay it in goods, she would like not to pay it in gold, and she cannot pay directly in credit, for Argentina cannot afford to lend credit, or lend wheat, which is the same thing. So, Europe will establish credit in the United States and the United States will pay Argentina for the wheat.

It is probable that as a result of the war this country has ceased for good to be a borrowing country and that we shall become a lending nation, not at once, but a generation sooner than might otherwise have been the case. It will not be a lending country in the sense of one that exports capital and lives on the interest, but in the sense of one that in the great commercial enterprise borrows less than it lends.

A GREAT STROKE FOR PEACE.

It is no wonder that the German Government suppressed the Vorwaerts for printing the manifesto of the Socialist Party in favor of peace. A declaration for peace made in abstract terms, a general eulogy of peace, a Bryanesque arrangement of platitudes, would have been unwelcome but not so dangerous as to call for drastic action. But the arguments advanced by the German Socialists in their full-page advertisement in the Vorwaerts cannot safely be permitted to circulate among the people. They cannot be discussed without arousing inquiries which in time would shatter the whole pretense on which the splendid showing of German unity has been obtained. That pretense is that Germany is acting on the defensive and to save herself. It is that universal belief in Germany that has sunk all party differences and brought about the magnificent showing of solidarity; and it is a mistaken belief, the result of false pretenses. The Socialist manifesto shows that the German people have been hoodwinked and it shows, too, that some of them are beginning to be mystified and curious about it.

The Socialists, the manifesto says, "did their duty in defending Germany's national independence." This independence, it is evidently believed, was threatened by a war of invasion—"the Czar's Cossacks came across the "border, pillaging and burning." But in voting war supplies the Socialists demanded "that as soon as guarantees "of national safety are secured and "the enemy shows an inclination to "make peace, the war be brought to an "end on conditions admitting of friend-"ly relations with neighboring na-"tions." The last nine words show that even then there was an uncomfortable lurking suspicion that perhaps the annexation of territory might lie concealed in the purposes of the Government. It had grown stronger by May 29, when the Socialists announced in the Reichstag that they "wanted no policy of conquest."

And now the suspicion is developing into a certainty. "We protest again "with all possible emphasis against all "efforts looking to the annexation of "foreign territory and the oppression "of other peoples—measures now de-"manded by the great business organ-"izations and influential political lead-"ers." "The people want no conquest of land, they want peace."

What has cleared the eyes of the Socialists is the divergence, now plain to all, between a war of defense, such as they were induced to believe this war was, and the war of aggression which it really is. Germany "has successfully defended itself," "has frustrated the plan to bring it to starvation," and the Socialists "recognize the favorable military position it has won." The pretense was that Germany was to be conquered, perhaps partitioned; that she was fighting for mere existence. That pretense has worn so thin that what underlay it is on the surface now and is no longer concealed. "The "great business organizations and in-"fluential political leaders" are now proclaiming it, since concealment is no longer possible. And with the pretense worn away and the hidden fact shining in the sun, the Socialists come to a place where the roads fork.

Their loyalty has been proved to the hilt. They, the steady opponents of all but defensive wars, have been cajoled into supporting a war of aggression. They still believe it to have been a war of defense at first, they still cling to the original fallacy, but they have advanced so far as to see that it is becoming one of conquest. And they have set going questions that will go far, that cannot be suppressed with the Vorwaerts, that will demand answer in many German minds as yet unawakened to the truth. When those questions knock for answer at enough German doors a blow for peace will have been struck greater than any that the enemy weapons on the frontiers have inflicted; for the war rests on a great national delusion, and the best hope for peace rests on the deluded nation's coming to see the truth. The war-torn world will follow anxiously the journeying of those Socialist questions through the mind of Germany; if they travel far enough peace will come.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Is Civic Duty Ignored?

Several interesting and important questions are raised when the offer of a money reward for the return of stolen property is accompanied by the solemn assurance that the person returning it will not be questioned—will not, that is, be asked to explain how he came to be in possession of the goods or held to any responsibility therefor.

As viewed by a lawyer, to do this is legal, and hence permissible, the ground taken being that the victim of the theft is under no obligation to take upon himself the duty of the police and the District Attorney to apprehend and punish criminals. He has reason for fearing, and excuse for believing, that in no other way will he get back his property, and so often, in such cases, is the return effected through an agent innocent of participation or knowledge of the robbery that to let that agent go unmolested is not what it would be to permit the felon himself to escape after he was once known and within reach. Moreover, the policy of "no questions asked," when successful, is preferable to the same result obtained through the police, in that in the one case the recovery of the property is immediate, while in the other the law impounds it for months or years for use as evidence.

After giving these arguments full consideration, however, one who isn't a lawyer—and who hasn't suffered a great loss at the hands of thieves—continues to have an uneasy feeling that they sacrifice public to private interests, and that they defend action which, whether reprehensible or not, does not illustrate the highest quality of citizenship. The returner of stolen goods may not himself be the thief—may be a mere messenger—but he has come from the thief and is going back to the thief, and not to make him the means, voluntary or involuntary, of catching the thief, is—well, it tends to make thievery safer and more profitable than it would be if nobody let his own advantage outweigh that of his neighbor.

Whether, after promising to ask no questions, it would be right to break the promise, as having been made, directly or indirectly, to an enemy of society—that, too, is something of a problem for the moralists. That there are some circumstances in which lying is allowable most of them admit, but they do it reluctantly.

His Courage Serves His Conscience.

Just as ex-Governor SLATON of Georgia, if he had not been the man he is, could have found excuses, had he sought them, for ignoring or quieting his doubt of FRANK's guilt, so, after acting on that doubt, he might have justified an escape from the directly and personally dangerous consequences of the commutation by quitting the State as promptly and secretly as he caused the removal of the prisoner to safer quarters than he deemed the City Prison to be.

In the one as in the other case, however, Mr. SLATON proved himself to be no slave to expediency, or at any rate his slavery is to the higher expediency that differs in name only from morality and wisdom and evidences the possession of both by him who makes it his guide.

He did what he thought was right when he saved FRANK's life, regardless of what—perhaps mistakenly—he thought would be the effect on his political career. That greater duty performed, he might have held his full duty done when he had remained within reach of threatening mobs long enough for the accustomed participation of a Governor in the inauguration of his successor. His danger, whether great or not, was real, but immediate flight would have been more than a confession of fear—it also would have implied that the State of Georgia was either unable or unwilling to protect from violence a man who in the conscientious exercise of his official discretion had excited the antagonism of some of his fellow-citizens.

To whatever extent that was believed, Georgia would have been disgraced in the eyes of the rest of the country. By deferring his departure as he did, Mr. SLATON rendered another great service to his State and his people. He thus gave time for the voice of reason to be heard, and incidentally, in these days of waiting, he has received in great numbers assurances from Georgians that the voice of the mob expressed but a part of public sentiment as it exists among them. Though his course in the Frank case has been noisily denounced in Georgia, it has also been strongly commended there, and it would be strange indeed if it were not the commendation that in the end prevailed.

Recognition Well Deserved.

One of the London papers proposes and urges that ORVILLE WRIGHT be summoned to England and intrusted with the task of equipping her armies with the great number of aeroplanes and of trained aviators needed by them. Whether such a summons would be obeyed or not only Mr. WRIGHT himself knows, but that the suggestion should have been made is gratifying, for too many people both in this country and abroad seem inclined to forget to whom it is that the world owes the revelation that aerial navigation, properly so called, is possible and practical.

Some, perhaps, will not recognise as correct the London editor's description of Mr. WRIGHT as "the world's highest authority on aeroplanes and a singularly disinterested and uncommercial inventor," and the frequency with which he has figured in litigation with other manufacturers and operators of heavier-than-air flying machines gives some excuse for doubting at least the second half of the statement. Both parts of it are true, however. After capitalizing their claims to priority, the WRIGHTS were obliged in simple honesty to defend their rights in court against numerous would-be infringers of them. The rumors and accusations that they were mercenary and litigious had no other foundation than this, and the assailants of their glory as the first of living men to fly are strangely misled.

Any skilled mechanic can make an aeroplane now, but until the WRIGHTS achieved success the world's Wise Ones had only pity or contempt for anybody who even dreamed—and few did more—of rivaling the birds as swimmers of the aerial oceans.

Rafael Joseffy.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the death of Rafael Joseffy the whole art world has lost a sincere upholder of high ideals. Not only in the field of music has this man's influence been felt, but in the development of art in this country. The pure in the art of piano playing was the only thing that appealed to him. All the virtuosity (and he possessed perfection in that) never even excited his attention or admiration for a moment. I can hear him say:

"It is not how fast you can make your fingers move, nor how well you can dazzle an audience with your technique. It is how beautiful you can make that mechanical instrument [the piano] sound."

The one link that bound the old legitimate school of world geniuses in the art of piano playing to the new school of showy technique and eccentric personalities has passed. Joseffy was not a poseur, nor an actor; not even did he seek or like public appearance. He, in fact, detested "public exposure of one's talent," as he put it. Modesty of bearing always characterized his appearance in public, but strictest discipline always as a teacher. In fact, his own prodigious powers as a pedagogue will not be realized until the present generation has had an opportunity to study what he has left in his "Daily Studies" and the stupendous volume of works on Chopin, Liszt, &c. His works were appreciated abroad in all centres. While I was at work in Rome with Sgambati Joseffy's name was ever on the lips of that great maestro, who represented the legitimate classic school of musical Italy of today. In Paris I have heard Joseffy's work as a pedagogue lauded by such men as Massenet, Phillippe, and, in fact, all the great and small teachers of Europe acknowledge his superior knowledge of the legitimate study of the piano.

The piano world has lost the last of the great poets of the keyboard; it has lost a man who did most to uphold the standard of music in this country by reason of his residence here. He was the one critic before whom the greatest of the modern pianists who visited these shores quaked. His criticisms were keen and to the point, and were not the subject worthy of the metal of his serious consideration, he would always find a kindly way to advise.

I feel that my fellow-students of this great master will join me in expressing these sentiments. The world has lost a great master—as well as a great pianist.

ALBERT MILDENBERG.
New York, June 26, 1915.

What Mr. Moss Emphasized.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

My attention has been called to your report (June 25) of my address at the dinner of the New York Society, and to an error which I desire to correct. The reporter said: "Frank Moss attacked the practice of promoting outsiders over the heads of New Yorkers simply because the outsiders happened to have ability."

On the contrary, I emphasized the proposition that outsiders should not be put into public positions when they had less ability than New Yorkers. The practice that I criticised was the exempting of friends of Commissioners from civil service examinations on the ground that they were experts when they were not experts. I said that New York should have the best men in office whether New Yorkers or outsiders, but that New Yorkers should have an equal chance with outsiders by means of civil service examinations; that too many men had been appointed without competitive examinations as experts when in fact they were not experts, but were simply friends of the appointing powers, who themselves in some cases were only "recent New Yorkers"; that I knew of cases where the appointees admitted that they were not experts, and other cases where, being appointed without competitive examinations, they were transferred to work different from that to which they were appointed as alleged experts.

FRANK MOSS.
New York, June 26, 1915.

What Thomas Willett Did.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Now that Thomas Willett is of so much importance to New Yorkers, these two incidents may be of interest: Previous to June 24, 1665, before Thomas Willett had come into the centre of the stage in New York political life as its first Mayor, he had achieved two things of importance.

In 1650, when the quarrel occurred between Governor Peter Stuyvesant and Governor Winthrop of Massachusetts over the boundary line in Connecticut separating the Dutch province of New Netherland from New England, it was agreed to submit the discussion of territorial rights to four arbiters, and Governor Stuyvesant chose for his secretaries George Baxter and Thomas Willett.

Again in 1664, as early as May 18, four months before the actual landing of the English, Captain Thomas Willett had communicated to Governor Stuyvesant the information of the English design to capture New Amsterdam. MAUD M. NELSON.
New York, June 25, 1915.

Zeppelin Invented Zeppelins.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In answer to the question asked through your columns by John Van Oastrom as to the young Austrian who was supposed to be the inventor of the Zeppelin airship, I am under the impression that the Austrian engineer referred to is Adolf Seidel of the International Aircraft Company of this city. Mr. Seidel does not claim this honor, saying that he feels sure that Count Zeppelin, under whom he studied engineering for years, is entitled to all credit; but he [Seidel] does claim several important improvements, among them being the very necessary balance weight, enabling the operator to control the entire ship from one switchboard.

JOHN M. MUELLER.
New York, June 22, 1915.

THE LOST SISTER.

Earth's children they were many, and
oh, their hearts were gay!
They leaped them from her bosom
warm, to tread a royal way;
For hand clasped hand and heart sought
heart, the rock and thorn above;
And lips taught other lips the same old
cradle-song of love.

She who went wreathed with purple
grape, had eyes of amber-dark,
With torch of sunset and of sea, she
lighted Beauty's spark;
And she, with white brows filleted, held
to the listening ear
The echoing shell of ages, for a waiting
world to hear;

But she, the Well-Beloved, with eyes of
flax-flower blue,
The watching spheres around her, their
charm of music drew;
And down Time's yellow highway, the
Earth's old heart afar
Thrilled to her song of love and home
and peace and evening star.

That maid, with eyes of flaxen-flower
blue . . .
Oh, utter not her name!
The Earth has shuddered at her fall—
is dumb before her shame
Who has betrayed her birthright, besmirched her fair estate.
Now in the dust, denounced, she lies, a
thing of lust and hate!

Where is her hearth-fire melody and
where her cradle-song?
Oh, nevermore her note can call the tender and the strong!
For her is silence and despair, bowed
heart and sheltering sod;
For her wait mothers' voices, beside the
Bar of God.

FEATHER BLACK.

THE ARGUMENT FOR HOME RULE OF CITIES.

For One Thing, It Would Place Squarely Upon the People the Responsibility for Good or Bad Municipal Government.

By HENRY BRUERE, City Chamberlain.

New York, June 24, 1915.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

What seems to be the basis for your objection to city home rule is the fear that the city will embark on unprofitable public ownership ventures. Does not this objection overlook the fact that no undertaking of the city in public ownership could be made without regard to the debt-incurring limitations of the constitution, and that such undertakings would naturally be governed by the judgment of the voters of the city, framed after full discussion of the proposals? It is conceivable, of course, that a public ownership undertaking might not be profitable in dollars and cents, but, as you indicate in the case of public markets, might justify itself by indirect benefits. Certainly there is no doubt that New York City is in need of better market terminal facilities than it now possesses. To provide these was the purpose of the new market plan maturely considered for several years, first by a commission appointed by Mayor Gaynor, and subsequently by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment and a second Mayor's Committee under the Chairmanship of Mr. George W. Perkins. The need for home rule is not to be tested by the merits of any particular issue, however, and I refer to this case only because it was cited by you.

May I call attention to the following facts? The fifty-four cities of the State which have indorsed home rule based their indorsement on a specific suggestion submitted to them at their convention in Troy early in June. This suggestion, framed by a committee of Mayors, was embodied in a proposed amendment of Article XII. of the Constitution introduced into the convention by John Lord O'Brian of Buffalo and numbered 283. As a matter of fact, there are already eight proposed amendments before the Constitutional Convention providing for home rule in one form or another. One amendment introduced by Mr. Franchot was prepared by the Municipal Government Association, and is numbered 335 in the proposals before the convention. The last, and in the judgment of many students of this subject the best proposal submitted to the convention, was introduced by Mr. Franchot on June 11, numbered 678. This amendment is carefully drafted in the light of the experience of the cities of twelve other States in the Union which enjoy home rule powers.

Whatever may be the confusion in the public mind regarding this subject, there are now defintely in the hands of the Constitutional Convention very concrete proposals, and some of them, at least, in a form superior, in respect of clarity and precision, to any home rule provision now found in the Constitutions of other States of the Union.

It is quite natural that there should be disagreement on detail. It is for the Constitutional Convention to determine questions of detail. The fundamental question of principle is: Shall the cities of the State have the right to frame their own charters? Other powers granted to the cities are matters of degree which must be determined by public opinion and arguments as to their feasibility or necessity.

Another point argued by you editorially is that at present charters are uniform, and that under home rule the proposal is "to make each charter unique." Is there not an error here? In the first place, charters are not at present uniform, although cities of the second and third classes may adopt one of five forms of charter prescribed by the Legislature. Even the second class cities, for which a uniform law was passed some years ago, by no means have uniform charters, for in every case special provisions are in force either antedating the adoption of the uniform law or subsequently enacted.

The present Constitution of New York does not prohibit special legislation. The result is that for every city the Legislature passes some special act at one time or another and for many of them it passes such acts at every session. The charters of the cities of the first class are all special acts, and are certainly not uniform. It is much more likely that cities will adopt uniform plans under home rule, for, being free to frame their own charters, they will tend to adopt the best form of charter available. This is shown in Ohio, where city after city is adopting the city manager plan, and all of these plans closely resemble in detail and structure the very excellent charter of the City of Cleveland, which is governed by a Mayor and a Council.

There is one fundamental assumption underlying home rule, and that is that the people of cities are now increasingly determined to have efficient government, and that given the means of bringing their desires to bear upon the structure and character of government, the majority of the electorate will be in favor of genuinely efficient, serviceable, and economical government.

You say that there is no necessity for a city to be misgoverned under present charters, and that the fault of misgovernment lies in the administrators and the electorate. This may be true, yet consider these facts:

Administrators of New York are not free to build up efficient government without the consent of the Legislature. Only this afternoon I was told that an important piece of legislation desired by the present administration to insure more efficient government was held up in the Legislature on a misunderstanding. This misunderstanding could not have occurred if the Legislature had not been 140 miles away concerned with the problems of the State and if the necessity for the piece of legislation had been as clear to the lawmakers at Albany as it was to the responsible officials of the city.

The electorate is not free to exercise its intelligence with respect to city government under the present system because it cannot determine the structure of government nor the means of selecting its officials. We have good officials in New York only because a small body of men courageously and insistently demand that the established electoral machinery of the State be utilized to place before the electors suitable candidates for office. The people themselves are not free to control the selection of the nominees or the election of candidates on purely municipal lines. Good government in New York is a gift to the people on the part of the established political organizations.

It does not follow, as you argue, that home rule would compel a revision of the charter. In fact, the second Franchot amendment provides for two classes of cities—cities which continue under "legislative" charters and those which frame their own charters, following the plan in force in the State of Colorado. The procedure suggested in the Franchot amendment is that if a city having a "legislative" charter desires to adopt a home rule charter, the Mayor may appoint a charter commission to frame a proposal for submission to the judgment of the electorate.

Is not home rule desirable if for no other reason than because it will place squarely upon the people of the city responsibility for the government of the city? Home rule will remove one of the chief handicaps in the development of a sense of local responsibility and one of the chief obstacles to fixing responsibility. I refer, of course, to the city's dependence on the Legislature for authority to deal with the day-by-day problems of government as they arise, in the light of local needs, governed by the judgment of the people and by the intelligent and responsible consideration of the representatives of the people chosen to administer their affairs.

It will be a misfortune, now that the Constitution is being revised, if citizens in favor of efficient government are deterred from advocacy of home rule because they fear that the electorate may some time use home rule powers unwisely. City government in America is going forward, not backward. Its progress is governed as it is inspired by the rapidly growing civic intelligence and concern in government on the part of the people of the cities. The one certain fact about good city government in America is that the people want it.

HENRY BRUERE, Chamberlain.

NEUTRAL ENGLISH LABOR.

A Reckless Point of View on War, Sobriety, and Aristocracy.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Will you permit me as an English trade unionist of over thirty years standing, and one that would be causing the British Government all the worry I could if I was in England at the present time, to dissent from almost all of the assertions contained in your editorial "The English Labor Crisis?"

Labor is not class selfish; it is class conscious. Lloyd George never was the friend of labor, neither was he the architect of the unemployment insurance. Neither has labor been class coddled, unless to be shot, put in prison, or exiled is class coddling. If it is, then they have had a surfeit of class coddling. Labor has fought, struggled, and died for the few reforms it has achieved, but they have paved the way for the full emancipation of labor. I defy you to prove that the workers of England have any responsibilities toward the present war, or any war that has been or ever will be fought, unless it be a civil war. English trade unionists have no leaders: they are representatives, and neither they nor the Government can make the workers do anything they object to. Strikes have been illegal before, and still they took place, and will whenever the workers decide.

In conclusion, may I say that I cannot understand why the press of America persistently goes out of its way to slander the British trade unionists by the charge of drunkenness? They do not drink more on the average than any other class of workers, or near so much as the aristocrats of England drink. ENGLISH TRADE UNIONIST.
Brooklyn, N. Y., June 25, 1915.

Notice to Mr. Necker, Inc.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of June 15 you published a news article stating that William Necker, Inc., of Union Hill, N. J., had filed papers in a suit for $100,000 damages against The Casket and The Sunnyside, the two trade journals which I have the honor to edit and manage for their respective owners. Permit me to state that before any papers could have been filed the complaint would have had to be served upon the parties against whom the suit is brought, and as we have not seen or heard of anything of the kind, after waiting patiently for further developments, I would suggest that perhaps Mr. Necker does not know where to reach us. For his benefit, if he intends to bring suit of any kind, I would state that our attorney and counsel is the Hon. William M. K. Olcott of the firm of Olcott, Gruber, Bonynge & McManus, 170 Broadway, New York, who will accept service in our behalf any time that Mr. Necker or his million-dollar corporation may desire to try conclusions with us in the courts.

Mr. Necker has not brought suit of any kind against us. WILLIAM M. BUTLER,
Editor The Casket and The Sunnyside.
New York, June 24, 1915.

BAD DIPLOMATIC MANNERS.

An Offensive Aspect of the German Meeting in Madison Square.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

One aspect of the German war meeting at the Garden seems to have escaped editorial comment. Nothing further could be desired than your setting forth of its spirit and ultimate intent, and it is open to us all to infer the seditious spirit behind it and Mr. Bryan's evident lack of sincerity. It was plainly an anti-American demonstration.

But on the platform, your columns tell us, was the Austrian Ambassador and the German Naval and Military Attaches and the Turkish Minister. The meeting was called as a protest against the action and attitude of the Administration of the nation to which they are accredited, and yet they attend and accept seats on the platform. They indorse what was meant to be an attack on the President at a meeting where no man would have been safe who had dared propose a cheer for him.

This has been the spirit of Teutonic diplomacy from the start, abundantly illustrated by von Bernstorff in the initial months of the war, and by Dumba, and many of us are still wondering what has become of the accusations which were made in the papers against Captain Boy-Ed's complicity in various efforts that were, to say the least, undiplomatic. Did we not crowd out a Turkish Minister awhile since for as small cause as the Austrian diplomat gives us? Has not our country some dignity at stake which even diplomats are bound to respect? I am not challenging the right of free speech, though some of the Germans among us are converting it into sedition; but diplomats, representatives of other nations, are certainly not free to indorse attacks, publicly, on the Government to which they are accredited. To claim they were there unofficially is twaddle. They cannot be that anywhere. Their presence was an indorsement of an attack on the Administration of the United States, and they deserve rebuke for their undiplomatic manners.

JAMES M. TAYLOR,
Formerly President Vassar College.
New York, June 26, 1915.

A Vicarious Correction.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I should be grateful if you can find space to insert a correction of a statement made by me in an article on English-American fiction in The Atlantic Monthly for last December. I included the name of Mr. Vincent O'Sullivan in the list I then gave of distinguished English novelists, but I have lately learned that Mr. O'Sullivan is an American. My error is perhaps pardonable, since in various stories this author displays a most intimate knowledge of English life and manners, especially in the last volume of "A Good Girl," which for brilliance of character painting and subtlety of observation is a work almost of the first rank.

EDWARD GARNETT.
New York, June 25, 1915.

MISS WANAMAKER, PHILADELPHIA BRIDE

Society Throng at Marriage of Daughter of Rodman Wanamaker and Gurnee Munn.

HER SISTER HONOR MATRON

Imported Wedding Gown Has a Train Thirty Feet Long—Wedding Breakfast on Lawn at Lindenhurst.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., June 28.—Miss Marie Louise Wanamaker was married to Gurnee Munn of Washington in St. Mark's Episcopal Church at noon today. The church was thronged to the doors with guests from every big city of the East. White roses nestling among festoons of greens made the interior of the church fragrant.

The event socially was one of the most important of the year and rivaled in point of widespread interest only by the recent Duke-Biddle and Biddle-Duke weddings. The bride is the daughter of Rodman Wanamaker and a granddaughter of John Wanamaker. Mr. Munn is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Munn of Washington.

The ceremony was performed by the rector of St. Mark's, the Rev. Elliott White, assisted by the Rev. John Williams of All Saints' Church, Atlantic City. Attending Miss Wanamaker was her sister, Mrs. Arturo De Heeren, as matron of honor. The bridesmaids were Miss Mary Brown Warburton, Miss Wanamaker's cousin; Miss Edwina Elkins Bruner, Miss Gretchen Clay, Miss Margaret Berwind, Miss Katherine H. Kremer, Miss Mary Alice Clay, and Miss Frances Moore of Washington. The flower girls were Miss Pauline Munn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Munn, and Miss Auten De Heeren, the bride's niece.

The gown which the bride wore was an imported creation of satin tulle and brocade. It arrived in this country last Friday on the Adriatic, which also brought John Wanamaker, Jr., home from abroad to attend his sister's wedding. The gown nad clouds of billowy lace and pearls in the trimming. The train, thirty feet long, was of cloth shot with silver and covered with lace. The veil was of tulle.

The bridegroom had as his best man his brother, Charles A. Munn, and the ushers were John Wanamaker, Jr., of this city; W. Rhinelander Stewart, W. Lee Gwynn, Gustro De Heeren, Hamilton Fish, Jr.; Alfred S. Dabney, Q. A. Shaw McKean, and Robert F. S. Sterling, all of New York City; Reginald Broadman and Charles D. Amory of Boston, Ector O. Munn of Washington, and Thomas Blumer of Providence.

The ceremony was followed by a wedding breakfast and reception on the grounds of Lindenhurst, the handsome estate of John Wanamaker, the bride's grandfather, near Jenkintown.

Announcement of the engagement of Miss Wanamaker and Mr. Munn was made more than a month ago, at a dinner given at Sherry's by Mr. and Mrs. Rodman Wanamaker.

Mr. and Mrs. Munn arrived in this city last night at 7 o'clock and went direct to the Hotel Biltmore. They had more than a dozen trunks and pieces of baggage and Mrs. Munn also brought her pet Spitz dog.

THEIR BRIDAL TRIP TO INDIA.

Miss E. M. Burroughs Weds F. M. Potter, Principal of Voorhees College

Special to The New York Times.

METUCHEN, N. J., June 28.—The wedding of Miss Elsie Mook Burroughs, daughter of former Postmaster Edward Burroughs, to Francis Marmaduke Potter, son of Dr. and Mrs. Ellis F. Potter, in the Metuchen Reformed Church at 8 o'clock tonight attracted the fashionable contingents of Metuchen, Plainfield, Morristown, Montclair, Elizabeth, and Newark. The Rev. John W. Van Zanten performed the ceremony.

Mr. Potter is Principal of Voorhees College, Vellore, South India, an institution under the jurisdiction of the missionary department of the Reformed Church of America. He is a graduate of Rutgers College, where he received the degree of A. B. in 1908. In that year he won a Rhodes Scholarship, finishing his course at Oxford and receiving a B. A. degree in 1911. In 1913 he received a degree of M. A. at Columbia.

The marriage was the conclusion of a romance which began when the couple were classmates in the Metuchen High School.

While the guests were arriving the organist, Miss Nelly Acken, played a program of selections from Lohengrin and Mendelssohn. The church was decorated with honeysuckle, pink ramblers and wild flowers, the altar being banked with palms and the pews marked with clusters of lilies of the valley.

The maid of honor was Miss Ruth Burroughs, sister of the bride. The bridesmaids were the Misses Madeline Hall and Edith Crehore. Neil Campbell Potter, brother of the bridegroom, acted as best man. The ushers were Edward Allen Burroughs, brother of the bride; Edward C. Dana of Metuchen, the Rev. Theodore Walser of Morristown, and the Rev. M. C. T. Andreal of Glen Rock. A reception followed at the home of the bride's parents.

On July 3 the couple will start for India by way of San Francisco and Japan to make their future home.

Entertains Clark Wedding Party.

ST. LOUIS, June 28.—James M. Thomson, editor of The New Orleans Item, who on Wednesday will be married at Bowling Green, Mo., to Miss Genevieve Clark, daughter of Speaker Champ Clark, entertained several members of the wedding party and a few other close friends at dinner here tonight.

On Tuesday the party will go to Bowling Green. Mr. Thomson's brother, Paul, will be best man at the wedding.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Lieutenant E. W. McKee, U. S. N., and Mrs. McKee, who were married on Saturday in the chapel of St. Thomas's Church, are to make their home at 235 West Seventy-first Street. Mrs. McKee was formerly Miss Adeline Consuelo Vetter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Ernest Vetter. Only relatives attended the wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Burke of South Orange, N. J., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Tilita Burke, to Samuel H. Bradbury, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Bradbury of Waukegan, Ill. Mr. Bradbury is a student at West Point.

Mr. and Mrs. Irving Brokaw of 985 Fifth Avenue have gone to their country estate at Mill Neck, L. I., for the Summer.

Mrs. Alfred L. White of 53 East Fifty-fourth Street is motoring through the Berkshires to the Adirondacks, where she will occupy her camp on the Upper Saranac.

Miss Francis B. Leonard and Edmund Victor Morrow were married on Saturday at Filston Meadows, the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. Lathrop Colgate, at Bedford, N. Y. The ceremony was performed in the Italian garden by the Rev. Lea Luquer.

Colonel and Mrs. Henry Hersey Andrew are at their cottage in Roxmor, Woodland, Ulster County, N. Y.

The marriage of Miss Miriam G. Daniels, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Herbert Daniels, and Stanley Bertram Thorpe will take place at 5 o'clock this afternoon in St. Stephen's Episcopal Church, West Sixty-ninth Street.

Miss Juliette Moën Shaw, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. Lawrence Shaw, and John Williams Macy, a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Williams Macy, are to be married today at the Summer home of the bride's parents at Lakeville, Conn.

Swift & Company's sales of Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, June 26th, averaged as follows: Domestic beef, 12.52 cents per pound.—Advt.

NEWPORT FASHIONS SHOW.

Models to Display Costumes at Rosecliff for Belgian Relief Fund.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., June 28.—Mrs. Oelrichs will give a Fashions' Passing Show July 24 on the terrace of her estate, Rosecliff, to be known as Secours National Day for the relief of Belgian refugees in France.

Performances have been set for 4 o'clock in the afternoon and 9 o'clock at night. The white marble terrace will be utilized as the stage for the exhibition of sporting and evening costumes used by the fashionable women of this country and made by New York costumers, such as tennis, bathing, riding, yachting, automobiling, and both dinner and ball gowns, the latter to be shown at night.

The costumes will be shown upon models whom the gownmakers are sending for the purpose. Other features will be announced later. The committee in charge, Mrs. Oelrichs, Mrs. Warren, Mrs. Webster, Miss Wetmore, and Mrs. Condé Nast, ask Summer residents to refrain from entertaining during the performances, that every one may attend to help the fund.

W. McNeil Rodewald, Miss Alice Preston, Miss Gladys Greene, Joseph Medill McCormick, Joseph F. Porter, Dr. John Ridlon, F. F. Rogers, U. S. N.; A. Putnam of Philadelphia, and G. G. Walthmay of New York, visiting Bradford Norman, are registered at the Casino.

Plans are making fast for the week-end and Fourth of July entertainment in the Summer colony. While there are no large entertainments there will be many small dinners and luncheons and observances of Independence Day next Monday.

Next Saturday the festivities begin at the Clambake Club, and the following Monday afternoon Mrs. Stuart Duncan gives a tea dance at Bonnie Crest. Next Saturday evening Governor and Mrs. R. Livingston Beeckman will give a dinner for army and navy officers stationed about Newport and their wives at Land's End, with fireworks after dinner.

Commodore and Mrs. Theodore Porter of Annapolis have bought the Rosseau cottage in Jamestown, which they will soon occupy.

Mrs. George Harrison of Washington is at the Allen cottage in Jamestown with her son, Cadet Ray Harrison.

Mrs. Hamilton McK. Twombly and Miss Twombly are expected at Vineland next week from Madison, N. J.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter G. Gerry are at Lake Delaware before spending their season at Warwick Neck.

Guy Norman has returned from a week's cruise with former Harvard classmates, including a stay at New London for the races.

Rear Admiral and Mrs. French A. Chadwick have returned from New York. John Campbell Chadwick, who recently was graduated from Cornell, will be their guest, arriving Thursday.

The opening of Grave's Point Fishing Club will occur July 1.

Mr. and Mrs. Vincent Astor are expected at the Richwood this week for the Summer, coming on the steam yacht Noma from Ferncliffe.

Commodore and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt and family are arriving this week at the William Waldorf Astor estate, Beaulieu.

The power yacht Alacrity, chartered by W. Earl Dodge, arrived from New London today with Mr. Dodge on board.

Mrs. Leonard M. Thomas, Mrs. Charles M. Oelrichs, Mrs. J. Gordon Douglas, Mrs. Henry P. Perry of Newport, and Mrs. William Diston of Philadelphia were among those entertaining at luncheon at Hill Top Inn today.

E. B. FROST MARRIED AGAIN.

Prominent Attorney, Divorced, Wed Rosalind Harrington June 18.

Elihu B. Frost, head of the Holland Electric Launch Company and a prominent attorney, was married recently to Miss Rosalind Harrington, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Bartholomew Charles Harrington, according to news that yesterday preceded him here, where he made a hurried business trip from Atlantic City.

He was divorced by his first wife, who later became the wife of Hamilton W. Carey at Reno, Nev., in 1909. Mr. Frost and Miss Harrington were married in Newark, N. J., by the Rev. J. H. Macdonald of the Episcopal Church, on June 18. A sister of the bride, Mrs. Geoffrey Earnshaw, and her husband were the witnesses, and the marriage was so quiet that few of their friends knew about it. The newly married couple went to Atlantic City on their honeymoon and are stopping at the Chelsea Hotel.

Mr. Frost visited his office, 5 Nassau Street, yesterday, and later went to a hotel. He has rented a cottage at Ventnor, N. J., for the Summer, his city home being at 41 West Forty-fifth Street.

Judge-Lyman Wedding Today.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., June 28.—Miss Annie Lyman of Boston and Newport will be married tomorrow afternoon at the Church of the Advent in Boston at 3 o'clock to Cyril Bathurst Judge of New York by the Rev. Austin Judge, brother of the bridegroom, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Grant, rector of the church. There will be no attendants. After the ceremony a bridal luncheon will be served at the residence of Mrs. Morris Grey, a sister of the bride, in Chestnut Hill. Later the couple go to the Adirondacks for the Summer, returning to the bride's home in this city for the Autumn.

Newberry-Binney Wedding.

WARWICK, R. I., June 28.—Miss Elizabeth Goddard Binney, daughter of William Binney of Providence, and Barnes Newberry, son of Truman H. Newberry of Detroit, former Secretary of the Navy, were married at the Summer home of the bride's parents here today. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. James P. Conover of St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., assisted by Dr. Daniel Goodwin of East Greenwich.

Mr. Newberry was graduated from Yale last week.

Gardner Hazen to Wed in Illinois.

The marriage of Miss Anna Ewing Hoover, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Perry Hoover of Evanston, Ill., and Gardner Hazen, son of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Hazen of 99 Claremont Avenue, this city, will take place tomorrow at St. Luke's Church, Evanston, Ill. Mr. Hazen's father is President of the Crowell Publishing Company of New York.

Passengers from Bergen.

Some of the passengers arriving yesterday from Bergen on the Kristianiafjord were Walter A. Baldwin, Mr. and Mrs. E. Eklund, Mrs. A. G. Goldsmith, Charles Hanna, Frederick Miller, Mrs. C. Preston, Charles Preston, Jr., Miss Anna Williams, Philip Winter, Mrs. J. E. Anderson, Mrs. Hilda Hansen, O. Strand, and Mrs. E. Stern.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"The Heart of a Child," a play in four acts by Zelda Sears, founded on Frank Danby's novel of that title, will be presented for a preliminary engagement by A. H. Woods in the Savoy Theatre, Asbury Park, July 23. Kathleen Clifford will play the leading role, and the cast will also include George Sidney, Zelda Sears, Frazer Coulter, Edwin Wilson, Mabel Carruthers, Alethea Luce, Lillian Brannard, Catherine Calhoun, and Earle Mitchell.

Montagu Love has been added to the cast Moffatt & Pennell have assembled for Augustin MacHugh's new play, "Seach Me," which will be given its first performance July 19 in Long Branch.

J. J. Rosenthal has been made manager of the Bronx Opera House for the coming season by Cohan & Harris.

JOHN CLINTON GRAY, EX-JUDGE, DIES AT 71

New York Court of Appeals Jurist Expires in Newport After Five Days' Illness.

WAS APPOINTED BY HILL

Governor Afterward Vainly Sought His Removal Because of His Action in Upholding Patrick's Conviction.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., June 28.—Ex-Judge John Clinton Gray of the New York Court of Appeals died this afternoon at the Pinard cottage. Last Wednesday ex-Judge Gray arrived from New York to spend the Summer with his family at Newport, and was stricken with paralysis. The following day pneumonia developed, and since then he had been sinking.

He had long been a prominent member of the Summer colony of Newport, but a few years ago he sold his estate, and had not returned to Newport until last week. His body will be taken to New York Wednesday morning by special train and placed in the mortuary chapel of St. Bartholomew's Church, of which he was a Vestryman for many years. The funeral will be held in the church Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, followed by interment in Woodlawn Cemetery.

Ex-Judge John Clinton Gray was born in this city on Dec. 4, 1843, and was a son of the late John A. C. and Susan Maria Zabriskie Gray. He received his early education in Paris and at the University of Berlin, and in 1865 was graduated from the University of New York with the degree of A. B., receiving the degree A. M. in 1868. During this time he attended Harvard University, and in 1866 received the degree of LL. B., and in 1913 that university granted him the honorary degree of LL. D.

Following his graduation he engaged in practice in this city until he was appointed to the Court of Appeals in 1888 and served until 1902, when he was reappointed to serve until 1916. He was retired by the age limit law, which says that Judges of the Court of Appeals shall be retired on the next December after they have attained their seventieth year. This was in December, 1913.

Until 1884 Judge Gray was said to have been a Republican. He then became a Democrat and was appointed to the Court of Appeals by Governor Hill on the death of Judge Rapallo. This appointment was significant in the light of later events, for Hill, then a former United States Senator, appealed to have Judge Gray removed from the bench. This was in the case of Albert T. Patrick, on trial for murder, and Judge Gray as one of the Court of Appeals Judges voted against the reversal of Patrick's conviction when his petition was brought before the Court. Hill accused Judge Gray of having an interest in the case, because the Judge's son was an Assistant District Attorney of this State and took part in the prosecution of Patrick. Hill, however, was unable to bring his removal attempt to a successful issue.

In January, 1911, while Judge Gray was returning to his home, 5 East Fifty-sixth Street, from the Metropolitan Club, he was attacked and knocked down by footpads. It was raining at the time and Fifth Avenue was deserted. The footpads made off when he called for help, and he was carried to the Savoy Hotel.

Judge Gray was a member of the National Academy of Design, the Metropolitan Museum of Natural History, the New York Historical Society, the New York State Bar Association, and the Metropolitan Club of this city. His Summer home was in Newport, R. I., where his family were among the pioneer residents. He is survived by his widow and three sons, one of whom is Henry G. Gray, a lawyer of this city and a former Deputy Assistant District Attorney. The others are Austen Gray and Albert Z. Gray, who is ill at the home of his father-in-law, Stuyvesant Fish, at Garrison, N. Y.

MASS FOR ARCHDUKE.

Ambassador Dumba Attends Service for Francis Ferdinand and Wife.

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, June 28.—An anniversary mass was said by the Rev. William F. Grace in St. Anne's Catholic Church this morning at the request of the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador for Archduke Francis Ferdinand, the heir to the Austro-Hungarian throne, and the Archduke's wife, the Duchess of Hohenberg, who were killed a year ago today in Serajevo, Bosnia. There were present at the mass Dr. Constantine T. Dumba, Mme. Dumba, Baron and Baroness Zwiedinek, Stephen Hendry de Hendri, Prince Alfred Hohenlohe, and the other officers and attachés of the embassy.

Chevalier W. L. F. C. van Rappard, the Minister from the Netherlands, was a guest of the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador over Sunday at the Poplars.

Mr. and Mrs. John Jay, who have been visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Samuel P. Blagden in Williamstown, have returned to New York.

Mrs. Robert Cameron Rogers and Sherman Rogers, who have been visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Sedgwick, have returned to Santa Barbara, Cal.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Woodward Haven, who went to New York for the wedding of Mr. and Mrs. George S. Trevor, are passing a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Percy R. Pyne, at Bernardsville, N. J.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hollister Pease have returned to the Orchard from New London.

Mrs. Oscar Iasigi and Miss Grace S. Parker of Stockbridge have motored to Lake George.

Mr. and Mrs. William Marshall Bullitt, of Louisville, Ky., will arrive July 2 to pass a part of the season with Mrs. Oscar Iasigi.

Mr. and Mrs. John E. Zimmerman, of Philadelphia, Mr. and Mrs. William R. Roberts, Miss Roberts, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Forrester, of Havana, are at Red Lion Inn, Stockbridge.

Mrs. George W. Curtis and Dr. W. M. Richardson, who have been in Lenox, returned today to New York.

Decies Heir Christened.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 28.—The infant son of Lord and Lady Decies was christened at Stoke Poges Church on Saturday. The godfathers were the Duke of Connaught, George J. Gould, father of Lady Decies, and General Sir Douglas Haig, and the child was named Arthur Marcus George Douglas de la Poer.

Archbishop Quigley Is Worse.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 28.—Reports tonight from the bedside of James E. Quigley, Archbishop of Chicago, were that his condition was rapidly becoming more serious. Archbishop Quigley is here at the home of his brother, Joseph M. Quigley, Chief of Police of Rochester. A consultation of physicians was held in the afternoon, and tonight it was necessary to hold another consultation.

Woman Ablaze Jumps Into River.

Mrs. Ella Cahill, wife of the Captain of the coal barge Plymouth, docked at the foot of Ninety-fourth Street in the East River, accidently overturned an oil lamp in the cabin of the boat early this morning and set her clothing afire. She ran to the deck and dived into the water.

William Cahill, her husband, at the other end of the barge, saw her leap and jumped after her. With the aid of Patrolman Lennon of the East Eighty-eighth Street Station, the two were dragged aboard the barge. The woman was badly burned, but will recover.

CIGAR FOR SUFFRAGE GUESS.

Men Will Be Asked to Name Figures Representing States.

There will be cigars for the men and candy for the women who can give correctly the names of forty-nine "little women" who are to be the guests of honor at the Suffrage Lunch Room, 70 Wall Street, at 12 o'clock noon today. The "little women" are clay figures modeled by Mrs. Helena Smith-Dayton, and represent the United States and Alaska. They are to find permanent homes in the lunch room window as aids to the suffrage cause.

The "little women" of the suffrage States are shown dressed in yellow, entering a trim election booth. Four "little women" in blue are joyously appearing through the gate in a high wall—the campaign States—and dressed in black and looking mournfully over the wall are the "little women" representing the States where women cannot vote.

The artist will make an adress with the presentation, and Miss Josephine Rohe and Mrs. John Blair will speak. The scene which the figures represent is called "Over the Fence Is Out, Boys."

ICELAND WOMEN GAIN VOTES

King of Denmark Signs Bill Granting Them Full Suffrage.

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, President of the International Woman's Suffrage Alliance, has received a cablegram from Briet Asmundsson, leader of the suffragists of Iceland, which says:

"King sanctioned Constitution bill, June 19, woman suffrage granted."

This is the bill that has been waiting for the signature of the King of Denmark since 1914. It grants full suffrage to Iceland's women, and was passed by the Parliament of Iceland last year. Icelandic women over 25 years of age won the Parliamentary suffrage in 1911.

Suffrage Visit to Miss Liberty.

The Empire State Campaign Committee on Woman Suffrage will entertain on board the Tourist on Monday afternoon. The steamer will leave Battery Park pier at 5:45 o'clock, and will proceed to the Statue of Liberty, where addresses will be given. Later the Tourist will proceed up the Hudson, arriving at the 129th Street pier at 8 o'clock. Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, 118 East Fifty-sixth Street, is in charge of the excursion.

DE MILLE PLAY AT PALACE.

A Pocket-Size Thriller Called "The Man Higher Up."

"The Man Higher Up" is the somewhat uninspired title of a compact and exciting little melodrama by William C. De Mille which William Courtleigh brought yesterday to the Palace Theatre. It is a study in revenge by suggestion. Its story, which smacks a little of Conan Doyle, might easily have been inspired by "Le Thanatographe," the one-act horror presented a year ago at the Grand Guignol in Paris.

"The Man Higher Up" is vigorously played by Mr. Courtleigh and De Witt C. Jennings. Thorough, scientific, implacable, a young German—fittingly named Von Rache—sets out to compass the death of one Ryan, the man responsible for the ruin and death of the girl to whom he had been betrothed. Year after year, and, toward the end, month after month and day after day, he sends ominous letters to Ryan, letters that gradually unnerve and destroy the will and the health of the victim. Finally, on the twentieth anniversary he, as a distinguished physician, has the wretched Ryan come to him for consultation, makes himself and his cause known, and informs him that in that locked room, on the stroke of 9, the mechanism in the box on the table whence there has proceeded a steady ticking, will cause an explosion powerful enough to blow them both to atoms. The clock strikes 9. At the sound the victim dies in a paroxysm of fear. A moment later the placid Von Rache is making arrangements for the removal of a patient who had died in his office of natural causes.

Henry Wasserman, a young Polish pianist, was enthusiastically received yesterday afternoon, and there was a deal of applause for Cecil Cunningham, who looked very handsome indeed, and who sang effectively a number of new songs by Jean Havez, in the course of which she warbled with much feeling that she "had not raised her voice to be a flivver." Return engagements are being played at the Palace this week by the Cansinos, Spanish dancers, who are enjoying a rapidly mounting popularity in these parts, and by the redoutable Eva Tanguay, who, to great enthusiasm, repeats the lyric derangement which passes with her for an act in vaudeville.

THE WEEK IN THE THEATRES.

The majority of Broadway's current offerings are in holiday mood. For the business man, supposed to be more fatigued in Summer than at other seasons, there are the new edition of Ziegfeld's "Follies," in the New Amsterdam Theatre, and the still popular "Chin-Chin," in the Globe. "Twin Beds," in the Harris Theatre; "It Pays to Advertise," in Cohan's, and "A Full House," in the Longacre, all emphasize the comic. "On Trial," last season's conspicuous dramatic success, is the only serious offering that holds. It is in the Candler Theatre.

"The Alien," an entertainment in the Astor Theatre, wherein a melodramatic story has heretofore been told by means of moving pictures and players on the stage, has been changed for the last week of its engagement. The closing scene, which was formerly acted by the players of the film, has been made into movie form, and George Beban and his associates will not appear on the stage.

The Summer burlesque show in the Columbia Theatre is being constantly revised so that patrons of the house may attend regularly. This week's new feature is a revival of Irving Berlin's song success, "Alexander's Ragtime Band," by Morton and Moore.

The feature picture, "The Birth of a Nation," which has for its basis Thomas Dixon's "The Clansman," is still being shown in the Liberty.

Orville Harrold is singing this week in the New Brighton Theatre. "He Tried to be Nice," with Edward Abeles in the principal role, and "Woman Proposes," with Ruth Allen in the cast, are two playlets on the program. Willa Holt Wakefield and Ben Welch contribute characteristic bits to the bill.

The Lexington Players presented Edward Peple's melodrama of civil war times, "The Littlest Rebel," in Hammerstein's Lexington Avenue Opera House last night.

A ballet divertissement is one of the features of the new bill in the Fifth Avenue Theatre. Swan Wood is the premiere danseuse of the company. "The Fashion Shop" is the title of a musical comedy in miniature that has a prominent position on the program.

In Proctor's Fifty-eighth Street Theatre a troupe of Arabian acrobats performs. Feature pictures are shown in Proctor's Twenty-third and 125th Street Theatres.

"The Lorelei Madonna" is the title of the new feature film in the Vitagraph Theatre. Another chapter of the serial "The Goddess" and a comedy picture, "Welcome to Bohemia," are included in the program.

A picture version of the "Chimmie Fadden" stories is the new feature in the Strand Theatre. For it Victor Moore acted the title role.

The program on the American Roof includes Billy Arlington in a sketch entitled "Mistakes Will Happen" and a brief musical comedy called "Six Peaches and a Pair."

Brooklyn Amusements.

Brooklyn vaudevillians are featured on the Prospect Theatre's bill this week. It includes Belle Blanche in imitations, Gladys Clark and Henry Bergman in "A Baseball Flirtation," and Ryan and Tierney in songs.

In the Bushwick Theatre a war playlet, "The Spoils of the War," is acted by Blanche Walsh and company. Bert Fitzgibbon gives one of his eccentric monologues, and the Bell family present a musical act.

Isaac Stark.

Isaac Stark, a retired merchant and prominently connected with Jewish charities, died on Sunday at Mount Sinai Hospital, in his sixty-ninth year. He was born in this city and lived at 221 West 128th Street. Mr. Stark was connected with the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, the Montefiore Home, and Mount Sinai Hospital. He was a member of Henry Clay Lodge, Independent Order Free Sons of Israel, and several other fraternal orders. His widow, three daughters, and three sons, one of whom is Dr. Nathan N. Stark, survive him.

SNYDER SAYS BEAR MADE RAT A THIEF

Zoo Keeper Swears He Has Seen Pair in League to Rob Pit Mates of Food.

BOTH SHARE IN THE LOOT

If Story Is True, Bronx Curator Hopes Rodents Will Be Trained to Perform Useful Tasks.

"I have just been reading in the newspapers that a woman in Cedar Manor taught her dog to go out and steal chickens for her," commented Charles Snyder, keeper of the Zoological Park in the Bronx yesterday.

His observation was preparatory to reporting to Raymond L. Ditmars, the curator, an account of what Snyder alleges is one of the most wonderful occurrences ever known in "Bruin Row," as the line of open-air bear lairs to the east of the Reptile House is called. Mr. Ditmars, in telling the story, said that the report was entirely unofficial.

Snyder had made the discovery that Beth, a big brown bear, had taught one of the many rats which infest the bear dens to retrieve food for her from the other bear cages. Beth is a shaggy animal with a perpetual appetite. Snyder contended that the case of Beth was even more important to the student of animal life than that of the dog which stole chickens for its mistress, for in the case in the Zoological Park the bear trained the rat, or impressed it into her service without the slightest suggestion from the keeper. The reward in both cases was the same. The food thief was allowed to share in the booty.

"I first noticed the case several days ago when I was wandering past the bear dens just after feeding time," said Snyder. "Beth was living up to her reputation as a glutton. It is not her practice to eat the food as soon as it is thrown to her, as it is with her companions. She will pounce on every bit of food that comes near her, gathering it up in front of her while she sits over it ready to fight for it. When all within reach is gathered up then Beth will make short trips about the cage gathering up all she can find, always with an eye trained upon her previously accumulated supply ready to return to its defense. She usually gets more than her share of the food."

In the report made by Snyder to Mr. Ditmars he said he first had his attention attracted to a gray whiskered rat which had glided between the bars into the cage where two other bears were feeding, and was busily engaged in dragging into the next cage a half a loaf of bread, which because of its bulk came near proving a greater task than it could accomplish. Stealing the bears' food is nothing new for the rat colony, but what struck Snyder as remarkable was that Beth, standing guard over her own food, was watching the rat and making encouraging sounds which Snyder translated as meaning, "Go it, Bill."

All this was only passing strange to the keeper, who in his day has seen birds and animals do many strange things, but this was so peculiar he watched further proceedings. What he saw has set many of the keepers talking and some speculating as to whether the truthful Snyder cannot devise a scheme for making the rats perform useful tasks.

Since Snyder first saw the rat working for Beth he has kept watch in "Bruin Row." These observations have revealed to him the method by which Beth increases her food supply, but they have not shown him the method by which the bear trained the rat.

"I discovered," continued Snyder, "that every day just after the food had been flung into the bear cages Beth would call her rodent friend from a recess of the cave she shares with it. When the rat made its appearance Beth would inevitably act as though she was whispering in the ear of her little friend. This ceremony completed, the rat would scamper away, while Beth would set about the serious task of gathering everything she could steal from her cage mates into a mound and stand guard over it without apparently giving a second thought to the rat.

"The rodent was busy all this time, however. Usually it first visited the cage to the right, where two young and careless bears live. One piece of food after another the rat would sneak away from the not very observant pair. Usually it elected to steal half loaves of bread, and these it would carefully drag through the bars into Beth's cage, or, if Beth had finished gathering her own food, or if the bears pursued, it would drag the loot near the bars of the other cage, where Beth could rake it in with a sweep of her paw. One day I saw the rat obtain six half loaves at one meal, but usually four were all he could drag within reach of his big friend.

"It was the rat that took all the risks of the adventure and usually received a meagre reward. Nearly every day the rat was disturbed by the other bears, which resented its activities. Once one of the brown bears nearly caught it, and another time a crafty bear silently crept up behind and before Whiskers could get out of the way dealt it a blow with his paw that knocked it five feet and so ended the food pilfering for that day."

"Charlie," interrupted Ditmars, "did they split fifty-fifty?"

"No," replied the keeper disgustedly, "Whiskers never had a show, though, capacity considered, he got his fill. Beth doled out a piece or two, and rat and bear sat down side by side at the feast."

"Charlie, did you ever see the bear rattled?" asked Pete, the wit of the Reptile House.

Snyder was about to reply indignantly, but Pete went out the door, his question unanswered, and Ditmars sorrowfully confided to his stenographer, "We must bear with Snyder."

"Yes," she replied aptly, "with the accent on the bear."

A FLAG CONTEST IN GOLF.

Association of Advertising Interests in Tourney at Hot Springs.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., June 28.—A flag contest occupying the morning was the second event in the tourney of the American Golf Association of Advertising Interests, which began here Saturday. There were sixty-three entries. The teams were of two men or a man and woman. Each team was allowed a number of strokes equal to the par of the course, plus the team's handicap, planting its flags when this number of strokes had been consumed. At the end of the morning nine flags had been placed upon the seventh hole.

The four teams planting their flags furthest were D. M. Parker, Garden City, and A. K. Oliver, Allegheny Country, who reached the nineteenth green; Z. T. Miller, Dunwoodie, and L. A. Hamilton, New York, who reached the eighteenth green; E. F. Meyer, Wheatley Hills, and W. P. Wood, Richmond Country, who also reached the eighteenth green, and A. J. Watson, Dunwoodie, and A. R. Gardner, Dunwoodie, who reached 250 yards from the eighteenth green.

In the two four-ball foursomes tied Saturday and played off today, handicapped at one-sixteenth of the combined handicap, and the best ball counting, a score of 68 was made by D. M. Parker, Garden City; A. H. Johnson, New York; Mr. McMillan, Scarsdale, and A. S. Moore, North Fork Country, against a 72 scored by F. A. Perry, New York; R. L. Whitton, Beverly Country; George D. Jones, Hinsdale, and S. R. McKelvie, Lincoln Country.

Nelson Runyon.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., June 28.—Nelson Runyon, aged 74 years, dean of the Plainfield bar, died at the home of his son, Assemblyman William N. Runyon, in Ninth Street, today. At the outbreak of the civil war he enlisted in Company H, Thirtieth New Jersey Volunteers, serving nine months. He was admitted to the bar in 1862, and for several years was associated in the practice of law with his son. Mr. Runyon was a charter member of the Y. M. C. A. and Park Avenue Baptist Church. Besides Assemblyman Runyon, he is survived by another son, Charles T. Runyon.

PERU'S EX-PRESIDENT DIES.

Guillermo Billinghurst, Exile, Had a Romantic Career.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LIMA, Peru, June 28.—Guillermo Billinghurst, former President of Peru, is dead in Iquique, Chile.

The public here received the news of Mr. Billinghurst's death quietly, and it was announced that there would be no official mourning. The press of this city unites in praising the former Chief Executive, but also recalls his intolerant and unconciliatory character.

He was born in Arica, Peru, in 1851, and had a most romantic career. His father was one of the Englishmen attracted to Peru by the nitrate beds and his mother was a native Peruvian. In 1868, when the earthquake and tidal wave devastated Iquique, his parents were drowned, but the boy managed to escape from the flood with his protector. Later he went to the best Peruvian schools where he made a brilliant record, and in early manhood wrote several books. In 1902 he negotiated the new treaty between Peru and Chile, and for a time was Vice President of Peru.

Señor Billinghurst made his début in politics in 1874 when he was elected Secretary of the Province of Iquique. Four years later he was elected to the Chamber of Deputies, where he remained until the Peru-Chile war in which, besides taking an active part in the fighting, he organized the Red Cross service.

He reached the zenith of his career when he was elected President of Peru, the Chamber of Deputies voting 129 votes for him and only 3 against. This was in September, 1912, and the election was accompanied by serious rioting and was the result of an effort to find a President that would suit the various warring factions. Señor Billinghurst remained as President until Feb. 4, 1914, when Colonel Benavides, at the head of 1,000 soldiers, started a short-lived revolution, took him prisoner, and forced him to resign. It was almost a bloodless revolution and was over in an hour.

Two weeks later, with his son, George, he was sent into exile to Panama. There he gave an interview to the correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES in which he said that he had been deposed by the element that wished to exploit Peru for private gain, while it was his constant effort to "bring Peru into contact with the great world, to stimulate its industries, introduce cotton growing, open up mines, build railroads, and improve public hygiene. The men who had been accustomed to rule for private gain opposed me. There are Bourbons in Peru as elsewhere, but they cannot remain long in power, for they stand in the way of progress."

BURIAL OF MOTHER XAVIER.

1,000 Alumnae and 500 Nuns at Services in Elizabeth.

Special to The New York Times.

ELIZABETH, N. J., June 28.—Two Bishops and many other prominent members of the clergy and laity of the Catholic Church were present today at the funeral services for Mother Mary Xavier, founder of the Sisters of Charity in this State, and the only Superior the order had had since it was established as a separate community in 1859. The services were held in the chapel at St. Elizabeth's College.

Bishop John J. O'Connor of the Newark Diocese was the celebrant of the high mass of requiem. Bishop Thomas F. Hickey of Rochester was in attendance. The Rev. Eugene P. Carroll of Hoboken and the Rev. Bernard J. Bogan of Plainfield assisted at the mass. The funeral oration was preached by Mgr. Charles J. Mackel, rector of St. Patrick's Church here.

Among the laity present were Mrs. James J. Hill of St. Paul, Minn., wife of the railroad man, and Mrs. Elizabeth Phelps of Minneapolis, both nieces of Mother Xavier; Mrs. William H. McCormick of Perth Amboy, and Mrs. Peter J. Hauck, Jr., of East Orange.

More than 1,200 alumnae of St. Elizabeth's College and 500 Sisters of Charity from this State, New York City, and Massachusetts formed the procession which conveyed the body to the grave under a small mortuary chapel in the cemetery at St. Elizabeth's.

Obituary Notes.

EDWARD KIMBLE, a Spanish War veteran who left Paterson, N. J., in the same regiment with United States Senator William Hughes and the late Congressman Robert G. Bremner, died yesterday at his home in Paterson. He was 60 years old and a member of the Grace Methodist Episcopal Church. His widow and daughter survive.

CHARLES F. KILBURN, a member of one of the oldest families of Newark and Essex County, N. J., is dead at his home, 20 East Park Street, Newark. He was 70 years old, and was for many years in the real estate business. He is survived by a widow, two daughters, and two sisters, who founded the Kilburn Memorial Presbyterian Church in the Vailsburg section of Newark.

LOUIS K. VANHORSEN of 44 South Eighth Avenue, Mount Vernon, N. Y., a veteran of the Union navy in the civil war, died yesterday in the Mount Vernon Hospital. He was 67 years old. When he was 15 years old he ran away from home and enlisted in the navy and served three years on the gunboat Romeo of the Mississippi squadron. He was a member of James C. Rice Post, G. A. R., of New York City.

Mrs. SARAH E. EDGAR, widow of Freeman Edgar of Metuchen, N. J., died at her home yesterday at the age of 88 years. Mrs. Edgar was born in New York City. She was one of the founders of the Reformed Church of Metuchen. Three weeks ago Mrs. Edgar lost her son, Freeman Edgar of Newark. She is survived by two sons and a daughter.

GEORGE F. ACKLEY, a veteran of the civil war and for forty-six years an engineer on the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's ferryboats between Jersey City and New York, is dead in Rahway, N. J., at the age of 75 years.

WILLIAM ADELUNG, Councilman at Wood Ridge, N. J., dropped dead from heart disease on the porch of his father's hotel, opposite the Wood Ridge depot, Sunday afternoon. Mr. Adelung was prominent in Bergen County politics. He was 30 years of age.

ALBERT E. DE MOTT, a lawyer, who had practiced in this city and Brooklyn for the last thirty years, died on Sunday at his home, 347 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn. He was 61 years of age.

Mrs. SARAH COHEN, wife of Israel Cohen, a retired dry goods merchant, died in the Brooklyn Hospital on Sunday after an operation. She was a member of the Jewish Federation of Charities and active in the work of the Hebrew Day Nursery. She lived at 88 Taylor Street, Brooklyn.

CHRISTIAN KREGGENDORF, sexton of the South Third Street Methodist Episcopal Church, and formerly a manufacturer of paper boxes in Manhattan, died on Saturday at his home, 100 Ten Eyck Street, Brooklyn, aged 65 years. He was a native of Hanover, Germany, saw service in the Franco-Prussian war, and was one of the original members of the Men's Christian Temperance Union of Brooklyn.

THOMAS J. ALCOTT, United States Marshal for the New Jersey District for sixteen years, died yesterday at his home in Mount Holly, N. J., in his seventy-sixth year. He was born in Mount Holly and served with the Twenty-third New Jersey Volunteers during the civil war.

Mrs. SARAH J. MUNSON BALDWIN, 80 years old, mother of William D. Baldwin, President of the Otis Elevator Company, died on Sunday at her home in Auburn, N. Y.

Miss LILLIE H. PEUGNET died on Sunday at the home of her stepfather, Joseph O. B. Webster, at 2,474 Valentine Avenue, Fordham.

Mrs. CATHERINE RAPP, widow of William Rapp, died on Sunday at her home, 12 East Eighty-fifth Street, in her seventy-eighth year.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born

SHULDINER.—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Shuldiner announce the birth of a son on June 26 at Hahnemann Hospital.

WOODHOUSE.—To Mr. and Mrs. H. C. WOODHOUSE of West Windsor, Vermont, a son, June 16, 1915.

Married

LANE—MAWBEY.—On Monday, June 28, 1915, at Tremont Presbyterian Church, by the Rev. J. Henry Hartman, Edith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Mawbey, to Mr. J. Franklin Lane.

PERRY—HEDLEY.—June 28, at St. Thomas's Church, Hilda Warren Hedley to Reginald Perry.

HORLICK'S
The Original
MALTED MILK
Unless you say "HORLICK'S" you may get a Substitute.

Married

WAITE—Van HOUTEN.—On Saturday, June 26, 1915, in the Chapel of the Broadway Tabernacle, Catherine Post Van Houten to Winthrop Waite.

Brooklyn.

EDLING—CARLETON.—June 27, Agnes Carleton to Charles Edling.

Died

BATTERSON.—Suddenly, at Christ Church rectory, Portsmouth, N. H., on Sunday, June 27, in the 86th year of her age, Sarah Eliza, widow of the late Rev. Hermon Griswold Batterson, D. D., of 156 West 73d St., New York. Funeral at the Church of St. James the Less, Philadelphia, on Thursday morning at 11 o'clock.

BIRD.—Sunday, June 27, Eugene W., aged 18 years, youngest son of Jessie Gould and Walter E. Bird. Services at late residence, 152 West 121st St., Tuesday, 8:30 P. M.

BREWER.—Suddenly, at Kennebago Lake, Me., Theodore Graham Brewer, beloved son of Alice Humphrey Brewer and the late Graham H. Brewer, in his 21st year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BROADBENT.—On Monday, June 28, 1915, Eliza A., daughter of the late Amelia Broadbent. Funeral services at Home for Incurables, 183d St. and 3d Av., New York, on Wednesday, June 30, at 11 A. M.

COHEN.—Sarah, 63 years of age, beloved wife of Israel and mother of Sam, Louis, Albert, Alexander, Jack, Edward, Charles, and David, Mrs. H. L. Harris and Mrs. Mortimer Hunt, died June 27. Funeral from 88 Taylor St., Brooklyn, Tuesday, June 29, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

CURTIN.—June 26, Margaret M., daughter of the late Daniel and Mary Curtin of Tournafulla, Newcastle, Limerick, Ireland. Funeral from late residence, 21 East Kingsbridge Road, Tuesday, June 29, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to Church of Lady of Mercy, Marion Av., near Fordham Road. Interment St. Raymond's.

FABER.—Henry E. Faber, on June 26, after a lingering illness, father of Fannie J. Schram, Aimee E. Kahn, Albert S. and William S. Faber of New York and Charles D. Faber of Montgomery, Ala. Interment private, on Tuesday, June 29. Montgomery, Ala., papers please copy.

GIANOTTI.—The Colonial Dames of America: It is with regret that the society is informed of the death of their fellow member, Countess Cesare Gianotti on Saturday, June 26.

E. B. BORROWE, Secretary.

GRAY.—John Clinton, at Newport, R. I., Monday, June 28, 1915, in the 72d year of his age. Funeral services will be held at Bartholomew's Church, corner of Madison Av. and 44th St., on Thursday morning, July 1, at 10 o'clock. Interment private.

HANSON.—On Monday, June 28, 1915, Martha Stevens Hanson, wife of Charles Frederick Hanson. Funeral services in Broadway Tabernacle, Broadway and 56th St., Wednesday, the 30th inst., at 1 P. M.

JACOBS.—Eugene W., age 40, died Sunday morning, at his residence, at Elizabeth, N. J., 123 Sayre St. Funeral services Tuesday, June 29, at 8 P. M.

JEFFERS.—Suddenly, on June 26, 1915, Mary Gregory, wife of George Jeffers of New Providence, N. J. Funeral services will be held at the Presbyterian Church, New Providence, N. J., on Wednesday, June 30, at 1:30 P. M. Interment Presbyterian Cemetery, New Providence, N. J. Note this, the only intimation. Belfast papers please copy.

JOOST.—On June 28, after a lingering illness, Ottilie, beloved wife of Martin Joost. Funeral services from her late residence, 566 West 183d St., Wednesday, June 30, 8 P. M. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

KERNER.—Saturday, June 26, Esther Frances, widow of Henry J. Kerner, in her 82d year. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, 124 West 86th St., Tuesday, June 29, at 10 A. M.

KERR.—On June 28, in the 24th year of his age, James d'Amerval Kerr. Met his death by accident. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

KILBURN.—At Newark, N. J., on Sunday, June 27, 1915, Charles F., husband of Grace Currier Kilburn. Funeral services will be held at his late home, 20 East Park St., on Wednesday, June 30, at 2:30 P. M. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

LA FETRA.—Monday, June 28, at Ridgewood, N. J., Emma Hendrickson, wife of Daniel W. La Fetra. Funeral services will be held Wednesday, June 30, at 2:30, at late residence, at 132 Prospect St., Ridgewood, N. J. Interment Ridgewood, N. J.

LYON.—At Summit, N. J., June 28, 1915, John Doan Lyon, in the 71st year of his age. Services at Calvary Church, Summit, N. J., on Wednesday, June 30, at 10 A. M. Interment at convenience of family.

NEWSS.—On June 5, 1915, on the battlefield of Ypern, in his 28th year, Christian Newss, husband of Adelaide Newss, (nee Menke.) Other papers please copy.

O'BRIEN.—June 28, J. Alexander O'Brien. Funeral from residence of his sister, Mary J. O'Brien, 161 East 49th St., thence to St. Agnes's Church, East 43d St. Requiem mass at 10 A. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

OVERBURY.—Mrs. Julius Carroll Overbury, at her residence, 119 Greene St., Kingston, New York, on June 27, in her 75th year. Funeral private.

PEUGNET.—Suddenly, June 27, 1915, at the residence of her stepfather, Joseph O. B. Webster, 2,474 Valentine Av., Fordham, Lillie H., daughter of the late Dr. Eugene Peugnet and the late Clara M. Hogan. Funeral private on Tuesday, 11 A. M., at the Church of Our Lady of Mercy, Marion Av., near Fordham Road.

POSTLETHWAITE.—At Geneva, Switzerland, June 28, Sallie T. Postlethwaite, widow of Professor William M. Postlethwaite of West Point, and daughter of the late John W. Ellis. Boston, Washington, and Cincinnati papers please copy.

RAPP.—Mrs. Catherine, widow of William Rapp, mother of John W., Francis B., and Charles A. Rapp, at her late residence, 12 East 85th St., June 27. Funeral from St. Ignatius Church, Wednesday, 9:30 A. M. Interment Calvary.

SCHMIDT.—Suddenly, at San Francisco, Anna E., widow of the late Henry W. Schmidt of New York City, in the 67th year of her age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

STARK.—On June 27, Isaac Stark, in his 69th year, beloved husband of Sarah Stark, (nee Rubens,) and father of Hattie Hirsch, Dr. Nathan N. Stark, Florence Kahn, Jerome J. Stark, Rita Rice, and Sidney H. Stark. Relatives and friends, also members of Henry Clay Lodge, No. 19, I. O. F. S. of I., and Edward Everett Lodge, No. 97, I. O. B. B., are invited to attend his funeral today, the 29th inst., at 1:30 P. M., from his late residence, 221 West 128th St.

STARR.—June 28, 1915, at Cranford, N. J., Emma Louisa, beloved wife of William E. Starr. Funeral services at her late residence, 108 Lincoln Av., Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

VAN HORSON.—At the Mt. Vernon Hospital, suddenly, on Monday, June 28, 1915, Louis K. Van Horson. Funeral services at his late residence, 44 South 8th Av., Mt. Vernon, N. Y., on Wednesday, at 3:30 o'clock P. M. Trains leave Grand Central Terminal 2:15 and 2:57. Interment in Fairlawn, at convenience of the family. Brooklyn (N. Y.) papers please copy.

WATERWORTH.—At his residence, 141 Tysen St., New Brighton, S. I., on Sunday, June 27, 1915, Henry Wetherhead Waterworth, husband of Margaret Davenport Alexander and son of the late John Waterworth of Cheltenham, England, in the 63d year of his age. Funeral services will be held at Christ Church, Franklin Av., on Wednesday, June 30th, on the arrival of the 8:40 boat from New York. Take trolley to foot of Franklin Av. Interment private.

DE MOTT.—Albert E., 347 Lafayette Av., June 27, aged 61.

DOUGHERTY.—Francis J., 473 Columbus Av., June 27. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

DUTIL.—Rose, 428 West 42d St., June 27.

EBERHARDT.—Pauline, 1,067 Forest Av., Bronx, June 27.

ENTENMANN.—William, 297 East 134th St., June 27. Funeral tomorrow, 1 P. M.

INDESTRUCTO TRUNKS are made to withstand just such accidents as this. They are proof against the rough handling of "Baggage Smashers."

Every INDESTRUCTO Trunk is so well built that we absolutely guarantee it for 5 years' hard usage. If damaged or destroyed within that time we will give you a new trunk.

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200 5th Av. at 23d St. Suite 505.

Died

FRICHEN.—Anna, June 26. Funeral 406 West 41st St.

GALLAGHER.—Alice M., 406 West 55th St., June 27. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

HOWLER.—Henrietta, 153 West 101st St., June 27, aged 74. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

KALISH.—Adolph, 931 Fox St., Bronx, June 27. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

McCAULEY.—Patrick J., 18 Coenties Slip, June 27.

McMANUS.—John, 12 Barrow St., June 27. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

MAHONEY.—William, 401 West 44th St., June 27. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

MANN.—Annie A., 359 2d Av., June 27. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

PANAYOTOVA.—Donna, June 27, aged 35. Funeral 2,343 8th Av. tomorrow, 1 P. M.

PITT.—May E., Roosevelt Hospital, June 26, aged 23. Funeral private.

SCHMITZER.—Jacob, 361 3d Av., June 27, aged 72. Funeral tomorrow, 11 A. M.

SMITH.—Mary A., 321 East 24th St., June 27. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

SOMMER.—Adolph, 302 Convent Av., June 27. Funeral private.

TRAINOR.—Mary A., 384 Audubon Av., June 27, aged 92. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

Brooklyn.

APPLEGATE.—Annie E., 666 Ocean Av., June 28. Funeral tomorrow, 8 P. M.

BETZ.—Charlotte L., 32 Rathjen Av., June 27, aged 45. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

EDWARDS.—Viola E., 1,714 60th St., June 26.

FOLEY.—Margaret, 244 Gold St., June 27, aged 45.

GALWAY.—Loretta, 1,327 East 15th St., June 27, aged 40. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

HARTMANN.—Reinhardt, 433 Ralph St., June 27, aged 68. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

HENNESSEY.—Thomas, 480 7th St., June 28. Funeral notice later.

KAISER.—Betty, 1,440 Broadway, June 27, aged 78. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

KASSENBROCK.—Jane N., 226 Fenimore St., June 28. Funeral notice later.

KENNY.—Frank, 1,842 Fulton St., June 27, aged 50. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

McCORMACK.—James, 43 Emerson Place, June 27. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

MILLER.—Alice, 312A 22d St., June 27.

MOORE.—Barbara, 1,671 Woodbine St., June 27, aged 16.

MUELLER.—Caroline, 138 Ralph St., June 27. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

MURRAY.—David, 240 Sumpter St., June 28, aged 34.

NORRIS.—Ethel B., 77 Weirfield St., June 28, aged 22.

NOLAN.—Ellen, 997 Rogers Av., June 27, aged 60. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

O'LEARY.—Mary E., 272 Hamilton Av., June 27. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SKELLY.—Jeannette B., 794 St. John's Place, June 26.

SMIDT.—Rebecca, 161 82d St., June 27, aged 77. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

VAN ALSTINE.—Sarah, 239 Quincy St., June 27, aged 85.

WEEKES.—Helen M., 259A Clifton Place, June 26. Funeral today.

WIESMANN.—Elizabeth, 711 Knickerbocker St., June 27. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

AUGERSTEIN.—Herman, 411 Monmouth St., Jersey City, June 26. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

BLASER.—Marianna, Hoboken, June 25, aged 45.

BORNEMANN.—Johanna, Hoboken, June 26, aged 58. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

BRANTIGAM.—Mary, 37 Peshine Av., Newark, June 27, aged 57. Funeral tomorrow.

CAMPBELL.—Catherine, 642 Parker St., Newark, June 27. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

DARLING.—Sarah A., 43 Clifton Place, Jersey City, June 26. Funeral today.

DEUBERT.—Magdalene, 347 West Kenney St., Newark, June 26. Funeral today, 3 P. M.

DRAKE.—Hannah M., 285 Roseville Av., Newark, June 27, aged 75.

FRANKEN.—Elizabeth R., 33 Baldwin Av., Jersey City, June 26. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

FRIESE.—Julia A., 42 Montrose Av., Jersey City, June 27. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.

HITT.—Adrian, 234 Palisade Av., Jersey City, June 26, aged 64.

KING.—Caroline L., Jersey City, June 27. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

LAWLOR.—John, 414 Baldwin Av., Jersey City, June 26, aged 28.

McCARTHY.—Margaret, 600 Newark St., Hoboken, June 25.

METZ.—Elizabeth, 106 South St., Newark, June 27. Funeral tomorrow, 8:15 A. M.

MURRAY.—Walter S., 275 Union St., Jersey City, June 28. Funeral tomorrow, 8:15 P. M.

REILLY.—John F., 88 1st St., Newark, June 28.

REUTER.—Frederick, 207 Stegman St., Jersey City, June 27. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SCHUELER.—Ida, 39 Beacon Av., Jersey City, June 26, aged 47.

SHERIDAN.—Catherine, 240 Wilkinson Av., Jersey City, June 26. Funeral today, 8 A. M.

SMELLIE.—Elizabeth, 254 5th St., Jersey City, June 27, aged 86.

SNABLE.—Charles, 285 Ogden St., Newark, June 27, aged 54. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

WILSON.—Elethier, 62 Park St., Jersey City, June 26, aged 76.

Long Island.

BISHOP.—Annie, Woodhaven, June 27, aged 53.

FISHER.—Barbara, Amityville, June 27, aged 48. Funeral today.

GEIGER.—Adam, College Point, June 24, aged 56.

JOHNSON.—Irene, 339 Webster Av., Long Island City, June 24, aged 12.

KNOEPFLE.—William, Flushing, June 24, aged 44.

MONAGHAN.—Ellen, Far Rockaway, June 27. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

MUCHA.—Barbara, Long Island City, June 24, aged 66.

PREUSS.—Frank, Union Course, June 26, aged 41. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

In Memoriam

COLEMAN.—Catherine, in memory of; died June 27, 1914.

VOGT.—Mathias, mass, St. Benedict's Church, Newark, N. J., today, 8 A. M.

UNDERTAKERS.

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Lots of small size for sale.
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HATS, GOWNS, WAISTS, VEILS, NECKWEAR, FURS.
375 5th Av. at 35th St.
20% Reduction Sale now going on.

For men must work and women must weep

"That is not true," says Mrs. Pankhurst, "for it is for all of us to work and for all of us to weep when there is occasion to do so."

Her argument in support of this position throws a novel sidelight on the European War. It brilliantly sums up the attitude toward the war of the British Suffragettes represented by the famous militant.

Mrs. Pankhurst's speech in which it is presented is one of the many readable and permanently interesting records of the great conflict gathered in the June Number of

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RECEIVERS WIN ROCK ISLAND FIGHT

Court Authorizes Them to Issue $2,500,000 in Certificates for July 1 Debts.

UNTERMYER WAS OPPOSED

Induced Court to Restrict Uses to Which Money Could Be Applied—Sale of Certificates Arranged.

CHICAGO, June 28.—Judge Carpenter in the United States District Court this afternoon authorized the receivers of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway Company to issue $2,500,000 in 5 per cent. receivers' certificates to pay interest due on July 1 on certain underlying bonds.

Samuel Untermyer opposed the issue of certificates, but in the end professed himself satisfied with a proviso written into the order that none of the proceeds should be used to pay interest on other obligations unless the court was satisfied that the earnings of the railroad were equal to the burden, and legally could be so applied.

Mr. Untermyer asserted that the Reid-Moore group of financiers was seeking to minimize the earning power of the railroad, which he said was never greater, with the ultimate purpose of buying in a rich property at a bargain. He insisted that 29.1 per cent. of the earnings were being used for equipment and maintenance.

"As a matter of fact, the road is earning $3,000,000 a year," he said, "over and above all fixed charges, and this in spite of the unheard-of maintenance charges."

Judge Carpenter by frequent comments made it plain that he believed that the railroad needed the money applied for. He asked Mr. Untermyer for constructive suggestions as to how to get it. Mr. Untermyer thought a 6 per cent. rate on the certificates would create a real market for them.

Judge Dickinson, one of the receivers, explained that the sale of the certificates at the 5 per cent. rate had already been arranged. Mr. Untermyer remarked that "no one else would take them at that rate."

It did not appear in the arguments where the sale had been made, but Mr. Untermyer intimated that the Reid-Moore interests were back of it, for purposes which he considered a menace to his clients. He insisted that a disinterested accounting of the road's finances should be ordered, so that in the future those interested might know the actual earnings. Judge Dickinson said he was arranging for that.

The certificates take priority, it was said, over first mortgage and refunding bonds. Much of Mr. Untermyer's argument was directed to the protection of these securities. The receivers believe that if they are tided over the requirements of July 1, earnings then will care for the first mortgage and refunding bonds and for $500,000 interest on debentures falling due July 15. The payment of this interest, however, will be referred to the court later for decision.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Fixing the Duties on a Variety of Imported Articles.

Bartley Bros. & Hall were sustained yesterday by the Board of General Appraisers in protests as to Goddard's plate powder. Collector Malone returned the product as a chemical compound, put up in packages of less than two and one-half pound gross weight, and took duty at 20 per cent. ad valorem. Duty was claimed at 15 per cent. as a polishing powder. It was shown at the trial that the main ingredients in the powder under protest were calcium phosphate and calcium carbonate, which are minerals. In view of this, Judge Brown held that the article cannot be regarded as a chemical mixture.

E. Stegemann, Jr., and Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne imported rough sticks of wood less than fourteen inches in length, with the branches trimmed off. They were returned by the appraiser as wood unmanufactured, and duty assessed at 20 per cent. ad valorem under the tariff of 1909. The importers claimed that the articles should be given free entry as "umbrella sticks." Judge Sullivan agreed.

Hensel, Bruckmann & Lorbacher and Lippmann, Spier & Hahn were partly sustained in protests dealing with jewelry of various kinds imported under the old Tariff act. All of the articles were taxed 85 per cent. ad valorem as personal adornment goods. The board held that most of the merchandise is commercially known as jewelry, properly dutiable at 60 per cent. ad valorem.

Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, lost in contentions regarding the duty rate on smokers' articles. They were returned at 50 per cent. ad valorem under the specific provision in the law for such goods, and were claimed dutiable at 20 per cent. as manufactures of metal, or in part of metal. It was also claimed that duty should have been taken on the entered and not on the advanced value made by the appraiser, in view of the fact that no notice of the advance was received by the firm. The importers' evidence was not sufficient to justify a reversal of the Collector's action.

NOT AN AMERICAN FIRM

That Took Greek Flour Orders and Refused to Fill Them.

Consul John E. Kehl of Saloniki, in a report published recently in commerce reports, made the statement that a New York firm accepted two large orders for flour, and later on refused to fill the orders. The failure of the alleged American concern to live up to its contracts caused financial loss to merchants in Saloniki, besides creating a very unfavorable impression.

"It is to be regretted," Consul Kehl wrote, "that a certain American firm accepted two very large orders for flour on terms of cash New York and later on refused to fill the orders. The two local merchants interested in this deal had opened credit in New York to the full value of their order. Further, after having complied with all conditions set by the American firm and feeling certain of delivery, resold the merchandise to a third party. Needless to say, these merchants suffered a heavy loss, and the affair created a prejudicial impression among local importers."

Demetrius N. Botassi, Consul General of Greece in this city, said yesterday that he had no knowledge of the transaction referred to by the American Consul. Elsewhere it was learned that the order mentioned by Mr. Kehl was not given to an American firm, but to a group of Greek merchants in this city, who had been indorsed by one of the local national banks as reliable parties. The order was for about 20,000 bags of flour. The bank was one of the financial institutions with which the Saloniki merchants had opened a local credit for the flour deal.

From what could be learned it would appear that the bank officials recommended the Greek merchants here to their Saloniki clients as responsible business men. A man, conversant with the export business from this port to Greece, said yesterday that the bank was probably misled into giving its indorsement owing to influences which appeared reliable at the time. Later it developed that the parties here having no financial backing, were unable to buy the flour, and of course, could not ship it.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

In Town.

PETER C. SPENCE, civil engineer of 70 West Seventy-first Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities $4,267 and no assets.

BARNET EDELMAN of 308 East 101st Street, formerly a dealer in enameled ware, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities $2,401 and assets $205.

GEORGE DRAPP, butcher of 72 West 106th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities $3,342 and assets $881.

CHARLES BRANK.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Charles Brank of Poughkeepsie. It was alleged that on May 22 he filed a petition for an assignment.

MARTHA CLOSE, dealer in women's costumes at 8 West Forty-fifth Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities $10,425 and assets $453.

MAX SHENKOW, manufacturer of knee trousers at 54 Lispenard Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities $6,659 and assets $1,641.

GRAND CHAIR MANUFACTURING COMPANY of 291 Monroe Street has filed schedules showing liabilities $2,478 and assets $705.

STERN & FRANCES.—Judge A. N. Hand has confirmed a composition of Gustav Stern, doing business as Stern & Frances, manufacturers of dresses and costumes at 31 East Thirty-third Street, with creditors at 30 cents on the dollar, cash.

ROSENFELD & DUKELSKY.—Judge Hand has confirmed a composition of Rosenfeld & Dukelsky, doing business as the Star Furniture Company at 55 Avenue C, with creditors at 40 cents on the dollar, cash.

ANNA BERKOWITZ.—Judge Hand has confirmed a composition of Anna Berkowitz, dealer in housefurnishing goods at 601 East 138th Street, with creditors at 20 cents on the dollar, cash.

JOSEPH KOEHLER, INC.—Judge Hand has confirmed a composition of Joseph Koehler, Inc., dealer in stationery and paper articles at 150 Park Row, with creditors at 20 cents on the dollar

E. WOLFF & CO., (Corporation.)—Judge Hand has confirmed a composition of E. Wolff & Co., (corporation,) department store at 2,252 Third Avenue, with creditors at 35 cents on the dollar.

ROTH & PRINTZ.—Judge Hand has confirmed a composition of Roth & Printz, skirt manufacturers at 51 Avenue B, with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar.

Judge A. N. Hand, in the United States District Court, has granted discharges to these bankrupts:

HENRIETTA CROSMAN, the actress, of 628 West 131st Street; liabilities $17,670.

BARTON COLLVER, 273 Fifth Avenue; liabilities $11,087.

ISIDOR GOLDSMITH, infants' wear, 28 West Houston Street; liabilities $7,086.

BELA KANTOR, jobber in dry goods, 1,055 First Avenue; liabilities $2,291.

AMBROSE MUNDERLAK, clerk, 337 East Twenty-fourth Street, formerly liquors; liabilities $5,111.

SAMUEL RAUCHBERG, trousers manufacturer, 120 East Broadway; liabilities $7,364.

HARRY ROTBARD, lunch room, 938 East 163d Street; liabilities $1,648.

SAMUEL STRAUSS, chemist, 103 West Forty-eighth Street; liabilities $4,029.

JOHN KLOTZ, baker, 2,093 Third Avenue; liabilities $3,426.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 28.—Daniel Wagner, saloon keeper, involuntary petition. Liabilities, $168,107; assets, $11,178. Liabilities include $120,000 balance on lease, insurance, and taxes, and $14,500 mortgage, held by the Joseph Schlitz Brewing Company.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Andrews, Harvey T.—B. F. Abbott, $647.66.
Armstrong, James—City of New York, costs, $107.85.
Atkinson, Charles F.—C. B. Bishop, $278.78.
Allen, John R.—R. R. Club of New York, $520.18.
Burdge, Henry C.—French Broad Lumber Co., Inc., $168.90.
Braden, Maretta J.—L. R. Lord, $556.97.
Berbieri, Henry—W. W. Farley, $318.75.
Brugger, Gottlieb—W. Koller, $304.28.
Brown, Ernest J.—I. Dannenberg, $224.41.
Brandreth, John B.—S. E. Clark, $140.04.
Budker, Charles E.—M. J. Connelly, $256.67.
Bodker, Charles E.—M. J. Connelly, $256.67.
Bingell, Frederick—C. Francini, $202.73.
Clark, W. D.—F. W. Butts, $494.41.
Continental Coal, Land & Timber Co., Inc.—R. F. Kilpatrick, costs, $138.95.
Conroy, James—Meyer & Lange, $157.10.
Dornbush, Gershon—L. Skakalsky et al., $156.22.
Campiglia, Pasquale and Margerita—L. Talamina, $467.80.
Chappell, Henrietta—C. J. Musgrave, $465.91.
Comet Film Co.—J. E. Brulatour, $1,185.27.
Concordia Contracting Co., Inc.—Hudson Coating Co., $224.41.
D'Alessandro, Dominick—F. D'Alessandro, costs, $102.79.
Dixson, Peter and Agnes—S. P. Jacktoff, $149.41.
Downey, Wallace—H. Mann, Jr., $162.66.
Ehrenberg, Benjamin—Chebra Agadus Chayrim Anshe Moresh, costs, $18.02.
Empire City Subway Co.—I. Brieddbart et al., $106.18.
Feinstein, Jacob, and Simon Budinsky—M. Cohen, $119.31.
Frisbie, Coon & Co., Oneida Regal Co., Richelieu Co., Serill Sherman, and George A. Frisbie—S. M. Milliken et al., $26,775.36.
Faas, John—Cowie & Co., Ltd., $283.63.
Frunkes, Louis—142 West 26th St. Realty Co., $946.99.
Fluegelman, Isidore—Julius Bohm & Son, Inc., $109.17.
Goldstein, Louis—C. Sackman, $7,641.88.
Gaston, Burlet—W. W. Farley, $219.75.
Geissenheim, Chas. R.—J. S. Melcher, $153.27.
Gray, James A.—H. B. Saltman, $267.93.
Godwin, Gaynor—F. I. Griffith, $1,755.20.
Gross, Alfonso—J. Cohn et al., $278.94.
Greenberg, Samuel and Minnie—R. F. Greenthal et al., $282.27.
Graeber, Wm. M.—F. G. Swartwout, $106.65.
Henderson, Alfred E.—G. W. Lahey et al., $114.55.
Howell, Eugene N.—Representative Securities Corporation, $294.29.
Hopkins, Charles W.—Ward Lumber Co., Inc., $126.60.
Honeymoon, Samuel—G. J. Constable, $317.93.
Healy, Tomity D.—City of New York, costs, $136.43.
Kreizer, Bernard—Mitchell Woodbury Co., $365.42.
Same—same, $472.64.
Same—same, $367.75.
Kidder, James H.—Joseph Stewart, Inc., $120.41.
Kaishetz, Anton—C. S. Rofsky, $347.14.
Liposo Co., Ltd.—Frank V. Strauss & Co., $1,171.16.
Langerman, Walter L. S.—Dennison & Son, $107.71.
Leonori Hotel Co.—G. W. Quintard, 3d, $354.23.
Levy, Morris—B. Silverman, $165.37.
McDougald, Cornelius W.—A. S. Bernstein, $137.64.
McCarthy, Thomas—J. R. Williston & Co., $1,259.19.
McAuliffe, David—Interstate Note and Holding Co., Inc., $109.94.
McMahon, Sarah—City of N. Y., costs, $154.69.
Mortenson, Axel W.—B. Weinberg, $206.86.
Monahan, James E.—T. Broderick, $159.77.
N. Y. Savings Bank—J. Krishkan, $1,042.12.
Nelson, Battling—Southwestern Surety Ins. Co., $1,000.
Oversheiner, Ellsworth N.—E. S. Hyman et al., $769.20.
O'Neill, Joseph A.—L. Baer, $2,217.54.
Pegrum, Charles E., guardian—City of N. Y., costs, $157.03.
Riley, Edward and Jane—C. A. Bruhns, $482.41.
Reynolds, John—City of N. Y., costs, $128.45.
Rohl, Charles H.—J. W. Cushman & Co., $118.81.
Regenboge, Frank—B. Griffen, $319.75.
Stolpes, Fannie—Tower Mfg. and Novelty Co., $126.41.
Schill, Samuel and Elias Bries—J. H. Friedman, $105.41.
Shawvan, Lottie and Walter—A. Bacon, $150.34.
Santoro, Donato, and Raffaele D'Annucci—L. Contessa, $400.01.
Smythe, Katherine—E. E. Hendrickson, $205.15.
Schaufele, Clifford A.—Irving National Bank N. Y., $230.96.
Scozzari, Michael—R. F. Kilpatrick, $161.91.
Schlechtern, Louis—T. Pincus, $837.78.
Spilo, Leon—Fifty-fourth St. Realty Co., $166.30.
Sutter Distributing Co., Inc.—Sutter Home Mine and Distilling Co., $1,435.50.
Traffic Co., Inc.—J. A. Kent, $117.17.
Turner, Frank—W. Forman, $121.12.
Travellers Co., Inc.—E. Kienzle, $128.48.
Tashjian, Arthur—A. H. Kaljian, $110.72.
Windsor Land and Improvement Co. and Floral Park Manor Co.—H. Lally, $402.71.
Wilner, Harry M.—Mutual Alliance Trust Co. of New York, $3,120.94.
Wilner, Max R. and Davis Kessler—Same, $3,067.60.
Webb, Frank E.—L. S. Cox, $115.30.
Wilson, Bryce A.—G. Laflin, $5,795.83.
Same—K. L. Dodworth, $3,406.48.

The judgments published Sunday, June 27, which read against the Mitchell Woodbury Company were incorrect. They should have read as follows:

Kreizer, Bernard—Mitchell Woodbury Co., $365.42.
Same—Same, $572.64.
Same—Same, $367.75.

In Bronx County.

Breitenbach, Albert—H. M. Spence, $320.91.
Burke, Margaret, and Margaret Burke—A. Segal, $61.60.
Brennan, Cecilia F.—Merchants' Realization Co., Inc., $185.11.
Connor, Robert—M. S. Liagre, $769.42.
Dunn, Bart—J. P. Whiskeman, $68.87.
Ernst, Frank—F. Meyer, $123.39.
Gable, Morris—C. Ernst, $60.13.
Jacobson, Samuel—G. Cymberg, $7.41.
Kobrick, George—Encyclopaedie Britannica, $137.56.
Reiter, Isidor M.—I. M. Nismewitz, $169.41.
Reid, Pearson A.—J. W. Marsell, $39.39.
Rosenberg, Solomon—S. Goldman, $119.72.
Strauss, Mathilda—M. F. Spina, $104.72.
Tweer, Gustav—Joseph Beck & Sons, $33.50.
Terhune, Harold L.—S. Echelman, $117.76.
Whitestone, George—A. Lustgarten, $49.41.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Atonna, Carmel, Frank G. Gamovelli, and Michael Eastman—City of N. Y., March 23, 1910, (vacated,) $264.41.
Guida, Louis—City of N. Y., June 14, 1915, (vacated,) $264.41.
Buckley, Newhall Co.—M. F. Pavers et al., June 21, 1915, $1,772.72.
Boris, Oswald—L. S. Newman, June 16, 1915, $590.88.
Bachrach, Theodore, and Simon Loeb—A. Greenstein, June 15, 1915, $631.66.
Bahlav, Leon—Stilwell Co., June 23, 1914, $319.91.
Kane, Thomas F.—A. Horton et al., June 29, 1908, $288.66.
Same—Same, June 29, 1908, $279.42.
Lippner, Frances—F. W. Geiler, May 8, 1906, $162.07.
Mooney, Edmund L.—E. L. Richards, June 24, 1915, $1,124.58.
McGarry, Joseph—B. Altman & Co., March 11, 1915, $314.41.
Minzesheimer, Herman—S. Treegar, March 3, 1915, $2,048.46.
Martin, Wm. A., and Geo. W. Dunn—E. L. Richards, June 24, 1915, $1,124.58.
Pennsylvania R. R. Co.—T. Hale, June 12, 1915, $223.97.
Powers, Mary E.—J. M. Scofield, June 4, 1913, $121.45.
Talbot, Harold R.—A. Stackler, Feb. 14, 1908, $4,149.40.
Vogel, Rose—S. Echebman, June 21, 1915, $284.33.
Sallach, Samuel—S. Zuckerman, June 16, 1915, $129.70.
National Enameling and Stamping Co.—A. Fortunoff, June 18, 1907, $103.07.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre, and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M., on Wednesday, July 7, 1915, for Contract 149, for furnishing, delivering, and installing racks, shutters, screens, lifters, and other apparatus in gate chambers at Ashokan, Kensico, and Hill View reservoirs, in the town of Olive, Ulster County, and town of Mt. Pleasant and City of Yonkers, Westchester County, New York.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) in cash or its equivalent, for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
W. BRUCE COBB, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF the District of Columbia, Washington, June 19, 1915.—Sealed proposals will be received at this office, Room 509, District building, until two o'clock P. M., July 19, 1915, for furnishing and delivering cast iron coated water pipe and water pipe specials for use in the Water Department, this city. Specifications and form of proposal may be obtained from the Purchasing Officer, D. C., Room 320, District Building. Oliver P. Newman, Louis Brownlow, Charles W. Kutz, Commissioners, D. C.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN TRIPLICATE will be received by the Quartermaster General of the Army, Washington, D. C., until 2 o'clock P. M., Eastern time, July 20, 1915, for furnishing articles of clothing and equipage for delivery during the fiscal year 1916, at depots of the Quartermaster Corps listed in schedule. Schedules furnished upon application to Quartermaster General, U. S. Army, Washington, D. C., or Depot Quartermaster, 39 Whitehall St., N. Y. City. "Schedule No. 12."

New York, June 28, 1915.
CENTRAL UNION GAS COMPANY.
THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE 5% Bonds of this Company, due July 1st, 1915, will be paid at the National City Bank, 55 Wall Street, New York City, on and after July 1st, 1915.
PHILIP J. SCHNEIDER, Treasurer.

AUCTION SALES.

MERCHANDISE.

DAVID W. BIOW CO.,
520-522 BROADWAY.
Tel. 6680-6681 Spring. Near Spring St.
To-day, Tuesday, June 29th, 10:30 A. M.,
Special Peremptory Auction Sale
Without Limit or Reserve.
Retail Stock
Men's & Ladies' FURNISHINGS
ALSO 1,200 TRADE LOTS
DRY GOODS,
COTTON AND DRESS GOODS, LACES, EMBROIDERIES, TURKISH TOWELS,
BED SHEETS, BED SETS,
HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR,
LADIES', MISSES' & CHILDREN'S
WEARING APPAREL,
1,000 Doz. LADIES' WAISTS.

Clean and Staple Stock Ladies' & Gents'
FURNISHINGS,
Marble Show Cases and Entire Fixtures.
VAN PRAAG & CO., Auct'rs, Will Sell Today, Tuesday, June 29th, 1915,
At 10:30 A. M., on Premises,
319 Eighth Ave., N. Y. C., near 26th St.,
Large lines Men's Negligee Shirts, Men's, Women's and Children's Underwear, in balbriggan, lisle, wool, etc.; Hosiery of all kinds, large assortment Ladies' Muslin Underwear, Corsets, Handkerchiefs, Children's Dresses and Coats, Arrow Collars, Silk and Satin Ribbons, Laces, Kimonos, Umbrellas, Ladies' Cloth and Summer Dresses, Linen Dresses, Skirts, Silk and Lace Waists, Millinery, etc. Fixtures—3 Marble Bottom Silent Salesman Showcases, Tables, Counters, Bins, Display Fixtures, Wax Figures, etc. Above stock is all clean merchandise.

VAN PRAAG & CO., Auct'rs, sell tomorrow, Wednesday, 10:30 A. M., on premises, 1388 5th Ave., N. Y. C., corner 115th St., one of the most staple lines of
SHOES
sold this season, consisting of 5,000 pr. of men's, ladies', boys', misses' and children's Shoes, Pumps, Oxfords, etc. Up-to-the-minute styles and all widths. Stock all brand new, all this season's goods and from the best manufacturers. Mostly E and EE widths. Also the fixtures, benches, outside showcase, window display fixtures, cashier's desk, etc. Don't fail to attend, as we call your special attention to this most magnificent stock of shoes.

FURNITURE—RUGS—ART.

BANKRUPTCY AUCTION SALE
TO BE HELD
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30TH, 10 A. M.,
AT 31 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.
THE BALANCE OF THE
FURNITURE STOCK OF THE
J. W. GREENE CO. FURNITURE STORE
WILL BE OFFERED
TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER.

MISCELLANEOUS.

High-class Retail Stock of
The Regent Children's Dress Shop.
Children's & Infant's Wear
Elaborate Fixtures.
Stock Only 3 Months Old.
VAN PRAAG & CO., Auct'rs, will sell to-m'w, Wednesday, 10:30 A. M. on premises,
1902 7th Av., near 116th St., N. Y. C.

THE BEST WAY TO OBTAIN AN EFFICIENT AND INDUSTRIOUS EMPLOYE

THE HELP WANTED COLUMNS OF THE NEW YORK TIMES

All advertisements for help must state clearly the character of employment and whether salary or commission is to be paid, unless the basis of remuneration is obvious from the character of employment offered.

TELEPHONE
BRYANT 1000

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

45 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

JOBBER LOOKING AT snappy Fall cloth dresses and suits; call between 2 and 4 P. M. M. T. Myers, 135 West 26th St.

JOBBER looking at Fall line of silk and serge dresses. 119 West 24th St., 3d floor.

JOBBER LOOKING AT FALL DRESSES. Orders given, 32 West 27th, 8th floor.

JOBBER LOOKING FALL DRESSES, SILK and serge, 33 West 34th St., Room 702.

JOBBER looking on silk and cloth dresses. 135 West 27th, 10th floor.

A MANUFACTURER IS OPEN TO BUY plushes, corduroys, astracans, Arabian lambs, matten lambs, and kaucashin lambs; also fancy coatings. Will pay spot cash; quantity no object. Answer, with full particulars, to S 21 Times.

LADIES' AND MISSES' BETTER GRADE COATS AND SUITS WILL BE LOOKED AT FROM 9 TO 12, 11TH FLOOR, 19 WEST 24TH ST.

CATALOGUE HOUSE looking at knit petticoats, sweaters, waists, and dresses. Federal Stores, 109 West 26th St.

ARE looking at Fall and Winter dresses; orders placed for immediate delivery. 118 West 22d St., 5th floor

OPEN for genuine Palm Beach cloth, with labels, at price; spot cash. L 92 Times.

CONTRACTORS, call with own samples of silk and serge dresses. Excel Manufacturing Co., 145 West 30th St.

WE HAVE 500 COTTON DRESSES to close out at a sacrifice. Dicker & Ginsberg, 142 West 26th St.

JOB OF White Voile Embroidery Dresses, to be sold very cheap. 80 University Place, 2d floor. Phone Stuyvesant 3470.

WASH DRESSES.
500 Assorted Material, to Close out.
MAJESTIC COSTUME CO., 45 West 25th St.

JOB, DRESSES, TO CLOSE OUT. COLONIAL, 18 WEST 21ST.

WASH DRESS SPECIALS
White voile dresses, lace trimmed, $1;
embroidered voile dress, $1.50;
other good values, up to $3.75.
MAJESTIC DRESS CO.,
31-35 West 15th St.

500 COTTON DRESSES AT SACRIFICE PRICE.—THE BIG PROFIT CHANCE OF THE YEAR; LARGE VARIETY. GINSBERG BROS., 5 WEST 35TH ST., N. Y.

WE HAVE TAFFETA DRESSES, Crepe de Chine and Wash Dresses, on hand for delivery. Tip-Top Waist and Dress Co., 134-142 West 37th St.

CHIFFON TAFFETA DRESSES, $7.50; Crepe de Chines, $5.50; immediate delivery. M. L. Grossman Co., 38-30 West 34th St.

CLOSING OUT 100 Palm Beach and 100 Serge Suits at a sacrifice. Max Lacher, 158 West 27th St.

1,000 GIRLS' DRESSES at sacrifice prices on account of inventory; new models. Schroeder & Co., 45 West 27th St.

JOB OF 200 Summer dresses to close out; last of the season; will be sold very cheap. 24 East 22d St., 7th floor.

COTTON AND SILK DRESSES for immediate delivery at very low prices. Vassar Dress Co., 39 West 32d St.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday.3¾@3⅞ per cent. for the best names
Saturday.3¾@3⅞ " " " "
The quotations are for six months paper.

The Auto and Clothing.

Many clothing manufacturers are interested in the question which regards the influence of motoring on sales. A salesman, who has just returned from the South, states that the automobile in that district has increased clothing sales, because the farm owners are able by use of their machines to travel to town more frequently. Travel in an automobile, he said, gives clothes harder usage than they ordinarily would get. On the other hand, it is put forward that the wear and tear undergone by the clothing worn by the auto owner makes him buy a cheaper suit.

Clothing Demand Dull.

There has been very little change of late in the clothing market. Conditions remain dull, and the house that has been able to maintain its normal volume of sales is the exception and not the rule. What activity there is centres around the Summer suit business, and the local retailers have been giving in very fair orders for this style of garment. Manufacturers are inclined to think that, later on in the season, healthier conditions throughout the country will force buyers to supplement the light purchases they have made so far.

Silk Fibre Shirts.

Shirts of fibre silk, featured by a firm that does its own weaving of material, have met with considerable success. So much so, in fact, that the manufacturers report their product oversold by many dozens. The yarn used is turned out in England under a patent and the resultant fabric does not shrink, a difficulty that many manufacturers have been trying to overcome in the use of fibre silk. Very attractive color effects are obtainable. The shirts are sold to retail as low as $2, and fill in the gap between cotton products and genuine silk. An advantage claimed for the artificial silk shirt is that it will stand up under wear much longer than the all-silk garment which is of more delicate texture.

Waist Trade Is Doing Well.

The increase in the demand for separate skirts this season has aided in the enlarged business that is reported from leading centres in the waist trade. Some of these reports tell of the best business in several seasons, cotton and silk waists both being in good demand. Voiles and other sheer fabrics have been widely used and have met with general success. White waists of these materials are liked by buyers, and they have ordered them liberally. Novelty-striped cotton waists have also been well up in the running. In the silk waists a large business has been done on those made of Georgette crêpe, and also of the so-called tub silks. Novelty-striped effects in silk waists have taken very well, also.

Will Delay Woolen Openings.

Men's wear piece goods for the 1916 Spring season will probably be opened the week of July 11. The holiday from Friday to Tuesday will break up next week, and necessitate the later opening. From all indications at present there will be considerable advances made on the prices that were named last July. Some believe that, in goods over $1 a yard, the increase will amount to about 7½ to 10 cents. Reports picked up in the market at present vary to some extent regarding serges. In some quarters it is said that preference is being shown to these fabrics for next Summer over the popular mohair filled goods and crashes. Whatever situation develops, it is certain that the question of fast colors will be the dominant factor.

Little Life to Gray Goods.

The local gray goods market showed little life yesterday. Some buying of sheetings, drills and printcloths was done, but the volume of goods moved was small and the trading generally without feature. There were further sales of 39-inch 68-72s at 4½ cents for immediate and nearby delivery, some first hands having let out limited quantities at that figure. Bids of 4½ cents for those goods for delivery to October, however, were refused generally. Specialties were as active as could be expected at the beginning of the last week in June and with inventory-taking the fashion. Spot prices on gray goods, which were more or less nominal were:

39 -inch, 80-80s	6c	31½-inch, 64-56s	3⅝c
39 -inch, 72-76s	5⅛c	38½-inch, 60-52s	3⅜c
39 -inch, 68-72s	4½c	28½-inch, 60-48s	3⅛c
38½-inch, 64-64s	4c	27 -inch, 64-60s	2⅞c
35½-inch, 64-60s	3⅞c	27 -inch, 56-52s	2⅝c

Showing Next Season's Ginghams.

Certain lines of staple and dress ginghams for next season, both from Eastern and Southern mills, are being shown, more or less sub-rosa, by local commission houses which dispose of the mills' products. No prices have been made on them as yet, however, and by well-posted merchants it is said that probably none will be made until some definite line has been drawn on what the dominating factor in this part of the market is going to do. In some quarters of the market it is said that the lines now being shown are not actually being offered for sale, while in others the opinion prevails that business is being taken in them in a quiet way, subject to revision after prices are made. In view of the shortage of color stuffs, the feeling is general that the new prices will show quite substantial advances over the figures at which the goods are now held.

Wash Fabrics Still Sell Well.

Despite the fact that this will be the last week of the regular wholesale Spring season for wash fabrics, an excellent mail demand for these goods was told of here yesterday. It was well spread out across the country, which was taken to mean that the retailers generally had been doing some good business on them. Very few, if any, new fabrics were put on the market in the last week, but some change in demand was seen in the slight falling off in the orders taken for black and white striped effects and an increase in the call for colored stripes. Pinks, blues, and greens, in combination with white, were especially in favor from all accounts. Medium-wide stripes, running from about a half inch to three-fourths of an inch, were said to be moving best. An excellent wash goods season, on the whole, is reported, and the prospects for a good Fall season are believed in several instances to be brighter than for some time.

Jewelry Trade Is Looking Up.

The ending of the June matrimonial season finds the Maiden Lane wholesale jewelry and silverware district in better shape than was expected. Retail departments in the Lane have also done well, it is said. While the trade has now settled down for a period of quiet before the arrival of buyers after wares for the holiday season, there is a feeling of optimism evident in the leading houses. Stocks in the retail shops all over the country are said to be in a more depleted state than for some time, not because consumer buying has been heavy, but because of the retrenchment policy practiced by many of the jewelers in the last year. Because of this a much larger number of buyers is expected here this Summer than was the case last year. While a bright spot is reached now and then by handlers of precious stones, business for them is none too steady just now. However, there is a feeling in this branch of the trade, also, that better things are coming.

THE DYESTUFF SITUATION.

Manufacturers Not Inclined to Help German Color Jobbers.

It was said yesterday in authoritative quarters that the attempt of handlers in this country of German dyestuffs to enlist the aid of various textile interests in bringing pressure on the Washington Administration to force concessions from the British Government with a view to getting the colors out of Germany has not met with much encouragement.

One or more of the largest textile concerns have refused to help out the color jobbers, while the big associations of cotton and woolen cloth manufacturers have displayed an equal unwillingness to co-operate. In the case of one association, which was approached in the matter and appointed a committee to consider the appeal, it was learned that no representations will be made to Washington. This committee, it was explained, will merely look into the dyestuff question, in order to ascertain how its members stand in the matter of color supplies, but has no intention of helping out the color importers.

It was also said that domestic textile manufacturers are showing keen interest in the efforts now being made by American makers of dyestuffs to put colors on this market formerly obtained exclusively from Germany. This interest is reflected, it was added, in letters received by the several associations. The hope is expressed that with a good many of the mills stocked with dyestuffs for another six months or less, imports at the expiration of this period may have been resumed, or, failing that, that contracts may be made with American color producers for such goods as they may be able at that time to offer.

Meanwhile the domestic manufacturers of coal tar products were said yesterday to be receiving additional encouragement for their new lines from textile and other manufacturers. Makers of the natural dyes are beginning to experience an expansion in their lines, and are doing their best to get shipments of logwood, fustic, and other woods up from the West Indies.

BUSINESS NOTES.

S. & A. Stern, laces and embroideries, 61-63 Fifth Avenue, have sent a notice to the trade that their places of business will be closed on Saturdays during July and August.

The following local houses have taken space in the showrooms of The World's Market Corporation, 28-30 West Twenty-third Street: William Arkin, pile fabric muffs; Samuel Gladstone, cloaks and suits; H. Licht, fur-lined coats and robes, and H. Blankstein & Sons, fur trimmings.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 28.—Forty-four corporations, with aggregate capitalization of $8,071,000, were chartered today. They include:

United States Light and Heat Corporation, Niagara Falls, machinery, apparatus for producing light, heat, power, contracting, ores, minerals, $7,000,000; A. Stanley Jones, Albert L. Fowle, Guy M. Walker, 60 B'way.

John Lewis Childs, Inc., Floral Park, seeds, flowers, farm products, $400,000; Vernon G., Mary C., and John Lewis Childs, Floral Park.

Holtz & Freystedt Restaurant and Wine Co., Kerhonkson, caterers, liquors, provisions, $100,000; Philip S. Hill, Frank M. Van Wagonen, Edward T. Magoffin, 80 Evergreen Place, East Orange, N. J.

H. Salit & Sons, Brooklyn, distillers, liquor dealers, $75,000; Philip Lipshitz, Theodore and Harris Salit, 15 Clark St., Brooklyn.

Nypeo Sales Corporation, cements, paints, emulsions, disinfectants, chemicals, asphalt tars, petroleum, products, $50,000; W. M. Sheehy, Charles H. and John H. Livingston, 544 West 147th St.

Standard Sanitary Sugar Bowl Company, $50,000; Gustave Morris, Hyman Goldin, Hyman Rosen, 258 Thatford St., Brooklyn.

The Wynne Paper Company, $30,000; Preuliss D. Wynne, John and Samuel J. Reid, Jr., 32 Liberty St.

Old English Chemical Company, Schenectady, drugs, chemicals, $30,000; Harry Dunn, Laura M., Michael B. Flaherty, 149 Barrett St., Schenectady.

Cortland Wall Paper Company, Cortland, $25,000; David W. Van Hoesen, Charles P. Seymour, Fred Beaudry, Cortland.

Homebuilders' Exposition Co., merchandise personal property, publishing, realty bonds, mortgages, $30,000; Hyman Askowith, Charles W. Abele, R. F. Easton, 108 Park Av.

Cornwall Farms Dairy Co., Brooklyn, farm products, $25,000; Robert and Louis Edelstein, Isaac Cohen, 174 Vernon Av., Brooklyn.

Victoria Cloak and Suit Co., wearing apparel, $20,000; Abraham Miller, Lena and David Rothstein, 926 Southern Boulevard.

The George E. Sherman Co., Brooklyn, soaps, greases, oils, chemicals, $20,000; Theodore M. Crisp, William T. and George E. Sherman, 600 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn.

Bauman & D'Amico, ladies' hats, millinery, $20,000; Albert D'Amico, Bela W. Martin, Henry W. Bauman, 48 West 21st St.

Emco Hat Co., ladies', children's hats, $15,000; Isidore J. Greenberg, Eugene I. Gottlied, Amy Brody, 1,582 Minford Place, Bronx.

Westchester Fuel Co., Tuckahoe, fuels, foods for animals, fertilizers, $15,000; William L. Bowman, Nicholas W. Hacker, Charles F. Randolph, Yonkers.

Child Welfare Publishing Corporation, printing, publishing advertising, $15,000; Auselin P. Andersen, J. Randolph Appleby, Jr., Sterling P. Strong, Hotel Collingwood.

The Ohrbach Stores Co., ladies', children's apparel, $10,000; Morton J., Louis E., and Nathan Ohrbach, 32 West 14th St.

Amsco Salts Corporation, Brooklyn, drugs, sundries, medicinal, chemical preparations, $15,000; Paul J. Roessner, Jr., Nathan and Arthur Sadlow, 1,894 Boston Road, Bronx.

Franklin Williams, Inc., engineering, mechanical, and electrical specialties, $10,000; Anthony F. Bargmann, Adolph C. Wappler, Robert L. Degroff, 32 Nassau St.

The Brookside Amusement Corporation, moving-picture theatres, $10,000; Harry Harris, Henry G. Wiley, Ralph A. Kohn, 81 Nassau St.

Standard Truck Corporation of New York, automobiles, supplies, taxicabs, garage, $10,000; Henry W. Johnson, Edwin D. and Florence Boldman, 1,520 Bedford Av.

Wawbeek Spring Co., Tupper Lake, liquors, non-spirituous beverages, $10,000; Benj. J. Fountain, William A. Donovan, Barnaby B. Lantry, Tupper Lake.

Allen & Vandyke, Brooklyn, paints, varnishes, hardware, household materials, $10,000; Charles MacDonald, Solomon Neuwith, Henry White, 55 Liberty St.

Weinman, Kaylin & Dobrer, hats, hat frames, [illegible]; John Dobrer, David Kaylin, Solomon Weinman, 449 Williams Av., Brooklyn.

Uncle Sam's Chemical Co., toilet articles, drugs, petroleum, paints, rubber goods, $5,000; Morris Greenblott, Simon and Matilda Lifshitz, 157 E. 89 St.

William Wheeler News Co., Richmond, vending newspapers, books, magazines, fruits, candies, beverages on boats and trains, $6,000; Maurice G. A. McAloon, James and William Wheeler, New Brighton.

Cattaraugus Engineering Co., Olean, contractors, engineers, electrical workers, $5,000; Fred J. Kimmey, Carleton Ruhe, F. H. Higgins, Olean.

Solberrit Realty Co., $5,000; Anna L. Dunn, William Reisfeld, Isidore Hershfield, 99 Nassau St.

Harlem Printing and Decorating Co., artistic objects, painting, chemicals, paints, realty, $5,000; Alex. Fayer, Herman Hutter, Harty Pomp, 230 E. 112 St.

Ridge Realty Corporation, Brooklyn, construction, realty, $5,000; Eugene P. Canini, Sarah I. Kennedy, Jeremiah J. Coughlan, 804 Windsor Pl.

John Elder & Co., Brooklyn, tools, supplies, construction, $5,000; Harry G. Sibell, Robert L. Corliss, John Elder, 386 Macon St., Brooklyn.

Union Wet Wash Laundry Co., $5,000; Simon J. and Herm. L. Winer, Isaac Kretchmer, Spring Valley.

Aldo Panzieri Co., Albany, contractors, real estate, brokerage, $5,000; F. Walter Bliss, Aldo and Carmela Panzieri, 61 Grand St., Albany.

A. A. Higgins, Inc., commission, selling agents, foods, products, tin, glassware, $5,000; Thomas J. Blake, Albert A. and Beatrice F. Higgins, 81 Witherbee Av., Pelham Manor.

Authorizations—Commercial Cars, Ltd., Great Britain; repres., Arthur C. Platt, 129th St. and Amsterdam Av., Manhattan.

Quarryville Shoe Co., Quarryville, Penn., footwear, $15,000; repres., Charles M. Berlow, 156 Duane St., Manhattan.

Standard Motor Truck Co., Detroit, Mich., $25,000; repres., Elmer E. Holmes, 37 Wall St.

Belvedere Lunch Co., Biddeford, Me., restaurants, $10,000; repres., Nick Lotchis, 131 Glen St., Glens Falls.

Export Oil Corporation, Wilmington, Del., $100,000; repres., James King Duffy, 170 West 73d St.

Capital increases—Knickerbocker Supply Co., New York, $1,000 to $15,000; Ludwig Baumann & Co., Harlem, N. Y., $75,000 to $300,000; D'Zerta Food Co., Livonia, $100,000 to $150,000; the McMillan Crawford Corporation, New York, $10,000 to $50,000.

Voluntary dissolutions—The Mutual Unhairing Co., Brooklyn; Bronx Window Cleaning Co., Bronx.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., June 28.—The following incorporations were filed in the office of the Secretary of State today:

Edisto Realty Co., Hoboken, to conduct a real estate business, $25,000; A. M. Bruggeman and Charles H. Brandt, Hoboken, and Frank F. Pels of Weehawken.

Protein Health Foods Co., Hoboken, to deal in food products, $250,000; S. D. Friedman, Samuel Dulsky, and Frank E. Falkenberg, all of Chicago.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., June 28.—Charters were filed here today as follows:

Gold Shell Steamship Company and the Silver Shell Steamship Company both of San Francisco, Cal., the object being to construct, maintain and operate steamships, sailing boats, and floating barges of all kinds and to ply such vessels in all waters. The incorporators of both companies are as follows: J. C. Vaneck, W. Melschke-Smith, John Lauder, H. R. Gallagher, R. A. Lewis, all of San Francisco. The capital stock of each is $650,000.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

AKRON—M. O'Neil Co.; F. B. Goodman, jewelry, gloves, umbrellas, leather goods; 37 W. 26th.
ALBANY—W. M. Whitney & Co.; A. J. Palmer, carpets; 41 Union Square.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; W. A. Applewaite, hosiery, underwear; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; A. J. Fry, cloaks, suits, skirts; 220 5th Av.
BAY CITY—Hawley Dry Goods Co.; C. R. Hawley, domestics, flannels, linens, white goods, laces; Marie Antoinette.
BALTIMORE.—Goldenberg Bros.; J. Wolf, cloaks, suits; Strand.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; W. H. Mann, domestics, wash goods, linens; F. J. Smith, leather goods, jewelry, silverwear; J. Hartford, notions, toilet goods, books, toys; E. W. Dempsey, gloves, ribbons; N. Mendelson, furn. goods, knit underwear, hosiery, umbrellas; J. F. Ross, rugs, carpets; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON—W. & A. Bacon Co.; C. E. Clement's, furniture; F. Kranson, men's furn. goods; Miss A. Golding, jobs basement, waists, undermuslins, house dresses; 1,133 B'way.
BOSTON—R. J. Leibrock & Co.; C. Erb, feather fancies; 29 West 38th.
BOSTON—William Filene's Sons; Mr. Sheffield, girls' coats; basement; Mr. Cooper, coats, suits; Mr. Levy, waists; Mr. Smith, infants', children's junior coats, dresses, petticoats; Mr. Schroeder, muslin underwear, sweaters; Mr. Thompson, corsets, kimonos; Mr. Koch, millinery; Mr. Koenigstahl, men's, boys' clothing; Mr. Fanning, men's, boys' furnishings, gloves, hosiery; Mr. Ring, costumes, dresses; 116 W. 32d St.
BOSTON—William Filene's Sons Co.; H. B. Scates, shoes; 116 West 32d.
BOSTON—Crawford-Plummer Co.; A. Crawford, jobs Palm Beach suits, golfine coats; 12 W. 31st.
BUFFALO—L. Slotkin & Co.; L. Slotkin, millinery, women's garments; Grand.
BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; J. B. Reynolds, carpets, rugs; 18 W. 35th; Grand.
BUFFALO—Given's; Miss Classey, jobs wash dresses, skirts; 72 Madison Av.
BUFFALO—I. S. Given, furs, corduroy suits; 72 Madison Av.
BUFFALO—Hens-Kelly Co.; William Reinhardt, men's, women's hosiery, underwear, gloves, men's furn. goods; 81 Union Square.
BUFFALO—L. L. Berger; ladies' ready-to-wear; 15 E. 26th.
BUFFALO—Hens & Kelly Co.; W. Reinhart, men's, women's, furn. goods, hosiery, gloves, underwear; 31 Union Sq.
BROCKTON—Fraser Dry Goods Co.; T. Davock, dress goods, silks; Broztell.
BRIDGEPORT—C. Misch; H. Walder, cloaks, suits; 33 Union Square.
CHICAGO—Chicago Mail Order Co.; W. K. Spence, petticoats, house dresses; 621 B'way.
CHICAGO—H. Goldberg & Co.; H. Goldberg, cloaks, suits, underwear; Herald Square.
CHICAGO—Braude & Frank; B. Braude, watches, clocks, novelties; H. Frank, penknives, razors, novelties; Broadway Central.
CHICAGO—F. Siegel & Bro.; F. Siegel, Fall cloth coats, suits; 7 West 22d.
CHICAGO—Siegel Cooper & Co.; A. J. Kahnweiler, men's, boys' clothing; 15 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; F. L. Mammoser, furs; 15 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; N. Newman, wash goods; 215 4th Av.
CHICAGO—"Hillman's"; G. C. Fleming, domestics, linens; H. Shepherd, notions, laces, neckwear, embroideries, trimmings; Miss E. Keitner, muslin underwear, negligees, petticoats, bathing suits, corsets; 116 W. 32d.
CLEVELAND—May Co.; J. O. Sprowl, women's Fall coats, dresses; 37 W. 26th.
CHICAGO—Theo Ascher Co.; J. L. Strauss, hats; 621 Bwy.
CLEVELAND—Harrington Millinery Co.; G. L. Harrington, millinery; Breslin.
CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; G. Pease, notions, toilet goods; 18 W. 35th.
DAYTON—The Fair; M. Levy, jobs Palm Beach suits, dresses, skirts, waists, coats; 170 5th Av.
DALLAS—Sanger Bros.; C. L. Sanger, dry goods; 19 E. 24th.
DALLAS—Baron Bros. Millinery Co.; I. Baron, general buyer; L. M. Lichtenstein, flowers, feathers, hats; 581 B'way.
DENVER—Neustater Co.; Meyer Neustater, waists, skirts; 320 5th Av.
DETROIT—H. Blackwell Co.; A. J. Brennan, boys' clothing; Broztell.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Miss S. Barkume, ribbons, laces; 50 Union Square.
DES MOINES—Harris-Emery Co.; G. V. Hall, rugs, draperies; 320 Church.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.—Fowler & Co.; G. R. Bright, cloaks, suits; Latham.
EUCLAIRE—Rosenthal-Coplan Co.; I. Cohen, Palm Beach suits; 1,161 B'way.
DULUTH—F. A. Patrick & Co.; J. C. Currie, furn. goods, mfg. dept.; 48 Leonard.
GRAND RAPIDS—Herpolsheimer Co.; G. A. Mangold, cloaks, suits; J. E. Murphy, dry goods; G. A. Yager, dry goods; 1,170 Bwy.; Wallick's.
GRAND RAPIDS—Spring Dry Goods Co.; Miss O. B. Lynch laces, neckwear, gloves; 23 East 26th.
GRAND RAPIDS—Spring D. G. Co.; C. J. Staerker, hosiery, underwear; 23 East 26th.
HARTFORD—C. Misch; Mr. Simon, cloaks, suits; 33 Union Square.
HOUSTON—Levy Bros. D. G. Co.; A. M. Levy, dry goods; 148 W. 23d.
INDIANAPOLIS—Havens & Geddes Co.; E. Havens, dry goods; 72 Leonard.
INDIANAPOLIS—Grand Leader; F. B. Levi, women's ready to wear; 72 Madison Av.
JACKSONVILLE—Cohen Bros.; Miss M. L. Cabaniss, suits, cloaks, waists, furs; 225 5th Av.; Belleclaire.
KANSAS CITY—Kline Cloak Co.; Miss K. Clancy, waists; L. J. Lauman, dresses; 95 Madison Av.
WORCESTER—C. Misch; S. Elias, cloaks, suits; 33 Union Square.
LANSING—Jury-Rowe Co.; H. B. Rowe, furniture, carpets, rugs, curtains, &c.; Navarre.
LANCASTER, Penn.—Watt & Shand; P. Watt, laces, flannels, blankets; 482 4th Av.
LOS ANGELES—Nadia Smart Shop; M. Segel, ready to wear; 1,133 Broadway.
LOS ANGELES—Muller & Raas Co.; A. L. Johnson, general buyer; 621 B'way.
NASHVILLE—Rich, Schwartz & Joseph; Mr. Milder, jobs waists, dresses, wash, silk waists golfine coats; 15 E. 22d.
NEW ORLEANS—Maison-Blanche Co.; M. H. Gradwohl, gen'l mdse.; 116 W. 32d.
NORWICH—Porteous & Mitchell Co.; J. A. Quinn, men's clothing; 432 4th Av.
NORTH ADAMS—Bryant & Tuttle; E. A. Bryant, dry goods; Latham.
MEMPHIS—Wm. R. Moore D. G. Co.; F. L. Lang, notions; 256 Church.
MILWAUKEE—Gimbel Bros.; B. L. Greenwald, jobs coats, skirts; B'way and 32d.
MILWAUKEE—Landauer & Co.; F. D. Goldstone, laces, hosiery, gloves; 56 Worth.
MILWAUKEE—Gimbel Brothers; O. White, carpets, furniture; Broadway and 32d; Gregorian.
MINNEAPOLIS — Bradshaw Brothers; D. Bradshaw, millinery; 621 Broadway.
MONTGOMERY—A. S. Knowles, dry goods Co.; W. E. Leonard, dry goods, &c.; 43 W. 27th; Aberdeen.
PHILADELPHIA—A. Graff & Co.; A. F. Lippincott, carpets; Imperial.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Department Store; P. L. Cohen, millinery; 1,261 Broadway; Collingwood.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Stores Co.; J. H. Harris, china, glassware; 1,261 B'way.
PITTSBURGH — Kaufmann's Department Store; Miss A. Frevert, furs; 1,261 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; L. Kaufmann, women's ready-to-wear; Miss F. Looby, costumes, dresses; 95 Madison Av.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; E. A. Tobey, shoes; M. McCann, representing; 95 Madison Av.
PROVIDENCE—C. Misch; C. E. Cohen, cloaks, suits; 33 Union Square.
PHILADELPHIA — Gimbel Brothers; D. C. Tweed, domestics; G. R. Dunn, art needlework; Miss A. Nagle, cloaks, suits, skirts; Miss B. E. Ramsey, infants' wear; Mrs. G. Savage, furs; E. Bohn, leather goods; J. Scammell, books; Miss A. Guggenheim, umbrellas; C. M. R. Whitely, umbrelles; B. F. Montague, gloves; D. S. Scott, furn. goods; J. A. Hudson, cloaks, suits; Mrs. A. B. Larner, ready to wear, (basement;) Mrs. L. B. Walters, jewelry; E. Goldman, jobs coats, bathing suits; Miss Newman, jobs women's dresses; Miss N. W. McCann, jobs misses' dresses; Miss Story, jobs skirts; Broadway and 32d.
PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; L. N. Shuman, flannels, dress goods; A. C. McDonald, notions, leather goods; 37 W. 26th.
PORTLAND, Me.—Porteous, Mitchell & Braun Co.; Miss B. Peters, ladies' wear; Miss F. Bangs, gloves; 432 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; M. Marks, gloves, neckwear, hosiery; Miss B. Meyers, jobs taffeta, skirts; 364 5th Av.
READING—J. H. Hoffman, furniture; Grand.
READING—Kline, Eppihimer & Co.; S. Heckman, carpets, rugs; 315 4th Av.
ROCHESTER—Adler Bros. & Co.; M. L. Adler, woolens; 200 5th Av.
TRAVERSE CITY—A. Rosenthal; G. Seidman, cotton waists; 1,161 B'way.
SALT LAKE CITY—L. & A. Simon Co.; A. Simon, millinery; 821 B'way.
SAN FRANCISCO—Ideal Garment Co.; H. Moss, Fall coats, suits, dresses, waists; 170 5th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—Elkus Co.; E. S. Elkus, shirts, piece goods, women's waists; 73 Leonard.
SAN FRANCISCO—Juda Bros.; S. F. Juda, mfrs. waists, house dresses, petticoats; Marseilles.
SAN FRANCISCO—Simon Millinery Supply Co.; G. H. Simon, representing; 821 B'way.
SAN FRANCISCO—Muller & Raas Co.; C. Raas, silks, velvets; 621 B'way.
SAN FRANCISCO—I. Magnin & Co.; Miss R. Raphael, infants' wear; 461 4th Av.
SCRANTON—Cleland & Simpson Co.; J. Simpson, cloaks, suits; Collingwood.
SPRINGFIELD—Dickleson & Co.; A. A. Dickleson, dry goods, ready to wear; notions, hosiery, gloves, boys' wear; Longacre.
ST. ALBANS, Vt.—Willard Mfg. Co.; J. B. Wilson, duck clothing pants; 721 Bwy.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; M. W. Sellers, upholstery goods; 37 West 26th.
ST. LOUIS—Irwin Cloak Co.; J. S. Salkey, jobs coats, suits, dresses; 95 Madison Av.
ST. LOUIS—Kline Apparel Co.; Miss J. Flynn, waists; Miss L. Julius, suits; 95 Madison Av.
ST. LOUIS—Carleton-Ferguson D. G. Co.; H. W. Mendenhall, hosiery, underwear; 358 B'way.
ST. PAUL—J. C. Greenberg Co.; Mr. Greenberg, ladies', misses' Fall coats; 35 W. 31st, 7th floor.
ST. PAUL—Langford Garment Co.; W. R. Langford, mfr. suits, skirts; Woodward.
WASHINGTON—M. Goldenberg; D. H. Rosen, men's clothing, trunks, bags; 15 West 26th.
WATERBURY—Waterbury Dry Goods Co.; H. F. Franken, dry goods, women's wear, men's clothing; 72 Madison Av.
WATERBURY—New York Cloak Mfg. Co.; S. A. Weinstein, mfr. cloaks, &c.; Albert.
WASHINGTON—M. Goldberg; H. Grunebaum, dress goods, silks; 15 West 26th.
WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; Miss L. McGill, laces, ribbons; Miss A. Metz, hdkfs.; Miss Collins, ladies' neckwear, ruchings; 334 4th Av.
WHEELING—Stone & Thomas; C. H. Jacobs, clothing; 1,270 B'way.
WILKES-BARRE—Jonas, Long, Sons; B. Blumenthal, furn. goods, hosiery, gloves; 315 4th Av.
WILKES-BARRE — Duncan & Homer Co.; Miss K. Barrett, petticoats; 212 5th Av.
YOUNGSTOWN — Strouss-Hirshberg Co.; H. C. Taylor, shoes; 315 4th Av.; Grand.
YORK—Wiest's Sons; L. S. Hydeman, cloaks, suits, dresses; 116 W. 52d; Gregorian.
ZANESVILLE—A. E. Starr Co.; S. Marcus, Palm Beach suits, dresses, skirts; 303 5th Av.

MANUFACTURERS OF READY TO WEAR.—The season is about to open; the buyers will be here: we can personally show your line to the buyers of the country. Telephone 5080 Gramercy for particulars. World's Market Corporation, 28 West 23d St., New York.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND FIBRE COMMERCIAL wardrobe trunks at sacrifice. L. Diamond & Co., Manufacturers of Fibre Trunks, 679 Broadway.

$25,000.00 STOCK OF MOHAWK OVERALLS, union label, in lots to suit purchasers, below cost of production. A. Schaap & Son, 394 Broadway.

CASH for dresses, suits, coats, skirts, waists. Uneeda House, 8 Lispenard. Franklin 4343.

WE ARE open to buy anything you have to sell. B. R. S. CO., 32 Greene St. Spg. 358.

OPEN FOR JOBS, coats, suits, and dresses, for cash. Handel's, 336 6th Av.

TROUBLES OF IMPORTERS.

Finding It Hard to Get at Foreign Market Value of Goods.

Apart from the practical impossibility of getting goods from Germany and Austria-Hungary, importers are now finding it very difficult and, in many cases, absolutely out of the question to obtain evidence from abroad regarding market values of goods wanted for reappraisement purposes. With importations cut off from the countries named, importers have of late been turning their attention to the recovery, through the medium of the Reappraisement Board of the General Appraisers, of duties alleged to have been unjustly levied by Collectors of Customs at this and the other ports of the country.

There is no dispute between the Government and the importers as to the classification of the goods, but a conflict of opinion concerning what the proper foreign market value of the merchandise actually was at the time of its shipment to the United States.

Importers regard the deadlock as particularly unfortunate for them, since the delayed adjudications represent merchandise long ago imported and gone, for the most part, into consumption. Under other circumstances, many merchants would now be in receipt of refunds running in the aggregate up to high figures. As it is, many merchants fear disputes regarding prices of goods cannot be settled until after the war, and perhaps not even then, owing to the destruction of manufacturing plants and the scattering of mercantile office units.

LEATHER PORTFOLIO
for Carrying Important Papers, Letters, Briefs, Catalogues, etc.
for the Business or Professional Man
$1.95 ACTUAL $3.50 VALUE.
Substantially made of solid leather inside and outside.
BLACK OR RUSSET—very handsome—has strong lock and key.
Extensively used by Traveling Men.
MAIL AND TELEPHONE ORDERS FILLED.
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Manufacturing Stationers and Printers. We Retail at Wholesale Prices.

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WAX
of all kinds
Beeswax, white and yellow
Stearic Acid, Bayberry Wax
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TO CLOSE OUT AT
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WASH SKIRTS, DRESSES
AT CLOSING OUT PRICES.
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1,000 Styles, 25c. up.
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A Wide Variety of Fabrics for Manufacturers and Jobbers.	Hydegrade WEAVES	A. G. Hyde & Sons NEW YORK & CHICAGO
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Wash Dresses on the Rack, 3.75 up
Rose Dress Co.
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Pile Fabric Coats
G. RODBELL
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We have a Silk Crepe-de-Chine Dress, Latest Model, at $5.75. A Great Value. Immediate Delivery.
Sol. Shapiro Mfg. Co.
Smart Dresses—[illegible]
from $3.75 up.
116-118 W. [illegible] St.

July 1st

Before reinvesting dividends and interest which they may receive July 1st investors will do well to read our current issue of "Best Values."

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Such as ordnance and powder stocks has made many investors neglect the sound, conservative securities which are selling on such a remunerative basis. The investments we suggest considering will not suffer at the close of the war, but should on the other hand improve considerably in value. They provide assured and liberal incomes.

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	YIELD
New York State Canal 4½s	at market
City of Schenectady, N. Y., 4½s	4.20
City of Akron, Ohio, 5s	4.30
City of Canton, Ohio, 5s & 5½s	4.30
City of Mt. Vernon, N. Y., 4½s	4.30
Village of Cedarhurst, N. Y., 4½s	4.35

JULY FIRST MATURING BONDS WILL BE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR ABOVE ISSUES.

Write us for July Circular No. 12,065, describing the above and other high-grade Municipal bonds.

Farson, Son & Co
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115 Broadway, New York City.

New Secured Debts Tax Law

The text of the New York law and a summary of the essential details of the tax and tax exemption statutes, which directly affect bonds and similar securities owned by residents of New York State, will be furnished on request.

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MUNICIPAL BONDS

State of Massachusetts 3½s
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Dealers in Investment and Other Securities of the United States, Canada, and Mexico.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Quiet and Irregular—Bids for New York City Bonds—Exchange at Low Record.

Much quieter trading on the Stock Exchange was accompanied yesterday by decided irregularity in prices. This reflected the present uncertain state of traders' minds, although there were indications in yesterday's market, as there had been at other times of late, that the prevailing sentiment is one of optimism tempered with reserve born of the large uncertainties which exist as a result of the war. One of those uncertainties has to do with the future cost of capital, and that necessarily finds reflection in the market's current attitude toward long-time obligations. One might expect this to lead to what might be described as an abnormal demand for short-time investments in preference to long-time capital outlays, and that precisely is what is being seen not only in the English market, which of course is very directly affected by the financing of the war, but in our own market as well.

It is a fact that some very important investment interests are at present confining their purchases entirely to relatively short-time obligations. That is an investment attitude which those who have appeals to make to the capital market must needs take count of. It is an attitude which may find interesting expression in today's bidding for the short-time bonds to be sold by the City of New York, although the city in requiring bids in series has avoided a possible concentration of bids on the nearby maturities of its serial issue. It is practically assured that there will be at least two bids for the entire $71,000,000 of bonds which the city has offered for sale. The figures at which these bids will be put in, as well as the average of the other bids at today's sale, will throw interesting light on the present point of view of large investment interests.

A renewed decline in sterling exchange, which carried it to a new low record, made it plain that neither the unusually high bid for funds by the British Government nor the resultant rise in the English money market had exerted any lasting influence on the international exchanges in London's favor. Our control of them seems as pronounced as ever, for not only did sterling exchange go to a new low record, but French exchange also broke very sharply on top of a previous long decline. That is because Europe has a great deal more than ever for which to pay us, and we have very much less than usual to pay Europe. We have much less than had been generally supposed to pay on account of interest and dividends, as is clear from the figures of the foreign holdings of American securities made public yesterday, and we also have much less to pay on account of the other "unreported" items which have absorbed so large a part of our merchandise credit balance in the past. Now that that merchandise balance, thanks to Europe's enormous purchases of supplies here is larger than ever, the offsets are smaller than they have been in a very long time. The renewed break in sterling supplies a new and stronger incentive for England's seeking a credit here, which would obviate for the time being any further use of the exchange market in providing funds for the British Government's purchases in the United States.

The fact that this week will at its close run into a holiday, over which the German reply to our note may be transmitted to Washington, may act as a deterrent on trading. This influence was effective in a certain degree yesterday in lowering the volume of transactions.

LONDON MARKET WEAK.

Dealers Almost Wholly Occupied with Deals in Old War Loan.

LONDON, June 28.—Money was in good supply today. Discount rates were inclined to ease off owing to the strength of French exchange, indicating the liklihood of gold imports.

Dealers on the Stock Exchange were almost wholly occupied with transactions in the old war loan in exchange for the new issue. The markings were large, but business in other directions did not expand and the tone in most sections was weak.

American securities were subjected to further selling and closed dull, a shade under parity.

Prices Steady on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, June 28.—Prices were steady on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 76 francs 75 centimes for cash. Exchange on London 26 francs 90 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	—Days.— 30 or Less.	30 to 60.	60 to 90.	Over 90.
Boston	4	4	4½	5
New York	4	4	4	5
Philadelphia	4	4	4½	5
Cleveland	4	4	4½	5
Richmond	4	4	4½	5
Atlanta	4	4	4½	5
Chicago	4	4	4½	5
St. Louis	4	4	4½	5
Minneapolis	4	4	5	5
Kansas City	4	4	4½	5
Dallas	4	4	4½	5
San Francisco	3½	4	4½	6

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Sixty days....2¼@2⅜
Ninety days....2¼@2½

COLLATERAL LOANS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Renew. Rate.
On call	2	1¾	1¾	1¾

ON TIME.

60 days	2¼@2½	5 mos	3
90 days	2½@2¾	6 mos	3
4 mos	2¾@3	7 mos	3@3¼

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Best Known Names.

4 months....3 | 6 months....3¼@3¾
60 to 90 days....3

Other Names.

4 months....3½ | 6 months....3½@4

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

Range of Sterling.

	High.	Low.	Last.
Demand sterling	$4.77	$4.75⅝	$4.76½
Cables	4.78	4.76 11-16	4.77⅛

Closing Rates.

	Demand (or check)	Cable.
London	$4.76¼	$4.77¼
Paris	5.61	5.60
Berlin	.81¼	.81⅜
Austria	15.15	15.20
Russia	..	39.78
Switzerland	5.39½	5.39
Scandinavia	26.30	26.35
China—		
Hongkong	43.15	43.30
Shanghai	57.00	57.25
Singapore	57.50	..
Greece	5.26	5.25
Holland	.39⅜	.39 11-16
India—		
Bombay	33.00	..
Calcutta	33.00	..
Italy	6.08	6.07
Japan—		
Kobe	49.37	49.45
Yokohama	49.37	49.45
Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.62	49.75
South America—		
Buenos Aires	41.85	42.00
Rio	24.50	24.60
Spain	18.75	18.80

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

—Bankers.— 60 Days.	90 Days.	—Commercial.— 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.72½	$4.71	$4.72⅝	$4.70⅝

Clearing House Figures.

New York Clearing House exchanges, $227,606,098; balance, $17,188,548; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $1,609,739.

The local banks have gained $1,366,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Domestic Exchange.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, 5c. discount; St. Louis, 5c. premium; San Francisco, 40c. premium; Montreal, 7.50@7.81¼c. premium.

Bar Silver.

London, 23d, off 1-16d; New York, 48½c., off ⅛c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, JUNE 28, 1915.

	Stocks, Shares.
Total sales	265,174
Same day last year	69,325
Year to date	61,629,905
Same period last year	37,337,412
Average price and change 50 stocks	70.96 + .11
Same day last year	67.47 — .12

	High.	Low.
Year's range to date	73.36 Apr. 30	58.99 Feb. 24
Same period last year	73.30 Jan. 31	65.24 Apr. 25
Range year 1914	73.30 Jan. 31	57.41 July 30
Range year 1913	79.10 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10

Note—In stocks in which trades in odd lots were reported on the tape yesterday at prices higher or lower than the range on 100-share lots the range on odd lots is shown separately.

—Closing.— Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
38⅛	38¼	1,200	Alaska Gold Mines	38	38⅛	38	38⅛	— ¼
17½	17¾	500	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	18	18	17¾	17⅞	— ⅛
53½	54	1,400	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	54	54¼	53½	53½	— ¾
75⅝	75¾	11,850	Amalgamated Cop	75	76⅛	74⅝	75⅝	+ ⅝
51	52	100	Am. Agricul. Chem	52	52	52	52	...
49	49½	1,425	Am. Beet Sugar	50	50	49¼	49¼	— ¾
103	105⅛	200	Am. B. S. & F. tr r	103½	103⅝	103½	103⅝	+ ⅝
45⅛	45⅜	3,950	Am. Can	45½	45⅝	44¾	45¼	— ¼
100	101½	100	Am. Can pf	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	— ¼
55	55¼	900	Am. Car & Fdry	56	56	55	55	— ¾
108	110	2,375	Am. Coal Products	105⅛	109¾	105⅛	109½	+4½
45¼	47⅛	800	Am. Cotton	46	46	45	45	—1
34	34½	800	Am. H. & Leath. pf	34½	34½	34¼	34¼	+ ¼
29⅜	29¾	500	Am. Ice Securities	29⅞	29⅞	29¼	29⅜	+ ⅛
51¼	51½	1,450	Am. Locomotive	52	52	51	51	— ¾
97	98	131	Am. Locomotive pf	98	98	98	98	+ ½
80¾	80⅞	3,500	Am. Smelt. & Ref	80	81¼	79⅝	80¾	+ ½
108	108½	200	Am. Sugar Ref	108	108½	108	108½	+1⅛
123¼	123¾	600	Am. Teleph. & Tel	123¾	123¾	123⅛	123⅝	— ⅝
106½	107½	100	Am. Tob. pf., new	107	107	107	107	...
36½	36⅝	7,450	Anaconda Cop. Co	36¼	36⅝	36	36½	+ ¼
100¾	101	1,200	Atch., Top. & S. F	101⅜	101⅜	101	101	— ⅜
100⅝	100⅞	200	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	101	101	100¾	100¾	— ¼
105	110	100	Atlantic Coast Line	106	106	106	106	+3½
66¼	66¾	5,400	Baldwin Loco	67¾	67¾	66	66⅝	— ⅛
101½	103	300	Baldwin Loco. pf	102	102	102	102	— ½
77⅛	77¼	1,300	Baltimore & Ohio	77	77½	77	77¼	...
71	78	100	Baltimore & O. pf	71½	71½	71½	71½	— ¼
..	..	10	Bank of Commerce	163	163	163	163	...
1⅛	1½	100	Batopilas Mining	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
169½	170	600	Bethlehem Steel	170½	170½	169	170½	...
88½	88⅞	200	Bklyn Rapid Tran	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	+ ⅝
126	130	100	Bklyn Union Gas	127	127	127	127	—1
71¼	72	1,500	Butte & Superior	72	72	71½	71½	—1
14	14½	100	California Petrol	14½	14½	14½	14½	...
146⅛	146¼	8,900	Canadian Pacific	147½	147½	146⅛	146⅛	—1⅞
40½	40¾	2,100	Central Leather Co	40½	41⅛	40¼	40⅝	+ ¼
39	39¼	100	Chesapeake & Ohio	39	39	39	39	...
90⅝	91½	200	Chi., Mil. & St. P	91	91	91	91	...
16½	16⅝	5,500	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	16¼	17	16⅛	16⅝	+ ⅜
46¼	46¾	4,200	Chino Copper	46⅞	46⅞	46¼	46¼	+ ¼
58	59	100	C., C., C. & St. L. pf	58¼	58¼	58¼	58¼	+ ⅝
31½	32	200	Col. Fuel & Iron	32	32	32	32	— ⅞
14	15	2,700	Comstock Tunnel	*13	15	13	15	+3
97½	99½	200	Continental Can pf	98½	98½	98½	98½	— ½
14½	15	600	Corn Products Ref	15	15	15	15	+ ¼
78¾	80	300	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	78¾	79⅛	78¾	79	— ¾
29⅝	29¾	600	Crucible Steel	29½	29¾	29¼	29⅛	— ½
87	89	100	Cuban-Am. Sugar	89	89	89	89	+1
147	148	100	Delaware & Hud	147⅞	147⅞	147⅞	147⅞	...
5½	6	100	Den. & Rio Grande	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	—1⅛
115	115¾	100	Detroit Edison Co	115½	115½	115½	115½	+ ¼
58½	60	100	Detroit United Ry	60	60	60	60	—1
26⅜	26⅞	1,000	Distillers' Secur	27	27	26⅝	26⅝	— ⅜
18¼	18½	6,620	Dome Mines	17¾	18½	17⅝	18½	+1
..	4	100	Du. So. Shore & At	4	4	4	4	— ½
26½	26⅞	1,400	Erie	26¾	26⅞	26⅜	26¾	...
41	41⅝	200	Erie 1st pf	41½	41½	41⅛	41⅛	— ⅜
171	171¼	500	General Electric	170¼	171	170¼	171	...
171	171¼	80	do., odd lot	170⅛	170⅛	170⅛	170⅛	...
155	155½	2,825	General Motors	152½	155½	152½	155½	+2½
102¼	103	300	General Motors pf	102¼	102⅞	102½	102⅞	+ ⅜
54⅜	54½	19,300	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	52¼	54½	51¼	54½	+2¼
101	102	25	Goodrich pf	102	102	102	102	...
118¾	119¼	1,200	Great Northern pf	118¾	119¼	118¾	119¼	+1
36	36¼	3,100	G. N. certs. ore prop	36⅛	36½	36	36	— ⅜
64¼	64½	4,900	Guggenheim Explor	63⅝	64⅝	63⅝	64⅜	+ ¼
..	107	200	Illinois Central	106	106	106	106	— ⅝
31½	31¾	1,800	Inspiration Copper	31⅜	32	31⅜	31¾	+ ¼
22⅝	22⅞	2,100	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs	22½	22⅞	22½	22¾	+ ½
75¾	75⅞	700	Inter.-Met. pf	76	76	75⅞	75⅞	...
58¾	59½	100	Kan. City South. pf	59	59	59	59	...
143	143½	400	Lehigh Valley	144	144	143⅜	143¾	— ⅛
116	120	100	Liggett & Myers pf	117	117	117	117	—1⅛
116	120	25	do., odd lot	117⅛	117⅛	117⅛	117⅛	...
..	80	100	Mackay Cos	79	79	79	79	—2
126	127⅛	100	Manhattan Elev	126	126	126	126	+1
40⅛	41	400	Maxwell Motors	40½	40⅛	40⅛	40¼	+ ⅛
36¼	36½	100	Max. Motors 2d pf	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾	+1¼
74¼	74¾	100	Mexican Petroleum	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾	— ¼
26⅛	26⅜	500	Miami Copper	26	26⅜	26	26⅛	+ ⅜
10½	11	200	Mo., Kan. & Texas	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼	— ¼
7⅜	7⅝	7,000	Missouri Pacific	7¾	7¾	7⅛	7½	...
101½	102	100	Montana Power pf	102	102	102	102	...
69½	71	200	Nat. Cloak & Suit	69½	69½	69½	69½	— ½
104	107⅞	1	Nat. Cloak & S. pf	104	104	104	104	...
18	18¼	900	Nat. En. & St. Co	18⅜	18⅜	18	18	— ⅛
64⅞	65	900	Nat. Lead Co	64½	65	64½	65	...
15	15⅛	200	Nevada Con. Cop	15	15	15	15	+ ⅛
92½	93⅛	800	N. Y. Air Brake	93	93½	92	93	+1
89	89¾	300	N. Y. Central	89½	89½	89	89	— ⅛
64⅛	65⅜	600	N. Y., N. H. & H	65½	65½	64½	64½	+ ¼
30⅛	30⅜	400	N. Y., Ont. & West	30	30¼	29⅞	30⅛	+ ⅛
102½	104	100	Norfolk & Western	103½	103½	103½	103½	...
107	107½	200	Northern Pacific	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	+ ⅛
34	34½	500	Pacific Mail	34¾	34¾	34¼	34½	+ ½
31	33	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel	33	33	33	33	+1
105⅞	106⅛	2,500	Penn. R. R	106⅜	106½	106	106	— ⅜
37	40	100	Pettibone, M. & Co	40	40	40	40	— ¼
22	23	100	Pittsburgh Coal	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅜
48½	49	100	Pressed Steel Car	48½	48½	48½	48½	— ¾
98½	100	100	Pressed Steel C. pf	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜	+1¼
2	2½	300	Quicksilver	2½	2½	2½	2½	...
2½	3½	200	Quicksilver pf	3½	3½	3½	3½	+ ⅝
24½	24⅝	1,500	Ray Con. Copper	24¼	24¾	24¼	24½	+ ⅜
149¾	150	35,600	Reading	150¼	151	149¾	149⅞	— ⅛
83	85¼	100	Reading 2d pf	85	85	85	85	— ½
29⅛	30	1,000	Rep. Iron & Steel	29¼	29¾	29⅛	29⅛	— ⅝
¼	½	500	Rock Island Co	¼	⅜	¼	⅜	...
⅛	¼	1,300	Rock Island Co. pf	¼	¼	¼	¼	— ⅛
4½	5	100	Rumely, (M.,) Co	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	+ ⅛
6½	7	1,500	St. Louis & San F	6⅞	7¼	6¾	7⅛	+ ⅛
10	12	400	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf	12⅜	12½	11	12½	+ ½
7¼	7⅞	100	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
14½	15	200	Seaboard Air Line	15	15	14½	14½	— ¼
35	36	200	Seab. Air Line pf	35½	35½	35½	35½	...
88⅛	88¼	1,700	Southern Pacific	88	88¼	88	88¼	— ⅝
16⅝	16¾	1,000	Southern Railway	16½	16¾	16½	16¾	+ ⅛
53	54	100	Standard Milling	54	54	54	54	+ ½
79	79½	3,500	Studebaker Co	79	79⅝	77⅞	79⅜	+ ⅜
37¾	38	200	Tennessee Copper	38	38	37¾	37¾	— ⅛
13	14	100	Texas & Pacific	14	14	14	14	...
98	100½	92	Tobacco Prod. pf	98	98	98	98	...
5½	6	100	Union B. & P. Co	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+ ⅛
127⅞	128⅛	5,600	Union Pacific	128½	128½	127¾	128	— ⅝
80¾	81	100	Union Pacific pf	80⅞	80⅞	80⅞	80⅞	+ ⅜
80¾	81	50	do., odd lot	81	81	81	81	...
17	17¾	100	United Rys. Inv	17	17	17	17	+1
32½	33	200	United Rys. Inv. pf	32	33	32	32	+1
63	65	5	U. S. Express	63	63	63	63	...
57	58¼	200	U. S. Indus. Alco	58½	58½	58¼	58¼	— ¾
94	95	200	U. S. Ind. Alco. pf	94⅜	94½	94⅜	94½	+ ¼
2⅛	2¾	1,200	U. S. Red. & Ref	3⅛	3⅛	2¾	2¾	— ¼
50	50¼	24,660	U. S. Rubber	51½	51½	48½	50⅛	—1½
104⅜	106⅜	200	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼	— ¼
60⅞	61	25,200	U. S. Steel	61¼	61¼	60⅝	60⅞	— ¼
109½	109¾	400	U. S. Steel pf	109½	109¾	109½	109¾	...
68⅝	68⅞	11,600	Utah Copper	68⅛	69⅜	67¾	68¾	+1⅜
32½	33	400	Va.-Car. Chemical	32½	32½	32¼	32½	— ½
98	99	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf	98	98	98	98	+ ⅛
..	¼	500	Wabash pf	¼	¼	⅛	⅛	— ⅛
66⅛	67	100	Western Union Tel	67	67	67	67	+ ½
99¾	100	7,900	Westingh. E. & M	100⅜	100½	99¼	100	— ¼
½	1	900	Wheeling & L. E	1⅞	1⅞	1	1	—1
3	5	500	W. & L. E. 1st pf	6	6	4	4	—3½
1	2	50	W. & L. E. 2d pf	2	2	2	2	...
129¾	130	600	Willys-Overland	129	130	129	129⅞	+1⅜

*Cents per share.

FIGHTS PAYMENT OF BONDS.

Boom Railroad Issue of '71 Threatens Missouri County.

KANSAS CITY, June 28.—Officials of St. Clair County, Missouri, today filed an answer in the United States District Court in the case, involving bonds issued by the county in 1871 as a bonus to men who promised to build the Tebo & Neosho Railroad. The claims against the county are now said to amount to $4,000,000.

The answer says that the present holders of judgments against the county are not the legal holders, and that the county is without funds to pay the bonds. A mandamus suit was brought on June 10 by Philadelphia owners of the judgments asking that the St. Clair officials show cause why they should not levy a tax assessment to pay the debt.

In the answer filed today the court's right to revive a judgment on a judgment is attacked. The original judgments were obtained in 1884, and every nine years since then the holders have gone to court and had the judgments revived so that they would not be outlawed. The St. Clair officials maintain that new judgments should have been taken against the county. The answer says that with interest the claims against the county now amount to $4,000,000, while the taxable wealth of the county is only $5,000,000, and the court is asked to refuse to grant the request of the petitioners. The transactions which led to the proceedings were part of the "railroad building era" of the early seventies when financing methods that excelled "wild cat" mining schemes were common throughout the country. The railroad never reached the county, and its citizens today are still striving to escape payment of the debt incurred by their grandfathers.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday, and of these two groups of stocks combined, with comparisons:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Railroads	71.77	71.41	71.54	+ .35
Industrials	70.78	69.94	70.38	— .14
COMBINED AVERAGE.				
June 21	71.81	70.68	71.59	+ .68
June 22	72.25	71.27	71.88	+ .29
June 23	72.25	71.42	71.58	— .30
June 24	71.43	70.24	70.51	—1.07
June 25	71.02	70.34	70.63	+ .12
June 26	71.04	70.57	70.85	+ .22
June 28	71.27	70.67	70.96	+ .11

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
June to date	72.25 June 22	66.48 June 1	70.96
June, 1914	69.64 June 9	66.82 June 25	68.18
June, 1913	69.23 June 2	63.09 June 10	66.44
June, 1912	82.79 June 6	80.03 June 1	81.84
Yr. to date	73.36 Apr. 30	58.99 Feb. 24	70.96
Year, 1914	73.30 Jan. 31	57.47 July 30	60.20
Year, 1913	79.10 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10	68.04
Year, 1912	85.52 Sep. 30	75.24 Feb. 1	78.30

NEW YORK CITY BONDS AND NOTES.

		Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
6s	Sept., 1915	100⅛	100¼	100⅛	100¼
6s	Sept., 1916	102¼	102⅜	102⅜	102½
6s	Sept., 1917	104	104¼	104	104¼
4½s	June, 1965, w. i.	102¾	103	102¾	102⅞
4½s	March, 1963	102¾	103	102¾	103¼
4½s	Nov., 1957	102½	102⅝	102½	103¼
4½s	May, 1957	102½	102⅝	102½	103¼
4½s	Nov., 1917	100⅞	101¼	100⅞	101¼
4½s	May, 1917	100¾	101¼	100¾	101¼
4¼s	March, 1964	98	98½	98¼	98¾
4¼s	March, 1962	98	98½	98¼	98¾
4¼s	Sept., 1960	98	98½	98¼	98¾
4¼s	March, 1930-60	98	98½	98¼	99
4s	May, 1959	94¼	95	94½	95¼
4s	Nov., 1958	94¼	95¼	94½	95¼
4s	May, 1957	94¼	95¼	94½	95¼
4s	Nov., 1956	94	95	94¼	95¼
4s	Nov., 1955	94	95¼	94¼	95¼
4s	Nov., 1936	95¼	..	95¼	..
4s	May, 1917	99⅝	..	99⅝	..
4s	Nov., 1918	99¼	..	99¼	..
4s	May, 1919	99	..	99	..
3½s	Nov., 1955	85⅝	..	85⅝	..
3½s	Nov., 1954	85⅝	..	85⅝	..
3½s	May, 1954	85⅝	86½	85⅝	86½

TOBACCO STOCKS.

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere were:

	Monday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	105	108	109	113
American Cigar pf	97½	100	97½	100
Am. Mach. & F'dry	80	90	75	85
Conley Foil	300	325	300	325
Johnston T. F. & M.	130	150	130	150
J. S. Young	165	175	170	180
J. S. Young pf	106	109	108	110
MacAndrews & F.	170	178	175	185
MacAndrews & F. pf.	99½	101	99½	100½
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	190	195	192	198
R. J. Reynolds Tob.	325	335	315	330
R. J. Reynolds T. pf.	117½	120	117	119

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Vote for Extra Holiday.

The approach of the Fourth of July holiday finds the Street in a different frame of mind about the security markets than in the week preceding Decoration Day. This has not so much to do with prices as with the volume of business being handled from day to day. The stock market was so satisfactory to commission men and traders toward the close of May that the circulation of a petition to close the Exchange on the Saturday preceding the holiday received small support. Of late, however, business has been dull and yesterday gave promise of growing duller. So a closing petition went rapidly from post to post, and enough names had been attached at the end of the session, urging the Governors to call a recess from Friday night until Tuesday, to indicate a large majority when the paper goes before the Governing Board. There are members who oppose extra holidays whenever they are proposed, basing their opposition on the ground that the Stock Exchange should be open when the banks are transacting business. The voices of these do not usually sound very loud amid the clamor of the others who see visions of golf links and tennis courts and a stock ticker almost at a standstill.

⁂

Copper Output Increasing.

Although not so much enthusiasm is evident in the conversation among traders in copper stocks as a month ago, news from the refineries shows that preparations to meet a heavy demand are being steadily made. This is not to say that buying of copper has not been large during June, for the mantenance of the price around 20½ cents indicates the position of producers. But there has been less talk of huge export sales and sales to brass makers for munition manufacturing, and an accompanying development has been a slackening of gossip about the market possibilities of the shares of copper companies. Yesterday a revival of interest occurred in Utah Copper, which gained more than a point after announcement was made that the company's May production of 14,053,000 pounds established a new high record for monthly output. The previous maximum, established last June, was nearly 800,000 pounds under the new record.

⁂

Bond Prices Show Decline.

Foreign liquidation of bonds, as indicated by the frequent ticker symbol indicating that delivery will be made in ten or twenty days, continues on a substantial scale. Persons who have studied the market for weeks past state that the decline in representative bonds which has occurred since the end of April is largely traceable to sales from abroad, even though certain speculative issues not held to any extent in Europe have contributed much to the recession. The forty bonds used in the table of averages in these columns stood at 84.48 on April 29. Yesterday the price was 82.07, the latter indicating a drop of well over 2 points in the interval.

⁂

Rock Island's "Rat Hole."

L. E. Krauthoff, representing the Protective Committee for the first and refunding bonds of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway, in arguing in the Federal court in Chicago yesterday against the payment of $500,000 interest on the railway's $20,000,000 debenture bonds, was quoted as saying:

"To pay this interest on the debentures would be pouring money into a rat hole."

⁂

"Mop." Plan Out Today.

Missouri Pacific Directors will meet today to discuss the plan for a voluntary reorganization of the railroad. It is expected that the plan will be made public at the close of the meeting. President Bush of the Missouri Pacific system arrived in the city yesterday and worked all day on the plan. The banking interests are said to be in perfect accord with Mr. Bush, and the latter's estimates of the Missouri Pacific's needs will, in all likelihood, be accepted. The general specifications of the reorganization plan, the assessment, the scaling down of the junior mortgages, the issuing of new preferred stock and of new mortgage bonds have been stated. It has not been specifically said, however, just what the stockholders, who must pay the assessment, will get for their money. It was recalled yesterday that the stockholders, in the dividend-paying era of the Missouri Pacific, had received exactly 100 per cent. in dividends. They must now surrender a part of the gain.

⁂

Wabash-Pittsburgh Plan.

Members of the Reorganization Committee of the Wabash-Pittsburgh Terminal Railway expressed the belief yesterday that the plan, as announced, would be accepted by the first mortgage bondholders. Many favorable responses from large holders had already been received. It was pointed out that the two Protective Committees for the first mortgage bonds, and also the Protective Committee for the second mortgage bonds, had agreed to the plan. If the first mortgage bondholders do not pay the 30 per cent. assessment they will be wiped out and the seconds will get an opportunity to control the road. The competition between the firsts and seconds is sure to make the plan a success, it is contended. The new railway company, it is planned, will have a working capital of at least $500,000, and perhaps $700,000. It will have a main line of sixty-three miles, on which there will not be a dollar's worth of mortgage obligations. It will have the fine Pittsburgh terminal of the company and adjoining real estate, on which there will be a mortgage of less than $800,000. It is maintained that the new Wabash-Pittsburgh Terminal Railway, with its re-established credit, could borrow $5,000,00 if it wanted to. But it is not planned to borrow a cent. The reorganization managers claim that the railway should be able to earn $650,000 a year without the issuing of a single bond.

The proposal that the Wabash-Pittsburgh Terminal Railway buy back its coal lands does not imply that the railway company will run counter to the recent Supreme Court decision laid down in the Lackawanna case. It is planned to sell all the coal at the mines, and not to transport any coal which is owned or controlled by the railway company.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Monday. Bid.	Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Asked.
Lead	..	5.75	..	5.50
Tin	40.00	41.00	41.50	..
Iron, No. 2 X f'dry	13.75	14.25	..	..
Antimony	36.00	37.00	36.00	37.00
Spelter, (spot)	20.00*	..	19.50*	..
Quicksilver	$95.00	..	$95.00	..
Aluminum	30.00†	31.00	31.00†	32.00

*Sales. †Nominal.

Electrolytic copper, 30 days, was quoted 20¼@20½c a pound, unchanged, in the open market yesterday. London market quotations were:

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Copper, spot	82 5 0	82 5 0
Copper, futures	83 10 0	83 10 0
Tin, spot	171 0 0	171 0 0
Tin, futures	168 0 0	168 0 0
Lead	24 17 6	24 7 6
Spelter	92 10 0	91 0 0

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales June 28, 1915	$1,944,500
Same day last year	1,524,500
Year to date	390,284,700
Same period last year	371,074,000
Average price and change 40 bonds	82.97 — .13
Same day last year	86.65 — .05

	High.	Low.
Year's range to date	84.48 Apr. 29	81.51 Jan. 2
Same period last year	89.42 Feb. 4	86.40 Jan. 3
Year 1914	89.42 Feb. 4	81.42 Dec. 2
Year 1913	92.31 Jan. 10	85.45 Dec. 18

Jap Gov 4½s, star loan, 2d Ser, German stamp
3,000....73
6,000....73¾
Rep of Cuba 5s, 1904
10,000s30f....96¼
N Y City 3½s, Nov, 1954
1,000....87⅞
4s, 1959
1,000....95
1,000....94¾
4¼s, 1964
3,000....98⅝
1,000....98½
Alb & Susq 3½s
1,000....85
Am Ag Ch cv 5s
1,000....100½
deb 5s
1,000....93
Am Cotton Oil 5s
5,000....93¾
Am Ice Secur 6s
2,000....85
Am Sm Secur 6s
5,000....106
Am T & T cv 4½s
75,000....101½
500....101
Armour & Co 4½s
5,000....92¼
2,000....92¼
7,000....92
At, Top & S Fe gen 4s
16,000s30f....91¾
5,000....91⅞
5,000....91⅝
3,500....91½
16,000....91½
15,000s30f....91¼
conv 4s, 1955
10,000s15f....100⅜
At, Top & S Fe 5s
1,000....101¼
adj 4s, stpd
1,000s20f....82½
1,000....82¾
500....83
2,000....82½
Eastn Okla 4s
1,000....93
Atl Coast L, Lou & N col 4s
1,000....84
B & O pr lien 3½s
5,000s30f....91
gold 4s
15,000s30f....87¼
12,000s30f....87⅝
1,000....87½
1,000....87¼
conv 4½s
1,000....86⅞
1,000....87
9,000....86⅞
17,000s30f....86⅝
1,000....86½
S W Div 3½s
500s20f....87
10,000....87¾
Beth Steel ext 5s
5,000....100⅝
5,000....100½
1st & ref 5s
10,000....95½
11,000....95⅜
B R T 5s, 1918
6,000....100
Cent Leather 5s
6,000....98¾
C of N J gen 5s
1,000....118
Cent Pac gtd 4s
18,000....87
10,000s30f....87
1,000....87¼
4,000s20f....87
4,000....87
5,000s20f....87
C & O conv 4½s
3,000....73¼
6,000....73⅞
9,000....73
4,000....72¾
gen 4½s
2,000....84
C, B & Q joint 4s
3,000....96¼
14,000....96
30,000....95⅞
5,000....95¾
10,000s30f....95⅝
C, B & Q gen 4s
6,000....91¼
C & Erie 1st 5s
3,000....104⅝
Chi Gr Westn 4s
2,000....67
2,000....67¼
C & N W gen 3½s
1,000....80½
4,000....81
Con Gas conv 6s
3,000....116⅝

Chi, Mil & St P conv 4½s
5,000....97
cv 5s, Ser B, sub r, full pd
3,000....103⅜
5,000....103⅜
10,000....103⅜
5,000....103½
D & Gt So 5s
1,000....100
1,000....100¼
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s
1,000....64¼
20,000....64
1,000s30f....64
1,000....63¾
30,000....63½
20,000....63
deb 5s
6,000....42½
1,000....41¾
Chi, St P, M & O deb 5s
4,000....101
Chile Copper 7s
28,000....117
1,000....117⅛
1,000....117¼
10,000....117½
1,000....117⅝
12,000....117
5,000....117½
2,000....117⅛
5,000....117¼
2,000....116¾
Col & So 1st 4s
10,000....89½
Col & South ref & ext 4½s
1,000....82¾
Den & R G con 4s
10,000s30f....73
2,000....73
Dis Sec Corp 5s
4,000....66
2,000....66½
Du Pont de Nem Powder 4½s
1,000....92
Erie 1st con 7s
11,000s30f....109½
1st fund 7s
2,000s20f....109
1st con 4s
4,000s20f....79
1st gen 4s
3,000....67
5,000s20f....66
Fla, C & P 1st 5s
1,000....100¼
Granby Con cv 6s, Series A
7,000....104¾
Hudson & Man adj inc 5s
6,000....26¼
Illinois Steel 4½s
1,000....85⅝
49,000....85½
5,000....86
Insp Con Cop cv 6s, 1922
6,000....130⅛
5,000....130½
5,000....131½
500....130½
1,000....131
1,000....130½
Inter-Met 4½s
2,000....76¼
2,000....76⅝
1,000....76⅞
I R T 1st & ref 5s
6,000....97⅝
7,000....97½
1,000 3....97¼
Iowa Cent ref 4s
1,000....50½
Lacka Steel 5s, '50
9,000....72
5,000....72⅜
2,000....72½
L S & M So 4s, '28
3,000s30f....91
4s, 1931
1,000....90½
2,000....90
Liggett & M 7s
1,000....123½
Liggett & M 5s
1,000....100⅞
Long Isl con 5s
1,000s30f....102¾
Lorillard Co 5s
1,000....99½
Louis & N col tr 5s
5,000s20f....102⅛
unified 4s
4,000....91¾
4,000s30f....91¼
er Marine col tr 4½s
3,000s30f....51
1,000....51¼
1,000....51
Minn & St L 1st & ref 4s
5,000....53½

M, St P & S S M 1st con 4s
5,000....91
10,000s30f....90½
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
500s20f....74
2d 4s
7,000....56
Mo Pacific 5s, 1917
3,000....90¼
Mo Pacific 4s
5,000....38¼
13,000....39
conv 5s
19,000....39
Montana Power 5s, Series A
1,000....91⅜
4,000....91
N Y Air Brake 1st conv 6s
1,000....97¾
N Y Cent deb 6s, sub rcts, f p
16,000....103¾
1,000....103⅞
9,000....103¾
500....104
2,000....103¾
12,000....103⅝
gen 3½s
25,000....79
ref & imp 4½s, Series A
1,000....88¾
2,000....88½
gen 3½s
1,000....79¼
M C col 3½s
15,000....70
N Y, N H & H conv 3½s
2,000....67¾
N Y Rys ref 4s
7,000....71¼
3,000....71½
adj 5s
9,000....52
6,000....52¼
7,000....52½
N Y Tel 4½s
11,000....95⅝
10,000s30f....95½
Northern Pacific 4s
22,000....90⅝
2,000s30f....90⅝
5,000s30f....90½
70,000s30f....90½
5,000....90⅝
4,000s30f....90⅝
60,000s30f....90
25,000s30f....89⅞
gen 3s
5,000s30f....63⅝
10,000s30f....63½
Oregon S L 1st 6s
6,000....108
gtd ref 4s
6,000s30f....87½
2,000....87½
5,000....87⅝
Pacific T & T 5s
5,000....97⅝
5,000....97½
2,000....97⅝
10,000....97¼
10,000....97⅜
4,000....97½
Penn conv 3½s
1,000....100¼
4s, 1948
3,000....97½
con 4½s, temp ctfs, full paid
19,000....103¼
1,000....103⅜
gen 4½s, temp ctfs
3,000....98¾
47,000....88½
P, C, C & St L gtd 4s, Ser D
10,000....92⅝
Ray Consol 1st 6s
1,000....121½
1,000....122
3,000....122⅝
2,000....123
2,000....123¼
2,000....124
1,000....124½
Reading gen 4s
5,000....92½
St L, I Mt & So gen 5s
5,000....96⅝
St L, R Mt & Pac 5s, Tr Co ctfs of deposit
5,000....82
St L & S F R R gen 5s, Tr Co ctfs
5,000....46½
ref 4s
4,000....66⅝
St L S W 1st 4s
5,000....74⅛
St Paul, M & M, Mont ext 4s
3,000....93⅞

Seab A L adj 5s
5,000....65
So Bell Tel & Tel 1st 5s
5,000....97⅞
South Pac col 4s
2,000....82⅜
conv 4s
10,000....81½
4,000....81⅜
1,000....81¾
4,000s30f....81½
conv 4s
16,000....99½
500....99¼
1st ref 4s
3,000s20f....84⅞
5,000....85
3,000....84¾
3,000s20f....84⅝
2,000....84½
3,000....84¾
5,000s30f....84½
2,000....84½
5,000s30f....84½
South Ry 1st 5s
4,000....99⅞
7,000....100
gen 4s
1,000....64½
5,000....64½
9,000....64
Stand Mill 1st 5s
1,000....90¼
Texas Co conv 6s
6,000....99¾
1,000....99⅞
1,000....100
Third Av ref 4s
5,000....80½
adj 5s
1,000....77
Tol & O C 1st 5s
1,000....101
Union Pac 1st 4s
1,000....95¼
1,000s6f....95¼
3,000s30f....95⅛
25,000s30f....95
5,000....95¼
20,000s30f....95
conv 4s
15,000s20f....89¼
1,000....89⅜
2,000s30f....89½
2,000....89½
1,000s20f....89¼
1st & ref 4s
20,000s20f....87
2,000....87¼
5,000s20f....86½
5,000s30f....86
U S R & Imp 5s
1,000....72
U S Rubber 6s
1,000....102½
U S Steel Corp s f 5s
2,000....102
6,000....101⅞
3,000....102
6,000....101⅞
5,000s30f....101⅞
6,000....102
8,000....101⅞
20,000s30f....101⅞
4,000....101⅞
5,000s20f....101⅞
15,000s30f....101⅞
registered
500....102
Va Mid gen 5s
5,000....103⅛
1,000....103
Wabash 1st 5s
20,000....100½
ref & ext 4s
10,000....20½
10,000....20¾
Equit Tr Co ctfs of dep
3,000....20⅝
Pitts Term 1st 4s, Cent Tr cfs
10,000....5
3,000....4½
7,000....4¾
11,000....4⅝
3,000....4
Pitts Term 2d 4s
5,000....¼
Western Elec 5s
2,000....101½
3,000....101¼
West N Y & Penn 1st 5s
5,000s30f....102⅜
West Un fund & real est 4½s
5,000s30f....91¼
W'house El & M 1st cv s f 5s
29,000....103⅞
1,000....104
2,000....103⅞
32,000....104
ctfs of deposit
8,000....103⅞
5 p c notes
1,000....100¼
Wheel & L E 1st con 4s
12,000....50

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	96¾	98
2s, c, 1930	97	..
3s, r, 1918	100¼	..
3s, c, 1918	100¼	..
4s, r, 1925	109	..
4s, c, 1925	110½	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	97	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	100½	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	100½	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	88	92
Am Ag C pf.	92	96
Am B Sug pf.	83	85
Am B S & Fdy pf.	157½	159½
Am C & F pf.	113	113½
Am Coal..	80	..
Am C Pr pf.	110	115
Am Cot O pf.	89½	95
Am Exp..	85	90
A H & L.	6⅞	7
Am Lin....	11	11⅞
Do pf....	27	31
Am Malt..	5	5⅛
Do pf....	25	27
A S pf, B.	79	81
A S & R pf.	106⅛	107
Am Snuff..	145	160
Do pf...	103	108
Am St Fds	38½	40
Am S Ref pf.	114	114¾
A T & C.	60	65
Am Tob..	226¼	227
Am Wool..	25	29
Do pf....	86	88
Am Wr Pa pf.	7	8
Assets R..	6	7½
A M 1st pf.	..	95
Do 2d pf.	..	98½
Booth Fish	..	40
Beth S pf.	116	119
Brown Sh.	23	30
Do pf....	66	75
Bruns Ter.	5	6½
B, R & P.	65	95
Do pf...	101	..
But'k Co..	28	29½
Cal Pet pf.	35	38
Canada So.	56	60
Case (J I) pf.	70	79
Cent L pf.	103	104
C R R of N J	..	325
C & S A Tel.	120½	123
Chi & Alt.	..	9
Do pf....	12½	25
Chi Gt W.	11¾	12
Do pf....	30	31
C & N W.	125	127
Do pf...	160	170
Chi, St P, M & Om.	113	125
Do pf...	125	150
C, C, C & St L....	30	33
Cleve & P.	157	..
Cluett-P....	55	60
Do pf...	103	..
Col & So.	28	30
Do 1st pf	49	54
Do 2d pf.	35	45
Cons Gas..	127	127½
Cont Can..	67	68
Crex Carp.	40	50
Cruc S pf..	86	90
C-Am Sug pf.	102	..
D & Co pf.	90	91½
D, L & W.	420	425
D & R G pf.	9½	10
D M & Ft D	6	..
Do pf....	31	..
Det & M...	70	..
Do pf....	80	..
D S S & A pf.	6½	9½
East Kod..	500	..
Erie 2d pf	81½	84½
F M & S..	30	40
Do pf....	45	50
Gen Chem.	210	218
Do pf...	108	110½
Granby C..	89	100
Hav E Ry, L & P.	80	81¾
Do pf....	97	98¾
Helme (G W) Co...	170	180
Do pf....	110	118
Hock Val..	..	115
Homestake.	118	120
Int Agric..	6	10
Do pf....	20	25
I H, N J..	101	103
Do pf...	111¼	114
Int H Cor.	63⅛	70
Do pf....	95	99¼
Int Paper..	9½	10
Do pf....	37½	38
Iowa Cent.	7	10
Do pf....	15	20

	Bid.	Asked.
K C, Ft S & M pf..	63	..
Kan C So.	25	25½
Kayser (J) & Co....	80	85
Do 1st pf	107	..
K & D M.	4	10
Do pf....	35	..
K'gs Co E L & P...	124	124½
Kresge (SS) Co.	130	137
Do pf...	107	110
Lack Steel.	46	47
Lacl Gas.	101	102½
L E & W.	7	9
Do pf....	19	21
Ligg & M.	223	225
Long Isl'd	34	36
L-W Bis..	16	19
Do 1st pf	89¼	91
Do 2d pf.	60	..
Lorill'd Co.	170	175
Do pf....	116	116¾
Louis & N.	116⅛	120
M'kay Cos pf.	65¼	66⅝
Man B'ch..	2	8
Man Shirt.	52	57
Do pf....	101½	104
Max M 1st pf.	84¾	86
M Dep Sts.	38	40
Do pf....	96½	98
Mex P pf..	..	88
Mich Cent.	105	120
M & St L.	14¾	16
Do pf....	37	42½
M, St P & S S M...	115	116½
Do pf....	120	125
Do l l...	75	85
M, K & T pf.	28	30
Mon Pow..	49½	50
Mor & Es.	165	168
M & B pf.	64	80
N, C & St L	121	125
Nat B, ex div.	116½	120
Do pf....	124½	..
Nat En pf.	83	87
Nat L pf..	107	112
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	..	23
Do 2d pf.	5	6¼
N Y, L & West	111	123
N Y S R..	..	51
Norf South	15	20
Norf & W pf.	85	89
North Am.	72	74
N W Tel..	105	..
Ont Min...	3¼	3½
Pabst B pf	..	90
Pac Coast..	70	78
P T & T pf.	91	94
Peo & E...	6¾	10
P-M 1st pf.	93	95
Phila Co...	68	74
P C C & St L.	62¼	70⅝
Do pf....	75	91
Pitts C pf.	92	94
P Ft W & C.	157	..
Pitts S pf.	83	90
P'man Co..	158	161
Ry St Spr.	30	32¾
Do pf....	85	91
Rdg 1st pf	83	87
Rep I & S pf.	87	88
Rumely (M) Co pf....	11¾	13
St L S W.	14	16¼
Do pf....	30	37
Sears-Roeb.	138	138⅞
Do pf....	120¼	124
S-S S & I.	35	37
Do pf....	75	90
So P R S.	60	80
Do pf....	84	100
So Ry pf..	52½	53⅝
So R, M & O ctfs...	66	80
St'd M pf.	68	70
Studeb Co pf.	99½	100½
Texas Co..	125⅞	128
Do, f pd.	120	126
T P L Tr.	105¼	..
Third Av.	53½	54
T, St L & West...	1½	3
Do pf....	7	8¾
Do ctfs...	7	7½
T C R T..	94¾	95
Und Type..	62¼	66
Do pf....	98¼	105

	Bid.	Asked.
U B & P pf.	24	25
Un Cig M.	44½	45
Do pf...	101	104½
Un Dry G.	..	50
Do pf....	56	60
U S C I P.	13⅝	15
Do pf....	37	45
U S R & Imp	37	40
U S R & Ref pf...	3⅜	3⅞
Va I C & Coke	40	41

	Bid.	Asked.
Va R & P.	..	45
Wabash...	⅛	¼
W F Exp.	94	97
West Md...	24	24¾
Do pf....	31	38
W E & M 1st pf...	125	129
Weym-Bru.	233	280
Do pf...	111	120
W-Ov pf...	102½	105
Wis Cent..	31⅛	33
W'w'th (F W)	103½	104
Do pf...	120⅝	..

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argen. Gov't	6	Dec., 1915	101¼	101½	2.90
Argen. Gov't	6	Dec., 1916	100⅝	100¾	5.40
Argen. Gov't	6	Dec., 1917	100	100⅜	5.75
Argen. Gov't	6	May, 1920	98½	98¾	6.25
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	99	100	5.00
City of Q'b'c	5	Apr., 1920	98⅛	99⅛	5.20
French Gov't	5	Apr., 1916	97¾	98¼	7.35
German Gov't	5	Jan., 1916	96¼	97¼	10.00
Norw'y Gov't	6	Oct., 1916	99½	100	6.00
Norw'y Gov't	6	Oct., 1917	99½	100	6.00
Swed'h Gov't	6	Dec., 1916	99⅝	100	6.00
Switz. Gov't	5	Mar., 1916	99½	99¾	5.30
Switz. Gov't	6	Mar., 1918	96⅜	96⅞	6.30
Switz. Gov't	5	Mar., 1920	96¼	97	5.73

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Am. Loco.	5	July, 1916	100½	101	4.00
Am.T.&T.sub.	5	Apr., 1916	100¾	101	3.76
Anacon. Cop.	5	Mar., 1917	100¼	100⅝	4.50
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June, 1917	99⅝	99⅞	4.55
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June, 1918	98⅝	98⅞	4.95
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	99⅞	100¼	4.95
Can. Pacific	6	Mar. 2,'24	101¾	102¼	5.70
Ches. & Ohio	5	June, 1919	91⅜	91⅝	7.55
Chi. & W. Ind.	5	Sep., 1915	100	100⅜	2.75
C. P. R. & L.	6	May, 1918	99	100	6.00
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1916	94	96	9.25
Con. Gas. B.	5	Mar., 1917	100	100¼	4.98
Con. Power	6	May 1, 1917	97½	99	6.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1916	99⅝	99⅞	5.15
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1915	100¼	100⅜	2.25
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	99	99⅜	5.90
Gen. Rubber	5	Dec., 1918	97¾	98	5.60
Hav. El. Ry.	6	Sept., 1916	98¼	99¼	6.25
Hocking Val.	6	Nov., 1915	100⅜	101⅛	2.25
Int. Harv.	5	Feb.15,'18	99⅝	99⅞	5.05
Lack. Steel	6	Mar., 1917	97½	98¼	7.66
L. S. & M. S.	5	Sep., 1915	100⅜	100⅝	1.80
L. S. & M. S.	5	Dec., 1915	100⅜	100⅞	2.90
Lou. G. & El.	6	Apr., 1918	97	98⅛	6.35
Mich. Ry	6	June, 1919	98⅜	100	6.00
Minn. G. E.	6	June, 1917	100	101	5.50
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1917	97	99	6.65
N. Eng. Nav.	6	May, 1917	96½	97	7.40
North St. P.	6	June, 1917	99¼	100	6.00
N. Y. Central	5	Sep. 15,'15	100⅜	100¾	1.75
N. Y. Central	5	Oct., 1915	100½	100¾	2.00
N.Y.,N.H.&H.	5	May, 1916	100½	100¾	4.00
Pa. R. R. cv.	3½	Oct., 1915	100	100¼	1.60
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1916	100	100¼	4.45
Sea. Air Line	5	Mar., 1916	99⅞	100¼	4.55
Southern Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	100	100¼	4.60
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	98	98⅛	6.10
Sulz. & Sons	6	June, 1916	99⅝	100	6.00
U. S. Smelt.	5	June, 1918	96¼	97½	5.95
Union Typew.	5	Jan. 15,'16	94½	95½	14.40
United Fruit	6	May, 1917	101	101⅞	5.05
United Fruit	5	May, 1918	98¾	99	5.35
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	98½	100	6.00
Western Pow.	6	July, 1915	100	100¼	3.00
West. Power	6	Mar., 1917	98	99	6.50
W. S. G. & E.	6	Oct., 1917	97	98¼	6.75

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-American	16	16¼	16	16¼
Atlantic Refining	550	560	550	560
Borne-Scrymser	265	275	265	275
Buckeye Pipe Line	100	102	100	102
Chesebrough Mfg	700	715	700	715
Colonial Oil	120	130	120	130
Continental Oil	227	232	227	232
Crescent Pipe Line	40	42	40	42
Cumberland Pipe L.	45	47	45	47
Eureka Pipe Line	223	226	223	226
Galena S. Oil	147	149	147	149
Galena S. Oil pf	135	140	135	140
Illinois Pipe Line	133	135	133	135
Indiana Pipe Line	96	98	96	98
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd	8¼	8½	8¼	8½
Nat. Transit	29	30	29	30
N. Y. Transit	205	208	205	208
Northern Pipe Line	92	94	92	94
Ohio Oil	133	135	133	135
Penn.-Mex. Fuel Co.	57	62	57	62
Pierce Oil	11	11⅛	10½	11
Pierce Oil cv. 6s, 1924	75	78	75	78
Prairie Oil & Gas	307	311	307	311
Prairie Pipe Line	150	152	145	147
Solar Refining	220	230	220	230
Southern Pipe Line	208	212	208	212
South Penn Oil	274	277	274	277
S. W. Pennsylvania	108	112	108	112
Standard Oil of Cal.	276	280	276	280
Standard Oil of Ind.	405	410	405	410
Standard Oil of Kan.	340	350	340	350
Standard Oil of Ky.	245	250	245	250
Standard Oil of Neb.	310	320	310	320
Standard Oil of N. J.	396	399	398	400
Standard Oil of N. Y.	182	184	184	186
Standard Oil of Ohio	425	430	425	430
Swan & Finch	108	113	108	113
Union Tank	79	80	79	80
Vacuum Oil	197	200	197	200
Washington Oil	33	35	33	35

Profits from Investments

which are temporarily speculative have attracted so much attention that many accustomed to invest conservatively have neglected the good, adequately secured investments which may be bought on such desirable terms. We believe every one who is conservative and has money available should study the high-grade bonds and notes we are recommending. A number of these securities are described in our Circular B-8, for which we invite requests.

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FINANCIAL.

Evansville and Terre Haute Equipment Obligations,
Series B and C.

In pursuance of an agreement between William J. Jackson, Receiver of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad, and the undersigned, dated June 25, 1915, notice is hereby given that on the 1st day of July, 1915, the undersigned will, at its office, Nos. 16 to 22 William Street, New York, N. Y., purchase at par any or all of the equipment obligations which became due February 1, 1915, issued under and secured by agreements dated respectively February 1, 1905, and February 1, 1906, between Blair & Company, Evansville and Terre Haute Railroad Company and Bankers Trust Company, Trustee, known as Equipment Obligations Series B and Series C of said Evansville and Terre Haute Railroad Company. The undersigned will, at the time of such purchase, pay to the holders of said equipment obligations respectively, out of moneys deposited with it by said Receiver, interest on the principal amounts thereof at the rate of five and one-half per cent. per annum from the 1st day of February, 1915, to the 1st day of July, 1915, amounting to $22.92 per $1,000, and will, in like manner, pay at par the coupons which fell due on said equipment obligations on February 1, 1915, on presentation and surrender of said coupons respectively.

The undersigned will also, on July 1, 1915, pay out of moneys deposited with it by said Receiver under said agreement, interest at the rate of five and one-half per cent. per annum for the five months from February 1, 1915, to July 1, 1915, amounting to $22.92 per $1,000, upon the principal amounts of said equipment obligations Series C, maturing August 1, 1915, and February 1, 1916, upon the production of the coupons maturing August 1, 1915, so that there may be noted thereon that said payment has been made in lieu of the interest represented by the August 1, 1915, coupons accrued up to July 1, 1915, on the equipment obligations to which such coupons appertain.

Such ownership certificates as may be required by the Federal Income Tax Law must accompany the equipment obligations and their coupons.

Dated, New York, June 28, 1915.

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY,
By EDWIN S. MARSTON, President.

Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company.

Interest on First Mortgage Five Per Cent Gold Bonds secured by Sinking Fund, due January 1, 1918, of this Company will be paid on or after July 1, 1915, upon presentation of Coupon No. 15 to the Columbia Trust Company, No. 60 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

J. M. B. HOXSEY, Treasurer.

COTTON ADVANCES ON LIGHT TRADING

Upturn Is Aided by Liverpool Reports of Big Spot Trade and Higher Prices.

MARKET CLOSES AT THE TOP

Exports for the Day 15,000 Bales and Total for the Season Only 775,000 Below Last Year.

Cotton yesterday showed an excellent undertone, although the volume of business was still rather light. There was a recovery of 8 to 12 points from Saturday's final prices, and the market closed around the best figures of the day. The upturn was aided by a good market at Liverpool, where contracts showed an advance of 8 to 9 points and spot sales reached the big total of 15,000 bales, the largest day's business transacted in many months.

Inasmuch as the cotton market is still very narrow it is only reasonable to look for a material recovery from the recent depression, particularly as the market has shown no great weakness in spite of numerous adverse factors. The whole month of June has been characterized by good weather, although the progress of the crop has been rather disappointing, owing to an excess of moisture and the fear of damage from boll weevils. The plant is now entering the dry month of July in a sappy stage, and is, therefore, unusually exposed to drought and high temperatures.

Yesterday's private reports on the condition of the crop gives some indication of the present state of affairs. The Memphis Commercial Appeal places the condition of the crop at 80.5, compared with 80.2 last month. Clement, Curtis & Co. of Chicago made the condition 80.8 compared with 82.9 last month. This firm estimates the reduction in acreage at 16 per cent. The Journal of Commerce in its special reports credited Mississippi and Louisiana with a moderate gain in condition, but showed a loss for Alabama and Arkansas. None of these reports were as optimistic as believers in a large crop would like to have them.

If the report of the Department of Agriculture, which will be published on Thursday, shows practically no gain in condition during June and reports a heavy decrease in acreage, it is not at all improbable that the large short interest will be forced to cover. The acreage situation this year is extremely complicated. There are indications that farmers are cultivating more land for all crops than ever before in order to provide themselves with foodstuffs, but at the same time they have curtailed their cotton acreage considerably. The question, therefore, arises as to whether cotton or food crops will be given preference in the event that bad weather necessitates a choice.

Today and tomorrow additional private crop reports will be issued. The market, however, is not likely to show much tendency until after the Government report on Thursday. Detailed weather advices yesterday showed scattered showers over practically the entire belt.

Exports yesterday amounted to more than 15,000 bales, and the total for the season is 8,100,000 bales, which is only 775,000 bales less than the total last year to date.

Southern spot markets as officially reported were unchanged to 1-16c lower. The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 10 points advance, 9.55 for middling upland. The range of contract prices was as follows (closed steady):

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	9.30	9.21	9.29@ 9.30	9.21@ 9.23
Oct.	9.76	9.64	9.75@ 9.76	9.63@ 9.64
Dec.	9.98	9.91	9.98@ 9.99	9.86@ 9.87
Jan.	10.06	9.98	10.05@10.06	9.94@ 9.95
March	10.30	10.22	10.29@10.31	10.18@10.20
May	10.47	10.47	10.50@10.52	10.39@10.41

RECEIPTS AT LEADING PORTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Galveston	1,572	1,337	8,849
New Orleans	470	931	135
Mobile	189	12	458
Savannah	599	458	73
Charleston	15	25	13
Wilmington	112	193	..
Norfolk	317	336	372

Total port receipts, 3,339 bales, against 9,358 same day last year.

RECEIPTS AT PRINCIPAL INTERIOR POINTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Augusta	8	256	308
Memphis	254	828	736
St. Louis	75	66	177
Houston	1,912	1,820	2,509

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS.

	Today.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Galveston	2,500 to 3,000	2,326	2,940
New Orleans	3,000 to 3,500	1,136	670

Total exports yesterday, 15,483 bales; so far this season, 8,100,645, against 8,876,102 same period last year.

SPOT MARKETS.

Sales.		Price. Middling.	Stocks. 1915.	Stocks. 1914.
600	New Orleans	9.00	177,924	95,485
..	Mobile	8.63	15,989	9,092
221	Savannah	8.31	69,348	22,602
350	Galveston	9.00	158,190	94,499
..	Wilmington	..	34,514	11,298
126	Norfolk	8.75	52,274	18,607
81	Augusta	8.88	85,472	15,110
325	Memphis	8.75	....	23,891
225	St. Louis	9.00	22,750	17,981
249	Houston	8.95	70,585	50,054

The Liverpool market opened quiet. There was a good demand business in spot cotton, with middling four points advance at 5.17d. Sales, 15,000 bales. Receipts 13,000 bales, all American. Closed steady.

Pierce Oil Report Issued.

The Pierce Oil Corporation omits reference to its business in Mexico in its annual report because of the disturbed conditions in that country. Trading profits from commercial operations in the United States in 1914 amounted to $644,717, according to the statement yesterday. After expenses and bond interest had been deducted a deficit of $101,561 remained.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Gas Co.	101	102
American Light & Traction	323	327
American Light & Traction pf.	108½	110½
Adirondack Electric Power	14½	15½
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	53	56
*American Gas & Electric	92	94
*American Gas & Electric pf.	47	49
American Power & Light	60	64
American Power & Light pf.	79	82
American Public Utilities	35	40
American Public Utilities pf.	62	†65
American W. W. & E.	7	9
American W. W. & E. partic. pf.	16	19
American W. W. & E. 1st pf.	58	62
Cities Service	48	51
Cities Service pf.	54	56
Colorado Power	18	19½
Colorado Power pf.	90	92½
Commonwealth P. R. & L.	51	54
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf.	79	82
Consumers' Power 5s, 1929	90	91
Dayton Power & Light	31	36
Dayton Power & Light pf.	81	86
Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s	89	91
Electric Bond Deposit pf.	63	70
Electric Bond & Share pf.	98½	101
Empire District Electric 5s	72	76
Empire District Electric pf.	60	70
Federal Light & Traction	13	16
Federal Light & Traction pf.	56	60
Gas & Electric Securities	65	75
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	70	80
Great Western Power 5s, 1946	79½	81
Lincoln Gas & Electric	15	25
Northern Ontario Light & Power	10	15
Northern Ontario Light & P. pf.	50	55
Northern States Power	28	29
Northern States Power pf.	83½	85
Ozark Power & Water	15	20
Pacific Gas & Electric	43	45
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	84	86
Republic Ry. & Light Co.	15	18
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf.	62	66
Southern California Edison	71	74
Southern California Edison pf.	90	94
*Standard Gas & Electric	5½	7
*Standard Gas & Electric pf.	23½	25
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	5½	7
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power pf.	27	30
United Light & Rys.	40	45
United Light & Rys. 1st pf.	67	70
United Light & Rys. 2d pf.	65	69
Utah Securities	13½	16
Western Power	13½	15
Western Power pf.	54	58

*Par value $50. †Ex. div.

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
50	Cons. Coal	95	95	95	95
105	Cons. Power	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼
25	Cons. Power pf.	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾
40	Northern Cent.	85¼	85¾	85¾	85¾
602	Penn. W. & P.	64	65	64	64½
100	United R. & E.	22	22½	22	22½
25	Wayland O. & G.	2½	2½	2½	2½

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	C. Balt. 4s, '61.	95¾	95¾	95¾	95¾
1,000	Md. Elec. 5s.	95	95	95	95
8,000	M.V.-W.C.D.5s	35¼	35½	35¼	35½
1,000	U.R.&E. 1st 4s	80¼	80¼	80¼	80¼
10,000	U.R.&E. inc. 4s	56	56	55⅝	55⅝
1,400	U.R.&E. fdg. 5s	81	81	81	81

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
227	Ahmeek	99½	100	99½	99½
536	Alaska	37⅞	38½	37⅞	38⅛
150	Allouez	56½	56½	56½	56½
365	Amalgamated	75¼	76	75¼	75⅞
6,460	Am. Zinc	57	57	55½	55½
15	Anaconda	36¾	36¾	36¾	36¾
200	Arizona Com.	7⅝	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞
100	Arnold	1	1	1	1
1,660	Butte & Sup.	72½	72½	71¼	71¼
175	Cal. & Ariz.	65¼	65½	65¼	65¼
11	Cal. & Hecla	580	580	580	580
25	Centennial	19	19	19	19
275	Chino	46⅞	46⅞	46¼	46¾
465	Copper Range	55¼	55½	54½	54½
60	Daly West	3½	3½	3½	3½
145	East Butte	12⅝	12⅞	12⅝	12⅝
80	Franklin	10	10	10	10
312	Granby	88½	89	88½	89
191	Greene Can.	40¼	40¼	39⅞	39⅞
352	Hancock	18½	18½	18	18
10	Inspiration	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝
560	Keweenaw	3	3¼	3	3¼
15	Lake	13¾	14¼	13¾	14
50	Mason Valley	2½	2½	2½	2½
350	Mass. Consolid.	13	13	13	13
10	Miami	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾
215	Michigan	2½	2½	2½	2½
415	Mohawk	79¾	79¾	78¾	78¾
1,625	New Arcadian	12¼	12¼	11⅞	12¼
60	Nipissing	6¼	6¼	6	6
1,520	North Butte	33¼	33½	32¼	32¼
103	North Lake	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
25	Ojibway	2	2	2	2
100	Old Colony	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
20	Old Dominion	55	55	55	55
62	Osceola	90½	91	90½	91
45	Pond Creek	16½	16¾	16½	16¾
50	Quincy	87	87	85¾	85¾
50	Ray Con.	24½	24½	24½	24½
175	Santa Fe	2⅞	3	2⅞	3
50	Shannon	8¾	9	8¾	9
40	St. Mary's L.	57½	57¾	57¼	57¾
270	Sup. & Bost.	3½	3½	3½	3½
60	Superior Cop.	29	29	29	29
10	Tamarack	38	38	38	38
170	Trinity	5⅛	5⅛	5	5
1,000	Tuolumne	52c.	52c.	51c.	51c.
1,205	U. S. Smelting.	44	44½	43½	43½
101	U. S. Smelt. pf	47½	47½	47½	47½
740	Utah Apex	4⅝	4¾	4⅝	4 11/16
45	Utah Consol	14½	14½	14¼	14¼
195	Utah Copper	68	69¼	68	68⅞
161	Victoria	3	3¼	2⅞	2⅞
20	Winona	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
75	Wolverine	62	62	61⅝	61⅝

RAILROADS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
5	Boston & Al.	177¼	177¼	177¼	177¼
10	Boston Elev.	74	74	73¾	73¾
61	Boston & Me.	31½	31½	31	31
5	Fitchburg pf.	66	66	66	66
5	Mass. Elec. pf.	36¾	36¾	36½	36½
10	Nor. & Worc.	145	145	145	145
150	N.Y., N.H.&H.	64¾	65⅛	64½	65⅛
5	W. E. S. R. pf.	81⅞	81⅞	81⅞	81⅞

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
5	Am. Ag. Ch.	52½	52½	52½	52½
35	A. Ag. Ch. pf.	94½	95	94½	95
795	Am. Pn. Ser.	3	3	2⅞	2⅞
110	A. P. Sef. pf.	18	18	18	18
33	Am. Sugar	107	108	107	108
27	Am. Sugar pf.	114	115	114	114½
234	Am. T. & T.	123⅞	123⅞	123½	123¾
16	Am. Wool. pf.	97½	97½	97	97
155	A., G. & W. I.	11	11½	11	11½
425	A., G.&W.I. pf.	27¾	28	26⅞	27
525	E. Boston Ld.	10	10⅛	10	10
1	Edison	237	237	237	237
6	Gen. Electric	170	170	170	170
497	Mass. Gas	90½	90¾	89¼	89¾
51	Mass. Gas pf.	90	90¼	89¾	90¼
25	N. E. Tel.	129	129	129	129
5	Pullman	160	160	160	160
10	Reece Folding	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
49	Swift & Co.	109¼	110	109¼	110
75	Torrington	32½	32½	32¼	32¼
102	United Fruit	136	136	135	135
550	Un. Shoe Ma.	51¾	52	51½	52
258	U. Sh. M. pf.	28½	28½	28½	28½
825	U. S. Steel	60¾	61¼	60¾	61

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	A., G.&W.I.5s.	72	72	71⅞	72
10,000	C., M. & St. P. conv. 5s.	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜
2,000	N. E. Tel. 5s, 1932	101¼	101¼	101⅛	101⅛
1,000	Swift 5s	96	96	96	96
2,000	Un. Fruit 4½s, 1923	95¼	95¼	95¼	95¼
3,000	W. T. & T. 5s.	96	96	95⅞	95⅞

BOSTON CURB.

BOSTON, June 28.—The closing Boston Curb bid and asked quotations:

	Bid	Asked.		Bid	Asked.
Alvarado	.70	.80	First N. C.	2 1/16	2 3/16
B. St. Gas.	.11	.12	Houghton	4	4½
Begole	1	1¼	Iron Bloss.	.85	.88
Bingham	9⅝	10	La Rose	.50	.52
Bohemia	2⅝	3	Majestic	.94	.96
Boston [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Butte & L.	.23	.24	Mex. Mets.	.25	.26
Calaveras	1⅜	1⅞	M. of Am.	2⅝	2⅞
Champ. C.	.09	.10	N. Baltic.	3⅞	4
Chief Con.	1 1/16	1⅛	Nev. Doug.	.45	.50
Cortez	.30	.40	Ohio Cop.	.22	.25
N. Cornelia	7½	8	Oneco	1⅜	1⅝
Con. Ariz.	.75	.85	So. Lake	6⅝	6¾
Con. Cop.	2	2¼	Stew't M.	2⅝	2 11/16
Crown Res.	.70	.85	Utah Mets.	4 5/16	4⅜
Davis-D.	1 1/16	1⅛	U. V. Ext.	4⅝	4¾
Eagle & B.	1 1/16	1 3/16	Yukon G.	3½	3¾

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
15	Am. Shipb'g.	34	34	34	34
15	C. Rys., Ser. 4	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
100	Goodrich	53⅜	53⅜	53⅜	53⅜
20	Ill. Brick	64	64	64	64
50	M.-Ward pf.	112	112⅜	112	112⅜
95	Nat. Carbon	106	106	106	106
10	Pub. Service	81½	81½	81½	81½
54	Peo. Gas	115½	115½	115½	115½
20	Quak. Oats pf.	106	106	106	106
36	Sears-Roebuck	138	138	138	138
1,038	Stew.-Warner	67	67	67	67
200	Swift & Co.	109¾	110	109¾	110
95	Union Carbide	151	151	151	151
15	Un. Carb. rts.	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	C. Ry. 1st 5s.	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝
5,000	Chi. Gas 5s.	101	101	101	101
1,000	Com. Ed. 5s.	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼
2,000	Swift 5s.	96	96	96	96

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
35	Am. Gas, N. J.	100½	100½	100¼	100¼
695	Baldwin Loco.	67	67	66½	66½
50	Baldwin L. pf.	102½	102½	102½	102½
100	Buff. & S. pf.	39½	39½	39½	39½
20	Cambria Steel.	48¾	48¾	48¾	48¾
100	Chi. Gt. West.	11½	11½	11½	11½
210	Gen. Asphalt	32½	33	32½	33
235	Gen. Asphalt pf	69	70	69	70
8	Ins. Co. of N.A.	22½	22½	22½	22½
7,431	Lake Superior.	10⅛	10⅛	8⅞	8⅞
185	Lehigh Nav.	75½	75½	75½	75½
165	L. V. Tran. pf.	28½	28⅝	28½	28⅝
5	North Penn.	91	91	91	91
1,072	Penn. R. R.	53½	53¾	53⅝	53⅝
20	Penn. Salt Mfg.	89	89	89	89
20	Penn. Steel pf.	58	58	58	58
100	Phila. Co.	35	35	35	35
110	Phila. Electric.	23⅝	23⅞	23⅝	23¾
260	Phila. R.T. ctfs.	9	9	8⅞	8⅞
3	Phila. Traction	74	74	74	74
935	Reading	75⅛	75⅜	75⅛	75⅛
2,150	Tono. Belmont.	4⅛	4⅛	4	4
50	Tono. Mining.	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
20	Union Traction	33	33	33	33
80	Un. Gas Imp.	85¼	85¼	85	85
2,345	U. S. Steel	61¼	61¼	60⅜	60⅞
30	Warwick I.&S.	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜
150	Wm. Cramp & Sons	61½	61½	61	61

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Am. G. & E. 5s	86¼	86¼	86¼	86¼
100	Am. G. & E. 5s	85½	85½	85½	85½
1,000	Beth. Steel 6s.	117	117	117	117
2,000	Elec. & Peo. 4s ctfs.	75½	75½	75½	75½
1,000	Equit. Ill. Gas 5s	105½	105½	105½	105½
2,000	Keystone Tel. 5s	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝
1,000	Leh. Nav. con. 4½s	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜
1,000	Lehigh Valley Coal 5s	104	104	104	104
7,000	Lehigh Valley con. 6s	110	110	110	110
6,000	Lehigh Valley gen. 4½s	98⅜	98⅜	98⅜	98⅜
10,000	Penn. R.R. gen. 4½s, 1965	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛
5,000	Penn. R.R. gen. 4½s	98¼	98¼	98⅛	98⅛
4,000	Penn. R. R. 4s, 1931	94½	94½	94½	94½
100	Phila. Elec. 4s.	80	80	80	80
100	Phila. Elec. 4s.	79	79	79	79
1,000	Reading gen. 4s	92½	92½	92½	92½

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am. W. G. pf.	99	99	99	99
38	A. W. G. M. pf.	80	80	80	80
470	Colum. G. & E.	12⅞	12⅞	12½	12½
10	Elk Co. N. Gas.	114½	114½	114½	114½
47	Harbison-W. pf.	99	99	99	99
10	Indpt. Brewing.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
130	Mfrs. L. & H.	47⅞	47⅞	47⅞	47⅞
25	Nat. Fireproofing	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
20	Ohio Fuel Oil	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
400	Pure Oil	14	14	14	14
900	San Toy	13c	13c	13c	13c
45	Union Nat. Gas.	131	131	131	131
50	Westh. A. B.	131	131	131	131
60	Westh. Electric.	50	50½	50	50½

BOND.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Col. G. & E. 5s	75	75	75	75

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Receipts and expenditures:

	June 26.	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$747,683	$15,946,918	$207,222,881
Int. rev., ord.	1,169,968	26,934,718	325,462,855
Corp. and income tax	1,883,836	19,106,411	35,767,484
Miscellaneous	82,266	6,925,638	70,576,105
Total rcts.	$3,883,755	$68,912,781	$639,028,777
Expenditures	2,928,243	49,942,706	725,961,760
Surplus	955,512	18,970,075	*86,932,983

*Deficit.

TO SELL $71,000,000 OF CITY BONDS TODAY

Two Wall Street Syndicates to Bid for "All or None" of Big Issue.

WAR MAY CONTROL PRICE

Great Popular Demand Expected by Financiers for Short Term $25,000,000 Serials.

The sale by the city of $71,000,000 in 4½ per cent. bonds will take place at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Among the bids two are expected from Wall Street banking syndicates which will call for "all or none" of the issue, while a heavy total of applications is expected for parts of the $46,000,000 fifty-year bonds and the $25,000,000 of serial bonds. Predictions were made in the financial district yesterday that the total would be generously oversubscribed.

J. P. Morgan & Co., the National City Bank, the First National Bank, the Guaranty Trust Company, and Harris, Forbes & Co. are included in one syndicate, together with a number of other institutions and firms. The second will be headed by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and William A. Read. The Morgan firm will appear as leader of a syndicate bidding for an entire issue of city securities for the first time since 1908. It will be recalled that the house assisted the city last Winter in placing a loan of $100,000,000 for the purpose of meeting maturing obligations abroad, and the statement was made in responsible quarters yesterday that the prime reason for J. P. Morgan & Co.'s activity at this time is to assist the city in making a success of the new issue.

A proportionately greater participation in the bids for serial bonds is expected than for the long-term portion of the total. Several minor groups have been organized to bid for the serials in blocks of $100,000 or more. The bidders believe that the bonds which mature annually from June 1, 1916, to June 1, 1930, will be decidedly popular among investors because of the early dates of maturity.

Bond men were reluctant yesterday to attempt a forecast of the probably price the city will receive. The syndicate bids probably will not be placed until a few minutes before the hour of sale, and, it was said, overnight developments in financial matters at home and abroad might affect the bids materially.

Comments made on the pending bond issue since it was announced by Controller Prendergast brought a letter to the Controller yesterday, written by Allan Robinson, President of the Allied Real Estate Interests. Mr. Robinson criticised those who, he said, had been attacking the credit of the city.

Mr. Robinson said he could imagine an attack being made by unscrupulous bidders who wanted to buy the bonds at a low figure, but it seemed inconceivable that taxpayers could take a position against the issue in view of the fact that a low price would merely add to the burden of the taxpayers. If the public should investigate the city's financial condition, said he, it would find an ample margin over and above the city's indebtedness after the new issue was placed.

In reply Mr. Prendergast reiterated the statement he has made to inquirers before—that after the sale is made the city's constitutional debt incurring power will still be more than $51,000,000, as only $4,300,000 of new indebtedness will be incurred by the sale.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Andes	.05	Mexican	.36
Belcher	.22	Occidental Con.	.79
Best & Belcher	.06	Ophir	.11
Caledonia	.20	Overman	.06
Confidence	.07	Savage	.08
Con. Cal. & Va.	.06	Seg. Belcher	.02
Gould & Curry	.02	Sierra Nevada	.04
Hale & Norcross	.08	Union Con.	.17
Kentucky Con.	.01	Yellow Jacket	.31

TONOPAH.			
Belmont	4.05	C. O. D.	.03
Jim Butler	.93	Comb. Fraction	.09
McNamara	.02	Diamondf. Daisy	.04
Midway	.15	Diamondf. B. B.	.02
Montana	.27	Florence	.51
North Star	.15	Goldf. Con. M.	1.47½
Rescue Eula	.08	Goldf. Merger	.22
Tonopah Ext.	2.95	Jumbo Ext.	1.60
Tonopah Merger	.40	Lone Star	.05
Victor	.33	Silver Pick	.10
West End	.83	Vernal	.05
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	.21
Atlanta	.30	Round Mountain	.54
		MANHATTAN.	
Booth	.50	Manhat. Big F.	.05

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	10¾	11	Gold Sov.	4	5
Elkton	39½	40½	Isabella	18	18¾
El Paso	92	100	Jackpot	6½	..
Findlay	4¾	5	McKinney	37	40
Gold. Cycle	176½	178	Portland	144¼	146
Gold Dollar	2	5	Vindicator	173	175

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis.

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
At. Coast Line	1914-'21	4 @4½	4.60	4.45
Balt. & Ohio	1914-'23	4½	4.55	4.40
Buff., Roch. & P.	1914-'30	4½@5	4.60	4.40
Canadian Pacific	1915-'28	4½	4.88	4.80
Ca., Clinch. & O.	1915-'24	5	5.10	4.70
Ches. & Ohio	1914-'24	4½	4.90	4.70
Chi. & N. W.	1914-'23	4½	4.50	4.25
Chi., Ind. & Louis.	1914-'23	5	5.10	4.80
C., R. I. & P. Ry.	1915-'25	4½@5	7.50	5.50
C., St. L. & N. O.	1915-'24	5	4.80	4.60
C., C., C. & St. L.	1915-'29	5	5.20	5.00
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	4.50	4.40
Erie Railroad	1914-'23	4½@5	4.85	4.60
Hocking Valley	1914-'23	4 @5	4.85	4.70
Illinois Central	1914-'23	4½@5	4.55	4.40
Louis. & Nash	1914-'23	5	4.50	4.25
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1914-'28	5	6.25	5.25
Mo. Pacific	1914-'22	5	6.50	5.50
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1915-'28	4½@5	5.00	4.80
Norfolk & West.	1915-'24	4½	4.50	4.30
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1915-'28	6	4.95	4.70
Penn. G. Freight	1914-'23	4 @4½	4.40	4.20
St. L., I. M. & S.	1914-'24	5	5.25	4.95
Seaboard Air Line	1914-'23	5	4.95	4.80
Southern Railway	1914-'24	4½@5	4.90	4.75
Southern Pacific	1914-'23	4½	4.55	4.40
Virginian Ry.	1914-'19	5	4.90	4.70

BOSTON BANK STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 28.—Weekly statement of the associated banks:

	June 26, '15.	Inc. from Prev. Wk.
Circulation	$9,086,000	$1,000
Loans, disc. and inv.	249,391,000	*213,000
Ind. Dept. inc. U. S.	196,590,000	*1,054,000
Due to banks	94,481,000	67,000
Time deposits	7,533,000	38,000
Exch. for Clear. House	10,969,000	*3,484,000
Due from banks	28,395,000	*1,165,000
Cash reserve	23,382,000	134,000
Reserve in Fed. Res. Bk.	9,852,000	138,000
Res. with other banks	40,493,000	3,389,000
Cash excess	10,200,000	115,000
Excess in New York	26,851,000	3,370,000
Excess with Fed. R. Bk.	3,061,000	728,000
Total excess	40,082,000	4,213,000

*Decrease.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The National City Bank and Kissel, Kinnicutt & Co. are offering $4,076,000 City of Chicago 4 per cent. gold bonds in maturities from Jan. 1, 1917, to 1935, inclusive, at a price to yield 4.25 per cent.

Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., New York, and Whitaker & Co., St. Louis, managers of a syndicate recently formed for the purchase of $2,000,000 Houston Oil Company-Kirby timber certificates, announce that the syndicate's holdings have been sold.

George B. Caldwell, President of the Sperry & Hutchinson Company, has been elected a Director of C. W. McNear & Co., investment bankers of Chicago.

A. E. Fitkin & Co. are offering first lien 6 per cent. collateral sinking fund gold bonds of the Interstate Electric Corporation at par and interest.

The Bankers' Trust Company of Buffalo is offering an issue of $1,523,000 tax exempt 4½ per cent. registered bonds of the City of Buffalo at a price to yield about 4.15 per cent. The bonds are of various maturities from 1916 to 1965.

R. M. Grant & Co. are offering 313 City of Des Moines 4½ per cent. bonds, due 1916 to 1935, inclusive.

George T. Wilson, President of the Bankers Club of America, announced yesterday that the formal opening of the club rooms in the Equitable Building would occur on Thursday. A reception will be held in the rooms this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Firm in tone during most of the day, the general market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange evinced a little heaviness toward the close. Apparently the renewed decided weakness in foreign exchange was a factor. Earlier a favorable effect had been created by reports that Ambassador Gerard had notified the State Department that the reply of Germany to the American note would be of a conciliatory character. Business on the Exchange was of good volume, with commission houses handling many odd lot orders.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,970	Amal. Copper	75	76¼	74⅝	75½
20	Ar. Beet Sugar	50	50	50	50
1,040	American Can.	45⅝	45⅝	45	45⅛
60	Am. Car & F.	56¼	56¼	55⅞	55⅞
60	Am. Ice Sec.	29⅜	29½	29⅜	29½
110	Am. Loco.	51	51	50⅞	50⅞
570	Am. Smelting	79⅞	81¼	79⅞	80½
210	Anaconda Cop.	36⅜	36⅜	36⅛	36⅜
100	Baldwin Loco.	67	67	65⅞	66⅞
200	Can. Pacific	147½	147½	146	146
250	Cent. Leather	40⅞	41¼	40⅞	41
10	Ches. & Ohio	39	39	39	39
120	C., R. I. & P.	16¼	17	16¼	16½
40	Chino Copper	46½	46½	46⅜	46⅜
40	Col. F. & I.	32¼	32¼	32	32¼
20	Corn Products	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞
140	Crucible Steel	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝
60	Dist. Securities	27	27	26½	26½
80	Erie	26⅜	26⅜	26⅜	26⅜
120	Erie 1st pf.	41⅜	41⅜	41⅜	41⅜
10,440	Goodrich Co.	52⅞	54⅝	51½	54⅝
20	Gt. North'n ore	36½	36½	36¼	36¼
10	Gt. North'n pf.	119	119	119	119
40	Guggen. Exp.	64½	64⅞	64½	64⅞
10	Inspirat'n Cop.	31½	31½	31½	31½
180	Inter.-Met.	22⅜	22⅞	22⅜	22½
10	Intes.-Met. pf.	76⅝	76⅝	76⅝	76⅝
20	Lehigh Valley	143⅞	143⅞	143⅞	143⅞
20	Maxw'l Motors	41	41	41	41
20	Mexican Pet.	74⅝	74⅝	74⅝	74⅝
20	Mo., K. & T.	10½	10½	10½	10½
540	Mo. Pacific	7⅞	7⅞	7	7⅞
10	Nevada Cop.	15	15	15	15
30	N. Y. Central	89½	89½	89	89
40	N. Y., N. H. & Hartford	65½	65½	65¼	65½
20	Northern Pac.	107¼	107¼	107¼	107¼
40	Pacific Mail	34¼	34¼	34¼	34⅜
40	Pennsylvania	106½	106½	106½	106½
10,560	Reading	150⅜	151¼	149⅜	149⅞
10	Southern Ry.	16½	16½	16½	16½
30	Studebaker Co.	79⅞	79⅞	79⅞	79⅞
960	Union Pacific	128¼	128⅝	128	128¼
3,200	U. S. Rubber	51⅜	51⅜	48⅞	50⅛
7,280	U. S. Steel	61¼	61¼	60⅜	60⅞
100	U. S. Steel pf.	109⅜	109⅜	109⅜	109⅜
630	Utah Copper	68	68⅜	67⅞	68⅜
10	West. Union T.	67	67	67	67
1,020	Westing. El.	100⅛	100⅜	99⅝	100⅜
40,530					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,300	Atlanta	.31	.31	.30½	.30½
500	Gold. Merger	.22½	.22½	.22½	.22½
700	Iron Blossom	.86	.86	.84	.84
300	Jim Butler	.97	.97	.97	.97
200	Mexican	.34	.34	.34	.34
400	Ophir	.13	.13	.13	.13
200	Portland	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40
100	Tonopah Ext.	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
1,700	Tono. Merger	.40	.41	.40	.41
800	West End	.80	.80	.77	.78
6,200					

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the third week of June show these aggregate changes in gross earnings, those showing gains and those showing losses being stated separately:

Eleven roads	$2,958,072	+ $173,682
Thirteen roads	7,166,463	—1,091,439
Total (24 roads)	10,119,535	— 917,757

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA for May—

	1915.	1914.	1913.
Gross	858,157	964,186	1,003,172
Net aft. taxes	137,332	49,287	89,816
Gross, 11 mos.	11,281,382	13,363,821	12,958,452
Net aft. taxes	2,481,639	2,854,520	2,913,810

CUBA RAILROAD for May—

Gross	540,877	462,001	447,127
Net	332,958	221,213	238,690
Sur. aft. chgs.	260,649	149,646	171,899
Gross, 11 mos.	4,749,143	4,732,487	4,232,940
Net	2,469,791	2,293,971	1,996,175
Sur. aft. chgs.	1,688,244	1,544,929	1,261,744

MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS for May—

Gross	719,578	701,460	702,278
Net aft. taxes	219,382	105,276	146,963
Oth. inc., deb.	26,846	18,764	*14,290
Total income	193,066	86,518	161,254
Gross, 11 mos.	9,296,851	8,833,769	8,936,979
Net aft. taxes	2,492,893	2,111,840	2,408,377
Oth. inc., deb.	383,264	317,857	1,636
Total income	2,109,129	1,793,483	2,406,741

*Credit.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

DILLMAN BAKERY for the quarter ended May 31—

Sales	$250,131
Net profits	32,437

PIERCE OIL CORPORATION for the fiscal year to Dec. 31. Owing to disturbed conditions in Mexico, the report includes only income results from operations in the United States—

The trading profits from the commercial operations in the United States during the year ended Dec. 31, 1914, were	$644,717
Miscellaneous expenses	126,494
Net profits	518,222
Other income	117,518
Total	635,741
Charges	540,000
Interest on temporary loans pending issuance of debentures	197,302
Surplus (deficit)	101,561
Balance profit and loss, Dec. 31, 1913	191,496
Credit balance profit and loss Dec. 31, 1914	89,935

DIVIDENDS.

National Properties Company

The Board of Directors has this day declared a semi-annual dividend of three per cent. (3%) on the preferred stock of the company, payable July 15th to stockholders of record at 3 P. M., July 6, 1915.

ALFRED H. NEWBURGER, Treasurer.
New York, June 22, 1915.

UNITED TRACTION AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., June 8, 1915.

A Dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid July 1, 1915, to the registered holders of June 12, 1915. Transfer books will be closed on the 12th inst., and will be reopened June 16, 1915.

C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

United States Realty & Improvement Company.

111 Broadway, New York, June 28th, 1915.

The coupons on this Company's Twenty-Year Debenture 5% Bonds, due on July 1st next, will be paid on July 1st upon presentation at the Company's office, Room 1,408, Trinity Building.

B. M. FELLOWS, Treasurer.

U. S. INDUSTRIAL ALCOHOL CO.

PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 35.

The regular quarterly dividend of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT. upon the Preferred Capital Stock of this Company has been duly declared, payable July 15th, 1915, to preferred stockholders of record July 8th, 1915. Transfer books will not be closed.

JAMES P. McGOVERN, Secretary.

AMERICAN CHICLE COMPANY.
Common Stock Dividend.

New York, June 28th, 1915.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a dividend of one (1) per cent., payable July 20th next to stockholders of record at three P. M. on July 12th, 1915.

F. C. ROWLEY, Secretary.

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York.

New York, June 18th, 1915.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of FIVE PER CENT., payable on and after July 1st, 1915. The transfer books will remain closed until that date.

ELMER E. WHITTAKER, Cashier.

THE ALLIANCE REALTY COMPANY.

The Board of Directors of this company have this day declared a dividend of 1½% on the outstanding capital stock of the company, payable July 15th, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business July 10th, 1915.

HOWARD W. SMITH, Secretary.
New York, June 28th, 1915.

THE BANK OF AMERICA.

New York, June 18th, 1915.

The Board of Directors have today declared a semi-annual dividend of fourteen (14) per cent., free of tax, payable July 1st, 1915, to stockholders of record of this date.

The transfer books will remain closed until July 2d, 1915. W. M. BENNET, Cashier.

William P. Bonbright & Company,
Incorporated.

Northern Ontario Light & Power Company, Limited, has declared semi-annual dividend of three per cent. (3%) on its preferred stock, payable July 15th, 1915, to holders of record at the close of business June 30th, 1915.

JAMES AITCHISON, Secretary.

The Greenwich Bank of the City of New York.

June 15, 1915.

The Board of Directors have this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of three per cent., payable July 1, 1915, to stockholders of record June 20, 1915.

FIFTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

New York, June 25th, 1915.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of THREE PER CENT., payable on and after JULY 1st, 1915.

W. S. BECKLEY, Cashier.

SOUTH PLATTE CANAL AND RESERVOIR CO.

Coupons due July 1st, 1915, of the above company will be paid at the Mechanics & Metals' National Bank, No. 20 Nassau Street, New York City.

Municipal Bonds

Amount		Rate	Maturity	Price	Yield
$15,000	New York State	4	July 1960	101	3.95
25,000	New York State	4½	Jan. 1964	109½	4.05
50,000	St. Louis, Mo.	4	July 1928	99½	4.05
100,000	Essex County, N. J.	4½	July 1955	105¾	4.20
30,000	Hudson County, N. J.	4	Nov. 1957	96	4.20
11,000	Gravesend, N. Y.	5	July 1934	109¾	4.25
35,000	New York City	4½	Nov. 1957	103¾	4.30
20,000	East St. Louis, Ill.	4½	Sept. 1928	101	4.40
15,000	Cape May, N. J.	5	Mar. 1945	104	4.75
25,000	Dickson County, Tenn.	5	July 1943-33	101	4.90
75,000	Hernando County, Florida	5	July 1944	101	4.95
50,000	Rosebud County, Mont.	5	May 1935-25	103½	5.00

Corporation Bonds

Amount		Rate	Maturity	Price	Yield
$25,000	Amer. Tel. & Tel. Co. Col. Tr.	4	July 1929	88¼	5.20
15,000	Buffalo Creek RR. 1st	5	Jan. 1941	106⅝	4.55
26,000	Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh RR., General	5	Sept. 1937	106⅞	4.50
13,000	Chicago, Burl. & Quincy RR., Nebraska Ext.	4	May 1927	96¼	4.40
10,000	Cincinnati Gas Trans. Co. Doubly Guaranteed 1st	5	July 1933	98	5.15
15,000	Columbia Gas & El. Co. 1st	5	Jan. 1927	75	7.00
10,000	Consol. Water Co. of Utica Debentures	5	Jan. 1930	86	6.50
15,000	Cumberland County Power & Light Co. 1st & Refdg.	5	Sept. 1942	97	5.20
25,000	Great Northern Ry. (St. Paul, Minn. & Man. Consol.)	4½	July 1933	101¼	4.40
40,000	New York Central & Hudson River RR. Ref. & Imp.	4½	Oct. 2013	89	5.05
22,000	New York Central RR. Convertible Debentures	6	May 1935	104	5.60
50,000	Pennsylvania RR. Consol.	4½	Aug. 1960	103¾	4.30
10,000	Rockford & Freeport Electric Ry. 1st 5s	5	May 1923	95	5.75
30,000	Swift & Co. First Mortgage	5	July 1944	96	5.25
8,000	Washington, Alexandria & Mt. Vernon Ry. 1st	5	Mar. 1955	87	5.85

Short-Term Issues

Amount		Rate	Maturity	Price	Yield
$10,000	American Tel. & Tel. Subsidiary Co.	5	April 1916	101	3.75
9,000	Erie RR.	5	April 1916	99⅞	5.15
15,000	French Government	5	April 1916	99	6.35
12,000	Sulzburger & Sons Debentures	6	June 1916	100	6.00
5,000	Southern Railway	5	Mar. 1917	98⅝	6.50
19,000	West Penn. Traction Co.	6	Mar. 1917	98½	6.90
15,000	Erie RR.	5½	April 1917	99½	5.80
5,000	United Fruit Co.	6	May 1917	101⅞	5.10
10,000	Baltimore & Ohio RR.	4½	June 1917	99⅝	4.70
25,000	Province of Saskatchewan, Canada	5	Feb. 1918	99	5.40
15,000	Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.	5	July 1918	100¼	4.85
14,000	Chesapeake & Ohio Ry.	5	June 1919	91⅞	7.00
10,000	Chicago, Burlington & Quincy RR., Iowa Division	5	Oct. 1919	102⅞	4.30
15,000	Baltimore & Ohio RR. Equipment	4½	Feb. 1920	100⅝	4.35
24,000	City of Quebec, Canada	5	April 1920	99½	5.10

The above is a specimen of our weekly offering of bonds.
We shall be glad to place the names of those interested on our special list to receive each week current offerings.

A. B. Leach & Co.
Investment Securities
149 Broadway, New York
Chicago Philadelphia Boston Buffalo Baltimore London

$4,076,000
City of Chicago, Illinois
Gold 4% Bonds

Maturities January 1, 1917 to 1935 inclusive
Denomination $500 and $1000
Exempt from Federal Income Tax

Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trustees in New York and all New England States

Price to yield 4.25%

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK
KISSEL, KINNICUTT & CO. NEW YORK—CHICAGO

Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company.

Interest on First and General Mortgage Five Per Cent Bonds of this Company, due 1937, will be paid on or after July 1, 1915, upon presentation of Coupon No. 7, to the Columbia Trust Company, No. 60 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

J. M. B. HOXSEY, Treasurer.

Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company.

Interest on Thirty Year First Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of this Company, due 1941, will be paid on and after July 1, 1915, upon presentation of Coupon No. 9, to the Bankers Trust Company, No. 16 Wall Street, New York, N. Y.

J. M. B. HOXSEY, Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

WORLD FILM CORPORATION.

The Board of Directors of World Film Corporation, having declared an initial dividend of three per cent. (3%) upon the outstanding capital stock of that corporation, payable on July 15, 1915, notice is hereby given that upon receipt of such dividend the voting trustees will pay to the respective holders of voting trust certificates representing such capital stock an amount equal to the dividend of three per cent. (15c per share;) such payment to be made on Thursday, July 15, 1915, to holders of record of such voting trust certificates at the close of business on Tuesday, July 6, 1915. The transfer books will not be closed. Checks will be mailed by Edward B. Smith & Co. of New York City, as agent of the voting trustees.

BRITON N. BUSCH,
GEO. B. COX,
GEO. A. RUHN,
Voting Trustees.

June 24th, 1915.

PIERCE OIL CORPORATION
10-Year 6% Convertible Gold Debentures of 1924

Coupon due July 1, 1915, of the above Debentures will be payable on presentation at our office on and after that date.

LADENBURG, THALMANN & CO.
25 Broad Street.

DIVIDENDS.

FOUNDED 1803

224th Consecutive Semi-Annual Dividend
THE MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK

of the City of New York,
42 Wall Street.

June 24th, 1915.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a dividend of four per cent. (4%), free of tax, payable July 1st, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business this day.

JOSEPH BYRNE, Cashier.

THE ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE RAILWAY COMPANY.

New York, June 1, 1915.

The Board of Directors has declared a semi-annual dividend (being Dividend No. 34) on the PREFERRED STOCK of this Company of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS ($2.50) per share, payable August 2, 1915, out of surplus net income, to holders of said PREFERRED STOCK as registered on the books of the Company at the close of business on June 30, 1915. The books will not be closed. Dividend cheques will be mailed to holders of PREFERRED STOCK who file suitable orders therefor at this office.

C. K. COOPER, Assistant Treasurer,
5 Nassau Street, New York City.

THE PEOPLE'S BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

June 17, 1915.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-EIGHTH CONSECUTIVE SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE PER CENT., payable on and after July 1st, 1915, to stockholders of record June 25th, 1915.

The transfer books to close June 25th, 1915, and reopen July 1st, 1915.

WILLIAM MILNE, Cashier.

Buffalo & Susquehanna R. R. Corp.
First Mortgage 4% Fifty-Year Gold Bonds.

The July 1st, 1915, coupons of Buffalo & Susquehanna Railroad Corporation First Mortgage 4% Fifty-year Gold Bonds will be paid at the office of Messrs. Edward B. Smith & Co., 27 Pine Street, New York City. Interest on the registered bonds will be paid from the company's office, Buffalo, New York.

DIVIDENDS.

263rd Consecutive Semi-Annual Dividend

ESTABLISHED 1784.

The Bank of New York
National Banking Association

New York, June 22nd, 1915.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Eight (8%) per cent., payable on and after July 1st, 1915.

The transfer books will remain closed from June 25th, 1915, to July 1st, 1915.

JOSEPH ANDREWS, Cashier.

218th DIVIDEND

CHARTERED 1799.
Bank of the Manhattan Company.

New York, June 22, 1915.

The President and Directors of the Manhattan Company have declared a dividend of SEVEN PER CENT. out of the earnings of the past six months, free from tax, payable on and after July 1, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 25th, 1915. Transfer books will remain closed until July 1st, 1915.

D. H. FIERSON, Cashier.

THE MARKET AND FULTON NATIONAL BANK

New York, June 22, 1915.

A QUARTERLY dividend of Three per cent. upon the capital stock of this Bank has been declared, payable, free of tax, on and after July 1st, 1915. The transfer books will be closed until that date.

JOHN H. CARR, Cashier.

OFFICE OF
DAY & ZIMMERMANN,
ENGINEERS-MANAGERS,
611-613 CHESTNUT ST.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

The Board of Directors of the Penn Central Light and Power Company have declared a dividend of One Per Cent. (1%) on the Preferred Capital Stock of the Company, payable July 5th, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 28th, 1915.

J. E. ZIMMERMANN,
Treasurer.

J.K.Rice, Jr.&Co. Buy & Sell
Aetna Explosives Com. Stock
Atlas Powder Com. Stock
Du Pont Powder Com. Stock
E. W. Bliss Com. Stock
Great Northern Paper Stock
Hercules Powder Com. Stock
Int. St'm Pump Com. & Pfd. Stock
New Jersey Zinc Stock
Niles-Bement-Pond Com. Stock
Victor Talking Mach. Com. Stock
J.K.Rice, Jr.&Co.
Phones 4001 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Bank Stocks
We Will Buy
Hudson Trust.
Home Insurance.
Mechanics & Metals Nat'l.
Mortgage Bond.
National Park.
Gilbert Eliott & Co
27 Pine St., N. Y. Tel. John 6210

WANTED
DuPont Powder
HerculesPowder
Hosmer & Webb
Tel. 6962-6 Broad. 35 Broad St.

Du Pont Powder
Hercules Powder
Atlas Powder
Aetna Explosives
C.C.Kerr & Co.
15 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 2622 Rector.

FOR SALE
$100,000
Pennsylvania Co.
3½s.
due Dec., 1944
SAM'L. GOLDSCHMIDT
Tel. Broad 5380. 25 BROAD ST., N. Y.

WANTED
10 Dayton Power & Light Pfd.
FOR SALE
20 Pacolet Mfg. Common
50 Lockhart Mills Common
Bigelow & Company
25 Pine St. Phone John 6290.

Aetna Explosives
Lawyers Mortgage Co.
Safety Car Heating & Ltg.
Du Pont-Hercules-Atlas Powders
John Burnham & Co.
Private Wire to All Markets.
115 Broadway. Tel. Rector 9876. New York.

Trading Market in all Active
Curb Stocks
E. BUNGE & CO.
44 Broad St.—'Phone 6951-6 Broad—N. Y.

FOR SALE
International Agricul. Corp. Pfd.
Canadian Car & Foundry Pfd.
Childs Restaurant Com. & Pfd.
Niles-Bement-Pond Pfd.
HOTCHKIN & CO.
Incorporated.
84 Pine St., N. Y. 53 State St., Boston.
Phone 4161 John. Private Phone to Boston.

Consumers Power 5s
Ontario Transmission 5s
Butte Electric Power 5s
Blue Ridge Electric 5s
GEO. REITH & CO
50 BROAD ST. N.Y. 'PHONE BROAD 3665

American Public Utilities Co.
Owns and Operates Fifteen Good Properties in Growing Communities.
Preferred Stock Yields 8½%.
H. F. McConnell & Co.
25 Pine St. Tel. 6064 John, New York.

DU PONT POWDER
SAVAGE ARMS
AMERICAN TYPEFOUNDERS
INGERSOLL-RAND
PHELPS DODGE & CO.
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO
Phone Broad 5140, 30 Broad St., New York
Private telephone to Boston and Philadelphia.

Standard Motor Const'n 6s, 1927
General Baking Securities.
Cushman's Sons Com. & Pfd.
Auto-Sales Gum & Choc. 6s, 1931
DIDRICHSEN & CO.
Tel. 3174-5-6-7 John. 34 Pine St., N. Y.

Niles-Bement-Pond.
Savage Arms.
Hercules Powder.
GWYNNE BROTHERS
25 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 3282 Broad.

—WHEAT—
Write for special letter
Morris & Wilmarth
Tel. Broad 2538. 32 Broadway.
Members Chicago Board of Trade,
Consolidated Stock Exch. of N. Y.,
N.Y. Coffee Exch. N. Y. Produce Exch.
Established over 19 years.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Stocks Close Lower in a Quiet Trading Session—New York Bonds Active.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 155,795 shares of stock and $49,000 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrial, 25,265; railroads, 400; oils, 830, and mining, 129,300. The range of prices of all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
800	Alliance Film..	¾	¾	¾	¾
3,600	Am. Zinc......	56½	57¼	55⅝	55⅝
100	Burns Bros....	75½	75½	75½	75½
1,070	Can. N. G. C..	1⅞	2⅛	1⅞	2
4,500	*Car. L. & P.	7⅝	7⅝	6¼	6½
250	*Cramp Ship..	62½	62½	61	61
275	*Electric Boat.	122	123	122	123
10	*Elec. B. pf...	120	120	120	120
500	Emer. Phono...	13⅞	14	13⅞	14
1,460	*Int. Mer. Ma.	2	2	1⅞	1⅞
575	*Int. M. M. pf.	7¼	7¼	6⅞	6⅞
840	*Int. Motors...	14	14	13	13
35	Kel. Sp'f'd Ti.	159	160	159	160
300	Man. Transit..	11-16	¾	11-16	¾
2,100	Marconi of A.	2⅞	3⅛	2⅞	3⅛
150	N. Y. Trans..	14½	14½	14½	14½
100	*Pyr. Mfg. Co.	11	11	11	11
500	Cor. of R. & H.	6⅝	6⅝	6½	6⅝
2,500	*Stand. Mot...	7¼	7½	6¾	7
500	*Sterling Gum.	3	3	3	3
1,500	*St. Jo. Lead.	12¼	12¼	12	12¼
800	U. C. S., new.	10⅜	10½	10⅜	10½
600	Un. Pr. Sh....	3 1-16	3⅛	3	3 1-16
3,200	*World Film..	4½	4⅝	4¼	4⅝

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
6	Atlantic Ref...	555	553	553	−2
24	Illinois P. L...	135	133	133	−1
500	*Inter. Pet'l'm.	8½	8¼	8¼	−¼
17	Ohio Oil	134	133	134	−1
20	Pierce Oil.....	12	11½	11½	+⅜
150	Prai. P. L....	151	147	151	+5
3	S. O. of N. J..	402	399	399	..
105	S. O. of N. Y..	185	183	183	−2
5	Un. Tank L...	80	80	80	..

RAILROADS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	*Wabash, w. i.	12	12	12	12
200	*Wabash pf.(a)	46⅛	46⅛	46	46
100	*Wabash pf.(b)	22¼	22¼	22¼	22¼

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
3,600	*Alask. Juneau	14⅝	15	‡14⅝	14⅝
3,300	*Al.-C. M. Co.	70	72	70	72
2,500	*†Atlanta	31	31	31	31
2,000	*†Big Cotton..	6	6	6	6
750	Big Ledge D..	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
500	*†Booth	50	50	50	50
500	Braden Copper	7¼	7¼	7	7¼
800	*Canadian C..	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,600	*Chile Copper.	20⅜	20⅜	20⅛	20⅜
1,000	Cons. Ariz. S.	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16
500	Cons. Nev.-U.	1-16	1-16	1-16	1-16
500	Davis D. Cop..	1½	1 9-16	1½	1 9-16
1,800	*†Emma Cop..	25	25	25	25
1,010	First Nat. C..	2¾	2⅞	2¾	2⅞
500	†Florence	53	53	53	53
600	*†Genesee Cop.	43	43	43	43
300	Goldfield Cons.	1½	1 9-16	1½	1 9-16
3,400	*†Goldfield M.	22½	23	22½	22½
150	Greene-Canan.	40½	40½	40	40
200	Howe Sound..	3⅛	3¼	3⅛	3¼
1,800	*Iron Blossom.	85	85	84	84
1,700	Jumbo Exten.	1 9-16	1 11-16	1 9-16	1 11-16
500	*†Kewanas ...	14½	14½	14½	14½
18,000	*Kennecott C.	32¼	33⅛	32¼	33
600	Kerr Lake ...	4½	4½	4 7-16	4 7-16
1,000	†McKin.-D. ..	‡26	26	26	26
1,800	†Majestic M...	95	100	95	95
1,200	N. Utah Bing.	3½	3⅝	3½	3⅝
200	Nipissing	6⅛	6⅛	6	6
3,500	*†Oro	9	9½	9	9
1,500	*†Sells	25	25	25	25
1,000	†Sandst'm Ken.	8	8	8	8
500	Std. Sil.-Lead..	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
5,000	Stewart	2 7-16	2½	2 7-16	2 7-16
50,000	*Success Min...	92	95	91	92
3,400	†Superstition ..	24	24	24	24
250	Tono. Belmont.	4⅛	4⅛	4 1-16	4 1-16
800	Tonopah Ext ..	3	3	2 15-16	2 15-16
1,900	†Tono. Merger.	40½	41	40½	40½
40	Tono. Mining..	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼
2,500	Tri-Bullion ...	⅜	⅜	5-16	11-32
400	Tularosa	5-16	5-16	5-16	5-16
800	Tuolumne	5-16	7-16	½	½
2,500	*Wasatch	1⅜	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
2,900	†W. End Con..	78	80	78	79

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$19,000	*Kenct.Cop.6s.	118	118¼	118	118¼
23,000	N. Y. City 4½s, 1965, w. i...	103	103	103	103
7,000	*Westinghouse Elec. conv.5s.	107	107	107	107

*Unlisted. †Sells cents per share. ‡Odd lot.

Note.—Not reported Saturday—300 shares Internat. Mer. Marine sold at 2 and 1⅞.

⁂

Bid and asked quotations of issues not traded in, compared with those of previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	June 28. Bid.	June 28. Asked.	June 26. Bid.	June 26. Asked.
Brit.-Am. Tob., ord..	15½	16½	15½	16½
B.-Am. T., ord. b'rer.	15½	16½	15½	16½
Inter. Motors pf.....	34	36	34	36
International Nickel..	150	155	..	..
Internat. Nickel pf..	103	106	104	106
Inter. Rubber	8	9	8	9
Inter. Steam Pump..	7	7¾	7	7½
Int. Steam P. pf.....	14	18	17	20
K. S. T., new, 1st pf.	85	87	85	87
K. S. T., new 2d pf..	150	160	150	160
Lehigh Val. Sales. Co.	160	165	160	165
Mut. Pr. Sh..........	6¾	7	6¾	7
Riker & Heg., new..	5¼	6	5¼	6
Un. Cig. S., new, pf.	11¾	12¼	11¾	12¼
U. C. S. Co. of Am.	103	106	104	106
Wayland Oil & Gas..	2½	2¾	2½	2¾
RAILROADS.				
Wabash, w. i........	12½	12¾	..	..
Wabash pf., (b).....	22½	23	22½	23
MINING STOCKS.				
Butte & New York..	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
Cashboy	6	7	6	7
Diamond Black Butte	3	4	3	4
Kerr Lake..........	4⅜	4½	4⅜	4½
Lone Star	6	7	5½	6½
Nevada Hills........	21	23	21	23
Silver Pick..........	10	11	10	11
White Knob Cop. pf.	1¾	2	1¾	2
Yukon Gold Mines...	2⅝	2¾	2⅝	2¾
BOND.				
Calaveras 6s	180	200	180	200

TO SELL LAKE BOATS.

Buffalo Concern, Owned by 4 Railroads, Has 12 Steamers in Market.

Following the sale by the Erie Railroad of four of its Great Lake steamers, it became known yesterday that the Mutual Transit Company of Buffalo, operating twelve big steamers on the Great Lakes and jointly owned by the Erie, Lackawanna, New York Central, and Lehigh Valley Railroads, was also entertaining queries for the sale of its ships. A report that some of the ships had already been transferred to new owners was denied, but it was admitted by officials of the company that the question of selling was receiving consideration.

The Mutual Transit Company is a subsidiary of the Mutual Terminal Company of Buffalo, formed in 1903, and also owned entirely by the four railroads. The docks of the company are in the shipping and railroad district of Buffalo and offer a convenient central station for the transfer of cargo between the ship lines and the railroad lines. The organization of the joint stock company was the work of F. D. Underwood, President of the Erie Railroad.

The twelve ships of the Mutual Transit Company have a tonnage of 40,000 and are among the best ships on the Great Lakes. They touch at Buffalo, Fairport, Ohio; Cleveland, Windsor, Ontario, and all of the principal Lake Superior ports. They do not touch Chicago or Lake Michigan ports, and thus do not come into competition with the privately owned ship lines of the Erie, Lackawanna, New York Central, and Lehigh Valley.

The recent Interstate Commerce Commission ruling compelling railroad companies to sever relations with ship lines on the Great Lakes has prompted the railroads to sell their boats. The favorable war market for American bottoms has accelerated the movement. The Erie, as announced in last Sunday's NEW YORK TIMES, sold four of its eight ships to W. J. Davidson, President of the Staten Island Shipbuilding Company. These ships are intended for Atlantic Coast and transatlantic business.

"We have until Dec. 1 to dispose of our ships," said a Director of the Mutual Transit Company yesterday, "and there is no immediate hurry. Naturally, we are looking around and this seems to be a favorable time to sell. No definite plans have been reached."

The disposal by the railroads of their stock in the Mutual Transit Company, it was pointed out, would not necessarily imply the dissolution of the company. The transportation business could be carried on through the same company under a different ownership. The Interstate Commerce Commission ruling merely held that railroads must not own water lines which were run in competition with their rail lines.

It was stated yesterday that the Lehigh Valley Railroad, for one, would not follow the example set by the Erie. The Lehigh Valley runs its rail line to Buffalo only and from this point it can ship over its lake line. The Lehigh, it is said, will fight the Interstate Commerce Commission on the ground that it is not in the same category with the Erie or the New York Central, or the Pennsylvania, all of which run to Chicago by land and water.

LOW EXCHANGE RECORD.

Reichsmarks Is Only Rate Not to Break Through Previous Minimum.

Led by a sharp break in the rates for drafts and cable transfer on Paris, the foreign exchange market yesterday established new low records all around, with the exception of reichmarks, which touched their previous minimum. The drop in francs of 9¼ centimes on the dollar to a quotation of 5.61 for sight drafts was the most precipitate that has occurred since our rising trade balance began last Winter to turn the exchanges against the European countries. At this price a dollar would buy 42⅝ centimes more than when exchange rates were on a normal basis.

The recession of sterling quotations was also exceptional, both sight and cable rates falling more than a cent to the pound. Demand sterling at 4.75⅞ was a fraction under its previous low mark, and cables at 4.76 11-16 just shaded under the old minimum. Italian lire, which have been declining rapidly ever since Italy entered the war, sold at 6.08, as compared with 5.95 last week and a normal quotation of 5.19. Reichsmark checks changed hands at 81⅝, a price that was equaled last March.

The manner in which franc rates melted away brought considerable surprise to exchange dealers. Throughout the day there was small demand for Paris remittances, while offerings of bills drawn against shipments made to France were extensive. The break was all the more puzzling in view of the arrangements recently completed for a large credit in New York for the French Government. It had been thought in banking quarters that a fund of $30,000,000 or so on this side, against which checks could be drawn in payment for exports to France, would relieve the exchange market of bills to that amount and would tend to stabilize rates.

Contrary to this expectation that franc rates have been losing ground day by day since the loan was announced. It was said in some banking quarters yesterday that an influence in forcing quotations down, especially the last several days, was the fact that the French Treasury authorities were not making progress as fast as they had intended in securing from French investors Pennsylvania and St. Paul Railroad bonds to be used as collateral for the American credit. The plan put into operation in France called for the exchange of Government obligations for securities of the American railroads, but, it is said, the French holders of the railroad bonds are reluctant to give them up, as they constitute stable investments at a time when the Governmental securities of Europe are being affected by radical financial changes.

The exchange market in the early afternoon was in a state which brokers said bordered on demoralization, although business was much quieter than in March, when cotton was moving freely to Europe. Before the close rates grew firmer and sterling advanced fractionally.

B. & M. MAKES NEW PLEA.

President Hustis Wants New Hampshire Legislation for Reorganization.

BOSTON, June 28.—Legislation in New Hampshire, in line with that of other States for the reorganiaztion of the Boston & Maine is necessary if the railroad is to avoid a receivership, according to a statement by President James H. Hustis of the railroad today. The statement which was given out at the conclusion of a meeting of the Executive Committee of the railroad said:

"The statement that because of a steady improvement in net earnings reorganization is unnecessary, and that there would be no need of a receivership in case reorganization is not effected, should not be regarded seriously. It is understood by all interests that no plan short of a permanent reorganization and one that will restore credit to the road will avail.

"It is true that net results of operation as compared with last year are continuing to show a favorable tendency. The report for the eleven months' period published today shows a shortage of only $773,000 in the amount required to pay fixed charges, as against a shortage of $2,186,000 for the same period of the previous year, but regardless of this favorable showing it is apparent that fixed charges will not be earned this fiscal year, although the result would have been more favorable had not track work been started earlier this year than last."

MERCHANTS DEFEND STOCK EXCHANGE

New York Association Opposes Proposal to Require It to be Incorporated.

SENDS A LETTER TO ALBANY

President Morgan Points Out Possible Evils to Constitutional Convention Committee.

The Merchants' Association has gone on record as opposing the proposal pending before the Constitutional Convention to amend the State Constitution so as to provide for the incorporation of the New York Stock Exchange. President William Fellowes Morgan yesterday wrote Jacob Brenner, Chairman of the convention's Committee on Corporations, that while the association realized that the amendment to the Constitution was designed to prevent improper transactions, it was thought harm would be done through a change from the free operation of the Exchange.

"Such legislation might, perhaps, be useful were it possible so to frame it that it should apply to and affect only admittedly immoral and harmful practices," Mr. Morgan wrote, "but the practices aimed at are frequently and almost invariably inseparable in method from those that are unquestionably legitimate, honorable, and economically necessary; and to aim at the evil by prohibiting certain methods of trading causes serious obstruction of legitimate business in the futile attempt wholly to prevent what the experience of all countries has shown to be only measurably preventable.

"The general effect of attempts to regulate by law stock transactions will be seriously to hamper and greatly to diminish legitimate stock trading in the State where such regulation by law is operative, and to transfer most of the business to other sections of the country, where more flexible rules and regulations, voluntarily prescribed by Exchanges and conforming to the general practice throughout the world, are in effect.

"To subject business transactions so complicated, sensitive, and speedy as those involved in the buying and selling of stocks to rigid regulation by statute will make impossible the flexibility and quick adjustment to varying conditions without which this important business cannot be carried on.

"It will further impose upon stock transactions in this State conditions which may, and probably will, fundamentally differ from those that prevail in the other great financial centres of the world, thereby imposing formidable obstacles to transactions between this market and those of other sections by reason of the differences in rules and practices so made necessary.

"Such an outcome could not fail to be disastrous to the growing importance of New York City as a world centre of finance, a result which would be most deplorable. Existing laws applicable to all forms of business transactions provide for stock transactions the same kind and degree of legal protection and regulation that is provided and found sufficient for other business dealings. Beyond this, the intervention of the law would only result in harm, and the more minute and intimate rules and regulations applying to stock dealings may and should be left to the various exchanges which, through the flexibility and speedy operation of their machinery, are far better adapted to promote and secure justice and fair dealing."

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS

WHEAT.

Heavy rains in the harvesting section of the Winter wheat belt over Sunday and rumors that some of the European countries had been making contracts for old wheat for export caused a steadier feeling in the wheat market yesterday, and final prices were ⅜c to 2½c above the previous closing level. The visible supply in the United States decreased 2,624,000 bushels, compared with a decrease of 2,016,000 last week and a decrease of 3,934,000 last year. In the local cash market No. 2 red Winter wheat was quoted at $1.29½ and No. 2 hard at $1.34½, cost, insurance, and freight, track, export billed; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, $1.35½, and No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, $1.35½, cost, insurance, and freight, Buffalo.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	..	..	1.13	1.11	87⅝
September ...	..	..	1.10	1.09	86⅝

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.05⅝	1.03⅜	1.05½	1.03⅜	77⅞
September ...	1.03⅜	1.01⅝	1.03	1.01⅞	77½
December	1.06¼	1.04⅜	1.05⅞	1.05	80½

CORN.

The market for corn was firmer in sympathy with wheat and on the rains in the West, closing ⅜c to ⅝c net higher. The visible supply decreased 1,911,000 bushels, compared with a decrease of 834,000 last week and a decrease of 332,000 last year. World's exports were 5,912,000 bushels, against 4,297,000 last week and 6,869,000 a year ago. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 85½c, prompt shipment.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July.........	73⅝	73	73¼	73	68
September...	72⅞	71⅝	72½	71⅞	66¼
December....	64⅝	63¾	64⅛	63¾	57⅝

OATS.

The new oats crop was estimated at 1,400,000,000 bushels, but prices during the day were fairly steady, closing at ⅛c decline to ⅛c advance. The local cash market was steady; standard quoted at 54c; No. 2 white, 54½c; No. 3 white, 53½c; No. 4 white, 53c; fancy clipped white, 54½@56c; ordinary clipped white, 53½@54c, all elevator.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July.........	43⅝	43	43½	43¼	37⅝
September...	38	37⅝	37¾	37⅝	36
December....	39½	39⅛	39⅜	39½	37⅝

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products opened easier, and during the first part of the day was quiet and rather heavy, owing to a decline in the hog markets. Late in the day, however, a steadier tone prevailed, with moderate buying believed to be by packers and in sympathy with grain. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 45,000; estimated for Tuesday, 16,000. Kansas City received 7,000 and Omaha 6,300.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
July	9.22	9.12	9.20	9.22	10.07
September ...	9.47	9.40	9.45	9.45	10.22
Ribs—					
July	10.27	10.17	10.27	10.20	11.60
September ...	10.57	10.47	10.57	10.50	11.57
Pork—					
July	16.67	16.50	16.62	16.60	21.35
September	17.12	16.95	17.12	17.00	20.10

COTTONSEED OIL.

Tenders on July contracts in the cottonseed oil market amounted to about 13,000 barrels. The September position showed some weakness at times under what appeared to be switching orders from July, but on the whole the market presented a firmer tone, and at the close of the day values were 3 to 7 points net higher.

The range of prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	6.00@6.02	5.95
June	..	..	....	5.95
July	6.01	5.95	6.01@6.02	5.95
August	6.24	6.20	6.24@6.25	6.17
September	6.43	6.40	6.42@6.45	6.39
October	6.46	6.45	6.47@6.49	6.40
November	..	..	6.42@6.46	6.37
December	6.45	6.43	6.46@6.48	6.39
January	6.50	6.48	6.52@6.54	6.45

COFFEE.

There was a lifeless trade in the coffee market, total sales for the day amounting to only 5,750 bags. At the outset prices were unchanged to 3 points higher owing to an absence of offerings and a further show of firmness in the July position, but toward the close of the day an easier tone developed, and final quotations were 2 points net lower to 1 point higher. The local spot market was inactive and unchanged, with Rio 7s quoted at 7¼c.

The range of prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	..	..	5.90@5.95	5.90
July	7.02	7.02	7.00@7.02	7.00
August	..	..	6.85@6.87	6.85
September	6.82	6.82	6.78@6.80	6.80
October	..	..	6.83@6.85	6.83
November	..	..	6.83@6.85	6.83
December	6.87	6.85	6.83@6.85	6.83
January	..	..	6.86@6.88	6.86
February	..	..	6.90@6.91	6.89
March	6.97	6.97	6.93@6.95	6.93
April	..	..	6.98@7.00	6.98
May	..	..	7.03@7.05	7.03

SUGAR.

Trading in sugar futures opened quiet, unchanged to a decline of 8 points, with first sales 350 tons. The market closed 3 to 6 points net lower, with sales for the day 2,150 tons.

The range of prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	..	..	3.84@3.85	3.87
July	3.84	3.84	3.84@3.85	3.87
August	3.95	3.95	3.94@3.95	3.99
September	4.06	4.03	4.02@4.03	4.08
October	4.09	4.09	4.08@4.09	4.13
November	..	..	4.04@4.05	4.08
December	..	..	3.80@3.82	3.86
January	3.56	3.55	3.53@3.55	3.56
February	..	..	3.42@3.45	3.48
March	..	..	3.42@3.45	3.48
April	..	..	3.42@3.45	3.48
May	..	..	3.45@3.48	3.51

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 6,649 packages. General trade slow, and, with some pressure to sell, prices declined about ¼c on top grades of creamery, and ½c on most other descriptions. Ladies and packing stock also in buyers' favor. Creamery, extras, (93 score,) 28c; higher scoring, 28½@29c; firsts, 26½@27½c; seconds, 24½@26c; thirds, 23@24c; State dairy, finest, 27½c; good to prime, 25½@27c; common to fair, 23@25c; renovated, extras, 24@24½c; firsts, 23@23½c; lower grades, 21@22½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 22½@23c; ladies, current make, firsts, 21½@22c; seconds, 21c; lower grades, 19@20½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 20½@21c; No. 2, 20c; lower grades, 18½@19½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 10,300 cases. The market continues quiet and irregular. Very high grade goods are fairly steady, but the proportion of such is small. Medium and ordinary qualities are urgently offered at easy prices. Near-by whites firm for extra fancy new-laid quality, but most of the supply is of indifferent quality and irregular value. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 22½@23½c; extra firsts, 20½@21½c; firsts, 19@20c; seconds, 17½@18½c; thirds and poorer, 16@17c; dirties, No. 1, 16½@17c; No. 2 and poorer, 14@16c; checks, good to choice, dry, 15½@16½c; culls and inferior, 12@15c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by hennery whites, fine to fancy, 24@26c; ordinary to good, 21@23c; gathered whites, as to size and quality, 21@23c; Western, gathered whites, 20½@22c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by hennery browns, 22½@24c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 17½@22c; duck eggs, State and near-by Indian Runner, 24@26c.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 28.—Forecast:

N. Car.—Showers and cooler Tues. Wed., unsettled, probably showers and cooler in e.; fair in w.; light s. e. winds.

S. Car.—Showers Tues.; cooler on the coast. Wed., showers; moderate e. winds.

Ga.—Showers and cooler Tues. Wed., cloudy; light s. e. to s. winds.

Fla.—Fair in s., showers in n., Tues. and Wed.; moderate n. e. winds.

Ala. and Miss.—Showers and thunder storms Tues. and Wed.; light, variable winds.

La.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; light, variable winds.

E. Tex.—Cloudy Tues. and Wed.; moderate s. e. winds on the coast.

W. Tex.—Fair Tues. and Wed., except showers in n.

Okla.—Fair Tues. Wed., rain.

Ark.—Showers Tues. Wed., fair.

Tenn. and Ky.—Showers Tues. Wed., fair.

Ohio—Showers and cooler Tues. Wed., fair; moderate e. to s. e. winds, becoming n. w.

Ind.—Showers Tues., followed by fair in afternoon. Wed., fair; moderate and variable winds.

Lower Mich.—Cloudy Tues.; probably showers and cooler. Wed., fair; moderate and variable winds.

Ill.—Probably showers Tues.; cooler in extreme n. Wed., cloudy.

Mo.—Showers Tues.; slightly cooler in w. Wed., cloudy.

Wis.—Cloudy and cooler Tues. Wed., probably fair.

Minn.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; cooler in e. Tues.

Iowa—Cloudy Tues. and Wed., probably with showers in s. Tues.; cooler in e. and cen. Tues.

N. Dak.—Fair Tues. and probably Wed.; slightly warmer in n. Wed.

S. Dak.—Cloudy Tues. and Wed.; probably showers in s. Wed.

Kan.—Unsettled Tues. and Wed., probably with showers; cooler Tues. in e.

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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

CYPRESS HILLS CEMETERY.

The Annual Election for Directors of the Cypress Hills Cemetery will be held at the New York Office, Woolworth Building, 233 Broadway, Suite 1,130, Tuesday, July 13th, 1915, during the hour between 12 and 1 o'clock P. M.

A. M. FRASER, Secretary.

Guide to July Investment

Conservative investors seeking safety and 6% will find our current list a guide to safe and profitable July investment.

This booklet describes a great variety of First Mortgage Bonds secured by the highest class of improved, income-producing, centrally-located property in Chicago and other large cities.

You may purchase bonds coming due in two to ten years in denominations of $100, $500 and $1,000.

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Secured by Deposit with Trustee of $5,000,000 Consumers Power Company General Mortgage 5% Bonds; $4,368,000 Stock of the Minneapolis General Electric Company; having a conservative value estimated at over $10,000,000.

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Earnings after all charges were reported as $1,407,795, or over four times the $300,000 interest on these notes.

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A comparison of this security with New York Central Railroad Convertible 6% bonds reveals a number of interesting points. This subject has been treated by our Statistical Department in circular "No. H 79," copies of which will be furnished upon request.

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SAVINGS BANKS.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK
40th Street and 6th Avenue

An Interest Dividend (112th Consecutive) has been declared at the rate of Three and One-half Per Cent. per annum. Credited July 1, 1915, and payable on and after Thursday, July 15, 1915, on all sums entitled thereto under the By-Laws.

Money deposited on or before July 10 draws interest from July 1, 1915.

Alex. P. W. Kinnan, President.
Francis M. Leake, Treasurer.
Frank F. Hazard, Secretary.

THE MANHATTAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION
644-646 Broadway, cor. Bleecker St., N. Y.
128TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.

June 8, 1915.

The Trustees of this Institution have declared interest (by the rules entitled thereto) at the rate of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. per annum on all sums not exceeding $3,000 remaining on deposit during the three or six months ending on the 30th inst., payable on or after July 19th, 1915.

Deposits made on or before July 10th, 1915, draw interest from July 1, 1915.

JOSEPH BIRD, President.
CONSTANT M. BIRD, Secretary.
ARTHUR STILES, Ass't Secretary.

SEAMEN'S BANK FOR SAVINGS
74 and 76 Wall Street.

THE TRUSTEES HAVE ORDERED THAT INTEREST be paid to depositors entitled thereto for the six months ending June 30, 1915:

On accounts not exceeding three thousand dollars at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum.

Payable on and after Monday, July 19, 1915.

DANIEL BARNES, President.
GEORGE M. HALSEY, Cashier.
WILLISTON H. BENEDICT, Secretary.
New York, June 10th, 1915.

—NOTICE—

Deposits to draw interest from July 1st or Oct. 1st or Jan. 1st or Apr. 1st must be made on or before the last day of the previous month.

134TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND
UNION SQUARE SAVINGS BANK
No. 20 Union Square

A DIVIDEND has been declared for the six months ending June 30, 1915, on all deposits entitled thereto, at the rate of

THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT

per annum on sums from $5 to $3,000, payable on and after July 19, 1915. Deposits made on or before July 10 will draw interest from July 1.

WILLIAM H. ROCKWOOD, President.
HENRY R. BRINCKERHOFF, Secretary.
FREDERIC C. MILLS, Cashier.
Open 10 to 3; Mon. 10 to 7; Sat. 10 to 12.
ACCOUNTS OF SOCIETIES ACCEPTED.

GERMAN SAVINGS BANK IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
Cor. 4th Ave. and 14th St.

New York, June 7, 1915.

Interest at the rate of FOUR (4) PER CENTUM per annum will be credited depositors for the six months ending June 30, 1915, on all sums entitled thereto under the By-Laws not exceeding three thousand ($3,000) dollars, and will be payable on and after July 21st.

Deposits made on or before July 10th, 1915, will draw interest from July 1st, 1915.

ALFRED ROELKER, President.
A. KOPPEL, Treasurer.

SAVINGS BANKS.

The Bowery Savings Bank
128 AND 130 BOWERY.

NEW YORK, June 14, 1915.

A semi-annual dividend at the rate of THREE and ONE-HALF Per Cent. per annum has been declared and will be credited to depositors on all sums of $5.00 and upward and not exceeding $3,000 which shall have been deposited at least three months on the first day of July next, and will be payable on and after Monday, July 19, 1915.

Money deposited on or before July 10 will draw interest from July 1, 1915.

HENRY A. SCHENCK, President.
WILLIAM E. KNOX, Comptroller.
JOSEPH G. LIDDLE, Secretary.

NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK
N. W. Cor. 14th St. and 8th Avenue.
July 1, 1915, dividend at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT.
per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the by-laws.
DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 10 WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1.
WILLIAM FELSINGER, President.
JAMES L. WANDLING, Treasurer.
WALTER R. BRINCKERHOFF, Sec'y.

Dry Dock Savings Institution
341 & 343 BOWERY, Cor. 3d St., New York

The Trustees have declared a dividend for the six months ending June 30, 1915, on all deposits from FIVE to THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS entitled thereto under the By-Laws, at the rate of THREE and ONE-HALF Per Cent. per annum, payable on and after July 19, 1915.

Deposits made on or before July 10 will be entitled to interest from July 1, 1915.

ANDREW MILLS, President.
WM. F. PATTERSON, V. Pres. & Treas.
CHARLES MIEHLING, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the O'Rourke Engineering Construction Company will be held at the office of the Company, 17 Battery Place, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on Tuesday, July 6th, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

O'Rourke Engineering Construction Co.
FRANKLIN L. MUELLER, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre, and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M., on Wednesday, July 7, 1915, for Contract 140, for furnishing, delivering, and erecting at Shafts 11 and 12 of the city tunnel of the Catskill Aqueduct, in the City of New York, drainage equipment for unwatering the tunnel and its shafts.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President.
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
W. BRUCE COBB, Secretary.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., until 10 o'clock A. M. July 13, 1915, for delivering storage batteries, chairs, air compressor, steel conduit, receiver cords, high-speed drills, fire extinguishers, pipe fittings, gauge testing outfits, wrought pipe, eye protectors, thermometers, and twin conductor wire at the navy yard, Brooklyn, N. Y., etc. Apply for proposals to the navy pay office, New York, N. Y., or to the Bureau. SAMUEL McGOWAN, Paymaster General, U. S. N. 6-22-15.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means versus or against.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Anderson, J.—Room 3, Woolworth Bldg., 12th floor, at 10:30 A. M. Equity calendar.

Warner<Povelson.
Palmer<Joseph.

DISTRICT COURT—Hunt, J.—Room 2, Woolworth Bldg., 12th floor, at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty.

NYC & H R RR<Tug Welter<Tug Glen Cove Ed G Murray.
Chappell & Co<Tugs Auburn & Minnie.
US<Tug L Richards.
Aldrich<Wellbrock.
Lynch<Dittmar.
Payne<Stbt Old Colony.
Shamrock Tow Co<Tug P RR 34.
Chiarello<C RR of NJ.
Penn RR<Tug Ashley.
Same<Tug Gladwish.
O'Connell<SS Athenia.
Monk<B & O RR.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Room 1, Woolworth Bldg., 12th Floor.—At 10:30 A. M.—Equity calendar.

Kintner<Atlantic Cam Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Grubb, J.—Room 337, P. O. Building, at 10:15 A. M.—Jury calendar.

Levering<Paova Oil Co.
Murando<Erie RR.
Miller<Sonn Bros.
Poznanski<NY, N H & H RR.
Clarke<NY, NH & H RR.
Tobias<P & R Coal & Iron Co.
Loughery<Borden's C M Co.
Shapiro<Wells, Fargo Co.
D'Amato<Pitts Con Co.
Smolik<P & R Coal & Iron Co.
Carnegie Tr Co<Robin.
Beath<Silverstein.
Benedict<G U Tea Co.
Poyava<Penn RR.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Criminal calendar—In Room 32?, at 10:30 A. M.

US<Mortinson & Corsii.
US<Palumbo & Messina.
At 2 P. M.:
US<Stoffel.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Milhauser<Mayer.
Cavanagh<Sup Coun of Cath Mut Benefit Assn.
Un Elec Light & P Co<State Bd of Tax Comm.
Consol Tel & Elec Subway Co<same.
Bamberger<Cantor.
Sliney<White.
Dressler<Tishman (2.)
Hansen<Silberman.
Fleishman<Lieberman.
Welsh<Welsh.
Wood<Strong (2.)
Cook<Fagan.
Driscoll<Hammill.
Tuthill<Forbes.
Re Fisch (Abramson.)
Unger<Goldstein.
Quashofsky<Sanitary Wet Wash L Co.
Marshall<Emerson Engine Co.
Re Vaughn.
Holzwarth<B Hall & Co.
Chajin<Assad.
Travelers Ins Co<McVicar.
Re Hanauer (Greenberger.)
Pariser<Pariser.
Straus<Bertuch.
Irwin<Segelbohn.
Hanuszek<Hanuszek.
Lebost<Abraham.
Sprague<Rosenthal.
Hart<Saacke.
Chace<Aetna Life Ins.
Fried<Randall.
Re Santulli (Pollard.)
Barsotti<Barsotti.
Maxwell<Straus (4.)
Otis Lith Co<Winik.
Re Inst of Educ Travel, Inc.
Sonberg<Hasenbein.
Re F L Realty Corp.
Moses<Moses.
Re Vietor (Proskauer)
Re Turchin (Glynn.)
Re Weintraub<Sailors' Snug Harbor.
Kolodzie<Taub.
Borup<Borup.
Carroll<Robinson.
Goldberg<NY Rys.
Kletter<same.
Wasserman<same.
Hirsch<same.
Connors<same.
City R E Co<Fey.
Re Van Cortland Operating Co.
Hirsch<Hirsch.
Leszynsky<Lawrence.
Bowers<Kramer.
Kramer<Doehler Die Casting Co.
Kuechle<Sloane.
Clapper<CNY.
Van Buskirk<Honer.
Grossi<NY Rys.
Excelsior Sav Bank<Lippmann (2.)
Schleestein<Behrens.
Mahoney<Kraehle.
Allenel Const Co<Tacoma Const Co.
Randolph<Thornston.
Kessler<Wilner.
Stem<Warren (2.)
Eisenberg<Juvinsky.
Reeves<Fowler.
MacNamara<MacNamara.
Lee<28th St and 7th Av Realty Co.
Re Nat'l Assn of Ice Cream Supply Men.
Baron de Hirsch Fund<Kaplik (2.)
Thorn<Thorn.
Re 450 B'way Corp, &c.
Fitzgibbon<Fitzgibbon.
Re Liebling.
Mossman<Pasinsky.
Colossuonno<Sun Const Co.
Gary<Gary.
Anastasius<Asimakis.
Mussey<Shaw.
Sussman<Sussman.
Nathan<Marans.
McGee<Fausner.
Hurlbut<Stelle.
Ould<Rosenthal.
Re People (Supt of Ins<Am Temperance Life Ins Assn.)
Lun et al<Woods.
Amgott<Amgott.

PART II.—Shearn, J.—Ex parte business, at 10:30 A. M.

PART III.—Weeks, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Motions:
Popini<Popini.
Cignasofsky<Cignasofsky.
Alexis<Alex.
Schwartz<Lehmaier.
Hirshfeld<Owners' S R Co.
Hirsch<Hirsch.
230 5th Av Corp<Levenson Wrecking Co.
Drasner<Drasner.
Preferred causes:
Moller<Moller.
Cluff<Cluff.
Israel<Burke & Sons.
Overlander<Holbrook, C & R Co.
General calendar:
Jara<Jara.
Atwater<M'ch'ts Mot Sales Co.
Riverdale Rty<CNY.
Cusick<CNY.
Shalek<Jetter Brew Co.
Undefended divorces:
De Felitpo,
Wiener,
Fischer,
Newman.
Case on.

PART IV.—Lehman, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.

PART V.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.

PART VI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.

PART VII.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.

PART VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M.

S Blumenthal & Co<Brukenfeld.
Frankel<Feldstein.
Gross, Engel & Co<Mendel.
Stoneham<Am Vapor Starter Co.
Wengraf<Wengraf.
Interstate Note & Hold Co<Vallario.
Same<Nigro.
Moore<CNY.
Savage<Sully.
Friedman<Israel.
Casper<Myers.
Case on.

PART III.—Ford, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Held in Trial Term, Part X. Room.

Moran<Atlantic Ex Co.
Armstrong<Mulcahy & Gibson.
Shea<same.
Magnini<Viacara.
Herrmann<Hess.
J Givens<Utica Hippodrome Amuse Co.
A Givens<same.
R Caracciola<Linch.
J Caracciola<same.
N Hertzman<same.
C Hertzman<same.
Curtius<Bklyn H RR.
Margolin<Erie R R.
Maier<Schreiner.
Gershufsky<Schedlinsky.
Hess<Int R T Co.
McGoldrick<Hilliard Hotel (2).
Case on.

PART IV.—Adjourned for the term.

PART V.—Adjourned for the term.

PART VI.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Kulaschik<Holbrook, C & R Co.
Lane<Smith.
Mirman<Warburg.
Spindel<Breslauer.
Baeder<Reed.
Lent<Gulf Ref Co.
Manglass<Pitts Cont Co.
Van Saun<Consol Gas Co.
Clear.

PART VII.—Adjourned for the term.

PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Murrey<B H RR.
Loughman<CNY.
Miller<Lohrman.
Greengold<CNY.
Case on.

PART IX.—Adjourned for the term.

PART X.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Recess.

PART XI.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

McCormick<Benoliel.
Gold<Froman, (2.)
Schiemann<Musical Mut Prot Union.
Bell<de Medina.
Case on.

PART XII.—Recess.

PART XIII.—Recess.

PART XIV.—Adjourned for the term.

PART XV.—Dugro, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Goldstein<Schwartz.
Kaldor<Strauss.
Hoye<McBean.
O'Dea<Woods.
Colasuenno<Sun Con.
Eugatnom Rty, &c, Co<Alfinito.
Case on.

PART XVI.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Tenement House Dept<200 & 202 Man Av.
Nat Nassau Bk<Ludington's Sons.
Farquharson<Peabody.
Reiter<Trend Mag Pub Co.
Furst<Moskowitz.
Richter<Mangels.
Van Nest<Conron Bros Co.
Del Mar<Del Mar.
Clear.

PART XVII.—Erlanger, J.—May term continued.—Recess.

PART XVII.—Whittaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Penniman<Weinstock.
Wood<Billman.
Miller<Shub Thea Co.
Metallurgical Sec Co<Mech & Metals N B.
Van Wagoner-Linn Const Co<Gallagher.
Maller<Nat Calcul Co.
Saranac Rty Co<Donohue.
Lande<Imperator Film Co.
Gannon<CNY.
Foster<Seaman.
Paige<New Process Sign Co.
Case on.

PART XVIII.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Stand Pneu Action Co<Fargo.
Lowinson<Hilton.
Allo<Benguiat.
Bullwinkel<Olsen.
Randall<Kelly.
Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Motion calendar.

Julia E Dennerlein,
Sarah Seadler,
Abraham Schlesinger,
Albert W Van Winkle,
Joe Cohen,
C Leonard Steel, inf,
Antonia Seekamp,
Stephano Randazzo,
Andrew L Ireland,
Kunigunda Shemberg,
Manuel J Suarez,
Jacob Abelson, &c.,
James Varallo,
Gussie Sabella,
Isidor Zitto,
Thomas Cavanagh,
David Deutsh,
Nellie D Kimball,
William H Kennedy,
Joseph Lehner,
Charles Ludwick,
John Schar, &c.,
Mary A Morse,
Thomas J Sullivan,
Thomas P Dinnean,
Hyman Goldfarb,
Viola R Stocks, inf,
Beulah B Stocks, inf,
Dimitru Costea,
Albert Beliveau,
Isabel Beliveau,
Chester Giffen,
Letitia V Beliveau,
Lillian Lunn, &c.,
David Nugent,
Milton P Day,
Andrew L Ireland,
Frances A Ermann,
John H Le Velle,
Ann Sheridan,
Caroline Stueber,
Emma J Richardson,
Agnes Hitchcock,
Louis Tobias,
Andrew L Ireland,
Robert R Willets, 1st,
Elizabeth C Hollins,
Marguerite F Hopper,
Ann Sheridan,
Fanny Holden,
Albert Wagner,
Laura Shapiro, inf,
Mae R Lefferts,
Sarah Oppenheimer,
Patrick Walsh,
Deborah A Lane,
Mary E Samler,
Chester Billings,
John R Costen,
James E Childs,
Catherine McGowan,
Henry Zahn,
Anna Ruser,
Pauline Scherer,
John Stemme,
Samuel Sherwood,
Isabella P Trimble,
John H Inman,
Ernst Richter,
Charles A Brodil,
John C Martin,
Antonino Bagnato,
Irving W Childs,
Wilhelm Knittel, &c.,
Emily Rogers,
Seymour J Hyde,
Christopher D Wallace,
Magdalena Heuser,
Adelaide Steinmuller,
Lucy A Smith,
Jan Zielinski,
Margaret I Mahoney,
Sarah J Coffey,
Gennaro Sarnataro.
At 3 P. M.: Estate Henry P Dunham.
Wills for probate, at 10:30 A. M.:
Johanna M Ulrici,
Robert Ramsbrattom,
David Herrmann,
William C Clarke,
Gottfried Landsberg,
Ellen J Thellmann,
John F Maloney,
Solomon Freifeld,
Charles S Ettinger,
William Gibbon.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Contested wills:

Harriet Wells Smith,
Dennis Lehane,
Mary Sweeney,
Catherine Plimley,
Frank Fuller,
Silvia C Milligan,
Kate Sullivan.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.

Evans<Hickson.
Rizzo<Salomon.
Pushcar<Kessler Furn Co.
Anes<Potts.
Realty Records Co<Erber.
Bigelow & Co<Sutphin.
Pierson<Mohr.
Aaron<Liberty Metal Mfg Co.
Am Lawbook Co<Berger.
Rappaport<Salomon.
Held<Staveskey.
Elem Coal Co<Cohen.
Roxlau<Durant.
Jaburg Bros<Eisele.
Berkowitz<Smith.
Daniels<Von Novelly.
Gold<White.
Sickles<Coleman.
McCartney<Consol Tele, &c, Co.
Van Nathan<Weser.
Lefler<Garfinkel.
Stubenhaus<Garfinkel.
Heine<Weller.
Comba<G F Hall Co.
Brunicardi<Theo Starrett Co.
Stella<Soraci Con Co.
Meyer<Sweet.
Rubin<Burns Bros.
Chioco<Acme Metal Ceiling Co.
Stevens<Manheimer.
Perlman<Weinstein-Shufro Co.
Cohen<Tarnower.
Kraus<Federal Mail, &c, Co.
Goldman<Lachman, Hirsch & Co.
Hauck<Kyle.
Falk Bros<Norton.
Huring<Burns Bros.
Chambers<Eskins.
Walkenfeld<NY Rys.
Schwarzwalder Co<Harris.
Geering<Met Bank.
Nat Nassau Bank<Cleary.
Masana<McGovern.
Katchinsky<Kotzim.
Owen<Marquard.
City R E Co<Lee.
Schwimmer<Linch.
Eagle Imp Co<Wagner.

PART II.—Ransom, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Kleinfeld<Willenauer.
Zufrias<Isaacs.
Kruszelnicka<Tarnopolski.
Cinzio<Schalk.
Wasserman<Borden's Condensed Milk Co.
Hausman<Cons Gas.
Cohn<Cohen.
Wechsler<NY Rys.
Webber<NY Rys.
Brunzel<Whyte.
Goldat<NYC Int Ry.
Bulkley<Com Deliv Co.
Pollatschek<Benny Savio Realty Co.
McGetterich<NY Rys.
Sickels<Coleman.
Leconzio<Reichman.
Stern<NY Rys.
James<same.
Farrell<same.
Weinstein<Denbosky.
Richman<Pitt & Scott, Ltd.
Bloom<Real Life Picture Co, Inc.
Bellak<Hedges.
Bandler<Newark-Ohio Furn Co.
Miller<Lax (2.)
Novita<Wolansky.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.

Pang<Ming.
Wurzburger<Wallach.
Rosenberg<J Mano Co.
Merchants & Metals Nat Bk<Termini.
Hirschfeld<Headley & Farmer Co.
Noble<Petrasek.
Storm<Fisher.
Case on.

PART II.—McAvoy, J.—Case on.

PART III.—Lynch, J.—Brownstone Building, (Chambers St.)—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

V Valentine Cont Co<Polzella.
Silver<Londy.
Firestone Tire, &c, Co<East Asphalt Pav.
Texas Co<same.
Oertel<Jackson.
Flaun<Cork & Zicha Marble Co.
Liebling F S Co<Cohn.
Rusch<Bowman.
Faramel Mfg Co<Walls.
Walker & Co<Bloom.
Melnick<Michaelson.
Weinfeld<Bernstein.
Goldberg<Spatz.
Kaine<Miliaresis.
Sheinberg<Kroll.
Bininger<Monypeny.
Goldsmith<New & Beaver Sts Co, (10)
Elias<Bartelstone.
Grazia<Bony.
Muhlbacher<Vespaziani.
Greenwich Lith Co<Clements.
Stein<Schultz.
Hayward<MacDonald Const Co.
Quasha<Russell.
Friedman<Hyman.
Klingsland<Buch.
Soapitor Sales<Kean.
Schiff<Wolkowitz.
Michelson<Wadsworth.
Harman<Duryea & Barwise.
Hirsh<Charlop.
Coopersmith<Raider.
Canal Equip Co<J Stewart & Co.
Arbus<Rosenfeld.
Alter<Goldhagen.
Case on.

PART IV—O'Dwyer, J.—Case on.

PART V.—Smith, J.—Case on.

PART VI.—Finelite, J.—Case on.

PART VII.—Allen, J.—Case on.

PART VIII.—Zeller, J.—Clear.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—Tilton<Gans—Francis W. Pollock. Weil<Mayer—Denis A. Spellissy. McDonald<Hasbrouck—Patrick J. Walsh.

SUPREME COURT—Shearn, J.—Pringle Mem. Home<Philip Scheyer—John T. Sturtevant. City R E Co<Philip Scheyer—Royal E T Riggs. Whalen<Barnard—James D McClelland. Commonwealth Mtg Co<Blanchard—Henry W Pollock. Thomson<Levin—Melvin G Palliser. Cole<Barry (2)—James A Foley.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Shearn, J.—Loretta Co<Louis Lewenthan—Milton M. Sittenfield. Ida Mason<Annie E Chase—Alfred Katz. Ella M Burke<Convent Const Co—Philip J Britt. Baron de Hirsch Fund<Isabel H Cohen—Herbert Linburg. Clergymen's Retiring Fund of Episcopal Church<Jos Hyams—Edward R Finch.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—Man Life Ins Co<Albert Van den Driesch—James T Curnen.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Brady, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motion calendar.

People<Palmieri, (2.)
Re Kavanagh.
Re McGovern.
Re McKenna.
Serblum<Jackson.
Matter of Kirkpatrick.
Wolfart<Ford.
Brown-Weiss Realties<Cosmosarcone.
Wright-Ogden Co<Strayer.
Thompson<Gimbel Bros. (2.)
McChesney<Col Rty Co.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Part I.—Brady, J.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Giegerich, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Weinstein<Werner.
O'Brien<Bronx Gas & El Co.
Turk<Defender Con Co.
Lipmann<Couch Rty & Imp Co, (2.)
Cohen<Film Motor Dispatch Co, (2.)

Highest number reached in regular order, 312.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.

Pheon Cont Co<Taylor.
Harkvay<Corcoran.
Bohrer<Austin Nichols & Co.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.

Jagomast<Hammer.
Hammer<Jagomast.
Valentini<Brennan.
Finkelstein<Union Ry.
Bendremer<same.
Russ<same.
Manowitz<same.
Gordon<Int R T Co.
Kuhle<Mayer.
Tallamn<Mitchell McDermott Co.
Larkin<Farrell.
Cohen<Freden.
Masterson<I R T Co.
Driscoll<Sassone.
Gold<Goldstein.
Gallard<Harris Rose Co.
Bohren<Nicholas.
Marks<Aginsky.
Cohen<Singer.
Latanzi<Carcel.
Swiattowska<Stodel.
Brinckman<Martelli.
Same<same.
Feltenstein<Shaw.
Sachs<Lehman.
Filipo<Gants & Reynolds.
Brandt<Union Ry.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J.—Briggs<Steinmetz—John P. Dunn. Paton<Nolan—Maurice J. McCarthy. Dressel<Wolff—Joseph S. Klein. Pratt<Gamache—Mathew P. Doyle.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J.—The East River Savings Inst<John Knox McAffe—John P. Dunn. Adele Taylor<Agnes Schane, (2)—Israel Tilden, Jr. Annie N. Alexander<Sarah McClinchie—Edward J. Fitzgerald.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Crane, J.—Motions.

Franklin<Eden.
Re 71st St, Ovington Av, 70th St.
Mealeady<Gorman.
Rosen<Fox Amuse Co.
Clark<B, Q Co & S RR.
Tuohey<Spitt.
Harley<Gleichman.
Re De Russey St, (Hanley.)
Re 11th Av, (Hanley.)
Decker<Beecher.
Re Wallace, (Hynes.)
Hanrahan<B H RR.
Russell<Russell.
Graichen<Hauser.
Tuthill<Patton Con Co.
Same<same.
Re Juniper Av.
Bloch<Jewish Temple Adath Israel.
Mtg Hold<Frederick.
Workman<Morgenst'rn.
Smith<Vaughn.
Newman<Appel.
De Giovanni<Bresciamo.
Elmhorst<Magiroff.
McCullough<McCullough.
Webster<Peerless Homes, Inc.
People<Aronson.
Blackburn<Sugurman.
Winslow<Schaefer.
Bklyn Sav Bk<Freese.
Miller<Millesari.
Schulman<Perl.
Kane<Gr NY Sav Bk.
Cohen<Cohen.
Borst<Borst.
Young<Young, (adjd.)
Same<Christin, (adjd.)
Pinals<Schoenfeld.
Fleti<Corsetti.
Scheckel<Dooley.
Maxwell<Hoge.
Butterly<Deering, (adjd.)

PART II.—Clark, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Adjourned for the Summer.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Benedict, J.; Part II., Kapper, J.; Part III., Kelly, J.; Part IV., Garretson, J.; Part VI., Maddox, J.

Re Mary Ellen Fletcher (an alleged incompetent.)
Kiersted<B, Q Co & S RR.
Koop<Bodmer & B et al.
Glenn<Interstate Lumber Co.
Hoecker<Hoecker.
Elford<L I RR.
Janodet<Nassau RR.
Karakand<B H RR.
Schumacher et al<same.
Ward<Suydam.
Hamann<Bklyn E D Terminal.
Hasakordjian<B H RR.
Zinn<Int R T.
Ballou<Block et al.
Popillarski<Empire Bridge Co.
Beyer<Mundy.
Cox<B H RR.
Israel<C I & B RR.
Meanley<L I RR.
Kelly<Hinck et al.
Bennett<B H RR.
Miller<Buerm'nn et al.
Larsen<Whitney Duplicating Check Co.
Mucher<Panzironi.
McSweeney<Manhat. Nav. Co.
Meyers<O'Leary.
Smith<Hiller et al.
Fahlbusch<Halperin.
Kasler<Cook.
Rsanos<B H RR.
Hogan<Nas RR.
Walter<Cole Co.
Harney<Bklyn E D Terminal.
Walsh<same.
Waliski<Electro-Chemical Eng Co.
Salois<Jacobus & Grauwiller.
Johnson<Colwell Lead.

The balance of the day calendar stands over until June 30.

Highest number reached on regular call, 7004.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar, at 10 A. M.

Wills of:
Katharine Zimmermann,
Eva Weber,
Maria Holston,
Hattie F Hoyt,
Morris L Duncan,
Christina Sacks,
Bertha Singer,
Frederick Cohn,
Albert Scharf.
Aministration of:
Harry Herman.
Estates of:
William H. Homan,
William D Preston,
William W Watson,
Peter Delap.
Accounting of:
Richard Tithiam,
Henry Heyman,
Emma Klune,
Philip Collins,
Ellen Black,
Mary Breslin,
Jane W Spencer,
Caroline A Gerry,
Anna K Bock,
Elizabeth Staudt,
Steve Homa,
Thomas Madden,
Oliver O Jackson,
Matilda Webb,
Lippman Thorn.

County Court.

PART IV., Hylan, J.; Part V., Fawcett, J.—Calendar called in Part V., Room 10.

Levy<Block.
Gorsch<Brehn.
Connor<NY Life Ins.
Smith<NY Cons RR.
Maxey<Kalof.
Dilthey<Manns.
Van Daalen<Remus.
Hereth<Rustin.
Knief<Morson.
Jolan<NY Cons RR.
Sorrentino<Kaminsten.
Magder<B H RR.
Motoritz<Nas E RR.
Padavano<Shults Co.
Hellman<B H RR.
Paciello<Danzilo.
Feigenbaum<B, Q Co & S RR.
Micielli<B H RR.
Fischer<Ritchie Co.
Rogel<Goldschlag.
Morowitz<Stolitzky.
McCleary<B H RR.
Hemler<Bedford Assn.

RICHMOND COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.

Tyrrell, an infant<Bd of Education.
Ramsey<Staten Island R T Ry.
Grant<same.
Copo<Behrens.
Webster Mfg Co<Rich L & RR.

EQUITY CALENDAR—The following causes will be called for trial tomorrow, Wed., June 30, at 10 A. M. Counsel must appear and answer same.

Noble, as rec'r<Silvermann et al.
Itschner<Nunamann et al.
Thompson<Collins et al.
Pub Serv Com<Rich L & RR.
Fleti<Corsetti et al.
Heitmann<Wilkens et al.
Mugler<Castleton, H & R Co et al.
Rudolph Wallach Co<Donovan et al.
Altman<Van Vorst et al.
Vose<Conkling et al.
Bramhall-Deane Co<L A Burke & Sons & Globe Ind Co.
Sheehan<Sheehan.
Krell<Krell.
Messe<Frew.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

DAVIDSON, MARY FRANCES, (March 18, 1915;) net estate, $13,329; Frank J. Davidson, widower, $6,859; Claire H. Davidson, daughter, $6,000; rest of estate passed to other relatives. Assets: Deposits, $2,841; Mortgages and personalty, $11,716; stock, $100.

DELANO, Miss CAROLINO, (April 5, 1915;) net estate, $35,053; Eugene Delano, brother, $34,483; Carolino Delano, niece, diamond earrings, appraised at $150, and Susan Adams Delano, niece, diamond brooch, appraised at $400. Assets: Deposits, $5,029; jewelry and personalty, $2,225; stocks and bonds, $29,837; accrued income from trust fund under the will of Moreau Delano, deceased, $1,180.

EMERY, Mrs. AMANDA, (Feb. 1, 1914;) net estate, $59,041; Samuel Emery, Jr., widower, beneficiary. Assets: Equity, $50,000, in 24 W. 45 St., appraised at $125,000; deposits, $858; personalty and mortgages, $3,634; stocks, $7,231.

FRIEDLANDER, Mrs. SARAH, (Dec. 21, 1914;) net estate, $219,802; Joseph H. Friedlander and Arthur R. Friedlander, sons, each received $65,613; Clara Friedlander, daughter, real estate valued at $48,000, the contents of this property, $3,219, and a life estate in $37,375. Assets: Equity, $56,455, in 219 to 229 W. 25 St., appraised at $125,000; equity, $7,135, in 316 Washington St., appraised at $23,750; 336 W. 72 St., appraised at $48,000; 4,136 Broadway, appraised at $15,000; 5 acres at Greenburgh, Westchester County, $2,500; deposits, $4,716; mortgages and personalty, $19,502, and stocks and bonds, $121,558. Largest holdings were: 250 shares U. S. Steel pfd., $26,062; 300 U. S. Steel common, $14,737; 220 shares Pennsylvania R. R., $11,770, and 53 shares Fidelity Trust Co. of New York, $10,865.

GIRVAN, CLARISSA, (Dec. 15, 1914;) net estate, $24,118; James Girvan, widower, $23,118; Ethel Maud Butt, a niece, $1,000. Assets: Deposits, $832, and stocks, $25,411.

GRUENING, Dr. EMIL. (Details elsewhere.)

HAMBURGER, Mrs. PAULINE M., (March 11, 1915;) net estate, $10,843; Simpson Hamburger, widower, beneficiary. Assets: Deposits, $1,281; household goods and clothing, $100, stocks, $9,983; jewelry, $160.

HAMILTON, MARGARET, (July 18, 1913;) net estate, $4,557; Thomas Hamilton, husband, beneficiary; assets, 2 lots at Tremont Terrace, Pelham Bay Park, $1,700; deposits, $3,300.

HARRIS, JOHN H., (Jan. 22, 1894;) an additional report appraises a remainder interest in 796 shares Henry R. Worthington Company at $30,089 after death of Fannie E. Harris, life tenant, net value $29,348. The beneficiaries were Antoinette S. Harris and Isabella W. Bermingham, daughters of decedent.

HORR, MARY E., (Dec. 16, 1897;) stocks, $9,090, net value $8,872; Elizabeth R. Horr, sister of decedent, beneficiary; value of realty located in Maryland and Pennsylvania does not appear in report.

LOUTREL, EUGENIA, (Aug. 10, 1912;) net estate, $117,716; Eliza Hart, maternal aunt, $30,028; Charlotte A. Van Benschoten, paternal aunt, $32,736; rest of estate passed to forty cousins. Assets: Premises northwest corner Nereid Av. and White Plains Road, appraised at $13,000; premises 10 Old Broadway, $10,000; equity $15,907 in 109 W. 115th St., appraised at $26,000; equity $5,912 in 111 W. 115th St., appraised at $26,000; premises 878 Willis Av., Bronx, appraised at $22,000; deposits, $2,339; jewelry, $574; interest estate of Anna L. Loutrel, deceased, $59,913.

MORRELL, JEFFERSON L., (Feb. 9, 1915:) deposits, $14,288; net, $13,512; Sarah E. Morrell, sister, beneficiary.

MURRAY, WILLIAM, (Feb. 2, 1915;) net estate, $2,838; mother, father, and two friends of decedent, beneficiaries. Assets: Deposits, $2,901; personalty, $50; stocks, $398.

PEARSON, GEORGE J., (Oct. 29, 1914;) net estate, $3,523; Mrs. Anita L. Pearson, widow, beneficiary; decedent was an official in the Fairfield Landscape and Nurseries Co. and his 200 shares in that corporation were appraised at $20,881.

PROSNITZ, WILLIAM, (Dec. 27, 1912,) supplemental report.

QUIGG, WILLIAM, (Oct. 13, 1910;) deposits and insurance, $6,530; net, $5,942; John H. Quigg, son, beneficiary.

RASCOVAR, FANNY, (Dec. 1, 1914;) net estate, $6,456; Mary Rosenbaum, sister, beneficiary. Assets: Deposits, $1,011; promissory notes, $6,150.

SAUL, JULIUS; details elsewhere.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

FREIFELD, SOLOMON, (Feb. 18;) personalty, $1,200; all to widow, Julia, for life; then to daughter, Rosa Kindler.

KERWIN, CATHERINE C., (May 25;) about $20,000 in realty and personalty; Elizabeth B. K. Smith, sister-in-law, $5,000, certain personal effects, and 1-3 residue; Anna L. R. Hickman and Mary M. R. Forkum, cousins, each 1-3 residue; Mary Kennedy Orr, $2,000 and certain personal effects; Julia Hickman Brown, $2,000; other bequests smaller.

MULLER, LISSETTE, (April 16;) all to relatives and friends.

NOONAN, MARY, (June 13;) personalty, $1,500; $1,200 to nephew, Patrick O'Connell; some smaller bequests and residue to Rev. Dr. William Hughes of St. Patrick's Cathedral.

VANDERGRIFT, JOSEPH B., (May 23;) personalty, over $10,000; all to widow, Sybil M.; son, John Jay, pearl studs and cuff links and oil painting of bull bitch, Champion Homestead Lady Dockief; son, John M., all rings, watches, and other jewelry and oil painting of bulldog, Champion Keterfelto; the will recites that sons are amply provided for and consequently no monetary bequests are directed for them.

VOGEL, CLARA P., (Dec. 12, 1914;) personalty, $350; all to sister, Laura P.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The Manhattan Trade School for Girls has obtained permission to use a large room in the present building for its Summer term, and will, therefore, be able to take an entering class of about 100 girls on July 6. The Summer term will continue only until Aug. 1. All girls who enter on July 6 will be able to continue their work in September. It is expected that a number of graduates from the elementary schools will take advantage of this opportunity for beginning their course in July. As the number of applicants for admission in September is already more than can be accommodated, all girls who wish to be certain of having a place in the trade school next year should begin their course in July.

The girls of the first year in Washington Irving High School will give a play and pantomime in the auditorium of the school this afternoon.

Courses for teachers will be given under the auspices of the Queens Borough Teachers' Association.

The schools will close for the Summer tomorrow afternoon.

An exhibition of shop work of P. S. 25, Manhattan, will be given today.

Graduates of P. S. 71, Queens, will hold a meeting in the auditorium of the new school building this evening.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, June 28.—A moderate barometric depression overlies the Middle Mississippi Valley, with areas of higher pressure to the East and West. Showers have occurred in the East Gulf States, Tennessee, Arkansas, the Lower Ohio Valley, the Middle and Upper Mississippi Valleys, and the Lower Missouri today.

Indications point to a continuance of showery weather in the Gulf and South Atlantic States Tuesday and possibly in the Middle Atlantic States and New England Wednesday.

Temperature will not change except as temporarily affected by rainfall. The cool wave of Sunday in the North Rocky Mountain region has been replaced by higher temperatures.

Winds for Tuesday and Wednesday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate southwest; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate south; South Atlantic Coast, moderate northeast to east.

FORECAST TODAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Eastern New York—Partly cloudy Tuesday; Wednesday, showers, cooler.

Southern New England and Western New York.—Partly cloudy Tuesday; Wednesday probably showers.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy Tuesday; Wednesday, showers.

Northern New England—Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday, occasional showers.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1914.	1915.		1914.	1915.
3 A. M.	62	57	4 P. M.	64	79
6 A. M.	61	63	6 P. M.	62	76
9 A. M.	60	65	9 P. M.	60	70
12 M.	62	76	11 P. M.	59	68

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 68; for the corresponding date last year it was 62; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 71.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 62; at 8 P. M. it was 70; maximum temperature, 80 degrees, at 3:30 P. M.; minimum, 55 degrees, at 2:40 A. M. Humidity, 68 per cent. at 8 A. M., 52 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.26 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.18 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
1:20—100 E. 104 St.; Abraham Perlman	Slight
2:20—554 W. 38 St.; Michael Leonard	Slight
7:10—101 W. 89 St.; Benj. Blum	Slight
8:35—353 W. 117 St.; J. Parden	Slight
8:45—25 Minetta Lane; Margaret Matteno	Not given
M.	
12:00—145 W. 54 St.; Joseph L. Simmis	Slight
P. M.	
12:15—Front 351 W. 14 St., (auto;) Brown & Balacs	Slight
1:15—19 W. 137 St.; Neil & Parker	None
1:35—345 Lenox Av.; Anderson Co.	Slight
3:10—52 W. 31 St.; Hern & Hardit	Slight
3:40—145 W. 67 St.; not given	Slight
4:45—150 Spring St.; not given	Slight
5:05—539 E. 11 St.; Morris Wickker	Slight
5:05—513 E. 146 St.; Salvatore Cantole	Slight
5:50—1,623 2 Av.; Margaret Hansen	Slight
7:20—698 B'way; Taylor Mfg. Co.	Not given
8:25—226 Eldridge St.; A. Gubrofsky	$300
8:55—1,752 Bathgate Av.; Jacob Holtzberg	Slight
8:55—96 Columbia St.; Jacob Isaacson	$500
8:55—283 Stanton St.; Sam. Leichter and Joseph Terner	$1,500
9:50—55 W. 38 St.; not given	Slight
11:20—237 Centre St.; A. Snyder	$1,000

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Relieved on Pension, 12 P. M. June 28: Patrol. T. Hymeka, 1, on Police Surgeons' certificate, at $700 a year. Appointed March 10, 1894.

Transfers and Assignments, 4 P. M. June 26: Mtd. Patrol. with horse and equipments, G. E. Golding, 147 to 167. 4 P. M. June 29: Bicycle Patrol. J. C. Hickey, 62 to 74; E. L. Robertson, 74 to 79; Patrol. J. J. Newlands, 31 to duty on Queensboro Bridge; H. Heitner, 42 to 31, bicycle duty on Queensboro Bridge; H. P. McGrath, 66 to 92, bicycle duty; A. J. Tully, 79 to 66, assignment to bicycle duty discontinued.

Mutual, 4 P. M. June 29, Mounted Patrol. with horses and equipments: C. J. McCarthy, 66 to 69; F. W. Wolfschlag, 69 to 66.

Temporary assignments: Lieut. J. P. Loonam, 43 to C. O., duty in Bureau of Statistics, 30 days, 8 A. M. June 29. Sergt. D. Lehane, Bridge Precinct to B. B. H. Squad, duty in Bureau of Inform., 4 P. M. June 26, to 8 A. M. July 13. Patrol. H. Lipski and D. F. Sullivan, 13, duty in plain clothes, 30 days, 4 P. M. June 29; D. D. Gamble, 31 to Marine Div., 2 days, 8 A. M. June 28; J. Van Vort, 61 to C. O., duty in Bureau of Inform., 60 days, 4 P. M. June 26. To Det. Bu. from precincts indicated, 20 days, noon June 28: J. J. Finnegan, 5; T. J. Lawlor, 15; W. H. F. Reardon, 28; J. F. A. Hitz, 39; C. H. Terhune, 40; M. M. McDonald, 43.

Leaves without pay: Patrol. T. L. Hoctor, 63, 1 day, 8 A. M. June 26; C. J. Johnsen, 148, 1 day, 4 P. M. June 27; A. Stracham, 149, 1 day, 4 P. M. July 3; H. Brenner, 154, 1 day, 12:01 A. M. July 5; A. Seigel, 163, 2 days, 4 P. M. June 30; W. T. McDonough, 174, 1 day, 4 P. M. June 25; W. J. Maher, 292, 1 day, 4 P. M. July 4.

Sick leave: Lieut. J. W. Trainer, 281, 30 days, 8 A. M., June 30.

Applications for full pay approved: Patrol. T. F. Smith, 21, 12 P. M., Dec. 18, 1914, to noon, Jan. 5, 1915, while under suspension; J. Connors, 39, 7:50 P. M., June 12, to 12 P. M., June 23, while on sick report; W. Delaney, 74, 6:55 A. M., May 12, to noon, May 26, while on sick report; A. J. Farrington, 158, 6:05 P. M., June 11, to 12:01 A. M., June 14, while on sick report.

Fines imposed: Patrol. J. J. Roach, 12, (absent from his residence while on sick report without permission, citizen injured by his pistol, did not use care in handling his pistol, disobeyed order,) 12 days; S. S. Fuchs, 13, (improper patrol,) 2 days; J. J. Dorsey, 22, (improper patrol,) 3 days; (absent from post, in liquor saloon,) 4 days; C. A. Stone, 25, (absent from post,) 2 days; C. Nagel, 28, (failed to signal,) 1 day; (improper patrol,) 2 days; M. Moran, 28, (failed to take proper action,) 4 days; J. T. Lawler, 35, (improper patrol,) 2 days; (failed to signal,) 1 day; G. G. Morrissey, 38, (failed to make arrest,) ½ day; P. J. Maguire, 63, (absent from post, in liquor saloon,) 1 day; J. A. Kiernan, 65, (improper patrol,) 3 days; T. Fahy, 68, (charge preferred while attached to the 62d, absent from post,) 2 days; W. J. Ferrick, 68, (failed to have memorandum book at inspection,) 1 day; F. F. Manning, 74, (absent from patrol route, sitting,) 3 days; I. McLaughlin, 166, (failed to promptly obey order, disrespectful,) 1 day.

Reprimanded: Patrol. C. W. Brophy, 146, (absent from post;) I. B. Townsend, 146, (same.)

Charge dismissed: Patrol. F. L. A. O'Connor, 279, (absent without leave.)

Fire Department.

Lieut. Col. A. B. Thurston is hereby appointed an honorary officer of the New York Fire Department, with the rank of Chief of Battalion, to serve without compensation, to take effect at 4 P. M., June 28. This appointment is conferred upon Lieut. Col. Thurston in recognition of his valuable services to this department, covering many years, in drilling the members of the department for appearance in public parade, and especially in recognition of his services in connection with the recent fiftieth anniversary celebration.

Special leaves of absence, without pay: Capt. George Flynn, H. & L. 17, 12 hours, 8 A. M., June 27; Fire., 1st gr., E. M. Luft, Eng. 5, 36 hours, 8 A. M., July 1; Capt. R. Nitsch, Eng. 62, 24 hours, 8 A. M., July 4; Fire., 1st gr., F. D. McCarthy, Eng. 33, 36 hours, 8 A. M., July 3; Fire., 2d gr., T. H. Martins, H. & L. 20, 24 hours, 8 A. M., July 5; Fire., 1st gr., W. L. C. Platz, H. & L. 111, 48 hours, 8 A. M., July 5.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Orders of May 6 amended to relieve Lt. Col. H. D. Todd, Jr., Coast Art. Corps, from duty as Fort Commander, Fort McKinley, Me., effective on completion of service practice at that post.

Capt. J. Bugge, 13th Infy., is transferred to 21st Infy., July 1.

Resignation of First Lt. L. B. Porter, M. R. C., accepted.

A Board to consist of Maj. H. G. Shaw, Medical Corps, is appointed at Fort Banks, Mass., on July 12, to conduct preliminary examination of candidates for appointment in Medical Corps.

Orders of May 4 relating to Lt. Col. J. J. Morrow, Corps of Engineers, revoked. He is relieved from station at Portland, Ore., Aug. 1, and will on that date transfer the duties in his charge to an officer to be designated by the Chief of Engineers, then will proceed to Canal Zone for duty.

First Lt. L. I. Samuelson, 1st Infy., at Alcatraz, Cal., Disciplinary Barracks, for duty.

Capt. H. G. Ford, Med. Corps, now on leave at San Francisco, will report to Commanding General, Western Dept., for duty until Sept. 6, then revert to status absence with leave.

Leaves: Capt. P. Willis, C. A. C., until Sept. 1; First Lt. C. L. Williams, C. A. C., 1 month and 6 days; First Lt. R. W. Pinger, Ordn. Dept., 25 days; First Lt. B. O. Lewis, Ordn. Dept., 15 days; First Lt. J. R. Bernheim, 3 months, and First Lt. T. H. Bane, Ordn. Dept., 14 days extension.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Maryland and Iris at San Francisco, Proteus and Jenkins at Norfolk Yard, Reid at President Roads, Flusher at Boston, Monadnock at Cavite, Arapaho at Mare Island, Yorktown off Exposition Grounds, Paducah at Tunas de Zaza, Wasp at Peekskill, Brutus at Vera Cruz, Cyclops at Newport News, Glacier, Nero, and Colorado at Guaymas; New Hampshire, Arkansas, Utah, South Carolina, Louisiana, San Francisco, and the Iwana at Newport; Sylph at Washington, Jason at Hampton Roads, Saturn at Bremerton, New Orleans at Topolobampo, Dolphin at Manhasset Bay, and the Saratoga at Shanghai.

Sailed—South Dakota and the Milwaukee, Bremerton for San Francisco; Gloucester, and Brooklyn, for practice cruise; Neptune, Hampton Roads for Guantanamo; Utah, New London for Newport; McDougal, New York Yard for Newport; Dixie, Boston for Gardiner's Bay; Cummings and Ontario, Newport for Fort Pond Bay; Tennessee, Jaffa for Alexandria; Nicholson, New London for Newport, and the Potomac, Cristobal for Almirante Bay.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..4:30|Sun sets..7:34|Moon rises..9:49

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	9:21	9:34	3:22	3:28
Governors Island	9:58	10:12	3:56	4:05
Hell Gate	11:48	12:02	5:36	5:45

Arrived—Monday, June 28.

SS Czaritza, Archangel, June 15.
SS Kristianiafjord, Bergen, June 16.
SS Lord Ormond, Havre, June 22.
SS Yaguez, San Juan, June 23.
SS Ponce, San Juan, June 22.
SS Cath. Cuneo, Jamaica, June 21.
SS Matanzas, Havana, June 24.
SS Sixaola, Jamaica, June 23.
SS Carolina, San Juan, June 23.
SS Bolton, Port Talbot, June 16.
SS Siberia, Mexico, June 18.
SS Huron, Jacksonville, June 25.
SS Tenadores, Colon, June 22.
SS El Oriente, Galveston, June 22.
SS Rio Grande, Brunswick, June 22.
SS Vitalia, Rotterdam, June 12.
SS San Juan, Antilla, June 22.
SS Brighton, Jamaica, June 19.
SS Bradford, Tampico, June 15.
SS Louisiana, Boston, June 27.
SS Momus, New Orleans, June 23.
SS Chesapeake, Baltimore, June 25.
SS Oristano, Philadelphia, June 26.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Saxonia	Liverpool	June 18
Bolton Castle	Colon	June 20
Denis	Para	June 15
Leeds City	Leghorn	June 12
Guiana	St. Thomas	June 18
Minnehaha	London	June 15
Tronto	London	June 16
Chicago	Havre	June 20
City of Savannah	Savannah	June 26
Medina	Galveston	June 23
Sabine	Mobile	June 23

DUE TOMORROW.

Norman Monarch	Manchester	June 16
Knutsford	Havre	June 15
Saratoga	Havana	June 27
Ancon	Cristobal	June 23
El Valle	Galveston	June 24
Apache	Jacksonville	June 27

DUE THURSDAY.

G. de Lantsheer	La Pallice	June 17
Chicago City	Swansea	June 17
Iroquois	London	June 17
Santa Marta	Kingston	June 28
Comanche	Jacksonville	June 28
Antilles	New Orleans	June 26

DUE FRIDAY.

Lapland	Liverpool	June 23
Meissonier	Glasgow	June 18
Oranje Nassau	Curacao	June 19
Dagland	Macoris	June 23
Maracaibo	Porto Rico	June 26
Comal	Galveston	June 26
El Sud	Galveston	June 26

DUE SATURDAY.

St. Louis	Liverpool	June 26
Ile de la Reunion	Marseilles	June 16
Fairhaven	Marseilles	June 14
Eastern Prince	Bahia	June 19
Atherstone	Havre	June 19
Langton	Oran	June 17
Kroonland	San Francisco	June 13
Ponistone	St. Nazaire	June 18
Advance	Cristobal	June 26
Lenape	Jacksonville	June 30

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
San Giorgio, Naples	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Melderskin, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Ocean Prince, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
El Alba, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Adriatic, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Frederik VIII., Christiansand	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Philadelphia, San Juan	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carrillo, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mesaba, London	——	12:00 M.
Auchendale, London	——	12:00 M.
Munwood, Gibara	——	12:00 M.
Concho, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Comus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.

SAIL THURSDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Sixaola, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Colon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Sao Paulo, Barbados	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Matanzas, Havana	——	12:00 M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
El Siglo, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Guiana, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Uller, Barbados	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Yumuri, Santiago	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Philadelphia, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Chicago, Bordeaux	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Kristianiafjord, Bergen	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Stephano, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Saratoga, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Carolina, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tenadores, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Jethou, Argentina	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Manchioneal, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saxonia, Liverpool	——	10:00 A.M.
Yaguez, San Juan	——	12:00 M.
Medina, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Comal, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Santa Theresa, Havana	——	12:00 M.
Momus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
El Oriente, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JUNE 28.

SS Saxonia, Liverpool to New York, was signaled; time and distance not given; due 29th, forenoon. Cunard Line.
SS Minnehaha, London to New York, was signaled; time and distance not given; due 29th, forenoon. Atlantic Transport Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Morro Castle, Vera Cruz to New York, was 221 m. W. of Havana at 7 P. M. 27th.
SS Antilla, Santiago to New York, was 225 miles E. of Progreso at 7 P. M. 27th.
SS Antilles, New Orleans to New York, was 90 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Radiant, Sabine to New York, was 116 miles N. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Comal, Galveston to New York, was 529 miles E. of Galveston at noon.
SS El Sud, Galveston to New York, was 115 miles W. of Tortugas at noon.
SS Saratoga, Havana to New York, was 591 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Vesta, Sabine to New York, was 420 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS J. M. Guffey, Beverly to New York, was 72 miles E. of Ambrose Channel at noon.
SS Santa Rosalia, Cuba to New York, was 260 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Sabine, Mobile to New York, was 512 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Plinda, Cardenas to New York, was 690 miles S. at noon.
SS Apache, Jacksonville to New York, was 585 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Iroquois, Santo Domingo to New York, was 445 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah to New York, was 144 miles S. at noon.
SS Rio Grande, Brunswick to New York, was 112 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Medina, Galveston to New York, was 125 miles S. at 8 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Oscar II., at Copenhagen, June 25.
SS Wentworth, at Marseilles, June 23.
SS Bermudian, at Bermuda, June 26.
SS Samland, at London, June 28.
SS Largo Law, at Plymouth, June 27.
SS Queen Margaret, at Plymouth, June 28.
SS Fenay Bridge, at London, June 27.
SS Navajo, at Mejellones, June 26.
SS Shimosadi, at Aden, June 27.
SS Kroonland, at Panama, June 27.
SS Celia, at Panama, June 27.
SS Cristobal, at Colon, June 27.
SS Pastores, at Colon, June 27.

Sailed.

SS Espagne, from Bordeaux, June 27.
SS Hackensack, from Hull, June 26.
SS Cushing, from Copenhagen, June 20.
SS Parima, from Demerara, June 28.
SS Trinidad, from Cardiff, June 27.
SS St. George, from Glasgow, June 26.
SS Urbino, from Hull, June 26.
SS Panama, from Colon, June 27.

Passed.

SS Aurania, New York for Genoa, passed Gibraltar.
SS Samoset, New York for Calcutta, passed Gibraltar.

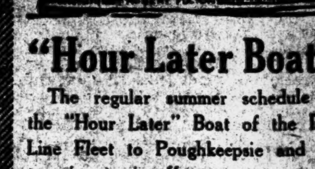
Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7:30 A. M. July 3, SS Philadelphia.
France—Close at 11 A. M. July 3, SS Chicago.
Belgium—Service suspended.
Gibraltar—Close at 6 P. M. July 21, SS Cretic.
Greece—Close at 12 M. July 5, SS Athinai.
Liberia—Close at 12 M. July 20, SS Tamele.
Netherlands—Close at 7:30 A. M. July 10, SS Rotterdam.
Sweden and Denmark—Close at 9 A. M. June 30, SS Frederik VIII.
Norway—Close at 8:30 A. M. July 3, SS Kristianiafjord.
Italy—Close at 7:30 A. M. July 6, SS Taormina.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport	July 1
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia, (except West,) New Zealand, (specially addressed only) (via San Francisco)—Ventura	July 1
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Manoa	July 1
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) and New Zealand (specially addressed) (via Vancouver)—Makura	July 2
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Shidzuoka Maru	July 4
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Siberia	July 5
Hawaii (via Seattle)—Hilonia	July 5



"Hour Later Boat"

The regular summer schedule of the "Hour Later" Boat of the Day Line Fleet to Poughkeepsie and return is now in effect.

This steamer enables the traveler to add to the delightful day's sail a visit to Bear Mountain, a ride up Mt. Beacon, a trolley trip from Newburgh to Orange Lake, or a visit to Vassar College or Wappinger's Falls, near Poughkeepsie.

All Service Daily Except Sunday. Direct Rail Connections to all points in the Catskills, Saratoga, the Adirondacks, the West and North. Music. Restaurant.

THROUGH BOAT TO ALBANY. Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:45 A. M., landing at West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Also

POUGHKEEPSIE SERVICE. Desbrosses St., 9.40; W. 42d St., 10; W. 129th St., 10:20; Yonkers, 10:50 A. M. for Bear Mountain, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh, and Poughkeepsie. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted.

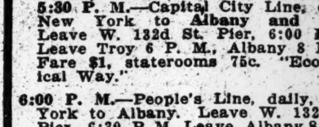
One Day Outings to Poughkeepsie, Newburgh or West Point.

Afternoon Boat

for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston and way landings, on Saturday, July 3rd, also to Catskill, Hudson and Albany, leaves Desbrosses St., 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Ideal outing to West Point, returning by Str. "ROBERT FULTON."

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE,
Desbrosses St. Pier.
Tel. 4141 Spring, N. Y.

SEARCHLIGHT ROUTE



All Steamers Depart from Pier 32, N. R., Foot Canal St., New York. 5:30 P. M.—Capital City Line, daily, New York to Albany and Troy. Leave W. 132d St. Pier, 6:00 P. M. Leave Troy 6 P. M., Albany 8 P. M. Fare $1, staterooms 75c. "Economical Way."

6:00 P. M.—People's Line, daily, New York to Albany. Leave W. 132d St. Pier, 6:30 P. M. Leave Albany 8 P. M. Fare $2 one way, $3.50 round trip. "Luxurious Way."

9:00 P.M.—daily, N. Y. to Albany & Troy. Leave W. 132d St. Pier 10:00 P. M.; leave Troy 9 P. M., except Sunday; Albany 11:00 P. M. daily. Fare $2.00 one way. $3.50 round trip.

Send stamp for beautiful historical calendar.

Tel. Spring 9400.

HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY

The World's Pleasure Grounds

GLEN ISLANDS WILL BE OPENED Thursday July 1st

PALATIAL STEAMERS will leave from 131st St. and North River, the Battery and 24th St., East River. All Second and Third Avenue trolley cars, subway and elevated, also all Bronx trolleys, connect directly for Glen Islands.

Eastern Steamship Lines
All-the-Way-by-Water

BOSTON Metropolitan Line Steamships
MASSACHUSETTS and OLD COLONY
Lve. Pier 18, N. R., foot Murray St., every day 5 P. M. Due Boston about 8 A. M. Same service returning. Unsurpassed facilities for expeditious handling of Automobiles, Horses, and Freight—Express Service.

Portland Maine Steamship Line Steamships
NORTH LAND and NORTH STAR. Lve. Pier 19, N. R., Tues., Thurs., and Sats., 5 P. M.; also Mons., 10:30 A. M.

Tkts. and information at Piers, also at all Tourist and N. Y. Transfer Co. Offices.

INTER-STATE PARK HIGHLAND LAKE
BEAR MOUNTAIN
45 MILES
UP THE BEAUTIFUL HUDSON

WEEK DAYS AND SUNDAYS
Steel Str. "HIGHLANDER"
Lvs. Battery 9:15, W. 23 St. 9:45 (W. 42 St. 10:20, W. 129 St. 10:40, weekdays only), Yonkers 11:10 A. M. MUSIC. REGULAR DINNER, 50c.

Str. NEWBURGH Sundays and Holidays.
Lvs. W. 42 St. 10:20, W. 129 St. 10:40 A. M. Round Trip, Weekdays, 50c. Children, 25c. Sundays & Holidays, 75c. Children, 50c.
McAllister Steamboat Co. Tel. Broad 952.

FALL RIVER LINE TO BOSTON $4.00

Strs. lv. Pier 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., daily at 5:30 P. M. Music.
Providence Line: Strs. lv. Pier 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., week days only, 6:00 P. M.
New London Line str. lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 5:30 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:00 P. M.
New Bedford Line: Strs. lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only at 6:00 P. M.
New Haven Line str. lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days, 2:45 P. M.; Sundays, 9:30 A. M. Pier 70, ft. E. 22d St., week days, 3:00 P. M.; Sundays, 10:00 A. M.
Bridgeport Line, week days only, str. lv. Pier 28, E. R., 3:00 P. M.; Pier 70, ft. E. 22d St., week days, 3:15 P. M. Sundays, 4:45 P. M.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES

Splendid Steamers leave Pier 43, N. R. (foot Christopher St.), 6:30 P. M., Yonkers 7:30 P. M., Daily, (except Sunday), for Catskill, Hudson, Coxsackie and way landings. Direct connection for Cairo, Palenville, Otis Summit, Haines Falls, Tannersville and all points in the Catskill Mountains.

Saturday Special, Fare, $1.25
Leave Pier 43, N. R., 1 P. M., Yonkers 1:45 P. M.
REDUCED FARE TO MALDEN
$1.00 IN EACH DIRECTION

Special Service Over July 4th
Steamers "Clermont" and "Onteora" leave New York July 2nd at 6:30 P. M., leave Catskill July 5th, 10:15 P. M.

Tickets and information mailed on request, or can be obtained at tourist and ticket agencies in Greater New York. Phone 1097 Spring.

Delightful Afternoon Trip to WEST POINT
Steamer "Mary Powell"
Returning on
Str. "Robert Fulton"

Leave Desbrosses St., daily except Sunday, 1:45 P. M.; West 42nd St., 2 P. M.; West 129th St., 2:20 P. M. $1 round trip. Ample time at West Point to drive around the Post. Orchestra. Restaurant.

Best Trip for Saturday Afternoon.

Here's a Cool Trip!
Where crisp sea breezes bring rest, health, relaxation
SUPERIOR SERVICE and LOW FARES to
SAVANNAH JACKSONVILLE MACON AUGUSTA
ATLANTA BIRMINGHAM MONTGOMERY
and all other Southern Points
CONSULT ANY TICKET OR TOURIST AGENT OR
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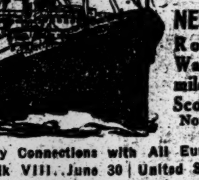
RUSSIAN AMERICAN LINE

Uninterrupted Direct Line to RUSSIA
S. S. Czaritza, July 5
Holds record, from Archangel to New York, in 12½ days.
1st Class, $90; 2d, $65
Daily through service to Petrograd, Moscow, etc.
Regular Eleven-Day Service to Archangel.
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., Agts., 37 B'way, N. Y.

SCANDINAVIAN AMERICAN LINE



NEUTRAL FLAG
Route outside War Zone 250 miles north of Scotland.
Norway, Sweden, Denmark.
Daily Connections with All European Cities
Frederik VIII...June 30 | United States...July 15
A. E. Johnson & Co., Inc., Agts., 1 B'way, N. Y.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
POSTAL SERVICE
Sailings for BORDEAUX
CHICAGO . . July 3, 3 P. M.
ESPAGNE . . July 10, 3 P. M.
ROCHAMBEAU . July 17, 3 P. M.
NIAGARA . . July 24, 3 P. M.
FOR INFORMATION APPLY
COMPANY'S OFFICE 19 State St., N. Y. Phone Broad 4900.

ITALIAN LINES
*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
†LA VELOCE (Fast Italian Line.)
‡Italia Societa di Navigazione a Vapore.
To PARIS and all other EUROPEAN POINTS
Via the MEDITERRANEAN
To Naples and Genoa.
‡STAMPALIA............JULY 10, NOON
*Verona...July 10, noon | ‡Ancona...July 24, noon
*Duca d'Abruzzi.Jy.17,n'n | *America..July 31, noon
New large twin-screw steamers, all outside rooms.
HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., One State St.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
21-24 State St., N. Y.
Sailing Under Neutral Flag.
N. Y.-London Via Falmouth Rotterdam
Twin-Screw Sailings Carry U. S. Mail.
*Rotterdam.July 10,n'n | †Noordam......July 27
*N.Amst'm.July20,noon | †Ryndam.......Aug. 3
*Via Falmouth. †Rotterdam Direct.

ANCHOR LINE
Royal Mail Twin-Screw Geared Turbines
NEW YORK to GLASGOW
Tuscania...July 23, 5 PM | Cameronia, Aug. 6, 5 PM
Calling at Liverpool
COMPANY'S OFFICE, 21-24 State St., N. Y.

FABRE LINES TO PARIS
VIA NAPLES AND MARSEILLES
SANT' ANNA....July 22 | PATRIA (new)...Aug. 9
Via Azores, Lisbon, Barcelona & Marseilles
ROMA......Aug. 3 | ROMA......Sept. 21
Jas. W. Elwell & Co., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

TO FRANCE BY
LLOYD ITALIANO
TAORMINA, JULY 6.
TO ITALY IN 11 DAYS.
Under Italian Flag. Rates, $65 & $90 up.
C. B. RICHARD & CO., 31 B'way, N. Y.

"NIAGARA TO THE SEA" by Canada S. S. Lines, Ltd., 182 Victoria Sq., Montreal.

12-Day, All-Expense Northern Cruise $60. Booklet free Red Cross Line. New York.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
BOSTON $2.80
Via Boat and Rail. ROUND TRIP $5.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $1.75
ROUND TRIP $3.30.
COLONIAL LINE
First-class service, catering to the best people. Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St. All Outside Rooms, $1.00 to $3.00. Wireless equipment. Uptown Office, Broadway and 23d St. Phone Spring 9491.

BAY STATE LINE
$2.55 BOSTON $2.55
Via Boat and Trolley, $2.25.
Worcester, $2.60; Providence direct, $1.50.
STATEROOMS, $1.00, $1.50 AND $2.00.
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, E. R. Phone 2700 Beekman.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.
Uptown Ticket Office, Broadway and 23d St.
Write for Illustrated Folder.

HUDSON RIVER BY NIGHT
MANHATTAN LINE
$1.00 TO ALBANY
Dining Room Service a la Carte.
THROUGH TICKETS AND BAGGAGE CHECKED TO ALL POINTS.
Autos and Horses at Low Rates.
Steamers Lv. daily, Pier 39, North River, foot West Houston St., 5:30 P. M.; West 131st St. 6 P. M. Telephone 9226 Spring.

Up the Hudson DANCING Every Evening
"S. S. MANDALAY"
Lvs. Pier W. 131st St. only. 8:30 P. M. Fare $1
(Weather Permitting.)
Tel. Pier Morn. 4399 or Broad 179-3363.

DAILY AND SUNDAY TRIPS TO
Interstate Park Landings
(ALONG THE PALISADES.)
STR. KINGSTON leaves W. 129th St. at 10 A.M., 2 and 5 P.M. FARE, 35c. Round Trip

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPOINT, SHELTER ISLAND AND SAG HARBOR.
Str. "Shinnecock" of Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Line leaves N. Y., Pier ft. 34th St., E. R., Tues. and Thurs., 5:30 P. M.; Sat., 1:00 P. M.

BOSTON $2.80 — PROVIDENCE $1.75
Via COLONIAL LINE
Information—Tickets—Staterooms.
Broadway Ticket Office, 42 Broadway, Downtown Branch. Telephone Broad 84.

ROUND TRIP RED BANK LINE 50c CENTS
For Highlands, Oceanic, Locust Point, Fair Haven & Red Bank. Week days, lve. Franklin St., Pier 24, 8:30 a. m., 2:30 p. m.; Battery, 8:55 a. m., 2:55 p. m. Suns. & Hols., Franklin St., 8:30, 9:15; Battery, 8:55, 9:35 a. m.

HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 20, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday, at 5 p. m. for Connecticut River landings. Write for Summer folder.

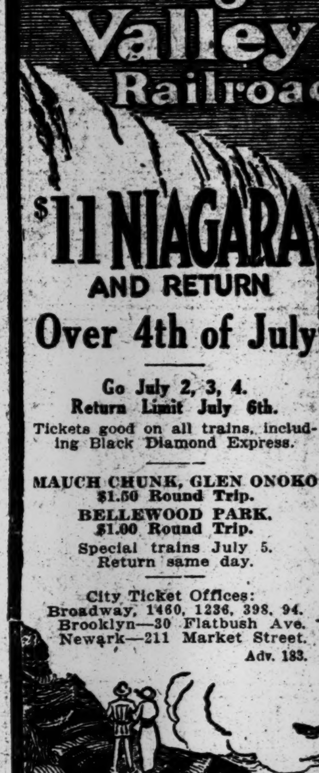
Sight-Seeing Yachts
Lvs. Battery Pier 10:30, 2:30. Tel. Broad 8373.
To Sandy Hook and the Ocean 1:30 P. M.

CENTRAL HUDSON LINE.
*West Pt., Newburgh, P'keepsie, Kingston, Franklin St., 4; W. 129 St., 4:30 P. M. Newburgh, Highland Falls, etc., Franklin St., 5; W. 129 St., 5:30 P. M. *Str. connects for boat to New York. $1 round trip.

SIGHT SEEING YACHT CLIFTON
Lv. ft. W. 42d St., 10:30 and 2:30 every day. Music. Lecturer. Tel. Bryant 3823.

Stamford Boat, Pier 27, E. R., 1 P.M. Week Days. Passengers, 35c. Freight. 6252 Orchard.

THE SANDY HOOK ROUTE.
N. J. C. BOATS RUNNING.



Lehigh Valley Railroad

$11 NIAGARA AND RETURN
Over 4th of July

Go July 2, 3, 4.
Return Limit July 6th.
Tickets good on all trains, including Black Diamond Express.

MAUCH CHUNK, GLEN ONOKO $1.50 Round Trip.
BELLEWOOD PARK. $1.00 Round Trip.
Special trains July 5. Return same day.

City Ticket Offices:
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Brooklyn—30 Flatbush Ave.
Newark—211 Market Street.
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Ideal Vacation Trips
To and From
CALIFORNIA
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Large American Trans-Atlantic Liners
FINLAND AND KROONLAND

From NEW YORK	From SAN FRANCISCO
JULY 10	JULY 10
JULY 31	AUG. 3
AUG. 26	AUG. 24

FIRST CABIN, $125 and up.
INTERMEDIATE, $60 and up.
Including meals and berth.
Best of cuisine and service.
ASK ABOUT COMBINATION TRIPS
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Largest, Finest and Fastest Vessels to
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†Peru-Chile EXPRESS SERVICE to & from PANAMA.
16 Days New York to Callao
23 Days New York to Valparaiso.
SERVICES TO Colombia & Ecuador
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Brazil and the Argentine
*The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
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†The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
‡The Nelson Lines.
SANDERSON & SON, Gen. Agts.,
26 Broadway, N. Y.
Or Any Steamship Ticket Agent.

CUNARD
Established 1840
EUROPE via LIVERPOOL
Saxonia......Sat., July 3, 10 A.M.
Orduna.......Sat., July 17, 10 A.M.
Tuscania.....Fri., July 23, 5 P.M.
Saxonia......Sat., July 31, 10 A.M.
ROUND THE WORLD TOURS
Through bookings to all principal Ports of the World.
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American Line
AMERICAN STEAMERS
Under the American Flag
N. Y.—Liverpool. Pier 62, N.R., Noon
Philadelphia...July 3 | St. Louis...July 10
White Star Line
N. Y.—Liverpool. Pier 60, N. R., Noon
Adriatic...June 30 | Lapland...July 7
Azores—Gibraltar—Naples—Genoa.
Cretic, July 21, 10 A. M. | Canopic, Aug. 3
Office, 9 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 9000 Rector.

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Via HONOLULU and SUVA
PALATIAL PASSENGER STEAMERS
"NIAGARA," 20,000 tons displacement
"MAKURA," 13,000 tons displacement
Sailing every 28 days from Vancouver, B. C. Apply Canadian Pacific Railway, 458 Broadway, New York, N. Y., or to the Canadian Australasian Royal Mail Line, 440 Seymour St., Vancouver, B. C.

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BARBADOS, BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO & BUENOS AYRES
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
Frequent sailings from New York by new and fast (12,500 ton) passenger steamers.
Busk & Daniels, Gen. Agts., 8 Broadway, N. Y.

JULY FOURTH
Trips, Including Tickets and Hotels
Lake George...... 3 days.......$13.00
Also to Adirondacks, Saratoga Springs, etc. Travel Tickets only to Holiday Resorts.
THOS. COOK & SON,
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COOK'S EXPOSITION TOURS
Weekly departures. Send for booklet.
THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway.

CALIFORNIA—HONOLULU—[illegible]
via PANAMA—HAVANA—[illegible]
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NORWEGIAN AMERICA LINE
8-10 Bridge St., New York.

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CALIFORNIA—Special Rates. All [illegible]
MARSTERS, 1246 Broadway, N. Y.

RAILROADS.

N. J. CENTRAL POPULAR [illegible]
Sundays. Holidays. See ads. of [illegible]

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, JUNE 28.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

102D ST, n s, 100 ft e of Columbus Av, 19x100.11; Francis J. McElkenney to Mary C. Dawson, 251 Fort Washington Av, Oct. 1, 1914 ....$1

140TH ST, 203 West, n s, 100 ft w of 7th Av, 28x99.11; John H. Schreiner to Sadie L. Horowitz, Sunnyside Av, Far Rockaway, Borough of Queens, (mtg $20,000,) all liens, June 28; attorney, Saul Bernstein, 149 Broadway $100

112TH ST, s s, 342 ft w of 7th Av, 16x100.11; Andrew L. Brush, Greenwich, Conn., to Lizzie L. Brush, on Strickland Road, Cos Cob, Conn., (mtg $3,000,) Sept. 14, 1914; attorney, R. E. Brush, 111 Broadway....$1

139TH ST, 511 West, n s, 200 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 50x99.11; May C. Dawson to Frank A. Dempsey, 568 West 149th St, all liens, June 28....$1

87TH ST, 124 West, s s, 236 ft w of Columbus Av, 20x100.8; J. George Flammer to Charlotte B. Flammer, 124 West 87th St, all liens, March 10....$30,000

142D ST, 147 West, n s, 250 ft e of 7th Av, 37.6x99.11; City Real Estate Co. to the K. & G. Realty Co., 140 Nassau St, (mtg $30,000,) June 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

74TH ST, 502 to 506 East, s s, 98 ft e of Avenue A, 75x102.2; Anna A. Kenly to George W. Grote, 207 West 137th St, (mtg $45,000,) June 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

207TH ST, e s, 100 ft n of Sherman Av, 100x100; Gustavus L. Lawrence to Knickerbocker Realty Holding Corporation, 180 Broadway, (mtg $31,000,) June 12; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

171ST ST, s s, 125 ft e of Fort Washington Av, 286x95; Robert S. Clark, Cooperstown, N. Y., to Samuel Blumenthal, 542 West 112th St, (mtg $70,000,) all liens, June 25; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

18TH ST, 139 East, n e s, 125 ft n w of 3d Av, 25x100; Julius B. Fox, Jersey City, N. J., to Joseph L. Buttenwieser, 300 Central Park West, all liens, Sept. 1, 1914; address, 220 Broadway....$100

LEXINGTON AV, 101, s e s, 24.8 ft n e of 27th St, 24.8x100; Julius B. Fox to Joseph L. Buttenwieser, 300 Central Park West, (mtg $27,000,) June 9; address, 220 Broadway....$100

106TH ST, s s, 283 ft e of Riverside Drive, 17x100.11; Edward J. O'Gorman and another, executors of Catharine Reilly, to the Roman Catholic Church of the Ascension, 221 West 107th St, June 26; attorney, W. M. Thiery, 93 Nassau St....$32,500

Bronx.

OLD POST ROAD from New York to Albany, w s, 53.5 ft n of 231st St, 52.10x1.3 to w s of Albany Crescent x52.4x4.10; Herman P. Cammann et al., executors, to Roger Morrison, 219 Pacific St, Jamaica, April 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$50

LOTS 76 and 78, map of part of Hunt estate; Ida J. Heaney to Joseph V. Carr, 547 West 147th St, July 7, 1908; attorney, Joseph V. Carr, 547 West 147th St....$100

182D ST, 611 East, n e corner of Adams Place, 84.4x irregular; Weiher Construction Co. to Samuel Ehrlich, 611 East 182d St, June 22; attorney, Samuel Ehrlich, 611 East 182d St....$100

166TH ST, s s, 35 ft w of Trinity Av, 40x99.5; Oliver E. Davis to Anna M. Steele, 2,064 Bathgate Av, (mtg $32,000,) June 24; attorney, Robert H. Bergman, 3,219 3d Av....$5,000

LOTS 62 and 63, map of Sisters of Charity; David J. Carey to James V. Carey, 245 East 83d St, June 25; attorney, C. V. Halley, Jr., 502 Tremont Av....$1

LOTS 326 and 327, Block I, map of Mapes estate; Nellie Gleason to William Gleason, 205 8th Av, April 26; attorney, James H. Goggin, 280 Broadway....$1

LOT 348, Map Van Nest Park; Wilhelmine Arp to Annie Brenitsky 11 Orchard St, Jersey City, N. J., June 26; attorney, C. H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av....$100

LOTS 21 and 22, Parcel 36, Map William B. Ogden; William M. Rosendale to George Rosendale, 321 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, (mtg $1,750,) June 15; attorneys, Rosendale & D., 52 Broadway....$1

LOTS 35 to 38, Map Haight Estate; Peter Schaffer to Frank J. Lang, 210 West 146th St, May 4; attorney, Frank J. Lang, 210 West 146th St....$100

OLD POST ROAD from New York to Albany, w s, 53.5 ft n of 231st St, 52.10x1.3 to w s of Albany Crescent, x52.6x4.1; Roger Morrison to Thomas J. Totten, 27 Tyndall Av, April 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

OLD POST ROAD from New York to Albany, w s, 53.5 ft n of 231st St, 52.10x52.1; same to same, April 14; attorney, same.$200

TREMONT AV, n s, 100 ft n of Anthony Av, 25x100; Giulia Vitelli to Victoria Bitterman, 38 Fort Washington Av, June 18; attorney, Samuel Bitterman, 309 Broadway....$100

HOE AV, 969, w s, 42x111; Sarah E. Henderson to J. & M. Cleland Building Co., 355 East Tremont Av, (mtg $39,500,) June 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

ANTHONY AV, 1,854, e s, 33x100; William E. Burkhardt to Paschal S. Ritter, 289 Summit Av, Mt. Vernon, N. Y., (mtg $14,500,) April 1; attorney, P. S. Ritter, 289 Summit Av, Mt. Vernon, N. Y....$1

WENDOVER AV, 417, n s, 37.6x83.5; Joseph O'Farrell, referee, to Helen F. Montegriffo, 417 Claremont Parkway, June 16; attorney, Helen F. Montegriffo, 417 Claremont Parkway....$100

MONTGOMERY AV, n w corner of Popham Av, 100x125.1; J. & M. Cleland Building Co. to Sarah E. Henderson, 969 Hoe Av, (mtg $5,240,) June 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

AQUEDUCT AV, e s, 76 ft s of Fordham Place, 25.4x104.9; Thomas F. Bligh to Mary C. Howley, 406 West 34th St, (mtg $3,000,) June 23; attorney, Mary C. Howley 406 West 34th St....$100

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, w s, 375 ft n of Jennings St, 37.6x100; Anna M. Jones to A. M. J. Realty Co., Inc., 421 East 57th St, (mtg $31,000,) June 26; attorney, R. E. Bergman, 148th St and 3d Av....$100

OGDEN AV, e s, 75 ft n of 166th St, 175x irregular; Emma E. Horn to Elena E. Goodale, 511 West 112th St, and another, June 26; attorney, W. C. Goodale, 34 Pine St....$100

134TH ST, 678 East, s s, 20x103.9; Elizabeth Gareiss to Caroline Gareiss, 2,966 Marion Av, June 28; attorney, G. Frey, 3,429 3d Av....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Caroline Gareiss to Charles W. Gareiss, 465 East 134th St, June 28; attorney, same....$100

134TH ST, n s, 600 ft e of Willis Av.; Elizabeth Gareiss to Caroline Gareiss, 2,766 Marion Av, June 28; attorney, same....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Caroline Gareiss to Charles W. Gareiss, 465 East 134th St, June 28; attorney, same....$100

CRESTON AV, n e corner of 183d St, 125x100; William Webber et al., (executors,) to William L. Phelan, 2,047 Ryer Av, June 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$19,000

SAME PROPERTY; William L. Phelan to Aronoh Co., Inc., 3,306 Creston Av, (mtg $11,400, June 28; attorney, same....$1

CROTONA PARKWAY, s e corner of 179th St, 61.8 to Mohegan Av. x136.7x149.11; Emma E. Horn to Lina Ettlinger, 1,957 Broadway, ½ part, (correction deed,) June 25; attorney, W. C. Goodale, 34 Pine St....$1

SAME PROPERTY; same to Elena E. Goodale, 511 West 112th St, and another, ½ part, June 26; attorney, same....$1

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, w s, whole front between Manhattan and 129th Sts, 132.9x irregular; Larkin Lumber Co. against Mary G. Pinkney, owner; Fort Lee Ferry Public Market Co., lessee and contractor....$457

PARK ROW, 168; Edward Segal against estate of Eugene Hoffman, owner; Morris Goldstein, contractor....$25

27TH ST, 138 East; Edward Leis against John Martin, owner; Benjamin B. Davenport, contractor....$856

Bronx.

KINSELLA ST, 827; Patrick J. Twomey against Michael Brennan, Inc., owner; Michael J. Brennan, contractor....$55

SATISFIED MECHANIC'S LIEN.

Manhattan.

116TH ST, 7 and 9 East; Pinkas Klahr against Benkay Realty Co. et al., June 4, 1915....$63

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS.

Manhattan.

EDGECOMBE AV, s e corner of 139th St, 72.11x85; Germania Life Ins. Co. loans 114th St. and Seventh Ave. Construction Co., to erect a — story apartment house....$92,500

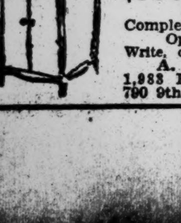
EDGECOMBE AV, e s, 18.11 ft n of 138th St; same loans same, to erect a — story apartment....$92,500

Bronx.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, w s, 232.3 ft n of 184th St, 50x78.6; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. loans Nista Construction Co., Inc., to erect one — story apartment....$25,000

INTERVALE AV, e s, 250.8 ft n of Westchester Av, 50x100; Manhattan Mortgage Co. loans Daveck Building Co., Inc., to erect one five-story apartment....$35,000

FOR SALE.



VICTORS VICTROLAS
On Easiest Terms.
$1 Down; $1 Weekly
and up.
Complete stock of records
Open Evenings.
Write, call, phone 632 Cols.
A. H. MAYERS,
1,983 B'way, near 67th.
790 9th Av., near 53d St.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The following eligible list for Inspector of Licenses, Russian and Yiddish, is announced: Jacob Levinson, 83; Julius Muscott, 80.63; Nathan Auerbach, 79.27; Alexander Shapiro, 77.45; Joseph L. Samsonoff, 74.81.

United States.

The commission announces for July 27 examinations for instrument maker and for wheelwright. Applicants for instrument maker must be 20 years or over on the date of the examination. Appointments will be made for service in the Department of Commerce at salaries ranging from $900 to $1,020 a year. Applicants for wheelwright must be from 20 to 50 years. Appointments will be made in the Indian service. The salary is $720 a year.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, FIRST Judicial District, County of Bronx.—In the matter of the application of the PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION FOR THE FIRST DISTRICT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, acting on behalf of The City of New York, for the appointment of Commissioners of Appraisal pursuant to Chapter 4 of the Laws of 1891, and the several statutes amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto, relative to acquiring an estate in fee simple absolute and an estate by way of easement in and to certain several premises at and near the intersection of MOTT AVENUE AND EAST 138TH STREET, in the Borough of The Bronx, City of New York, required for the purpose of the construction, maintenance and operation in perpetuity of a portion of the rapid transit railroad commonly spoken of as the LEXINGTON AVENUE ROUTE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the First Separate Report of Cyrus C. Miller, Martin Geiszler, and Josiah A. Briggs, Commissioners of Appraisal, duly appointed in the above entitled proceeding, which report bears date the 8th day of June, 1915, was filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Bronx on the 19th day of June, 1915.

NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN that said First Separate Report relates to and affects Damage Parcel No. 2 in the above entitled proceedings.

NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN that said First Separate Report will be presented for confirmation to the Supreme Court of the State of New York at a Special Term, Part I, thereof, for the Hearing of Motions, to be held in and for the First Judicial District, at the Bronx County Court House at 161st Street and Third Avenue, in the Borough of The Bronx, City of New York, on the 6th day of July, 1915, at the opening of Court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that said report be confirmed.

Dated New York, June 22, 1915.
FRANK L. POLK,
Corporation Counsel, Municipal Building, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK, SS.:

WHEREAS, a petition was filed in the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York on the 5th day of June, 1915, by Actieselskabet Ocean, owner of the steamship Jos. J. Cuneo, her engines, etc., for a limitation of its liability in respect of any claim or claims for loss, destruction, damage, or injury arising out of the collision between the steamships Jos. J. Cuneo and Ryndam on May 26, 1915; and,

WHEREAS, the value of the petitioner's interest in the steamship Jos. J. Cuneo has been duly appraised at the sum of $45,000, and her pending freight at the sum of $155.30, with interest from May 27, 1915, and the petitioner has filed a stipulation, duly approved by the Court, to abide by and pays the moneys awarded by the final decree rendered by the District Court or by the Appellate Court if an appeal intervene, to the amount of said appraised value with interest as aforesaid;

NOW, therefore, in pursuance of the monition issued by said Court to me directed and delivered, I do hereby cite all persons claiming damages for loss, destruction, damage, or injury occasioned by the said collision to file and make due proof of their respective claims before Edward L. Owen, Esq., United States Commissioner, at his office, No. 71 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 4th day of October, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, and also to appear before said Court at the Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the said 4th day of October, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, and answer said petition; otherwise they will be defaulted and barred from participation in this suit.

Dated, New York, June 28th, 1915.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
United States Marshal for the Southern District of New York.
HAIGHT, SANDFORD & SMITH, Proctors for Petitioner, 27 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ROSE PROVISION CO., Alleged Bankrupt.

Arthur Y. Dalziel, temporary receiver of the assets, property, and effects of the above-named alleged bankrupt, Rose Provision Co., will receive sealed bids for all the property, assets, and effects, consisting of machinery, tools, and implements for the manufacture of provisions, also office fixtures, safe, &c., all located at premises of the alleged bankrupt, at No. 170 Suffolk Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 29th day of June, 1915, at 11 o'clock A. M., at his office, No. 49 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York. Each bid must be accompanied by certified check or cash of at least 10% of the amount of said bid.

In the event of the rejection of said bids by the receiver herein, all the said assets, property, and effects will be sold at public auction through Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, on the 2d day of July, 1915, at 2 P. M., at the premises of the alleged bankrupt, No. 170 Suffolk Street, New York City.

Property is open for inspection between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. daily.

Receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids that may be submitted.
ARTHUR Y. DALZIEL, Receiver.
JULIUS H. REITER, Attorney for Receiver, 277 Broadway, N. Y. City, Manhattan.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL MAGEN, individually and as surviving member of the firm of A. FRANKENSTEIN & CO., Bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that collateral pledged for unpaid loans made by A. Frankenstein & Co., at Nos. 74-76 Delancey Street, between July 16, 1913, and April 22, 1914, Nos. 37,531-53,207, both inclusive, will be sold at public auction under the direction of Charles P. Sanford, the trustee herein, by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, at 10:30 A. M. on this day, Tuesday, June 29th, 1915, and daily thereafter until wholly disposed of, such collateral consisting of a large assortment of jewelry, watches, chains, clocks, etc., a large jeweler's safe, and men's and women's clothing, household articles, tallises, odds and ends, &c.
CHARLES P. SANFORD, Trustee,
346 Broadway, N. Y. C.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, June 11, 1915.
WALTER M. GOLDSMITH, Attorney for Trustee, 55 Liberty St., N. Y. City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ARTHUR COURTIN CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, June 29th, 1915, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 85 Front St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of safe, office furniture, etc., also all those certain four lots, parcels of land, lying and being in Harlem Park, at Wyandanch, Township of Babylon, County of Suffolk, State of New York, known and designated on a certain map entitled "Map No. 1, Harlem Park, property of the New York Suburban Land Company," as and by the Numbers, 23-25 in Block 97, and Lots 13-14 in Block 98.
HERMAN CAPPELLE, Trustee.
JULIUS H. REITER, Attorney for Trustee, 277 Broadway, New York.
WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee, 67 Wall St., N. Y. C.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LEO SAFIAN, trading as AMERICAN CLOTHING CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, June 29, 1915, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 186 Wooster St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a stock of men's, youths', and children's suits, knee pants, knickerbockers, bloomers, cotton, linen, and khaki piece goods, woolens, linings, trimmings, partitions, safe, fixtures, etc.
ISAAC STEINHAUS, Assignee.
WILLIAM C. RITTENBERG, Attorney for Petitioning Creditors, 233 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MONARCH PIANO PLAYER AND ROLL CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, July 8th, 1915, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 511 W. 42nd St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a piano player, music rolls, music roll machinery, roll paper, office furniture, fixtures, &c. MARCUS HELFAND, Trustee.
ROSENBERG, LEVIS & BALL, Attorneys for Trustee, 74 Broadway, New York.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the general assignment of BELL DRY GOODS CO., INC., to Morris B. Arnold, for the benefit of creditors.

The sale previously advertised for today is hereby adjourned to July 20, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., at the assignor's place of business at 137 Essex Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Dated New York, June 15th, 1915.
MORRIS B. ARNOLD, Assignee.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Assignee.

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BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of FAUST CAFE, Bankrupt.—The property of the bankrupt, consisting of wines, liquors, supplies, etc., chandeliers, figures, piano and various other ornaments, and a certain limited quantity of restaurant equipment, etc., will be sold by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, at the bankrupt's place of business at 1,823 Broadway, New York, on this day, June 29th, 1915, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

For further particulars inquire of the undersigned.
PAUL ARMITAGE, Receiver,
233 Broadway, New York City.
OLCOTT, GRUBER, BONYNGE & McMANUS, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 21,546.—In Bankruptcy.—MAX HELBORN, Alleged Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named alleged bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on June 26th, 1915, an order was made referring the above-entitled proceeding to the undersigned as referee in bankruptcy, under Section 12A of the Bankruptcy act; and

Notice is hereby further given that a meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned at No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, on the 9th day of July, 1915, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the bankrupt, consider an offer of composition to be made by the alleged bankrupt herein, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, June 28th, 1915.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy, as Special Master.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. of N. Y.—No. 21853.—In Bankruptcy.—LOUIS BLISS, individually and as a co-partner of the firm of BLISS, DEMAREST & COX, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Louis Bliss, individually and as a co-partner of the firm of Bliss, Demarest & Cox, are hereby given notice that on June 21st, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, July 9th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated, New York, June 28th, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. of N. Y.—No. 21880.—In Bankruptcy.—BLINKHORN PHOTOPLAYS CORPORATION, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Blinkhorn Photoplays Corporation are hereby given notice that on June 26th, 1915, it was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, July 9th, 1915, at 11:00 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated, New York, June 28th, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. of N. Y.—No. 21,882.—In Bankruptcy.—ROBERT GUNN, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Robert Gunn are hereby given notice that on June 26th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, July 9th, 1915, at 10:00 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated, New York, June 28th, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, So. Dist. N. Y.—No. 20,552.—In Bankruptcy.—INTERNATIONAL PRAEPOSIT CO., Bankrupt.

Creditors of said International Praeposit Co. are hereby given notice that on December 12th, 1914, it was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, New York City, July 9th, 1915, at 12 M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. of N. Y.—No. 21,292.—In Bankruptcy.—COLEMAN & KRAUSE, INC., Bankrupts.

Creditors of said Coleman & Krause, Inc., are hereby given notice that on March 23rd, 1915, they were duly adjudicated bankrupts. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, July 9th, 1915, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated, New York, June 28th, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 21,230.—In Bankruptcy.—ATSCO, INC., Bankrupt.

Atsco, Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on March 2, 1915. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 45 Cedar Street, City of New York, on July 13, 1915, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

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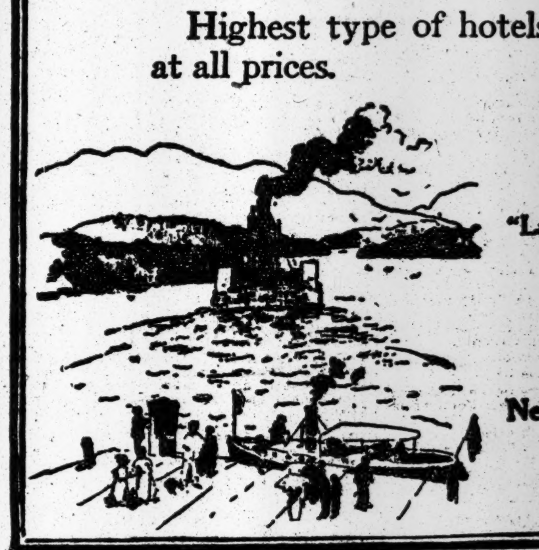

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THE REAL ESTATE FIELD.

Builders Buy Large Upper West Side Plots for New Apartments—Murray Hill Business Deal Pending—East Twenty-third Street Loft Sold and Leased—Good Bronx Market.

The resale for a new apartment house of an upper Riverside Drive plot, one for a similar operation in 171st Street, and a deal said to be nearly closed for a big business operation in the Murray Hill section between Fifth and Madison Avenues, opened the realty market of the week in a fairly active manner. The first named transaction involved the sale by Harris and Maurice Mandelbaum of the plot they purchased a short time ago from the Loyal L. Smith estate, at the southeast corner of Riverside Drive and 160th Street. It is a triangular plot, fronting 212 feet on the Drive by 144 feet on the street. It has been purchased by the Melvin Construction Company, Harry Friedman, President, builders who have been active in the apartment house improvements in that neighborhood. The new owners will erect on the corner a six-story structure from plans by Harold L. Young and Seward Wagner, having six families on a floor. With the building, the investment will represent about $600,000.

The J. Romaine Company acted as the brokers. They have sold all of the once extensive Smith estate holdings, most of which have been bought by the Mandelbaums and resold to builders for immediate improvement. The plot just sold disposes of the last of the old estate holdings.

Builders Buy Heights Plot.

A large plot in the upper Washington Heights section, comprising a frontage of 143 by 95 on the south side of 171st Street, 117 feet west of Broadway, has been resold by Samuel and Henry A. Blumenthal to a building syndicate known as the 171 Building Company. The new owners are preparing to erect two five-story apartment houses. The brokers were F. R. Wood, W. H. Dolson Company and Joseph Silverson.

The original purchase by the Blumenthals involved the entire block front with the exception of the Broadway and Fort Washington Avenue corners. Negotiations are about closed for the resale to builders of the remaining westerly portion.

Murray Hill Deal Pending.

A deal is said to be pending for the leasing by a syndicate from the Samuel Sloan estate of the properties at 7 East Thirty-eighth Street and 10 and 12 East Thirty-ninth Street, fronting 37.6 on each street by 197 deep. The Thirty-ninth Street plot is vacant. The property adjoins the new Craftsman building at 5 East Thirty-eighth Street. If the deal goes through, involving twenty-one years' lease with renewals, it is said that a twelve-story building will be erected.

Twenty-third Street Loft Sold and Leased.

The six-story loft building at 403 to 407 East Twenty-third Street, adjoining the northeast corner of First Avenue, has been purchased by the Airmoor Company from the General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States. The plot is 75 by 98.9. The buyers have paid cash over a mortgage of $54,000. It has been held at $100,000. The Cruikshank Company and Gibson, Raymond & Green were the brokers in the transaction. The building has been leased through Gibson, Raymond & Green to a western manufacturing concern which has taken a twenty-one-year lease. The Airmoor Company will make extensive alterations. The lease calls for an aggregate rental of over $200,000.

Lexington Avenue Resale.

The five-story flat at 1,795 Lexington Avenue, on plot 27 by 95, near 111th Street, has been resold by Frederick Brown to Dr. G. B. Mawson, who gave in part payment 188 Bay Forty-fourth Street, Edgemere, L. I., a three-story cottage, on plot 40 by 100. James A. Dowd negotiated the deal. Mr. Brown acquired the Manhattan house last month from Mathilde E. Weber.

Buys Upper West Side Dwelling.

The three-story dwelling at 537 West 142d Street, near Broadway, on lot 30 by 100, has been sold for William Gamble to an investor by Slawson & Hobbs. It is the first sale of the property in twenty-five years. The building is arranged for the use of two families and a garage is in the rear.

Tenement Investment.

The four-story tenement with stores at 159 East 103d Street, on plot 30 by 100.11, between Lexington and Third Avenues, has been purchased by a client of Louis Hutter from the City Real Estate Company.

Bronx Sales.

The six-story new law apartment house at the northwest corner of Elton Avenue and 156th Street, plot 48.6 by 101, has been sold by Kurz & Uren for the Benenson Realty Company to an investor.

The Valhalla Corporation has sold to a client of Oliver E. Davis the four-story apartment with stores at 418 Brook Avenue.

The plot 25 by 61 on the east side of the Grand Concourse, 115 feet south of 187th Street, and running through to Ryer Avenue, has been resold for William H. Hancox by H. A. Douglas & Co. to a Mr. Hurley. It was recently purchased by the seller through the same brokers.

The two-family frame house at 760 Hewitt Place, fronting twenty-five feet between 156th Street and Longwood Avenue, has been sold by Nicholas Lopard for Lawrence P. Decker to M. Klein.

$200,000 Edgemere Tract Sold.

A deal, involving Edgemere property, Long Island, held at $200,000, has been closed by A. E. & D. A. Karelsen, who have sold for F. Newman to W. A. Reinhart a plot of 300 lots, fronting on the Boulevard and running southerly to the Atlantic Ocean and westwardly from George Avenue, now called Beach Forty-fifth Street, along the Ocean Beach for about 1,000 feet.

The buyer has for many years been the lessee of the property which he used for a Summer colony known as Ocean Breeze Camp. The tract will be subdivided into building lots.

Long Island City.

G. P. Butterly has sold in Long Island City a vacant plot, 125 by 100, for G. W. Grote. It is on the west side of Vernon Avenue, 75 feet north of Tenth Street. The same broker is assembling additional property adjoining for the buyer, which will be used, it is stated, for the establishment of a large industrial plant in the near future. It is near the terminus of the Steinway Tunnel Subway.

Buyer for Arverne Residence.

The Lewis H. May Company has resold for D. Welsch the Story residence, facing Jessica Avenue and Story Place, Arverne, to J. Kohn. The plot is 90 by 140, improved with a thirty-room house. It was recently taken in exchange for a Brooklyn apartment house, and was held at $25,000.

New Jersey.

Joseph P. Day sold at auction last Saturday, for the estate of Joseph M. Smith, the dwelling at 69 Washington Terrace, East Orange. The buyer was Annie E. Francis, who paid $3,525. It occupies a plot 50 by 109 between Washington Street and Chelsea Place.

Commercial Leases.

William A. White & Sons have rented the building at 49 Front Street to Max Mangold.

Ames & Co. have leased to the Schwartz Art Leather Company a store at 153 West Thirty-fourth Street.

The store at 2,272 Broadway has been leased by William R. Ware to Bonnie Siegel.

Private Dwellings Leased.

Pease & Elliman have leased the five-story American-basement house owned by J. F. D. Lanier, at 123 East Thirty-fifth Street, to R. H. Williams.

J. S. Maxwell has leased for Edwin L. and Arthur Beaumont the private house at 604 West 138th Street.

William R. Ware has leased for Florence V. Rullman and others the dwelling at 163 West Eighty-eighth Street to Otto Sampter.

Big Bronx Auction Today.

Beginning at 10:30 o'clock today, and continuing tomorrow, J. Clarence Davies and Joseph P. Day will sell at auction, in the Vesey Street salesroom, the 579 lots of the Bradish Johnson estate, in the Clason Point section of the East Bronx. This property is but a short distance from a well built up apartment house section. The route of the new Westchester Avenue Subway is within four to ten blocks of the tract, and the Clason Point trolley line, which passes the property, connects with all the present subway and elevated lines and transfers to the trolley lines in the Bronx.

Realty Notes.

Plans have been filed in the Bronx by the Adavine Construction Company (Adelstein & Avrutine) for the erection of two five-story apartment houses at the northwest corner of Clinton Avenue and 180th Street. Charles B. Meyers, the architect, estimates the cost at $135,000.

Captain "Jim" Stillwell's Hotel on Gravesend Bay, which was a popular resort for many years, will be sold at auction in the Brooklyn Exchange salesroom, 189 Montague Street, today by Joseph P. Day.

The Garrick Theatre, in Thirty-fifth Street, near Sixth Avenue, which was reported sold a short time ago to the Braham Realty Company by Mrs. Annie T. Harrigan, widow of Edward Harrigan, and which was transferred to the company, has been retransferred by the prospective buyers to Mrs. Harrigan.

John Katz has exercised the option he secured recently from Dr. William Carr to purchase the plot, 41.2 by 100.5, at 33 and 35 West Forty-sixth Street.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

Sheriff St, 66 and 68, e s, 60 ft s of Rivington St, 40x75, five-story hall; Robert J. Macher against Rosie Hochman et al.; Henry S. Cook, attorney; Maurice Marks, referee; due, $9,832.45; taxes, &c., $1,417.77; subject to a prior mortgage of $34,000; to Joseph Kaplan for $1,000 over prior liens.

TODAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

579 lots of the estate of Bradish Johnson, on Clason Point Road, Randall Av, White Plains Road, and adjacent avenues and streets; public auction.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Ocean Parkway, s e corner of Webster Av, 120x146x100x94, vacant; voluntary sale.

By Henry Brady.

James St, 45, w s, 25 ft s of Madison St, 25.1x60.2x25.3x59.8, four-story tenement and stores; Metropolitan Savings Bank against Martin Garone et al.; A. S. & W. Huchins, attorneys; John H. Rogan, referee; due, $12,842.26; taxes, &c, $689.31.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

East 20th St, 28, s s, 300 ft w of 4th Av, 25x92, four-story loft building; Conrad Stein against 28 East Twentieth Street Corporation et al.; Deyo & Bauerdorf, attorneys; Lawrence N. Martin, referee; due, $48,274.18; taxes, &c., $1,805.

By Samuel Marx.

Fort Washington Av, 38, n e corner of 160th St, 120.2x124.3x99.11x102.8, six-story apartment; Nathan Waxberg against L. & D. Realty Corporation et al.; Lese & Connolly, attorneys; Maximus A. Lesser, referee; due, $9,126.94; taxes, &c., $2,567.55.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Henry Brady.

Marmion Av, 2,017, w s, 39.1 ft s of 179th St, 26x78.2, four-story tenement; Philip Rhinelander against C. K. Realty Co. et al.; Miller & Hartcorn, attorneys; Phoenix Ingraham, referee; due, $36,782; taxes, &c., $1,100.

By Charles A. Berrian.

East 134th St, 411-419, n s, 100 ft e of Willis Av, 75x100, two three-story dwellings; Elizabeth A. Le Cato against Douglas H. Cooke et al.; J. Homer Hildreth, attorney; Charles P. Hallock, referee; due, $11,636.06; taxes, &c., $188.55.

By James J. Donovan.

Prospect Av, 2,054, s s, 130.7 ft e of 179th St, 22x150.2, two-story dwelling; Catharine A. McGuire against James D. Rogers et al.; William G. Mulligan, attorney; Charles V. Halley, referee; due, $4,322.61; taxes, &c., $675.22.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

65th St, 226 and 228 East, for a two-story garage, 50x100.4; M. Croppi and H. De Forris, owners; N. Langer, 81 East 125th St, architect; cost, $9,000.

207th St, w s, 100 ft n of Broadway, for a five-story tenement; Seaman Construction Co., 612 West 207th St, owner; Moors & Landsiedel, 148th St. and 3d Av, architects; cost, $55,000.

180th St, n w corner of Clinton Av, for two five-story brick tenements, 70x107 and 65.21x94.8; Adavine Construction Corporation, Hyman Adelstein, 71 Nassau St, President, owner; Charles B. Meyers, 1 Union Square, architect; cost, $135,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Park Row, 39 and 41, and Nassau St, 147, to a sixteen-story store and office building; Westinghouse, Church, Kerr & Co., architects; cost, $45,000.

Lenox Av, 56 to 60, to a five-story tenement and store; S. Kohn, 981 Park Av, owner; A. L. Kehoe, 1 Beekman St, architect; cost, $4,600.

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AVENUE ST. NICHOLAS, w s, 89 ft n of 178th St, 18x80; Lamont McLaughlin to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, June 21, due as per bond......$15,000

10TH ST, s s, 158 ft w of Avenue C, 25x92.3; Jacob Rosenfeld and another to Abraham M. Stark and another, 285 East 1st St, Brooklyn, June 28, prior mtg $26,000, due July 1, 1919, 6 p. c.; attorney, William C. Orr, 51 Chambers St..................$4,000

85TH ST, s s, 200 ft e of 7th Av, 25x98.9; William A. Hussey and another to Hy Sidenberg and another, executors, 14 West 51st St, June 24, 2 years; attorneys, M. S. & T. S. Isaacs, 52 William St........$35,000

74TH ST., s s, 98 ft e of Avenue A, 75x102.2; George W. Grote to Anna A. Kenly, 124 West 82d St, prior mtg $30,000, June 22, due July 1, 1920, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.. $15,000

146TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 7th Av, 125x99.11; Bavarian Realty Co. to Ambrose Realty Co., 135 Broadway, June 28, prior mtg $20,000, due Dec. 28, 1915, 6 p. c.; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.. $10,000

171ST ST, s s, 125 ft e of Fort Washington Av, 286x95; Samuel Blumenthal to Robert S. Clark, Cooperstown, N. Y., June 25, due Jan. 2, 1917, p. c. as per bond; attorneys, Ver Planck, P. & F., 149 Broadway......$70,000

207TH ST, e s, 100 ft n of Sherman Av, 100x100; Knickerbocker Realty Holding Corporation to Gustavus L. Lawrence, 2,228 Broadway, June 28, prior mtg $18,000, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Trust Co., 160 Broadway $13,000

Bronx.

CRESTON AV, n e corner of 183d St, 125x100; Wm. L. Phelan to Wm. Webber et al., executors, 400 Riverside Drive, June 28, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..............$11,400

INTERVALE AV, e s, 250.1 ft n of Westchester Av, 50x100; Daveck Building Co., Inc., to Manhattan Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway, June 25, due as per bond; attorney, Manhattan Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway.. $35,000

LOTS 5 to 8, Parcel 1, map of Wm. B. Ogden; Van De Veer Estates, Inc., to Samuel Nagel, 235 Fort Washington Av, (prior mtg $5,860,) June 24, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Samuel Nagel, 235 Fort Washington Av.. $5,300

UNIVERSITY AV, 2,190, e s, 37.6x102.3; Kovacs Construction Co. to Abraham C. Rothstein, 601 West 158th St, June 19, due July 20, 1915, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Siegebuck & S., 233 Broadway $800

177TH ST, s s, 95 ft e of Morris Av, 66x125; Charlotte J. Donnelly to John A. Singer, Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, June 28, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 B'way...$6,000

182D ST, 611 East, n e corner of Adams Place, 84.4x irregular; Samuel Ehrlich to Weiher Construction Co., 1 Madison Av, June 22, due as per bond; attorneys, Beals & N., 1 Madison Av..................$14,000

182D ST, n s, 102.11 ft w of 3d St, 40x140; Di Benedetto Realty Co. to Esther H. Eno, 1,047 Morris Av, (prior mtg $33,000,) June 22, installments, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Ittmann & W., 132 Nassau St..................$2,000

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

LAND under waters of East River, begin 3.9 ft n of 34th St and 400.5 ft e of 1st Av, 40x186, contains 7,353 sq ft; City of New York to Long Island Railroad Co, 7th Av and 32d St, 10 years from May 1, 1915; attorney, Corporation Counsel, Municipal Building ....27½ sq. ft.

PIERS 37 and 38, N. R., with bulkheads; City of New York to Mallory Steamship Co. Pier 39, N. R., 10 years from May 1, 1915; attorney, Corporation Counsel, Municipal Building $139,817

3D AV, n w corner of 75th St, corner store and cellar; Philo Realty and Construction Co. to James Smith and another, 1,689 2d Av, 9 years and 11 months from June 1, 1915; attorneys, Smith Bros., 1,310 3d Av, $2,100

14TH ST, 431 West, 2d floor; Anton Grandl to Anna Lohmann, 167 West 231st St, 7 years and 9 months from July 15, 1915.... $720 to $1,080

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

ELLWOOD ST, c l, 300 ft n w of c l of Nagle Av, 100x230; Fanny Braun et al. against Acton Realty Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Meyer.

STANTON ST, 334 and 336; Maiden Lane Savings Bank against Graff Realty Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Koelker, Bailey & Stiger.

WASHINGTON ST, 143, and property in Kings County; William F. Hickey et al. against Mary Porter et al., (partition;) attorney, J. F. O'Neil.

WOOSTER ST, w s, 149.1 ft n of Bleecker St, 36.9x100; Empire City Savings Bank against Fannie Hamlin et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. W. Daywon.

11TH ST, s w corner of 6th Av, 56.10x9.6x irregular; Dime Savings Bank of Brooklyn against Isabella Glass et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Cullen & Dykman.

111TH ST, 302 East; William F. Moore against Vincent Garofalo et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Engelhard & Pollak.

112TH ST, 324 East; Lawyers Mortgage Co. against Clara Klingenstein et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

129TH ST, 165 West; 124th St, 41 West; 124th St, 1 East, and St. George's Crescent, e s, 28.9 ft n of Grenada Place, 26.5x103.6; M. Frances Megargee against Franklin Megargee et al., (admeasurement of dower, &c;) attorneys, Cravath & Henderson.

183D ST, s s, between St. Nicholas and Audubon Avs, Lot 47½; Rudolph Wallach Co. against E. Osborne Smith et al., (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.

Bronx.

PROSPECT AV, 634 and 636; Edward Rubin against Prospect Avenue Realty Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. Cohen.

PROSPECT AV, 630 and 632; Edward Rubin against Prospect Avenue Realty Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. Cohen.

ST. GEORGE'S CRESCENT, w s, 28.7 ft n of Grenada Place, 26.4x103.6; M. Frances Megargee against Franklin Megargee et al., (partition suit;) attorneys, Cravath & Henderson.

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102d to 104th St., B'way & W. End Av.	205 to 215	"	"	"	15,000 to 75,000	"
46th and 47th Sts., B'way & 7th Av...	400 to 1000	"	"	"	50,000 to 100,000	"
42 St., near 3d Av................	700 to 800	"	"	"	25,000 to 30,000	"
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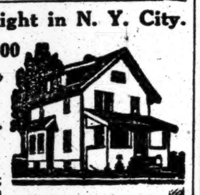

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Ten room house, 2 baths; near picturesque lake; all improvements; steam heat, electric light, etc; beautiful tree covered grounds; plot 100x267 feet; near express station on main line D., L. & W. R. R.; only 48 minutes to N. Y. City on train; all water sports; golf, tennis; near country club. Will send photo and floor plans.

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P. O. Box 180, N. Y. City.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.

$6,000—Will sacrifice beautiful modern House, 8 rooms, 3 baths, all appointments.
$8,800—Artistic brick veneer Residence, 9 rooms, 2 baths, solarium, sleeping porch, every appointment.
$9,250—Attractive modern Residence, 9 rooms, 2 baths, every convenience, fine shade.
$14,000—Large Colonial Residence, 11 rooms, 3 baths, sleeping porch, sun porch; every appointment; large plot; fine shade.
Select locations. Seen Sundays by appointment. MURDOCH, opp. Lackawanna Term.

Suburban Bargain

10 rooms, 2 baths; every modern improvement; near station, half hour out in N. J. FACING 18-HOLE GOLF COURSE, NEAR CLUBHOUSE. Settled section; desirable social atmosphere. All city conveniences. Will sacrifice. LITTLE CASH. RENT-MONEY TERMS. Send for photo and floor plans.

E. W. BILL, JR.,
Room 178, 50 Church St., N. Y. Phone 8749 Cort.

$10 gives you possession of ¼ acre bungalow plot or little farm, in mountains, 25 miles from New York, for Summer use; high elevation; near station; 80 trains daily; payable $10 down, $5 monthly; price $100. WOLFE, 225 West 39th, New York.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Country Seat

Gentleman's beautiful country seat and productive farm for sale. 190 acres, 35 miles from N. Y., two miles from county seat on fine stone road. One of the most beautiful and attractive places in the county, the show place of the community. Grand view for 20 miles in every direction.

Large house in perfect condition, beautifully decorated, parquet floors, 3 baths, electric lights, fine well-kept lawn of several acres. Large new garage, capacity for four machines, creamery, new house for working men, gardener's cottage, large poultry yard. Everything is up to date and in the most perfect condition and must be seen to be appreciated.

Can be had either with or without equipment of tools, machinery, stock, herd registered Holsteins, etc. Also all or any part of 235 adjoining acres can be had if wanted.

The owner has lost his health and is forced to live in warmer climate, otherwise this place would not be for sale. This is a big bargain.

This is an honest advertisement written by the owner. The place will be a surprise to you. No trade or exchange of any kind considered. Call or write

Judge William R. Sutphen, Somerville, N. J.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

ARCHITECTS BUILDING
101 Park Ave., Cor. 40th St.
Large Corner Offices
To Sublet. Will Divide.
Messimer & Carreau, Inc.
101 Park Ave. Tel. M. H. 662.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished

Small Adirondack Camp
Upper Saranac Lake.

$500. House containing living and dining room, two bedrooms, bath and kitchen, icehouse and cooler. Cabin containing one bedroom. Tent and platform tent. Dock, launch and guide boat. Full supply wood and ice.
THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST CO., Trustee, 22 William St., New York.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—Furnished.

ADIRONDACK CAMP
UPPER SARANAC LAKE

On Island; Long Lake Frontage. Camp of Over 20 Rooms; 3 Baths; Fully Furnished. Full complement of Boats, Launch, etc. Price $2,200. Also smaller camp. For particulars address Box E 349 Times Downtown.

The New Essex & Sussex Cottages,
Spring Lake Beach, N. J.

To let by month or season. Situated in hotel square. Nine, ten and twelve rooms, three and four bathrooms. Large verandas; open grates. Non-housekeeping; beautifully furnished; complete hotel service.
DAVID B. PLUMER, Mgr.

Allenhurst, N. J., Cottage.

Well and attractively furnished cottage, modern improvements; 10 rooms, 2 baths; near depot and water front.
A. Peace & Son, 335 Flatbush Av., B'klyn.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

307 West 79th St.

Tastefully furnished high-class apartments of 8 rooms and 2 baths. Inquire of Superintendent on premises, or
George Rosenfeld Co. Inc.,
51 E. 42nd St. Phone, Murray Hill 1936.

HENDRIK HUDSON APTS.,
RIVERSIDE DRIVE & 110TH STREET.
One seven and one eight room fully furnished apartments. Southern exposure. Reasonable terms for Summer months. Inquire Manager, on premises.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

CENTRAL PARK APARTMENTS
7th Av., 58th & 59th Sts.
Large Corner Apartment with 5 Baths.
Smaller Ones with 2 & 3 Baths.
Two Apartments suitable for physicians.
Modern plumbing. Parquet floors.
Apply at Office,
175 West 58th St.

315
Central Park West
Corner of 91st St.
One 10 Room Duplex Apartment,
$2,600.
Apply on premises or
Edgar A. Levy,
505 5th Av. Tel., Murray Hill—6960.

THE ADRIAN,
58 West 72d.
Eight large, light rooms, bath; butler's pantry; parquet floors, electric light; elevator service day and night; convenient Subway, elevated and surface lines. $1,100-$1,300. Inquire Superintendent.

THE AYLSMERE,
60 West 76th
Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; 2 elevators; night and day passenger service; steam dryer; convenient all traction lines; $1,200-$1,500. Supt. on premises.

610 WEST 116TH ST.
2-3-5 Room Apts.
Furnished or unfurnished. Summer rates. Phone Morningside 3040. Thompson.

Skylight Studios
5 West 16th Street
Bachelor Apartments
$30 to $60

First Number
The New York Times
Apartment House Directory
for 1915
Sunday, July 11th
and on succeeding Sundays

¶Circulation greatly exceeding 300,000 copies every Sunday—more than any other *two* high-class Sunday newspapers combined.

¶The best and most varied selection of high-class apartments in clear and convenient form for reference.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. | APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY
UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF
BING & BING
119 West 40th St. Tel. 6410 Bryant.

993 Park Av., New Building. Cor. 84th St. — **8-10-11 Rooms, 3 Baths** — **$2,700 to $4,300**
Ready for occupancy. Leases from October 1st. An apartment furnished by Messrs. H. F. Huber & Co. Open for inspection.

955 Park Av., Near 82d St. — **7-9-10 Rooms, 3-4 Baths** — **$2,400 to $3,500**
New Building. Leases from October 1st. An apartment furnished by Messrs. H. F. Huber & Co. Open for inspection.

1,155 Park Av., Corner 92d St. — **8-9-12 Rooms, 2 to 4 Baths** — **$2,400 to $3,900**
New Building. Leases from October 1st. Now open for inspection.

Apply on Premises, or at the Office of Bing & Bing,
119 West 40th St. Tel., 6410—Bryant

EDGAR A. LEVY
505 — FIFTH AVE.
Tel. Murray Hill 6960.

525 PARK AVE.
S. E. Cor. 61st St.
New Apartments Now Open for Inspection
9 & 12 Rooms, 3 & 4 Baths.
An Apartment furnished by Messrs. H. F. Huber & Co. Open for inspection.
Rental $3,700 to $6,000.
APPLY
PEASE & ELLIMAN 340 Madison Av.
EDGAR A. LEVY 505 5th Av.

405 Park Avenue
NORTHEAST CORNER 54TH STREET.
3 apartments, 8 to 12 rooms, 4 baths, $3,500, $6,000.
Doctor's office, 4 rooms and bath, $2,100.

118 East 54th St.
2 apartments, 8 and 9 rooms, 3 baths, $2,800, $3,100.

115 East 53rd St.
1 apartment, 8 rooms, 3 baths, $2,700.
Doctor's office, 2 rooms and bath, $1,200.

123 East 53rd St.
4 apartments, 5 to 7 rooms & 3 baths, $1,200, $2,250.

Moore & Wyckoff,
Phone 1263 Bryant—**546 Fifth Avenue**—Cor. 45th St.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

8 & 9
Rooms and 3 Baths
Absolutely Fireproof. Modern in all details.
WELLSMORE,
77th St. and Broadway.
Open Evenings.
J. ROMAINE BROWN CO.
299 Madison Av., cor. 41st St.
Tel. 1481—Murray Hill.

150 West 79th St.
Bet. Columbus and Amsterdam Avs.
High Class Apartments
One 9 Room Duplex.
One 9 Room Simplex.
Rental $2,600.
Manager on Premises, or
EDGAR A. LEVY, 505 5th Ave.
Telephone, 6960—Murray Hill.

Ardsley Hall
S. W. Cor. 92nd St. and Central Park West.
9 ROOMS, $1,700.
Living Room 17x26, overlooking Central Park.
8 ROOMS, $1,500.
6 ROOMS, $1,000.
One block from elevated station, 3 blocks to Subway. Efficient service. Newly decorated.
Ewing, Bacon & Henry
101 Park Ave. Telephone 2500 Murray Hill.

261
Central Park West
N. W. CORNER 86TH ST.
9 Room Aparts. $2,000 Up
First Class Fireproof

BRENTMORE
88 Central Park West, Cor. 69th St.
5, 8, 9 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths.
$1,800 to $4,250.
For rent from October 1st. Immediate possession may be arranged. Apply on premises, or
BING & BING, 119 W. 40TH ST.
Telephone, 6410—Bryant.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

THE HILLCREST
430 West 116th St. Facing Columbia University Grounds
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
8-9 Large Sunny Rooms & Baths
Rents $1,500 to $1,800
Parlors......18x23
Dining Rooms..19x19
Bedrooms.....14x16
Immediate Possession If Desired.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

GRAND VIEW,
S. E. Cor. St. Nicholas Av. and 155th St. Eight large rooms, two baths, every appointment; $1,000 to $1,200; concessions. PORTER & CO., 159 West 125th St.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

121 Madison Ave.
Corner 30th St.

Persons engaged in business in this vicinity can lease at attractive prices either non-housekeeping or housekeeping Apartments of from two rooms and bath to ten rooms and two baths; avoiding Subway and elevated railway travel and the consequent annoyance and loss of time. Good restaurant and room service.

Strictly Fireproof; 5 Elevators, Electric Light. All Night Telephone and Elevator Service.

104 EAST 40th ST.
5 & 6 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths
Choice Apts. in the fashionable residential section of Murray Hill.
Also a very desirable Bachelor Suite
AT PARK AV.

GRAMERCY PARK.
Studios and Studio Apartments.
Most attractive Studio, with two rooms and bath; also Apartments of three and two rooms, with bath.
INNES & CENTER, 30-32 EAST 20TH.

61 TO 69 EAST 86TH ST.
5 TO 8 ROOMS.
A few desirable apartments may be had in this select section of the city.
Superintendent on premises.

To Let For Business Purposes

Thirty cents an agate line.

Factory lofts, 68x75, with power; light on all sides; freight elevator, heavy carrying capacity; accessible location. 512-518 West 41st St.

ROLL-TOP DESK, $10. ATTRACTIVE PRIVATE OFFICE, $20. FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED. GOOD LIGHT, CLEAN, TELEPHONE, TOWEL SERVICE; NO LEASE REQUIRED. 309 BROADWAY, SUITE 807.

Loft in fireproof Mietz Building, 184 Mott St., near Grand St., 75x80; excellent light; steady steam power, heat, elevator; suitable machinist, light manufacture; immediate possession. Owner, 87 Elizabeth St.

THE SUB-LEASING CO., 1,472 Broadway.—Offices and lofts to SUBLET at attractive rentals, all parts of city. Put it up to us. 'Phone 5785-5786 Bryant.

A.—Desk room, or part of office, Forty-second Street Building, with desk, attendant, telephone; very reasonable. Inquire Room 1,308. Phone 2135 Murray Hill.

Excellent light lofts, 727 7th Av.; block above Times Square; elevator, heat; low rent.

Sublet attractively furnished outside office; telephone and stenographer. Room 1,308, 110 West 40th.

STORE, southeast corner 14th St. and 7th Av. E. S. Willard & Co., 52 William St.

1st Av., 318.—Large store, double show window; suitable for dry goods, stationery; [illegible]

Offices to let—Transit Bldg. & Annex, 7 E. 42 St. & 10 E. 43 St. Homer Foote, Jr., Agt.

Desk room to let, Singer Building; two large windows facing Broadway. Room 1,111.

Only one floor left. Monahan Express Company Building, 216-222 West 18th St.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Have demand for stores of all sizes along Broadway and Amsterdam Av.; possession now or October; list with us at once. REMCO, B'way and 98th. Tel. 1500 River.

City Property

Thirty cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Residence for sale, rent, or exchange; immediate possession could be had; absolutely modern in equipment and recently renovated. Apply Libman, 552 West 161st St.

MARA, RAFALSKY & CO., [illegible] West 45th Street. Tel. Bryant 7848.

J. CLARENCE DAVIES, Real Estate. 149th St. and 3d Ave

[illegible]—One-family house; choice location. 1,228 Shakespeare Av., between Jerome and 168th.

HOPKINS & BOYD Real Estate Management, 5 West 39th St.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

Party in need of some ready cash will sell his 2 lots in Jamaica for $135 each; two blocks from trolley and station; this is a bargain; title guaranteed. Call till 8 P. M. C. Bryan, 171 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Will sacrifice my handsome 7-room cottage, having all modern improvements, in a select neighborhood, few blocks from station, trolley, and stores; must raise $125; will arrange balance to suit. B. Cottage, 171 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

70 Riverside Drive.—Beautiful 16-room corner mansion; all period rooms, tapestry walls, tiled kitchen; 5 toilets, baths; rent, $2,250; worth double; newly renovated.

House for Rent.—West 103d St.; 12 rooms, 3 baths; electric light; parquet floors; moderate rent. Goodale, Perry & Dwight, 2,705 Broadway. (103d St.)

Real Estate Wanted.

Responsible party desires cold water property to lease. Nichols, 418 West 39th.

Country Property

Thirty cents an agate line.

To Let—Furnished.

Beautiful furnished seven-room cottage, bath, electric light, every convenience; garage; wide verandas; salt water three sides; private dock; bathing beach; boating, fishing, crabbing; between New London and Watch Hill. Address Box 115, Stonington, Conn.

Old Saybrook, Conn., $350, July, August; artist's attractive home, furnished, on Sound; eleven rooms, bath, stables, tennis; always cool. Photographs, Room 500, 29 Broadway, N. Y., or Converse, Saybrook.

Handsomely furnished house, 16 rooms, bath; facing lake in New Hampshire; seven fireplaces; magnificent trees, large grounds, wonderful country; garage, stable, boats; $350. S 19 Times.

Lake Champlain, water front, very fine new twelve-room house; all modern improvements; completely furnished; garage, garden. Dr. L. C. Le Roy, Grand Isle, Vt., or 38 West 50th St.

MAINE.

Cottage, North Haven Island; conveniences; playhouse, stable; yachting, fishing. Apply Robert Parsons, 28 East 49th St., city.

ON BELGRADE LAKE, ME.—Rent, fully furnished, farmhouse, 10 rooms, bath; motor boat, ice, fuel; famous fishing, boating, golf. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

Furnished eight-room bungalow house, all improvements; garage; New York 21 minutes; to September or Oct. 1, $65 month. T. Cronyn, Linwood Av., Bayside.

Budd Lake.—New house, lake front, 8 rooms, bath, large porches, boat; also smaller cottage, 200 ft. back, all improvements. Geo. Bayes, Budd Lake, N. Y.

Fine seven-room house; 35 minutes out; improvements; parquet floors; easy terms. Hollberg, Willis Av., Floral Park, L. I.

Exquisitely furnished house, twelve rooms, improvements; private water front; low rental. M 64 Times.

Property Out of the City

Thirty cents an agate line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

RYE—45 minutes from Grand Central Station, on New Haven Railroad; frame cottage, 9 rooms and bath; plot 100x190; large stable; a bargain at $7,000. Lewis B. Preston, 165 Broadway, N. Y.

HOMES AND ESTATES
FOR SALE OR RENT.
ANGELL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y.

Villa plots as low as $1,000 at Hastings. Hastings Homes Co., Hastings, N. Y.

Homes of all sizes; immediate possession. Hastings Homes Co., Hastings, N. Y.

New Houses in Van Cortlandt Terrace. Rollins Bros., cor. Broadway & Oakmont Av.

Larchmont.

Come and see homes and bungalows at Larchmont. Leo Bugg, 40 West 32d St.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

A very pretty cottage, front and back porch; handsome bathroom, with enamel bedroom, mission beamed ceiling, dining room, with elegant electric dome, parlor open fireplace, on large plot of land; private and personal care was taken to have everything pretty; will accept $200 cash, balance $18 monthly. Paton, Box 156 Times Downtown.

A COUNTRY HOME built to suit you at the very lowest possible expense. Every modern improvement; complete, ready to occupy, five large rooms and bath; on a plot of 5,000 square feet; only three minutes to a station in the five-cent fare zone; 22 minutes to Pennsylvania Station; $4,700; very liberal terms. P. O. Box 13, Flushing.

Will sell my fine little farm consisting of small house, barn, 5 chicken houses, pig pen and rabbit house; large plot of good soil, cultivated ready for farming; complete for $1,475, only $100 down, balance $10 monthly; free tickets to investigate; hour out; call till 8 P. M. C. Treiss, 171 Flatbush Av., B'klyn.

YOUR RENT MONEY CAN BE MADE TO pay for a beautiful Colonial brick home in JAMAICA—18 minutes from N. Y.; hundreds of trains a day. See Samuel Knopf, 220 West 42d St., or representative on premises, 55 Middletown St., two blocks north L. I. R. R. Station, Jamaica.

GREAT BUNGALOW BARGAIN.

Needs repairs; few minutes from station, about 20 minutes' walk to the water; boating, bathing, and fishing; 50 minutes from city; price $2,900; will take $200 cash, balance $14 per month. A Bargain, 243 West 34th St.

EDGEMERE, L. I.—TWO LOTS FOR SALE, TWO BLOCKS FROM OCEAN; MOST BEAUTIFUL OCEAN PROPERTY; THIRTY MINUTES FROM NEW YORK; ALL YEAR RESIDENTIAL SECTION. F 321 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Do you want to buy my little chicken farm and 6-room house on large ground, nice shade trees, &c.; will sell to a good party for $75 down and $12 monthly; write or call for further particulars. Johnson, 185 Times Downtown.

If you are looking for a little house and large plot of ground, near station, trolley, churches and stores, $850 for all, $50 down, $7 monthly, answer at once; call till 8 P. M. C. Store, 171 Flatbush Av., B'klyn.

Small farm of 2 acres, good rich soil and shade trees, adjoining 3 of the largest L. I. towns; full price $775, will let responsible party have it for $7 a month; title guaranteed. C. Farm, 171 Flatbush Av., B'klyn.

FOR LOW COST, high-grade bungalows, visit Brightwaters; Booklet 3 on request. T. B. ACKERSON CO., 1 West 34th St., N. Y.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

St. Lawrence River cottage for sale; $3,500 buys Stanwix Lodge at Pine View, near Clayton, in 1,000 Islands; bargain, with easy terms. W. A. Douglas, Arcade, Utica, N. Y.

FARM FORECLOSED! Colonial house, 10 rooms, bath, heat; 40-mile view; charming shade; excellent spring; 185 acres. A rare chance. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

For sale, country home, 6 rooms; about one acre; small barn and fruit; near Mount Marion, N. Y.; $600. M 77 Times.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

ATTRACTIVE BARGAINS, in modern one family houses and choice building lots; a large number from which to select. THE BANKING DEPARTMENT, STATE OF NEW YORK, to quickly close the business of two corporations, offers these properties at about 50 per cent. of former prices. They are located at Grantwood, Palisade, Morsemere, and Leonia, New Jersey, (opposite Grant's Tomb), within twenty-five minutes of Manhattan. Liberal terms. Title Guarantee Policy free. Address all inquiries to BENJ. D. HAIGHT, Special Deputy Supt. of Banks, Care Banking Department, 61 Broadway, New York City.

Wonderful opportunity; 7-room house, every improvement, parquet floors throughout; plot 100x500; 100 bearing fruit trees; 5 minutes to station; $7,000. For terms, Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

Westfield and Fanwood houses and lots for sale on very easy terms; low prices for attractive cottages; send for particulars and photographs. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

Bungalow, stucco, modern in every appointment; 7 rooms; large living room; plot 60x170; five minutes' walk from station; $4,900; easy terms. P. O. Box 21, Ridgewood, N. J.

Picturesque mountainside bungalow, overlooking river; glorious woodland; large rustic porches; fireplace; $675; commutation, 15c. Lane, 324 World Building.

CHEAP FARMS for city workers, 1 to 5 acres; near station; $250 each; easy terms; 15 cents railroad fare; small payment down; $10 monthly. Room 1,701, 141 Broadway.

Real Estate—Out of City.

Must sacrifice beautiful estate, five-mile front on Mississippi, near St. Louis, 5,000 acres; $250,000 in improvements alone; to quick buyer $125,000, one-fourth cash; make million profit in five years for subdivision and country club. O. F. Loucks, 47 West 34th St., New York.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Houses and lots exchanged for income property or acreage. Fine income investments. Piquet, 354 Fulton St., Jamaica, L. I.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

East Side.

TO SUBLET FOR SUMMER MONTHS.
A handsomely furnished, cool apartment of parlor, 2 bedrooms, and 2 baths; best location and service in New York; price very reasonable.
THE LORRAINE, 2 EAST 45TH ST.

West Side.

CATHEDRAL PLAZA, 100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th St. and Col. Ave. 1, 2, 3 & 4 Rooms SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE, with private bath and kitchenette; some 3 & 4 room suites with two baths. Complete—Dishes, Silver, Cooking Utensils. ROOF GARDEN. Furnished—$30, $40, $50, $60 up monthly. CONCESSIONS ON LEASE and unfurnished. A few sublet—week, month, during Summer. Near Subway and "L"—Must be seen to be appreciated. Phone River, 3970.

SUMMER RATES.
THE WILSONIA, 225-229 W. 69th St., near Broadway. 2-3 Rooms, Bath, & Kitchenette, $40-$45 up; 1 Room & Bath, $25 up.
SPOTLESSLY FRESH AND CLEAN; No Questionable or Objectionable Tenants; phone, elevator service; maid service optional; near Sub, "L," 5th Av. bus, street cars.
REFERENCES ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL.

Alcazar, 215 Manhattan Av., Corner 109th. Capitol, 107 West 109th St. Elegantly furnished, 2, 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath, modern elevator building, near "L," subway, Central Park; rents $30 monthly up; references essential. Phone 10200 and 9735 Riverside. Restaurant in building, open evenings.

A.—A.—A.—Schuyler Arms, 305 West 98th, near Riverside.—Why live in hotels when you can get two to five roomed apartments and housekeep? Strictly high class, costly furnished; maid service, linen; restaurant; $10 to $20 weekly or $40 to $85 monthly.

Completely furnished 5-room apartment; southern exposure; Summer months or longer; linen, silver, electric lights, tiled baths, and hardwood floors. Earl D. Wright, phone 4020 Audubon. 550 West 157th St.

THE VAN DYCK AND SEVERN, Broadway, (Amsterdam Av.,) 72d to 73d St., overlooking Sherman Square, offer apartments, furnished, of six and eight rooms and two baths. Manager, 175 West 72d St. Telephone Columbus 3547.

A handsomely furnished 6-room apartment, victrola, piano, silver, linen, &c.; bus line passes door; very reasonable to right party. 575 Riverside Drive, (corner 135th St.) Keys with Superintendent.

156th, 611 West.—Off Riverside Drive; opposite beautiful park; 7 rooms, 2 baths, complete; refined surroundings; unusual opportunity; $75; references. Phone Audubon 4475, Apt. 3.

A family leaving city sublets 5 rooms, 2 baths, in high-class elevator apartment; all outside Broadway rooms; less than rent, furnished complete. 225 West 80th St. Bignell.

FOUR ROOMS, FURNISHED,
FOR RENT AT
$80 per month. Apply on premises,
250 West 78th St., corner Broadway.

2 bright, cool rooms and bath, 10th floor, furnished or unfurnished, elevator apartment hotel, near tube, surface, and bus. Apt. 104, 308 West 82d.

468 Riverside Drive, cor. 119th St.—Handsomely furnished, seven rooms, two baths, to sublet for Summer months; very reasonable. Apartment 2.

Sublet to responsible party for $45, nicely furnished five-room apartment, complete in every detail; near subway. M. Rosenblatt, 519 West 160th St.

Seven-room, completely furnished apartment to sublet for three months or less. Apply Apt. 107, The Belnord, 86th St. and Broadway.

SUBLET FIFTEEN MONTHS.
High-class, seven-room furnished apartment West 57th; 3 months considered. L 162 Times.

BIG CONCESSIONS.
Completely furnished elevator apartment; 4 and 6 rooms and bath. 3 and 5 West 104th.

Riverside Drive (Nineties.)—6 rooms, 2 baths; 10th floor; less than unfurnished rent; Summer months. Phone Murray Hill 8422.

51st St., 355 West.—New elevator building; two, three, and four rooms, kitchen and kitchenette; $12 up; references necessary.

Handsomely furnished apartments; long, short leases; Summer rates. Clark Realty Co., 30 East 42d. Phone Murray Hill 5392.

Five outside large, light, cool rooms; elevator; $65 month, now to Sept. 15. Apartment 52, 200 West 86th.

5 West 16th St.—Skylight studios, bachelor apartments; service, phone, electricity; $40 to $60 monthly.

Comfortable five rooms, near Riverside. Call or phone Sherburne, 310 West 95th.

47th, 16 West.—Small kitchenette apartments; $40-$50; one unfurnished, $30; references.

Sublet 5 rooms, beautifully furnished; liberal terms to October. 507 West 118th.

5 rooms, bath; well furnished; $50; references; subway 96th. 336 West 95th.

West End Av., S. W. Cor. 78th St.—Eight, nine rooms, three baths, $2,500 and up.

143d, 500 West.—High-class; 6 rooms, elevator; July-August; $50 per month.

225 West End Av.—Six rooms, furnished; sublet; Summer rates.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

East Side.

Two nice, large rooms and bath; $35 and $40; desirable location; must be seen to be appreciated. Reeder, 415 Madison Av., at 48th St.

Attractive apartments, two rooms, bath, $35; modern improvements. Janitor, 126 Lexington Av.

West Side.

116th St., 620 West, (one door from Riverside Drive.)—Light, airy seven-room front apartment, with balcony on street, to sublet, furnished or unfurnished, for Summer or longer. Apply L. Stern or Superintendent; phone 3596 Morningside.

THE LANGHAM,
73d to 74th St. and Central Park West.
10-11 room apartments, $4,000-$6,000; also one 11-room apartment, beautifully furnished. Apply Supt. or 'phone Col. 4020.

9 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS.
THE ROSARY; ELEVATOR, ELECTRIC LIGHT, &c.; RENT $1,500. 306 W. 99TH ST.

8 ROOMS AND BATH.
ELEVATOR APARTMENT; RENT $900.
140 WEST 104TH ST.

179th St., 714 West.—Four and five large, light rooms; electric light and telephone; all modern improvements; $28 to $38; near 181st St. Broadway subway.

203 WEST 107TH ST.
Six rooms and bath, select elevator apartment, $70-$80. HALL & BLOODGOOD, 542 Fifth Av. Bryant 7632.

Two bright, cool rooms and bath, tenth floor, furnished or unfurnished, elevator apartment hotel; near tube, surface, and bus. Apt. 104, 308 West 82d.

169th, 516 West.—Four and five large, light rooms; electric lights and telephone; all modern improvements; $28-$32; near 168th St. Broadway subway.

178th, 599 West.—Corner apartments, four, five, seven rooms; electric light and telephone; all modern improvements; $25-$45.

67th St., 129-31-35 West, (near Broadway.)—5 and 6 large, light rooms and bath, hot water, &c.; rent $25-$30.

High-class elevator apartments to lease; 4-8 rooms, $480-$960. Agent, 408 West 130th. Phone Morningside 8500.

540 West 122d St.—Desirable five-room apartment; modern improvements. See Janitor.

Apartments to sublet on the upper west side, 4 to 10 rooms. Write Z, Box T 25 Times.

182 West 58th St.—An apartment most attractive; 14 rooms and 5 bathrooms.

123d, 547 West, (Broadway.)—Elevator apartment; 4 rooms, bath; $35; first class.

838-844 Riverside Drive; near 158th St.; 6 and 7 rooms; $780 to $1,100.

Apartments to lease of 2 to 6 rooms. Apthorp. Broadway, 78th St.

Leases now being made for apartments from Oct. 1. 1,730 Broadway.

1,090 St. Nicholas Av.—Five, six, seven rooms and bath; $45 to $55.

Rockfall Apartments, 545 West 111th; 6 to 9 rooms; 2-3 baths.

8th Av., 152, near 17th St.—Four, five large, light rooms; $22.

Brooklyn.

Sterling Place, 1,045, near Brooklyn Av.—Beautiful 5 rooms, bath, kitchen, telephone, vacuum cleaner, $44. Apply premises.

Bronx.

1,911 Anthony Av. and 263 East Tremont Av., (adjoining.)—All modern improvements; 5 and 6 rooms; $31-$35; concessions.

140th St., 505 East, (Near Brook Av.)—7 large, light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; $30-$38; concessions.

Apartments Wanted

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

WANTED
in Manhattan, unfurnished floor in private house, (three to four rooms, bath;) good locality; gentleman; permanent. State particulars and price. L 147 Times.

Country Board

Thirty cents an agate line.

Staten Island.

BOYS FIND good board, kind treatment, careful supervision, thorough help in studies in country parsonage. M 54 Times.

Westchester.

Bronxville, N. Y.—Private family young people will board two young men or married couple, reasonable terms; seven minutes' walk or trolley to station; large screened and awninged porch; large rooms; telephone; excellent table; automobile; exceptional opportunity for pleasant Summer. M 61 Times.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Spacious dining room; unexcelled home cooking; large porches; well-shaded grounds; river view. W. E. Robinson. Phone 2161 Yonkers.

Larchmont, Myrtle Av., Spitz Cottage.—Excellent board for season. Telephone Larchmont 37.

Long Island.

HIGH-CLASS HOUSE on ocean; capacity 125 guests; coolest spot within 300 miles; 30 minutes from Broadway, (Penn. Station,) 25 minutes Brooklyn, (Flatbush Av. Station;) frequent trains; monthly commutation, $7.50; finest, cleanest, safest beach; superb bathing, fishing; mile long ocean boardwalk; tennis, music, dancing; charming young society; bountiful table; delicious cooking; dainty service; room and board, $14-$21 each; two in room, $25-$50; special advertising "get-acquainted" rate over July 4, limited to first 30 persons applying, mail or phone; room and board, two days, $6; Saturday dinner to Monday lunch, includes large room two nights, six square meals, ticket to Arverne and return, and ocean bath; three days, Saturday lunch to Tuesday after breakfast, railroad ticket, ocean bath, $8.
THE STAFFORD, ARVERNE, N. Y.
Gaston Av. Phone 415 Hammels.

Five minutes from station, short distance to water; good table and accommodations; adults only, $8 per week. Mrs. Samuel Van Nostrand, Greenlawn, Long Island, N. Y.

Edgemere, Long Island.—Private family will rent large, light furnished room on beach, with bath; references. Z 255 Times Annex.

SEA GATE, L. I.
THE RAEVIEW, Manhattan Av., formerly 228 Madison Av. Coney 1808.

Seagate.—Private family accommodate few paying guests; excellent table; references. K. M., 159 Times.

Crystal Lake House, Freeport.—Ideal location; dancing, tennis, bathing; week-enders accommodated.

New York State.

LADY, widow, graduate of medicine, owning beautiful home, can accommodate a few guests; special diet and care given to middle-aged or convalescent guests. Address Ideal Home, general delivery, Middletown, N. Y., or phone 4498 Audubon.

Modern gentleman's place; poultry, vegetable, dairy, fruit farm; 90 miles; excellent table; $10-$12; booklet. Spindler, Lefever Falls, Ulster County, N. Y.

Dr. Knipe, 85 Franklin St., physician and trainer. Health Farm, Sparkill, N. Y.

New Jersey.

Spring Lake, N. J.—Large room with bath; private family; lovely surroundings; near ocean; board near; gentlemen; references; price $15 weekly. F 301 Times Downtown.

Montclair Manor, 27 Hillside Av.—Select, refined house, centrally located; screen piazza; hot and cold water in rooms; excellent cuisine; 35 minutes N. Y. Montclair 2977.

BOARDERS wanted at Horseshoe Lodge; Tabor, N. J.

Connecticut.

AMONG the Blue Hills of Connecticut; high elevation; excellent table; own farm products. Address for particulars, Cedar Rest Farms, Tolland, Conn.

Massachusetts.

For rest and recreation come to beautiful Northfield; I can accommodate a few boarders in my home. For particulars apply to S. J. MacKenzie, R. F. D. No. 2, Northfield, Mass.

Country Board Wanted

Thirty cents an agate line.

NEWPORT OR COAST.

Nobleman, (in original sense of the word,) educated, speaks French and all principal languages, also English to be well understood, world traveler, desires to spend Summer with intelligent people as paying guest; only persons of select society requested to reply. Address Gentleman, B 31 Times Annex.

Rockaways.—Couple with infant want board in private family. Apt. 2B, 600 W. 118th.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

15TH ST., 210 EAST, (Stuyvesant Park.)—Double, single rooms; excellent table; home cooking; telephone.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park Privileges.)—Large, small, cool rooms; private bath; excellent table; references; phone.

62D, 16 EAST.—Desirable rooms; private bath; excellent board optional; block park.

West Side

44TH, 258-260 WEST, (ALLIANCE HOTEL.) Family hotel; $11 weekly; European-American; bath; suites; modern conveniences. Bryant 6068.

50TH ST., 72 WEST.—Rooms, newly decorated; board two, $14; single, $7 upward; Southerners.

54TH, 54 WEST.—Single and double rooms; private baths; Summer terms.

57TH, 325 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, small rooms; all conveniences; excellent table; reference.

57TH, 411 WEST, (La Grange.)—Summer rates; board two, $14; single, $7 upward; Southerners.

57TH, 349 WEST.—Large and small rooms, private bath, with board; references.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Double, single rooms, private baths; $7-$14; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

54 AND 56 WEST 68TH.
Electricity, private baths; also smaller rooms.

72D, 253 WEST.—Large, cool, well furnished rooms; superior table; $10 up.

72D, 267, 308 WEST.—Desirable, cool, double, single rooms; private baths; Southerners.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private bath; electricity; parlor dining room.

76TH, 57 WEST.—Attractive rooms, connected, adjoining; table board; Summer rates.

124 WEST 77TH ST.
Attractive rooms; spacious parlors; meals optional.

77TH, 301 WEST.—Elegant double, single rooms; private baths; unsurpassed table; electricity.

78TH, 159 WEST.—Cool, large, small rooms; private baths; Southerners, transients; references.

78TH, 164 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; excellent board; table guests; references.

79th, 114 West, Norece Hall.—A home hotel for refined people; delightfully located on wide, parked street; cool, spacious parlors and dining room; booklet.

80TH ST., 106-108-110 WEST.—A satisfactory home for refined people; cool, comfortable, convenient; advantageous terms now; references.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Cool, comfortable rooms, private baths; superior service; Summer rates.

80TH, 124 WEST, (Ideal Location. — Cool, spacious rooms; electricity; good home cooking.

82D, 124 WEST.—(Graycourt) now open for transients and permanent residents; attractive; modern; references; table guests. Write for booklet.

82D, 174 WEST, (the Little House.)—Single room; table guests accommodated; Summer rates.

83D, 5 WEST.—Open all Summer; special terms; permanent, transient; table boarders.

84TH, 37 WEST.—First-class accommodations; gentlemen, couple; superior table; homelike. Blumenfeld.

86TH, 137 West.—Can accommodate one or two adults in refined, exclusive Jewish home; easy access car lines; references.

87TH, 70 WEST.—Airy rooms; excellent table; refined home; convenient location; moderate; references.

107TH, 322 WEST.—Unusual opportunity for bachelor or family to live in luxurious economy; modern private residence near Riverside and Broadway; two large rooms; bath.

149TH, 544 WEST.—Near Broadway subway and beautiful Riverside; nicest, healthiest section; cool, bright rooms, good board; $15 to $20 weekly for two; large porch, garden, home comforts. 2757 Audubon.

157TH SUBWAY WEST, (25 Fort Washington Av.)—Cool, quiet room, adjoining bath.

A LADY having a beautiful home off Central Park West, in the 80's, would like two paying guests. Telephone Schuyler 8657.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Summer hotel of highest order Grand location; 20 min. Broadway, 5c. fare. Lovely rooms, excellent cuisine, all comforts. Delightful atmosphere; worth investigation. Weekly $9-$14 per adult, with meals.
71 Central Av., St. George, S. I.

Board Wanted

Thirty cents an agate line.

GENTLEMAN desires board, room, with bath adjoining, vicinity 59th St. and Madison Av.; state terms; permanent. Clark, 1,080 3d Av. Phone Plaza 1,285.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

29TH, 118 EAST.—Attractive rooms; private family; telephone; all conveniences; near Subway.

34TH, 46 EAST.—Elegant room, bath, $5; another, $4; electricity; telephone.

37TH ST., 18 EAST.
One or two rooms, private bath room.

43D, 10 EAST.—Gentleman, tired hotel or club life, may find cool, comfortable room; with, without bath; references; telephone.

71 IRVING PLACE.
Beautiful large, small rooms; private bath.

56TH, 88 EAST.—Cheap during Summer; large, handsome rooms; call and make offers.

59TH, 154 EAST.—Elegant rooms, suitable one or two; telephone; private house.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds, tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 265, (Near 36th.)—Well furnished; bath; strictly private family. Murray Hill 728.

West Side.

11TH ST., 118 WEST.—Good-size room; conveniences; $3.

32D ST., (Off Broadway,) New Hotel Strand. —Large, light rooms, with private bath, $9, $10, $12 per week; same rate for one or two people in room; some rooms at $7 per week.

32D ST., (Between Broadway and 5th Av.)—Rooms with private bath, $9 and $12 per week; same rate for two persons in room. Hotel Aberdeen.

23D, 439 WEST.—Front rooms with private bath, also a parlor floor; suitable for dentist, also an artist. Telephone 2757 Chelsea.

11½ WEST 37TH ST.
Two rooms, bath; attractive; furnished apartment.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Large, small, airy rooms; board optional; references required; high-class house.

47TH, 11 WEST.—Apartment; large, small rooms; telephone, electric light, all conveniences.

47TH, 58 WEST.—Rooms, large, single; private baths; board optional. 4589 Bryant.

49TH, 66 WEST.—Large rooms; Summer rates; all conveniences.

49TH, 66 WEST.—Attractive ground floor; bachelor suite, with separate entrance; all facilities.

50TH ST, 36 WEST.—Large and small rooms; electric lights; telephone; references.

52D, 55 WEST.—Single room, hot, cold, running water, bath; large room, private bath; electricity, telephone; gentlemen only; reference.

53D, 62 WEST.—Attractive double room, private bath; also desirable single room; reasonable.

57TH, 158 WEST.—Attractive front room; southern exposure; small rooms; Summer rates.

58TH, 49 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished rooms, $5-$9-$10; electricity, bath; select house; reasonable.

64TH, 182 WEST.—Beautiful parlor, kitchenette, private bath, telephone, $9; other rooms.

64TH, 132 WEST.—Beautiful parlor, kitchenette; private bath; telephone; $9; other rooms.

64TH, 115 WEST.—Large pleasant room; running water; suitable one, two; moderate.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive rooms; gentlemen; must be seen to appreciate; references; telephone.

71ST, 317 WEST.—Delightfully cool rooms; single, en suite; private home; references. Columbus 8150.

71ST ST., 282 WEST. — Large, small rooms; corner house; hot, cold water; references.

72D, 248 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; also parlor floor; table guests. Col. 1894; references.

73D ST. WEST.
Exceptional room, floor; private house; gentlemen.
Z 227 TIMES ANNEX.

73D, 153 West. — Attractively furnished rooms; also room with bath; telephone; Summer rates.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive, cool rooms; private baths; refined surroundings; telephone; references.

74TH, 106 WEST.—Second story; private baths; single rooms; Summer prices; references.

74TH ST., 5 WEST.—Cool, comfortable, large rooms, with, without bath; private residence; reasonable.

75TH, 58 WEST.—Attractive single, double rooms; private bath; delightful Summer location; Subway.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Newly furnished private house; large, small rooms; private bath; telephone.

76TH, 104 WEST.—Two rooms, bath; also small room; gentlemen, couple; private house.

76TH, 158 WEST.—Large, small rooms; parlor floor and private bath; moderate; telephone.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Cool rooms, including handsome back parlor, with private bath.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; home comforts; all conveniences; Summer rates.

77TH, 125 WEST.—Bright, comfortable rooms, homelike, with private family; telephone; reference.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Light, airy, single front room; references; reasonable; gentlemen.

77TH, 158 WEST.—Attractive, large room, private house, suitable one, two; references.

78TH, 221 WEST.—Front, back parlors; private bath; single, basement; modern improvements.

78TH, 136 WEST.—Attractive large rooms, all conveniences; light housekeeping; $5 up.

79TH ST., 149 WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; attractive Summer location; convenient subway, "L."

80TH, 104 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms; private baths; modern conveniences; Summer rates.

81ST, 251 WEST, (BROADWAY.)
Attractive room; high-class apartment; gentlemen. Holton.

82D, 134 WEST.—Handsome large; single rooms, adjoining bath; $4, $5, $6; references.

82D, 56 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large rooms; private baths; electricity; reasonable; references.

82D, 114 WEST.—Large, comfortable room; very nicely furnished; private residence; references.

82D, 115 WEST.—Attractive, large front room; also others. Phone Schuyler 9187.

82D, 33 WEST.—Small family; rent large, small front room; newly furnished.

84TH, 45 WEST.—Large, airy rooms; private baths; breakfast; telephone; references.

85TH, 252 WEST.—Attractive rooms, new apartment, kitchen privileges; women. Miss Porter.

86TH, 306 WEST, (near Riverside Drive.)—Pleasant, cool room; reasonable; subway; references; telephone.

86TH, 337 West, (Subway.) — Large, airy rooms, with or without private bath; Riverside.

86TH, 341 WEST.—A large furnished room, with a private bath, exclusive neighborhood.

86TH, (537 West End Av.)—Attractive rooms; convenient subway, L; breakfast optional.

87TH ST., 188 WEST.—Three attractive connecting rooms; beautiful back parlor; private baths; electricity; refined house; Summer rates. Schuyler 3938.

87TH, 176 WEST.—Large, cool rooms; near Riverside Drive, Subway, L. Bruns.

90TH, 121 WEST.—Comfortable rooms, running water; breakfast optional; housekeeping privileges. Davis.

93D ST., 148 WEST.—Beautiful large, front rooms; $6-$7; small, $2 up.

93D, 263 WEST.—Large or small room; private house; every convenience; telephone.

95TH, 255 WEST.—Exceptionally large, comfortably furnished outside room; adjoining bath. Linz.

102D, 253 WEST.—Two exceptionally large rooms; private bath; small room; gentleman; couple; excellent location; Summer rates; Jewish family.

105TH, 248 WEST, (Cor. Broadway.)—Comfortable, light room, adjoining bath; elevator apartment. Copeland.

108TH, 7 WEST.—Newly furnished room, adjoining bath; elevator apartment. Riverside 7010. Clinton.

109TH, 312 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, overlooking Hudson; single, en suite; kitchen optional. 7th floor.

112TH ST., 536 WEST.—Large, attractive, cool, front room; high-class elevator apartment. Bridges.

113TH, 560 WEST.—Two large rooms; private bath; single or en suite; excellent cuisine.

115TH, 422 WEST, corner Amsterdam.—Room facing street; bath; telephone; $3.50. Gedick.

115TH, 410 WEST.—Rooms, single, $2.50, $3; suite; home privileges; shower. Schmitz.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive, cool rooms; single, en suite; bath; phone; subway; Apt. 52.

120TH, 157 WEST.—2 large rooms; closets; running water, bath; scrupulously clean; references.

Automobile Exchange

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Beautiful 1914 Velie, Oakland, King, touring and runabouts; electric equipment; greatest bargains ever offered; installment plan or cash; your own expert permitted to thoroughly examine any car; wonderful value for discriminating buyers; don't purchase before examining these cars. 360 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

Cadillac 1914, like new, $900; $8,000 75 H. P. Fiat roadster, perfect shape, $800; 1913 Oakland 6 cylinder, 7 passenger, electrically equipped, $750.
TIMES SQUARE AUTO CO.,
World's Largest Dealers,
S. W. Corner 56th St. and Broadway.

Garford "40," with touring body and fine slip covers and windshield, also landaulet body in perfect condition; private used; with both bodies $650. Tough's Storage Warehouse, 510 E. 73d St. Lenox 7194.

Cadillac touring car, 1912; full equipment; electric starter and lights, &c.; A1 condition; will sacrifice, $525. Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,690 Broadway.

Mitchell 5-passenger touring; electric starter and light; A1 condition, new tires; sacrifice. Telephone 8183-W Flatbush.

PACKARD (1916) TOURING 38 H. P.
Mercer (1913) Runabout; perfect condition. Turner, St. James Hotel. Phone 3247 Bryant.

Packard 1911, "30," seven-passenger touring and limousine; just from factory; sell at once. Krinsey, 501 West 171st.

Hupmobile, 1914, six-passenger; electric equipment; a bargain. Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,690 Broadway.

Hupmobile, 1913 roadster; A1 condition; $400. Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,690 Broadway.

Automobiles for Rent.

EGIDI AUTO SERVICE.
Pierce-Arrows, Packards, Renaults, by Hour, Day, or Week.
Special Rates Monthly and Yearly Contract.
Phone 774 Circle. 123 West 52d St.

To rent, monthly, day, or hour, latest model touring car, with competent chauffeur. 360 Cumberland St., Brooklyn. Tel. Prospect 7846.

For Hire.—Packard seven-passenger touring, just from factory, by month or season; reasonable. 7580 Audubon. Apt. 2B.

Elegant Packard and Renault town cars; owner will drive; very moderate. Sommer, 319 West 55th St.

Large five-passenger touring car for holidays and trips; reasonable. Williams, phone 429 Madison.

Practically new Packard touring; $2.50 hourly; experienced owner drives; references. Harlem 6818.

Packards, Peerless, touring, hour, day, trip; special monthly rates. Phone 7261 Columbus.

Packard-Pierce Arrow 1915 cars; rent month or year. Karp, 1,790 B'way. 9889 Col.

Seven-passenger Packard for hire, $3 per hour. Telephone Borgman, 1941 Circle.

Automobiles Wanted.

Wanted, 2-38 Packard, five or seven passenger, late model touring car; write full particulars and lowest price. M 73 Times.

Wanted Buick 1913 to 1915; must be bargain. Findall, 239 West 56th; upstairs.

Automobile Repairing.

Electric Starting—Lighting Systems. Detachable Wire Wheels. Jesco Company, 245 W. 55th St. Circle 1558.

Automobile Storage.

P. BRADY & SON CO.
Dead storage of Automobiles. Automobiles boxed for export. 552-556 W. 58th St. Col. 3440.

Automobile Instruction.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

143D, 501 WEST.—One or two large front rooms, with or without exclusive use of kitchen. Apartment 27.

144TH ST., 500 WEST.—Delightful large, cool room, adjoining bath; elevator apartment; every convenience; private family; convenient to subway and "L"; gentleman preferred. Apartment 24.

158TH, 651 WEST.—Hudson River; Drive; refined country life; Subway; conveniences. Audubon 1487.

"ALLERTON HOUSE," FOR BACHELORS, 302 West 22d St., also 138 East 38th St. The comforts of home, the genial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new 12-story building, roof garden, private showers, billiard room, library, lounge; no tipping; running water every room; single rooms, $4 to $8 weekly; rooms for two, $3 to $4 weekly each.

Artist's studio, large, delightfully cool, north light; private phone and bath; kitchenette; small suite optional. 2527 Plaza.

BROADWAY, 2,030, (The Ormond.)—Desirable room; high-class apartment; Summer rates. Railing.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, (66th St.)—Couple having charming apartment, overlooking Park, rent delightful room; lavatory; excellent transportation. Columbus 7915.

CLAREMONT AV, 49, (Corner 119th.)—Large outside room, beautifully furnished, overlooking Columbia.

EXCEPTIONAL SINGLE, DOUBLE ROOMS obtainable at 420 West 116th at $25 and upward per month; excellent service included; write, call, or phone 5800 Morningside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452.—Attractive outside room, bath; private family; excellent service. Apartment 3A.

S. E. COR. 118TH ST. AND ST. NICHOLAS Av.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with or without bath, from $6 to $10 per week; full hotel and elevator service; restaurant; very moderately priced.

WEST END, 611.—Delightful rooms; running water, electricity; private family; 91st Subway.

Rooms Wanted

Furnished.

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

TWO YOUNG MEN desire either parlor and bedroom or two connecting rooms; permanently; private family; particulars. M 59 Times.

GENTLEMAN, young, wants nicely furnished room refined family; breakfast desired; references; state terms and full particulars. M 76 Times.

Two single rooms, adjoining bath, 75th to 110th, west side; gentlemen; state price, full particulars. S 2,275 Broadway.

Situations Wanted, Female

Fifteen cents an agate line.

A LADY, 45, alone, desires to enter home where servant or servants are kept; capable, active, cheerful, handy with needle, companionable, able to take full or part charge of household; has some means; will give services for board; no servant's place considered; highest references. Address Z 270 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER.—First-class double entry, render trial balance, financial statement, assist with pay roll; Christian; $14. A 364 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER typist, highly educated; six years' corporation controlling accounts; books balanced; statements rendered; Christian; $15. E 283 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Capable taking full charge any system; knowledge stenography. F 315 Times Downtown.

COOK.—Competent American woman in private American family; no laundry; out of city; wages, $30. Write M. G., 6 Hazlett St., Morristown, N. J. Tel. 778M.

COMPANION, &c.—English lady, (single,) experienced traveler, desires position as traveling companion or chaperon; references. Sada, Z 265 Times Annex.

COMPANION, graduate nurse, American, (29;) good character; experience; references. F 140 Times.

DRESSMAKING.—Competent French dressmaker; artistic; by day; reference. Jeanne, 2,210 Haviland Av.

DRESSMAKER and ladies' tailor; reasonable; remodeling. Mme. Juliette, 24 West 8th St.

HOUSEWORK.—Girl would like housework in small American family. N. M., Times Harlem.

HOUSEWORK.—Neat colored girl wants general housework. Bostic, 17 West 136th.

SECRETARY. — Refined, intelligent lady, knowledge of English, French, German, Russian, Polish, Lithuanian, stenography, wants secretarial position. P. L., Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly qualified stenographer; Eastman graduate; knowledge of accounts; good handwriting; neat in appearance; hard worker; $7 per week. Miss F., 36 West 123d St. Phone 518 Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—Energetic and capable; quick comprehension; nine years with present employer; thoroughly experienced in trade journal work; agencies, save stamps. F 313 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—American girl; exceptionally neat, clean cut, reliable, trustworthy; high school education; good penman, speller; anxious locating permanently; $18. Ruth, A 368 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; accurate; rapid transcriptions; good speller; not afraid work; Christian; $12; references. F 316 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper; 6 years' experience; high school graduate; businesslike, capable; good credentials; Christian; $12. F 274 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted, Female

Fifteen cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, assistant bookkeeper; 8 months' business experience; high school graduate; age, 18; salary no object. F 298 Times Downtown.

EXPERIENCED LADY seeks few more clients to do any desirable purchasing in New York City; bank references given. 220 West 98th, Apt. 1-K.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, 8 years' experience, desires responsible and permanent position; good reference; salary, $12. M 65 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—3 years' real estate, law experience; 20; Christian; self-dependent; needs employment; references; $10. S 24 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner wishes to connect with reliable firm; moderate salary. Mary Huffner, 37 East 58th St. Phone Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, office assistant; bright, neat girl, American; good penman; beginner; no agency; $7. F 284 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Eight years one concern; understands general office work and filing; A1 references furnished. F 300 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly competent, rapid, accurate, and neat; $17. F 314 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Bookkeeper, Typewriter.—Neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 311 East Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Young woman, Columbia student, desires position; Saturdays only. Z 261 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Clean cut, common sense, quick comprehension, good grammarian; $8-$10. L 174 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Reliable; three years' experience; references; $10. F 309 Times Downtown.

TEACHER requires a couple tuitions, vacation, mornings; reasonable. M. E., Times Harlem.

TUTOR.—High school graduate wishes to do tutoring during Summer. C 125 Times.

WAITRESS-CHAMBERMAID.—Lady wishes to place her waitress-chambermaid; excellent references; can be seen at present employer's, 41 West 86th.

YOUNG LADY, high school graduate, would like position, clerical work, filing, or as switchboard operator. Telephone 10104 Riverside, or write P. R., 852 Columbus Av.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

BERTHA CARLSON'S AGENCY, 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th St.; first-class servants. 9468 Riverside.

CAPABLE HOUSEWORKER.—Experienced colored girl, good cook; city references. Telephone Columbus 5165. Domestic Service Agency, 329 West 59th.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; city, country; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone 5022 Columbus. Established 1899.

COMPETENT colored help, short notice; references. TULL AGENCY, 2,297 7th Av. 8022 Morningside.

COOK, $28; waitress, chambermaid, $22; chambermaid, $18; houseworkers, nurses, couples. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av., (75th St.) Schuyler 9136.

DON'T WASTE EFFORTS hunting good help; have select list; all nations. Phone 7656 Chelsea. Noel's, 77 West 11th St.

HOUSEWORKERS.—English-speaking girls, seeking positions. Polish-American Agency, 299 East 11th. Orchard 5607.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month. 107 West 133d. 6916 Morningside.

Help Wanted, Female

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

DESIGNER wanted on children's wash and serge dresses; only those that understand the business thoroughly need apply. S. $8.50 up; good table board. Higgins, Rosenman Co., 110 West 14th St.

MANAGING HOUSEKEEPER wanted for a boarding house; only one with experience and best of references need apply. Montclair Manor, 27 Hillside Av., Montclair, N. J.

TEACHERS (2) for Summer work; year's contract if competent. R. 1,014, 225 5th Av.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER to take entire charge 7-room elevator apartment; good home; business women. Call 6 o'clock, carfare, Hill, 145 East 35th St.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR
TRAINING SECRETARIES
at a reliable school. Registered and inspected by the Regents of the State of New York. Day and evening session. Individual instruction; monthly payments. PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Known throughout the country. Open all Summer.

FILING, all systems, and related commercial subjects. Day, evening classes. Aid to positions that pay well. The original school, Universal Filing and Indexing Bureau. Park Row Bldg., Opp. Post Office.

FILING.—Instruction in day, evening, or correspondence courses at the first institution of its character. New York School of Filing, Singer Building, New York.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHERS, (2,) $15; (1,) German-English dictation, $20; (1,) experienced use of dictaphone, $12; (1,) patent law experience, $15.
BOOKKEEPER for carpet house, $16. E. W. Carpenter Exchange, (Agency,) Singer Building.

Situations Wanted, Male

Fifteen cents an agate line.

A.—A.—A.—EXPERT ACCOUNTANTS.—Open and close books, prepare financial statements, show expenses in detail, profits and costs; monthly audits and systems; rates moderate. D. S., Room 402, 191 Broadway, Cortlandt 6556.

A.A.—Accountant-auditor installs simplified systems that give in monthly comparative statements exact information you require to intelligently direct your business. Charges reasonable. Interview solicited. Fleming, 35 Nassau St.

A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Balances, audits, $5 monthly, upward; books systematized, opened, closed. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone John 2851.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED,
Will revise or install factory, office or cost systems. Long experience. Th. Pentlarge, 52 Broadway. Telephone.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.
KENNETH FAIRBANKS,
55 Liberty St. Cortlandt 6970.

ACCOUNTANT.—Established twenty years; fees moderate; all work certified. Equitable. 7588 Hanover.

BOOKKEEPER.—26; eight years' experience; monthly balance, financial statements, controlling accounts, &c.; expert stenographer; references. A 373 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, 20, seeks position as bookkeeper or stenographer; high school education; experienced; A1 references; salary, $12. M 67 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, wide knowledge general business, competent take complete charge, seeks responsible position. Luscher, 555 West 171st St.

BOOKKEEPER, 27; excellent ability; thoroughly competent, reliable, trustworthy; references. E 340 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, (26;) ten years' experience; highest references; married. E 359 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert, efficient; best reference. William Anderson, 60 Prospect Place East.

BOY, (17,) high school education, wishes position. N. Wiffman, 413 East 90th St.

BOY (15) wishes office position; references. J. I., care McDonough, 348 East 42d St.

BUTLER, general housework, or gentleman's place, by respectable young Japanese; good plain cook; neat, clean; best references. Otto, 184 High St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR. — Mechanic; American; 26; married; no children; five years' driving, two years' shop experience; best of private family references; own repairs; strictly sober, reliable; city, country. K 406 East 52d St.

CHAUFFEUR, single, experienced, expert driver, any car, own repairs, overhauling, wishes position with private family; city, country; best references. Rossit, 443 West 163d St.

CHAUFFEUR, 27; married; no children; last position 4 years; careful driver; honest; best references; city, country. Harry Smith, 560 West 179th St. 4425 Audubon.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, Swiss, 14 years' references, seeks first-class position; $30 weekly. Haltiner, 100 West 56th St.

CHEMIST. — Young man, with thorough knowledge of chemistry, desires position as laboratory assistant. I. W. Ingalls, 874 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn.

COLLEGE MAN, honest, reliable, and industrious, desires any good paying position; experienced as cashier, waiter, dentistry, shoe salesman, assistant cook, and houseman; A1 references. Philip Welsh, 120 Eldredge St., City.

COLLEGE MAN, 22, Christian, experienced business 2 years, tutoring 2 years, must secure employment to return to college next Fall; anything acceptable. F 310 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE MAN desires work out of town for Summer; wages no object. B 32 Times Annex.

Situations Wanted, Male

Fifteen cents an agate line.

ELECTRICIAN.—Young man, 25, desires position with electrical concern; 7½ years' experience lighting, signaling, telephone; technical graduate; $18. Advance, Box 500, 3,013 3d Av.

ELLIOTT-FISHER or Remington-Wahl operator; 10 years' experience; best references. Samuel J. Wresse, 481 Miller Av., Brooklyn.

GOVERNESS or NURSE.—Perfect French, German, English; good sewer; experience with sick children. Miss Francis, 235 E. 60th.

HOUSEHOLD or other inside duties by respectable elderly man; clean, neat, trustworthy; do plain cooking; does not smoke nor drink. A. E. Smythe, 953 Madison St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

MANAGER.—A young man of exceptional experience in manufacturing, cost figuring, and managing cloak and suit factory desires position as manager of reliable cloak house. I am willing to let results decide the value of my services; can furnish highest references. L 185 Times.

MASSAGE.—Scientific Swedish massage and gymnastics; treatment at patient's residence. William Anderson, 133 East 47th St. Murray Hill 5106.

OFFICE MANAGER. — American, 27; thorough commercial and legal training; bookkeeper, stenographer, typist, expert systematizer; assume entire charge office, correspondence, collections; exceptional credentials. M 69 Times.

PHOTOGRAPHER.—All-around man; amateur work; take anything. Dasaro, 376 9th Av.

SALESMAN.—Young man, six years' business training in office, salesroom, and two years as missionary salesman, wishes position with wholesale house, manufacture, or export house; at present studying Spanish. M 60 Times.

SALESMAN and MANAGER.—Eight years' experience in Victor goods, capable doing $40,000 yearly business, first-class references, desires position; willing to go out of town. M 68 Times.

SALESMAN about to take a trip through New York State. What have you to offer? No fakes. M 62 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK. — Thoroughly experienced; best references; American. J. Gross, 683 Evergreen Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner; business school graduate; will work hard for advancement. John Snyder, 693 Madison Av. Phone 2994 Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER, eight years' real estate experience, knowledge bookkeeping, desires position. F 299 Times Downtown.

TWO YOUNG MEN OF ABILITY, energetic, ambitious, speak four foreign languages fluently, understand bookkeeping thoroughly, good correspondents, desire connection with reliable firm, here or abroad; references, a well-known banking institution and large N. Y. corporation. Address A. O., 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

WAITER-SINGER.—Country place; experienced; good appearance. George Stone, 1,426 Washington Av.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) college, Summer position; city or country; varied experience; references; no canvassing. Aschenbrenner, 529 East 85th St.

YOUNG MAN, college training, business school graduate, desires a responsible position with a good concern. F 289 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, Westerner, good mannered, attentive, speaking English, German, Spanish, seeks employment anywhere. Room 516, 165 East 38th.

YOUNG MAN, 28, editorial, business experience, aggressive, versatile, desires opening of any kind; small investment. M 63 Times.

YOUNG MAN wants any position; Irish; active. Annis, 258 West 153d St.

YOUNG MAN, 19, wants night work, 6-12; anything. M 75 Times.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER, FIRST CLASS, WITH BANKING EXPERIENCE, KNOWLEDGE OF SPANISH, CAPABLE OPENING BOOKS FOR NEW CORPORATION, DRAW UP BALANCE SHEETS, &C.; STATE REFERENCES, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY REQUIRED. ADDRESS F 318 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY.—Bright, active and willing boy to start at bottom and learn business in the office of a large manufacturing concern; high school training desirable; state age, experience, if any, references and salary expected. Ambitious, F 311 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted, over 16 years of age, just from school; good opening for bright lad; $5.00 per week. F 312 Times Downtown.

BOY, 16 to 17, good education and appearance, in office of growing concern offering opportunity. F 305 Times Downtown.

BOY for drafting room of machine shop. State age, experience, and salary expected. Machinery, M 74 Times.

EXPERIENCED ELLIOT-FISHER billing machine operator in the office of an established manufacturer; must be accurate at figures; good opportunity for the right man; state references, age, nationality, and salary expected. S 25 Times Downtown.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK.
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED FURNITURE PACKERS
AND
CRATERS.
Apply at Employment Office, 5th floor, 32d St. side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK.
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED CHINA AND GLASS PACKERS.
Apply at Employment Office, 5th floor, 32d St. side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK.
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF EXPERIENCED CHINA STOCKMEN.
Apply at Employment Office, 5th floor, 32d St. side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK.
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A YOUNG MAN, 16 YEARS OF AGE.
MUST BE NEAT AND QUICK. SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.
Apply at Employment Office, 5th floor, 32d St. side.

MAN wanted, having had experience in managing some retail business (experience in our line unnecessary) and supervising at least 20 employes; age from 30 to 40 years; apply in own handwriting, stating age, experience in detail, and salary expected. Address Opportunity, Z 272 Times Annex.

PHARMACIST for biological laboratory; must have good references; salary $15 per week; good opportunity for advancement. Apply to E. R. Squibb, New Brunswick, N. J.

SALESMEN to present to physicians, druggists our radium compresses; indorsed for rheumatism; descriptive literature furnished; commission. Z 267 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.—Accessory sold direct to automobile owners; broad selling plan; liberal commission; future for right man. W 171 Times.

SALESMAN.—Commission; great opportunity; experience unnecessary; references required. M 70 Times.

SOLICITORS.—Men of good address to solicit wealthy residence owners on a proposition of verified merit; splendid opportunity for stock and bond salesmen and college graduate; get quick results; liberal commission basis. 9 to 11 A. M. and 4-5 P. M., Room 709, 35 Nassau St.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER or high-grade maid for small family in country, 15 minutes from New York; capable taking full charge; wages $30; reference. M 71 Times.

INSTRUCTION.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

LEARN MECHANICAL DENTISTRY in 3 months; earn $25 to $100 weekly; steady profession; rare advantages; new, unlimited field; individual instruction, any hour, day, night; unrivaled, efficient method. Start now. THE DENTAL SCHOOL OF AMERICA, FIRST AND GREATEST, 25 W. 45TH ST.

LEARN PHOTOGRAPHY, photo engraving; earn $25 to $100 weekly; practical work; installments. N. Y. Institute of Photography. 1,269 Broadway.

MEN—EARN $25 TO $75 WEEKLY.
Great demand for mechanical dentists.
BODEE'S DENTAL TRADE SCHOOL,
EST. 1892. 15 West 44th. Visitors invited.
OLDEST—LARGEST—MOST RELIABLE.

Lost and Found

Forty-five cents an agate line.
Count six words to a line.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

LOST—Jan. 24, Vanderbilt Hotel, taxi to Central R. R. of N. J. depot, to Lakewood, a diamond pendant, 3 large diamonds above a large sapphire in centre and set with small diamonds; liberal reward. Cashier, Vanderbilt Hotel.

LOST—One gold snake ring with sapphire head, two small diamonds. Ten dollars' reward will be paid if returned to C. A. Richards, 17 Battery Place, New York. Telephone Rector 8340.

LOST—Brooke County Coal Company stock certificate No. 94. Please return to owner, Frank Burton, Gloversville, N. Y.

LOST—Lady's Waltham open-face watch and imperial fob; initials M. F. McC.; reward. Room 2,723, 17 Battery Place.

LOST—Diamond and platinum necklace; liberal reward. Morningside 4887. Apt. 53.

$10,000 REWARD
will be paid and absolutely no questions asked for the return of the 71 pearl necklace with pearl clasp, also marquise diamond ring, missed as of June 21-22 from owner's residence, Southampton, Eastern Long Island; proportionate reward for the return of any part of the missing articles, and liberal reward will also be paid for information leading to the recovery of missing articles. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av., New York City.

$25 REWARD.—Watch, lost June 17 on 52d St., near 6th Av. Wells, 103 West 53d St.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST—$10 reward; French bull puppy; Bayswater, Friday evening. John Fitch & Co., 24 Mott Av., Far Rockaway.

LOST—Boston bull, vicinity 135th, 8th Av.; liberal reward. Levy, 231 West 135th St.

Business Opportunities

Forty-five cents an agate line.

THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED BUSINESS SALES AND ADVERTISING MANAGER WITH CAPITAL DESIRES TO PURCHASE CONTROL OR PART INTEREST IN ESTABLISHED MANUFACTURING BUSINESS WHEREIN ABOVE QUALIFICATIONS OFFER OPPORTUNITIES FOR DEVELOPMENT OF BUSINESS ON REASONABLY LARGE SCALE. ADDRESS, WITH FULL PARTICULARS, MANAGER, Z 249 TIMES ANNEX.

MAIL ORDER SEED BUSINESS.
For sale, with mailing list of 350,000 live names, business established eight years. Names located throughout United States. Good list for New York department stores and mail order houses.
Owner in New York all this week.
For interview, address
OWNER, 1,364 Broadway.

PARTNER WANTED by experienced builder who controls 54 lots on one of the best streets in Bay Ridge, Brooklyn, 1 block from Fourth Avenue Subway, now in operation; $10,000 cash required for half interest; exceptional opportunity by immediate construction; plans ready. Full information on application to Dowling-Muller Co., Room 605, 367 Fulton St., Brooklyn, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

$85,000—HOTEL BARGAIN—$85,000.
Choice city corner, built 5 years; 69 guest rooms, large dining room, &c.; all rooms rented, earning 15 per cent. per annum; owner unable to give it personal attention; easy terms or might accept free and clear vacant land, farm, or improved property in partial payment; never offered before. A. M. Johnson, 66 Orange St., Brooklyn.

TWO N. Y. CITY HOTELS.
New buildings and furniture; very choice locations; earning 15 per cent.; owner having other business must sell either one; reasonable terms or vacant land, farm, or improved property in partial payment. F 259 Times Downtown.

Excellent opportunity purchase well-equipped, profitable toy manufacturing business; $1,800; plenty orders on hand; investigate; bank references. Address F. L., 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Patent rights and established business of one of best-known garment fashioners on market for sale; other and more important business reason for selling; financial references required. Z 221 Times Annex.

I WILL make a moderate investment with services; have wide business experience; understand accounting, selling, advertising, managing; best references; give particulars. M 27 Times.

Capital and well organized sales force open for an article of merit; we are forced to these measures through the loss of imported lines. W. W. Meyer, 44 East 23d St.

CAPITAL AND SERVICES FURNISHED.
Capable merchant will invest $10,000 or more with services in profitable business. Communications confidential. Z 271 Times Annex.

Motion-picture theatre, 600 seats; prominent location Brooklyn; small investment required; investigate. Pitzer & Smith, 1,480 Broadway, (42d.)

Young man, single preferred, to invest about $2,000 in young, paying business as partner and to act as outside representative. Z 268 Times Annex.

TO MANUFACTURERS.
Englishman located in Liverpool wishes to represent American interests. M 58 Times.

Are you successful salesman with money for partnership? I manufacture. Z 239 Times Annex.

Free factory sites and cheap gas. Z 254 Times Annex.

Business Notices

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Business Loans.

Loans on outstanding accounts, notes, and various securities; confidential. Y 225 Times Annex.

$4,500 Wanted—Nine-room house, good locality, given as security. Z 269 Times Annex.

Printing and Multigraphing.

MULTIGRAPH letters, 200, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9. G. R. Weatherford, 130 B'way. Room 1,131 Equitable Building. Rector 4543.

For Sale, Miscellaneous

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
4 months for $5 and up.
Initial payment applies if purchased.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC.,
345 Broadway, at Leonard St. TEL.
956 Broadway, at 23d St. 5408
50 Nassau St., at Maiden Lane. FRANKLIN.
10 Barclay St. Telephone 6353 Cortlandt.

Purchase and Exchange

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Pearls, Diamonds, Silver Antiques; Provident tickets purchased. Robert Enska, 588 Madison Av.

Spanish Mauser rifle, 1893 model, quickly; will pay good price. Armstrong Agency, 55 John St.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

BOWTELL'S BUSINESS BRAIN BUREAU,
170 Broadway.
Superintendent for department store, Middle West; would consider Assistant Superintendent of large New York store; under 45; write fully detailed experience and salary wanted.
Buyer, 30-35, experienced mill supplies; $1,500-$1,800. Call or write.
Other openings.

PAY ROLL AUDITORS AND CLERKS; temporary work; good positions for suitable men.
ACCOUNTANT; manufacturing concern; $85-$90.
BOOKKEEPER; public utility company, $80-$90.
STENOGRAPHERS; (1) $30; (1) $18; (1) $15. E. W. Carpenter Exchange, (Agency,) Singer Building.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 CHURCH ST.
STENOGRAPHERS—Ten or twelve desirable openings for men of clean-cut personality; salaries $15-$25 per week.
BOOKKEEPER—Experienced in high-grade hotel or club bookkeeping; must possess clean-cut personality; salary $75 and meals.

WILLIS HAWLEY EXCHANGE,
50 Court St., Brooklyn. 7084 Main.
Foundry foreman, ornamental iron and machinery, $1,200; assistant auditor, $18; clerical, factory, cost experience, $18; assistant to manager and correspondent, merchandise experience, $20; stenographer, institutional, $75; young woman, expert typist, high school graduate, $10-$12; young woman, multigraph operator and typist, $10.

LUNACY EXPERTS SAY THAW IS SANE

Prisoner Smiles as Federal Commissioners Testify That He Has No Delusions.

WOMEN LEAVE COURTROOM

The State's Cross-Examination Drives Them Out and Makes Harry Nervous.

COURT WARNS NEWSPAPERS

Jerome's Summing Up and First Report Declaring Thaw Rational, Admitted in Evidence.

Two members of the lunacy commission appointed by the Federal Courts of New Hampshire in December, 1913, testified yesterday at the jury trial of Harry K. Thaw's sanity before Justice Hendrick in the Supreme Court that Thaw was not now suffering from paranoia or any other form of insanity, as alleged in his second trial for the murder of Stanford White. It was not altogether a happy day for the prisoner, however.

The witnesses, Dr. Frank S. Streeter, a prominent Concord lawyer, who was Chairman of the commission, and Dr. Charles P. Bancroft, Superintendent of the New Hampshire Hospital for the Insane, stuck to their guns in the face of a severe grilling by counsel for the State, and said that Thaw should receive his liberty. But, on the other hand, the questions asked gave an inkling of the thoroughness with which the State intends to go into the history of Thaw's life. The witnesses were mercilessly quizzed about Thaw's habits and alleged degeneracy prior to the murder of White, as bearing upon his mental condition. As the examination proceeded several women withdrew from the courtroom.

Thaw Loses Jauntiness.

Thaw himself showed that the method adopted by the State was most distasteful to him, and at times he was nervous and obviously under a severe strain. Beads of perspiration appeared on his forehead and he lost some of the almost jaunty assurance and smiling composure which marked his attitude last week. He said, however, that he considered it a most successful day, and that the evidence of his witnesses, men of high repute in New Hampshire, was most impressive.

Counsel for Thaw had expected to complete their case yesterday, but at the close of the afternoon session the State had not finished with cross-examination. There are two more alienists on the list of Thaw witnesses. The State, it was said, expects to subject all of these witnesses to lengthy cross-examinations which will probably keep them on the stand today and tomorrow. The indications yesterday were that the trial will continue for at least ten more court days, or until the end of next week.

Much interest was aroused in the courtroom at the opening of the morning session yesterday when Justice Hendrick expressed keen displeasure concerning reports which had appeared in some of the newspapers in connection with the trial. First he requested John B. Stanchfield and Deputy Attorney General Frank K. Cook not to discuss the case with the newspaper men. Then addressing the reporters the Justice said:

"The trial of this case in the newspapers must stop. If any of the newspapers print anything else regarding the evidence that is going to be brought out in this case I will send for the editors and punish them for contempt."

The stories published of happenings outside the court proceedings included interviews with Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, and reports that moving pictures of Thaw taken in Canada would be produced in court, and that a commission would go to Bar Harbor to take the testimony of Dr. Charles W. Eliot, President Emeritus of Harvard University, concerning Thaw's student life. It became known yesterday that no commission will go to Bar Harbor and that testimony by Dr. Eliot will play no part in the trial.

Thaw's Mother Not in Court.

Deputy Attorney General Cook said yesterday that subpoena servers had been sent to Culhane Camp, at Chateaugay Lake, where Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw is spending the Summer with her dancing partner, Jack Clifford, and several friends, but that he had heard no report from them. He would make no further comment. The general belief was that Mrs. Thaw would evade service and refuse to appear as a witness.

Because of the large crowds which have tried to gain admission to the sessions, the trial was held yesterday in a larger courtroom of the Appellate Division on the third floor. The attendants had their hands full keeping the curious away. Mrs. Mary Copley Thaw, mother of the prisoner, was not in court, but his half brother, Josiah T. Thaw, was on hand to encourage him.

A dramatic recital by Thaw to the Federal Lunacy Commission, in which Thaw expressed deep regret over the killing of Stanford White, proved an interesting part of the testimony of General Streeter, the first witness called by Thaw's counsel. He said with much firmness that he believed Thaw "absolutely sane" and "perfectly rational." He had found, he said, no evidence of "systematized delusion" and "nothing that suggested paranoia."

On cross-examination General Streeter said he received $1,200 as Chairman of the Federal Commission appointed to determine whether Thaw's mental condition warranted his release on bail at that time. Asked who paid the $1,200, he replied, "Why, Mr. Thaw did." He said that the other members of the commission had received $1,000 each, and that Thaw had footed the bill. Then he explained that Federal Judge Edgar Aldrich had directed this.

General Streeter said Thaw had been asked why he carried a gun, and he had replied that he feared for his life at the hands of the Monk Eastman gang, and that he had been told the gang "was out to get him." Then General Streeter gave Thaw's story of the shooting of Stanford White, as detailed by Thaw to the Commissioners. He quoted Thaw as saying that "immediately after he had fired the shot he knew he had done wrong," and that he should not have done it.

Thaw, the witness said, stated that there was much excitement on Madison Square Garden Roof, and fearing that there would be a panic he had "broken" his gun and held it above his head to show the people that he did not intend to use it again and to prevent a panic.

Thaw's Story of Killing White.

Thaw told the commission that White had attempted to resume relations with his wife, Evelyn Nesbit Thaw. In all the history of the Thaw case since the murder, said General Streeter, the commission had been able to find only one instance of violence on Thaw's part. That was when Thaw, while at Matteawan, was attacked by an ex-prize fighter. Thaw, said General Streeter, struck back at the man. Reading from notes he had prepared, General Streeter gave this from Thaw's testimony, the questions by one of the commission, the answers by Thaw:

Q.—Do men not usually idealize the object of their affection? A.—Yes, that's true.

Q.—Then is it not possible that this idealization of Evelyn Nesbit may have caused you to make a mistake in your conclusion? A.—Yes, that's the reason I regret it.

Q.—Do you regret at the present time having killed Stanford White? A.—Yes, I deeply regret it.

Thaw had told the commission, said General Streeter, that he had at times thought of White in a business like manner and sometimes angrily. He had felt also that he would like to have White sent to jail for his treatment of the girl. At other times, Thaw had said, he thought of White as an elephant who might be forgotten if he was not around all the time. General Streeter said that Thaw made many of his answers in a roundabout way and with many qualifications, as though always on the defensive, but that his deportment, conduct and conversation at all times were rational.

On cross-examination, General Streeter said that the members of the commission had consulted at length as to the best way to "get under Thaw's skin," and that they had prepared their examination carefully. This seemed to amuse Thaw, who told a reporter that General Streeter's statement was the first he had heard of anything like that.

Deputy Attorney General Becker asked the witness if Thaw had told the commission under just what conditions he killed White.

"I can't recollect just the words used," said the witness, "but I formed the impression that Thaw killed White on the spur of the moment and in a flash of passion. I would not like to give that as Thaw's statement, however."

Thaw Said Mrs. Merrill Lied.

The witness was asked if the codicil to his will, in which Thaw left money to prosecute men he alleged had attacked young girls; the notes Thaw passed to his attorneys at the first murder trial, and an interview referred to by Mr. Becker as the "Why-do-they-call-me-Harry interviews," given out by Thaw while he was in Canada, were considered by the commission. General Streeter said they were, but he did not consider them very strong proof of mental delinquency. He was asked what he thought about Thaw's statement that there were places in New York where thousands of young girls were being ruined. General Streeter said he thought the use of the word "thousands" was an exaggeration, but he did not doubt such places existed.

Asked if he had questioned Thaw about Mrs. Susan Merrill and the flat in Fifty-eighth Street where it was alleged Thaw had lured young girls and whipped them, General Streeter said the question had been brought up. He could not remember just what Thaw had said in reply, he told Mr. Becker, but the substance of the reply was that the stories of Mrs. Merrill were lies. He said the commission had gone over the cross-examinations by W. T. Jerome at the former habeas corpus proceedings, and felt that they covered Thaw's life pretty thoroughly. He was not so much interested, he said, about the facts of Thaw's mental condition brought out at the second murder trial as he was in an effort to establish whether Thaw was suffering from delusions.

When General Streeter was excused Mr. Stanchfield won an important point for Thaw by getting before the jury the report of the commission and the summing up address of W. T. Jerome at the second murder trial, in which Mr. Jerome expressed the belief that Stanford White had maintained apartments where girls were wronged. Both of these had been excluded earlier in the trial, but in his cross-examination of General Streeter Mr. Becker read sections of the commission's report, and by his reference to Thaw's statement about places where thousands of girls were wronged provided Mr. Stanchfield with the opportunity he desired.

He demanded that the entire report of the commission be read, inasmuch as parts of it had been quoted, and that the Jerome address be admitted as proof that places such as Thaw had alleged existed, actually existed. Mr. Becker made strenuous objection, but was overruled.

Jerome as an Issue.

"It seems to me," said Mr. Becker in his argument, "that Thaw's whole case depends upon getting Mr. Jerome in as an issue. They have no other way of getting anything like proof that such places existed."

Justice Hendrick also permitted the reading of the report of the lunacy commission at the first murder trial, appointed by Justice Fitzgerald, which declared Thaw sane.

Dr. Bancroft, who was then called, said the commission had tried to examine Thaw on every topic that seemed to have a particular bearing on his life, thus endeavoring to get a complete picture of Thaw's mental operations. Thaw had been asked, he said, about the details of his courtship and marriage of Evelyn Nesbit, and there had been special examinations for evidences of manic-depressive insanity and paranoia. Thaw, he said, was absolutely rational.

On cross-examination, Deputy Attorney General Cook spoke at length of Thaw's alleged record as a degenerate, and asked the expert if a person whose life was conducted along such lines was not suffering from constitutional inferiority. Dr. Bancroft admitted that might be so.

"Do you define constitutional inferiority as insanity?" Mr. Cook asked.

Dr. Bancroft said that he did not; that a person suffering from constitutional inferiority was not necessarily insane, although he might be just the other side of the line.

Court adjourned before the cross-examination was concluded. Dr. Bancroft will be recalled at 10:30 o'clock this morning.

EVELYN THAW IN CANADA.

Slips Away from Clifford's Camp in Auto and Crosses Line.

Special to The New York Times.

MALONE, N. Y., June 28.—It is reported here that Evelyn Thaw this morning left the Culhane camp, where she has been staying, to escape subpoena servers. Two women with a chauffeur passed in a car through Chateaugay village early this morning. Those who saw the party say that Evelyn Thaw was one of the passengers. Later a report came from Huntingdon, a little town about thirty miles north of here, across the Canadian border, saying that she had passed through there this morning and was on the way to Montreal.

People living near the camp on the Narrows connecting Upper and Lower Chateaugay Lake say that Mrs. Thaw has not been visible there today. A woman who called at the camp found it deserted. While she was waiting, however, Jack Clifford, the dancing partner of Mrs. Thaw, appeared. Clifford said that it was very likely that Mrs. Thaw would go to Canada, if there appeared to be danger that process servers would reach her on this side of the border. As far as is known nobody armed with a subpoena has called at the camp as yet.

According to Clifford, Mrs. Thaw has firmly made up her mind not to testify at the present hearing, but she still feels that her life will be in danger if her husband is liberated.

Clifford said that he and Mrs. Thaw had canceled their contract to appear in New York, so that Mrs. Thaw would not be forced to be a witness at the sanity inquiry, and that the dread of being compelled to tell her story again had affected her nerves severely.

KAUFFMAN IS FINED $1,000.

May Get Prison Sentence if He Annoys Kopp Sisters Further.

Harry Kauffman, a Paterson silk manufacturer, was fined $1,000 yesterday morning by Judge Haight in the United States District Court in Newark for annoying the Kopp sisters by sending threatening letters. Sentence was suspended on the fifth count, whereby Kauffman can receive a prison sentence if the girls are further annoyed by him.

On June 4 a jury brought in a verdict of guilty. Kauffman was charged with sending threatening letters to Miss Norma Kopp of Midland Park, a suburb of Paterson. Handwriting experts were brought into the case to establish whether the letters were written by Kauffman.

The letters threatened bodily harm to Miss Kopp and her sisters. Most of them were signed "H. K.'s Friends." Miss Norma Kopp identified about a dozen letters, and her sisters, Constance and Fleurette, strengthened her testimony. One letter threatened to kidnap Fleurette, who is only 16 years old, and sell her to "white slavers."

The sending of the letters followed a collision between Kauffman's auto and a carriage containing Miss Norma Kopp, her mother, and another sister on July 3, 1914. Many annoying incidents occurred at the Kopp home after that date, and on July 27 Kauffman was fined $5 in a Paterson Police Court on a disorderly conduct charge.

On Sept. 6 a verdict of $80 was awarded to Mrs. Kopp for the wrecking of the carriage by Kauffman. From August to October the Kopps were annoyed by threatening letters.

GRUENING ESTATE $393,972.

Widow Gets $100,000 Home and Life Interest in Residue.

Dr. Emil Gruening left a net estate of $393,972 when he died, on May 30, 1914, according to the appraisal filed in the office of the State Controller yesterday.

The widow, Mrs. Phoebe Gruening, receives a life estate in the home, at 36 East Fifty-seventh Street, which is appraised at $100,000, and a life estate in the residue, which is given a valuation of $174,830. Rose B. Gruening, a sister of the testator, receives a life income from $20,000. The children, Rose B., Mary L., Martha, and Ernest R. Gruening, and Mrs. Clara G. Stillman each receive $20,000 outright and one-fifth remainder interests in the trusts created for the benefit of the widow and sister. Colonel S. G. Lewis, a friend, receives a Remington water color, "Troop A," appraised at $100.

The assets consisted of stocks and bonds aggregating $233,039, the residence, bank deposits of $39,189; mortgages, $14,058; pictures, $250, and accounts due from patients, $1,017.

JULIUS SAUL LEFT $251,826.

Department Store Man Owned Valuable Real Estate.

Julius Saul, founder of a string of department stores in New York and other States, left a net estate of $251,826 when he died on Dec. 15, 1914, according to the appraisal filed by Appraiser Berwin in the State Controller's office yesterday. The residuary estate was bequeathed to a granddaughter, Elka Lewi, and the four children of the testator, who are: Elka, Lester J., and Philip Saul, and Mrs. Rose S. Lewi.

There was a bequest of $2,500 to the Montefiore Home, and $500 bequests to each of the following: The Association for the Improvement of Deaf Mutes, the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, the Hebrew Technical School for Girls, the Mount Sinai Hospital, and the Hebrew Infant Asylum.

The assets included: 48 West Eighty-seventh Street, $28,500; 324-326 River Street, Troy, N. Y., $39,000; 51-53 Pearl Street, Albany, N. Y., $127,000, and life insurance amounting to $65,655.

100 CONSUMPTIVES GO ON A 'STRIKE'

Object to New Rules and Quit Montefiore Home Sanitarium at Bedford Hills.

POLICE DRIVE OUT LEADERS

120 Malcontents Sent Signed Ultimatum to Superintendent to Revoke Regulations.

Dissatisfied with rules laid down by Dr. Louis Shalet, the new Superintendent of the Montefiore Home Country Sanitarium for Consumptives at Bedford Hills, N. Y., nearly a hundred patients, the police say, left the institution on Saturday. Their departure followed a scene of excitement in the home when the police were called to lead from the grounds four men and one woman accused of being ringleaders in the "strike." Twenty-five patients are said to have left on Sunday and eight yesterday. At the home, however, it was said only sixty had quit. The malcontents are going to lay their complaints before the Board of Directors.

Dr. Shalet succeeded Dr. L. Rosenberg as Superintendent on June 1. He began after the first week of his administration to make certain changes in the rules. He took steps for a better separation of the sexes and put in force a rule that no patient should leave the institution without a permit.

This did not meet with the approval of many of the inmates. Murmurs of discontent began to be heard. They grew continually louder, and on Saturday there was an open revolt in the home. The ringleaders were, it is charged, Joe Bernstein, A. J. Davis, Isidor Metz, Abraham Grandwater, and Rose Schechter. The result of their activity, the police say, was that the Superintendent was presented with an ultimatum signed by 120 patients, giving him until noon on Saturday to rescind the objectionable rules. Then, in defiance of the rule, several of the inmates left the grounds without permission.

When noon came on Saturday and no answer had been made to the demands of the malcontents there was a series of indignation meetings, and the new rules were the absorbing topic of conversation. Late in the afternoon the trouble began. The patients refused to obey the call to come in and go through the daily routine of having their temperatures taken. Supper time came and a hunger strike was declared, so the police say.

By that time the attitude of the "strikers" had become such that the police were notified. Policemen Wade, Towey, and McCall responded. The situation was explained to them by the management and by half a hundred excited patients. The Superintendent said the trouble had been stirred up by the five ringleaders, and he ordered the police to eject them from the grounds. It was then that the other signers of the protest said that if their leaders were sent away they would "go home." No attention was paid to them, and the five alleged leaders were led by the police to the railroad station.

It was then dark, and Dr. Shalet announced that no carfare would be given to those leaving of their own volition. Nothing daunted, the "strikers" called for their satchels and marched through the dark to the railroad station.

When the discontented patients reached the station and it was found some of them had not money enough to get out of Bedford Hills the authorities got busy. Police Commissioner Barrett held a conference with Dr. Shalet. He said that the town did not bring the patients to Bedford and it was not going to pay for their departure. The result of that conference was that the home paid the carfare of the moneyless patients. Several, however, backed out at the last minute and went either to a hotel or returned to the home.

Those who are in a position to know say there was no cause for the discontent. The patients are not only well treated, but in the past some have been kept in the home more than a year, which is the maximum time a patient is allowed under the rules to remain. It is also said that it was necessary to restrict liberty to a certain extent, because it was found that the patients were often unduly excited and the treatment interrupted.

BELL FINED FOR ASSAULT.

Adele Ritchie's Husband Must Pay $2 a Week for Three Years.

Charles Nelson Bell, husband of Adele Ritchie, the actress, having pleaded non vult on a charge of assault and battery on his friend George Steel, was sentenced last night by Judge Osborne in the Court of Common Pleas in Newark to three years' probation and to pay a fine of $2 a week for that time.

Bell was indicted for hiring two men to beat Steel following a quarrel in a Newark saloon on July 31, 1914.

CITY BREVITIES.

Abram I. Elkus will address the League of Foreign Born Citizens tonight at 82 Second Avenue on "American Citizenship."

Nicholas Arnstein, who got $15,000 from William E. Shinks of Springfield, Mass., by the "sick engineer" swindle, was sentenced to Sing Sing yesterday for two years and ten months to three years by Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions. His lawyers have applied for a certificate of reasonable doubt.

The near-side stop ordinance as applied to surface cars for nine months has decreased accidents by 4,790, compared with the corresponding period in 1914, according to a statement issued yesterday by the Safety First Society.

UNCOVER RECRUITING PLAN.

Federal Attorney Hints at Indictments in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 28.—After the Federal Grand Jury, which is investigating reports of recruiting for the Allies in San Francisco, had examined today several of nine British subjects brought back from New York, a statement was made by John W. Preston, United States District Attorney, intimating that sufficient evidence had been obtained to warrant several indictments. Mr. Preston telegraphed to New York Federal officials tonight, telling them not to send on any more witnesses.

Eight of the men who were brought back here were held as "detained witnesses" in the United States District Court. None gave bail, which is fixed at $300 for each. Frank Staples, one of the party, confessed that he was a deserter from the United States Army. He was turned over to army officers for court-martial. Horace Sage, who returned voluntarily, paying his own fare, was not detained.

All of the nine said they were British subjects. Some said they had deserted from the British Navy. Fourteen of the original party, they said, sailed from New York recently on the steamer Arabic.

FISHING STEAMER SAVES 4.

McKeever Recovers Launch Electra Being Blown Out to Sea.

The Captain of the fishing steamer Stephen W. McKeever, Jr., of Brooklyn, owned by McKeever Brothers, Inc., fertilizer manufacturers, telephoned yesterday morning from Atlantic Highlands to the office of the firm at Ebbets Field to say that he had picked up the motor boat Electra, with two women and two men, and towed it into the harbor.

The fishing boat left Brooklyn Sunday afternoon to get a load of menhaden and take it to the fertilizing plant at Crab Island, about twenty miles north of Atlantic City, in Little Egg Harbor. On account of the storm the Captain decided to stay inside Sandy Hook Sunday night, and toward morning he sighted the Electra being blown out to sea in a helpless condition. The occupants were waving their hats and shouting for help. The fishing steamer went after the boat and a line was made fast to the bow, by which the launch was towed back into safety. Its occupants were cold and wet but uninjured.

"Ad" Cards in Erie Cars.

Commuters on the New York & New Jersey branch of the Erie Railroad were surprised yesterday to see in the passenger cars a number of advertising signs like those in the subway and street railroads. At each end of the cars and on the sides near the roof were the advertising cards. The Erie is the first steam railroad in the East to try the experiment of selling advertising space in passenger cars.

RIPWOOD
E&W
RED-MAN COLLARS
2 for 25cts.
TROY'S BEST PRODUCT

Wonderful Reductions
$40, $45, $50 Fabrics,—$25
Prior to stock-taking, we have made a general mark down that spells one of the greatest opportunities ever offered for fine-clothes buying.
Suit to Measure, $25
Without Waistcoat, 10% Less
Broadway & 9th St.
Arnheim
The Largest Tailoring Establishment in the World

Great For the Golfer
The "LIVE" leather belt—the belt that S-T-R-E-T-C-H-E-S—gives the golfer that freedom of action the game requires.
The tongueless buckle is a feature which you'll appreciate, for it permits easy adjustment. At all Wallach Stores—$1 and $1.50.
Wallach Bros.
Broadway, below Chambers St.
Broadway, Cor. 29th St.
Third Ave., Cor. 122d St.
246-248 West 125th St.
647 Eighth Ave.
Open Evenings
Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

Straw Hats Reduced
Every $2 Wallach Straw Hat Now $1.25
Wallach Bros.
Broadway, Cor. 29th St.
Broadway, below Chambers St.
Third Ave., Cor. 122d St.
246-248 West 125th St.
647 Eighth Ave.
Open Evenings
Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

FENWAY
FRONT 2⅞ INCHES
MADE WITH THE SLIP-OVER BUTTONHOLE.
Lion Collars
OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO., TROY, N.Y.

"A NATIONAL INSTITUTION"
Browning B&K King & Co
CLOTHING, HATS AND FURNISHINGS
Save Time and Money
Our Half-Yearly Sale of Men's Fancy Suits
The Summer is hardly begun, and the Season for light-weight Suits for Men and Young Men has three months to run.
Take advantage now of these reductions, which represent really extraordinary values:
Men's Fancy Suits, Formerly $30, $35 & $40. $24.50
Men's Fancy Suits, Formerly $25 and $28. $18.50
Men's Fancy Suits, Formerly $18, $20 & $22. $14.50
IN OUR CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT
20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT
BROWNING, KING & CO.
Broadway near 32nd Street.
Cooper Square at 5th St. Fulton Street, Brooklyn

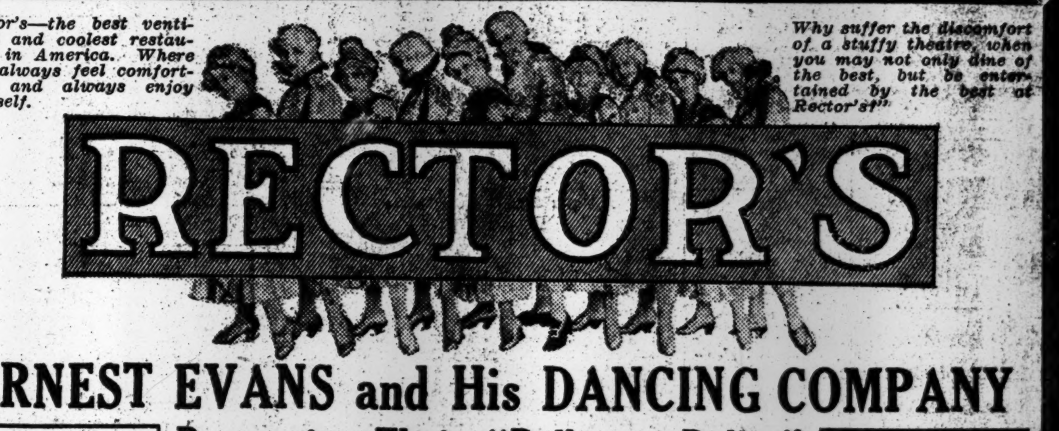
BRIGHTON BATHS
25¢ WEEK DAYS
TENNIS, CANOEING.
A GALAXY OF ATTRACTIONS
CIRCULAR POOL—SKATING.
MAX SCHMIDT'S BAND
WHITE AND GOLD

[illegible]
NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees TOMORROW and Saturday, 2:15.
Greatest Musical Show Ever Presented.
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES
AFTER THE PERFORMANCE SEE ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC
Added Feature:—Nora Bayes.
GEO. M. COHAN'S Theatre, B'way & 43d St. Popular Mat. Tom'w, 2:20.
IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE | A LONG, LONG LAUGH
AT THE LIBERTY W. 42d St. TWICE DAILY, Incl. Sundays. Ev. & Sat. Mat. 25-50-75-$1. Other Mats. 25-50-$1.
BIRTH OF A NATION
D. W. GRIFFITH'S GIGANTIC SPECTACLE. Symphony Orchestra of 40.
HARRIS W. 42d St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Tom'w (Popular) & Sat., 2:20. Twin Beds
GLOBE Broadway at 46th St. Evgs. at 8:15. Matinees Tomorrow & Saturday, 2:15. Extra Holiday Mat. Monday, July 5th.
MONTGOMERY & STONE CHIN CHIN

ASTOR B'WAY, 45th St. Daily 2.30 & 8:30. Mts. 25-50c. Nights & Sat. Mts. 25-50-75c.
NOW A COMPLETE PHOTO TRIUMPH.
GEO. BEBAN in THE ALIEN
LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.), Sat. & Mon., July 5.
Laughing Hit of New York. A FULL HOUSE By Fred Jackson.
CANDLER West 42d Street. Last 7 Times. POPU'R MAT. TOMOR'W. 2:30
500 GOOD SEATS IN FIRST BALC. 50c, 75c & $1.00. ON TRIAL
COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. MAT. TODAY. LEW KELLY BEHMAN SHOW
Added Feature, Morton & Moore in "Alexander's Rag Time Band."
B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way. 47th St. Daily Mats. 25c to 75c.
EVA TANGUAY, Wm. COURTLEIGH, Sam & Kitty Morton, Alan Brooks & Co., others.
DELICIOUS LEMONADE FREE TO ALL.
VITAGRAPH 44th and Broadway. 2:30 & 8:30. 10c, 15c, 25c, 50c.
THE LORELEI MADONNA. THE GODDESS—8th Chapter.
Strand B'way & 47th St. Noon to 11:30 P. M. 10 to 50c. Victor Moore in "Chimmie Fadden"
Strand Orchestra and Soloists.

NORTH BEACH
Boats from East 99th & 134th Sts.
Also direct trolley via Queensboro Bridge.
FREE FIREWORKS TUES. & THURS.
Steeplechase
Coney's Only Funny Place
Foxey Grandpa Gives Free Toys
Dancing Contests Start Friday, July 9.
LUNA Free Dancing, Free TOYS Free Concerts, Free Circus
Free Vaudeville, Free Playgrounds.
NEW Mat. Today BRIGHTON Brighton Beach
Orville Harrold, Edward Abeles & Co., "Woman Proposes," Ben Welch, Willa Holt Wakefield, Ots.
GLEN ISLAND WILL BE OPENED THIS WEEK.
Loew's American Roof 42d St. & 8th Av. Ev'y Ev. at 8:15.
"Springtime" The New Musical Revue.
ALL SEATS RESERVED 25c, 35c, 50c.
—10 OTHER ACTS.—

JARDIN DE DANSE B'way, 44th & 45th St. Phone 471 Bryant.
Nightly 8:30 to 2. Sat. Teas 2:30 to 6.
SMART NEW YORKERS ENJOY NEW THRILL
Most Sensational Event Gladiatorial Since Sandow Captured New York.
Andreas Dippel's & S. Rachman's Apollo Belvideres
International Wrestling Contests with GEORGE LURICH and all other favorites.
Jaded New Yorkers find something new and startling to while away their ennui while waiting to dance. Together with all of the Dancing Favorites and AUDREY MUNSON, the Panama-Pacific Girl, in new poses.
DANCING AS USUAL—No Advance in Prices.
EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX European War Heroes. Xtra Attractions.
OPEN EVERY DAY FROM 10:30 TO 10:30.

Rector's—the best ventilated and coolest restaurant in America. Where you always feel comfortable and always enjoy yourself.
Why suffer the discomfort of a stuffy theatre, when you may not only dine of the best, but be entertained by the best at Rector's?"

RECTOR'S
ERNEST EVANS and His DANCING COMPANY
Presenting Their "Ballroom Ballet"
¶ This sensational feature comes to Rector's, fresh from a wonderfully successful season as one of Society's favorite companies of entertainers. Many novelties presented every evening. Among others: The Fox Chase, The Eccentric "Horse Trot," The "Cake-walk" (Modern), The Ernest Evans Gavotte, and this is but one number from Rector's all-star cabaret in the main dining-room every evening. Nothing to equal it in town.
Dine Where Cooling Breezes Blow Through Windows Opening on Three Wide Streets.
Avoid disappointment by reserving table by phone. Telephone Bryant 3200.
Cold Buffet
Our world-famous chef takes great delight in preparing the wonderful cold specialties you will find on the Buffet every day during Luncheon and Dinner—a Rector feature that has no equal anywhere. Come and help yourself.
Ballroom
Opens at 8 P. M. Most beautiful and coolest Ballroom in America. Wonderful Orchestra. An ideal floor. Four of the best dancing acts to entertain you when you are not dancing. No charge to Rector's guests. After you have dined, dance at Rector's.
BROADWAY, 48th Street and Seventh Avenue.

Hotel Bretton Hall
BROADWAY, 85 to 86 St.
Largest and Most Attractive Uptown Hotel. Subway station at door. Large, Quiet Rooms, with bath, or suites, for transient or permanent residence. All the comforts of New York City's BEST HOTELS at one-third less price. SUMMER RATES NOW IN EFFECT.

Fourteen East Sixtieth St.
A quiet, luxurious Residential Hotel, affording the Exclusiveness and Elegance of a Private Residence. Opposite the Metropolitan Club and 5th Av. Entrance to Central Park. Apartments, single or en suite, rented, furnished or unfurnished, for long or short periods. EAGER & BABCOCK.

Luchow's
14th Street, near Fourth Ave.

—MODERN DANCES—
Mr. G. HEPBURN WILSON, M. B., American Authority on Modern Dances, Fifth Avenue, New York, Thorley Bldg. Northwest Cor. 46th St. Tel. Bryant 6321. Write for information. Teachers' Normal Course.
TERMS REASONABLE.
23 Years at This Address MEANS Something.
REMEY SCHOOL FOR DANCING, 917 Eighth Ave. (54th St.) 'Phone Col. 4557.
All Modern Dances Quickly Taught.
One Hour's Private Lesson, $1; 9 Lessons, $5.
MISS BENA HOFFMAN, 64 E. 34TH ST., Murray Hill 427. Modern Dances. Special Attention to Beginners.
A. A. SAATO ACADEMIES OF DANCING. Broadway, 86th-87th Sts. All Modern Dances Taught. Summer Rates.
MISS BOBBY BURNS 47 West 37th St. 3538 Greeley.
Mansfield Studios, 33 West 44th.—All dances taught, absolute privacy; Summer prices.

WANTED COUNTRY BOARD NOW.
The days when sunny beaches, grassy links, smooth roads and fishy streams invite are here. They appeal NOW to the men and women of New York City. NOW is the opportune time to inform them about the attractions of the suburban home, hotel or resort, seeking patronage.
The columns of The New York Times will bring the Country Board advertisement to the notice of more than 300,000 purchasers. It is read by people of means who can afford desirable rooms away from the city in the Summer.
Send a post card or telephone THE TIMES.
BRYANT 1000.

Hotel Wallick and Wallick's Restaurant
BROADWAY AT FORTY-THIRD STREET
Positively the Best Food, Values and Service in New York
ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 TO $5.00 PER DAY.
"The Wallick Is Popular, Because It Is Good."
An Extract from the New York Eve. Sun of May 25:
"The Hotel Wallick, on the corner of Broadway and Forty-third Street, was known for years as the Cadillac. It was taken over some time ago by Louis C. Wallick, modernized throughout, so that it is practically a new hotel, and under its new management is one of the most popular hostelries in town."

$35 UP PER WEEK FOR 2 PERSONS ROOM & MEALS
Fronting the Ocean at BRIGHTON BEACH, N. Y. Ocean Parkway Station.
HOTEL SHELBURNE
AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLAN.
200 rooms, 75 private baths. Hot and cold running water in rooms. Surf bathing.
EXCEPTIONALLY LOW RATES IN JUNE.
$7 SPECIAL WEEK-END RATE
Saturday Dinner to Monday After Breakfast. ROOM AND MEALS.
New York Booking Office, Reisenweber's, 58th St. and 8th Av. Write for Booklet.
NED WAYBURN'S Seaside Diversion "SPLASH ME" Twice Nightly, 7:30 and 11:30. No Admission Charged.
A SPECIAL SHORE DINNER (Served from Noon to Ten P. M.) $2

Janssen wants to see you
HOFBRAU HAUS B'WAY & 30TH ST.
BUSINESS MEN'S AND LADIES' LUNCHEON
Famous for our Wonderful Steaks and Chops; and Delicious Milk-Fed Chickens, Fresh Daily from Our Long Island Farm.
FINEST COFFEE VARIETY OF EXCELLENT PASTRY

REISENWEBER'S Columbia Circle and 58th Street Phone, 9640—Columbus.
CABARET—DANCING
Special Southern Dinner, Served in Grill, $1.25
An Exceptional Table d'Hote Dinner, $1.00
Served from Five to Ten and Sundays Noon to Ten.
Dance Between Courses. A la Carte Portions.
Banquet Halls. Beefsteak Garret. Estimates Submitted.

Dinner $1.25 Luncheon 75c
Maison Arthur 5 EAST 45TH STREET
Cuisine Francaise No Cabaret CLOSED SUNDAYS

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"OPEN AIR DINING."
CARLTON TERRACE 100TH STREET AND BROADWAY. JOSEPH F. PIKE, Sole Owner.
Known the world over. French Cuisine. Parisian atmosphere. BUSTANOBY RESTAURANTS [illegible]
For Summer Comfort, 1,400 Outside Rooms, 17 Floors. Hotel Ansonia BROADWAY, [illegible]
CHURCHILL'S Broadway at 49th St.
Breakfast ... Luncheon ... Club Dinner ... Open all Saturdays. Closed July 4th & 5th. The Fernery [illegible]